

# 中廣核礦業有限公司 CGN Mining Company Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島注冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號:01164)





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# **Corporate Information** 公司資料

# **ABOUT CGN MINING**

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands and listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 01164). The principal activities of the Group are the development and trade of natural uranium resources used by nuclear energy enterprises, with a view to be one of the top suppliers of natural uranium resources for nuclear power plants.

# 關於中廣核礦業

本公司註冊地為開曼群島,為一家在聯交 所主板上市的公司(股票代號:01164)。 本集團主要從事天然鈾資源的開發與貿 易,旨在成為核電站天然鈾資源的主要供 貨商之一。

# Corporate Information 公司資料

# DIRECTORS

## **Executive Directors**

An Junjing (chairman and chief executive officer) Xu Junmei (appointed on 14 March 2022) Chen Deshao (resigned on 14 March 2022)

### **Non-executive Directors**

Sun Xu Yin Xiong Yu Zhiping (resigned on 27 September 2021)

## Independent Non-executive Directors

Qiu Xianhong Gao Pei Ji Lee Kwok Tung Louis

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Qiu Xianhong (chairman) Sun Xu Lee Kwok Tung Louis

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Qiu Xianhong (chairman) An Junjing (resigned as member on 14 March 2022) Gao Pei Ji Lee Kwok Tung Louis Yu Zhiping (resigned on 27 September 2021)

## **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

An Junjing (appointed as chairman on 27 September 2021) Qiu Xianhong Gao Pei Ji Lee Kwok Tung Louis Yu Zhiping (resigned on 27 September 2021)

# JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

She Dong (appointed on 27 September 2021) Lai Siu Kuen (appointed on 27 September 2021) Zheng Xiaowei (resigned on 27 September 2021)

## AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES UNDER THE LISTING RULES

Xu Junmei (appointed on 14 March 2022) Lai Siu Kuen (appointed on 27 September 2021) Chen Deshao (resigned on 14 March 2022) Zheng Xiaowei (resigned on 27 September 2021)

# 董事

## 執行董事

安軍靖(主席兼首席執行官) 徐軍梅(於2022年3月14日獲委任) 陳德邵(於2022年3月14日辭任)

## 非執行董事

孫旭 殷雄 余志平(於2021年9月27日辭任)

## 獨立非執行董事

邱先洪 高培基 李國棟

# 審核委員會

邱先洪(主席) 孫旭 李國棟

# 薪酬委員會

邱先洪(主席) 安軍靖(於2022年3月14日辭任委員) 高培基 李國棟 余志平(於2021年9月27日辭任)

# 提名委員會

安軍靖(於2021年9月27日獲委任為主席) 邱先洪 高培基 李國棟 余志平(於2021年9月27日辭任)

## 聯席公司秘書

佘東(於2021年9月27日獲委任) 黎少娟(於2021年9月27日獲委任) 鄭曉衛(於2021年9月27日辭任)

# 上市規則下授權代表

徐軍梅(於2022年3月14日獲委任) 黎少娟(於2021年9月27日獲委任) 陳德邵(於2022年3月14日辭任) 鄭曉衛(於2021年9月27日辭任)

# Corporate Information 公司資料

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1903,19/F, China Resources Building No. 26 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

## **CORPORATE WEBSITE**

www.cgnmc.com

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

## AUDITOR

**BDO** Limited

## CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point, Hong Kong

## SHARE LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

# **STOCK CODE**

01164

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# 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## 香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道26號 華潤大廈19樓1903室

# 公司網址

www.cgnmc.com

# 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

## 核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

# 開曼群島股份登記及過戶總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# 香港股份登記及過戶分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港北角 英皇道338號 華懋貿易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

# 股份上市

香港聯合交易所有限公司

股份代號

01164

# **Financial Highlights**

財務摘要

# **OPERATING RESULTS** 業績

		For the year ended 31 December 截至 12 月 31 日止年度					
		2021 2021 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 2018 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 2017 年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Continuing operations Revenue	<b>持續性業務</b> 營業額	3,859,530	2,862,226	2,076,688	1,625,974	372,790	
Operating profit Finance costs	經營溢利 融資成本	246,247 (49,683)	220,855 (40,889)	196,638 (20,466)	172,623 (32,110)	67,746 _	
Profit before taxation Income tax expenses	除税前溢利 所得税支出	196,564 (18,066)	179,966 (24,749)	176,172 (16,163)	140,513 (18,447)	67,746 (15,668)	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	178,498	155,217	160,009	122,066	52,078	
Profit attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列人士應佔溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	178,498 –	155,217 -	160,009 -	122,066 -	52,078 -	
		178,498	155,217	160,009	122,066	52,078	

# FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況

		As at 31 December 於 12 月 31 日						
	2021 2021 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 2018 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 2017 年 HK\$'000 千港元			
Total assets     資產總值       Total liabilities     負債總值	6,349,575 (4,194,352)	4,187,787 (2,160,727)	3,095,366 (1,151,125)	2,674,507 (810,089)	1,911,275 (120,520)			
	2,155,223	2,027,060	1,944,241	1,864,418	1,790,755			
Equity attributable to owners本公司擁有人of the Company應佔權益Non-controlling interests非控股權益	2,155,223	2,027,060	1,944,241	1,864,418 _	1,790,755 -			
	2,155,223	2,027,060	1,944,241	1,864,418	1,790,755			

# Chairman's Statement 主席致辭

#### Dear Shareholders,

In the past year of 2021, despite the continuous outbreak of the epidemic, we stood on solid ground and marched forward courageously. With the concerted efforts of all the staff of the Company and in this special year when natural uranium comes back to the attention of the public, we have not only gained the growth of the Company's performance and the trust of more investors, but also the confidence and courage that support us to keep working in the field of natural uranium and growing bigger and stronger. We believe that this good start can lay a solid foundation for us to sail in the next four years of the "Fourteenth Five-year Plan" and provide inexhaustible impetus for the sustainable development.

2021 is a harvest year for us. After more than five years of unremitting efforts, the acquisition of 49% interest in Ortalyk has finally materialised. This means that we have secured more natural uranium resources and expanded our interest in Kazakhstan, the world's best natural uranium production area, which is one step closer to our goal of developing ourselves as a world-class natural uranium supplier. In terms of operation of inventory projects, we paid close attention to and strictly supervised the production and operation of Semizbay-U to ensure the successful accomplishment of the annual production plan and various operating targets despite the impact of the epidemic; Fission successfully obtained financing in 2021, which strongly safeguarded the sustainable operation of the enterprise and supported the subsequent development of the PLS project, one of the largest high-grade uranium raw material projects to be developed in the world. In terms of sales of natural uranium, CGN Global firmly grasped the market opportunity of rebound of natural uranium price and achieved significant year-on-year revenue growth. At the same time, we are pleased to see that the Company is receiving more and more attention in the year just ended. This is not only reflected in the significant increase in the trading volume of the Shares and a relatively significant increase in Share price and, more importantly, we have received more enquiries from investors and being included in the scope of attention, and even investment, of more international funds. Investors including The China State-owned Enterprises Mixed Ownership Reform Fund Co., Ltd. and other leading domestic funds, being confidence in the future of the Company, decided to go hand in hand and have acquired our Shares through subscription. This brings us the impetus but also brings us more pressure to operate our business with more dedication and seek for greater and higher guality development.

### 各位股東,

過去的2021年儘管依舊瀰漫著疫情的陰 霾,但我們仍然能看到腳下有路,路上有 光。在公司全體員工的共同奮鬥下,在這 個屬於天然鈾重新回歸大眾視野的特別一 年,我們收穫的不僅有公司業績的增長, 更多投資人的信任,還有支撐我們一直在 天然鈾領域不斷耕耘,做大做強的信心 和勇氣。相信這一良好開局能為我們在 「十四五」接下來四年的奮楫揚帆打下堅實 基礎,為公司的行穩致遠提供不竭動力。

2021年於我們是收穫的一年。經過5年多 的不懈努力,收購奧公司49%股權的交 易終於落地,意味著我們鎖定了更多的天 然鈾資源及擴大了在哈薩克斯坦這一全世 界最優質的天然鈾產區的權益資產,這於 我們打造自身為世界一流的天然鈾供應商 的目標又更近了一步。在存量項目運營方 面,通過對謝公司生產運營的密切關注及 嚴格督促,保證了其在疫情影響下仍圓 滿完成全年生產計劃及各項經營指標; Fission公司在2021年順利實現融資,有 力保障了企業的持續運營及支撐了全球最 大的待開發高品位鈾資源項目之一的PLS 項目的後續開發。在天然鈾銷售方面,中 廣核國際銷售公司牢牢把握住了天然鈾價 回升的市場機會,實現營業額同比大幅 增長。與此同時,在剛剛結束的一年裡, 我們欣喜的看到公司正受到越來越多的 關注。這不僅表現在公司的股票交易量大 增,股票價格出現較大幅度上揚,更重要 的是,我們收到更多投資人的問詢及被更 多國際基金納入關注甚至買入範圍,並有 包括中國國有企業混合所有制改革基金有 限公司及其他國內領先基金在內的投資人 通過定增方式買入公司股票,看好公司未 來,選擇攜手並進。這給我們帶來動力的 同時也帶來更大的壓力,促使我們更加用 心地經營企業,尋求更大更高質量的發 展。

# Chairman's Statement 主席致辭

2021 is also a challenging year for us. The increasingly complicated world environment brings greater risk and uncertainty to our foreign investments, but we are committed to expand our attributable natural uranium equity production, secure more resources and seek higher returns on investments, and continuously exploring new trading opportunities while ensuring that our existing projects are completed. In this regard, we have intensified our efforts in identifying quality opportunities around the world and have strove to make substantial progress as soon as possible, but, due to the impact of the ongoing pandemic, communication efficiency was affected to some extent, resulting in slower progress than expected. In addition, the geopolitical tensions have also increased the volatility of natural uranium prices, which has brought more challenges to natural uranium trade. This also requires us to sum up our past experience and monitor the market more closely, so that we can get as much trade profit as possible by keeping pace with the market.

A scientific and reasonable incentive mechanism can stimulate the management to have a greater sense of participation and belonging, and the introduction of equity incentive measures is an inevitable choice for the Company to gather strength and make great achievement together. In the past year, we have conducted many useful explorations and formed our own experience summaries, which is believed to have laid a good foundation for the formal launch of the next incentive program. This is also a testament to the Company's pursuit of continuous improvement in corporate governance over the years of operation.

With the development of our business, the external disruptions faced by our operations gradually increase. On one hand, the comprehensive impact of the epidemic gradually emerged and social conflicts in various countries intensified due to the epidemic; on the other hand, the turbulent global supply chain and industry chain, the high prices of bulk materials and the dramatic fluctuation of natural uranium price and poor logistics led to the doubling of costs. The Board will keep close track of the factors that may affect the Company's operation and strengthen the risk management and internal control system in a timely manner to ensure that the Company can timely identify potential risks and respond effectively to unexpected situations to achieve stable development in the face of adversity.

2021年於我們同樣是充滿挑戰的一年。愈 發錯綜複雜的世界環境給對外投資帶來了 更大的風險和不確定性,但我們一直致力 於不斷擴大天然鈾權益產量,鎖定更多資 源,爭取更大的投資收益,在確保現有項 目落地的同時亦不斷探索新的交易機會。 為此,我們加強了在世界範圍內優質機會 的尋找,併力爭盡快取得實質性進展,但 持續的疫情給我們的工作帶來了一定阻 礙,一定程度上影響了溝通效率,導致進 度不及預期。此外,地緣政治的緊張亦使 得天然鈾價格的波動明顯增大,給天然鈾 貿易帶來了更大挑戰。這也要求我們充分 總結過往經驗,對市場進行更加嚴密地監 測,力求交易踏准市場節奏,獲得盡可能 多的貿易利潤。

科學合理的激勵機制能激起經營層更多的 參與感和歸屬感,推出股權激勵措施是 公司為凝聚力量共創佳績的必然選擇。在 過往一年,我們進行了很多有益的探索, 形成了自身的經驗總結,相信這些都為下 一步激勵方案的正式推出奠定了良好的基 礎。這也是公司經營多年以來,在追求不 斷改進公司治理水平方面的證明。

伴隨著業務發展,公司經營面臨的外部干 擾因素逐漸增多。一方面疫情全面影響逐 步顯現,各國社會矛盾因疫情加劇;另一 方面,全球供應鏈、產業鏈動盪,大宗材 料價格高企,天然鈾價格劇烈波動,物流 不暢導致成本倍增。公司董事會對各項可 能影響公司經營的因素保持密切跟蹤,及 時強化風險管理及內控體系,以確保公司 能及時識別潛在風險及對突發情況作出有 效應對,在逆境中實現穩定發展。

# Chairman's Statement 主席致辭

The short-term turmoil in Kazakhstan at the beginning of 2022, although did not affect the production and delivery of products of our invested companies, has left us lingering fear. Based on our many years of investment experience in Kazakhstan and our good cooperation with Kazatomprom, we believe that investing in this country is still the right choice and we have full confidence in our partner. In 2022, we will devote more efforts to the production and operation and cost control of the Central Mynkuduk Deposit and the Zhalpak Deposit of Ortalyk, and strive for more investment income to bring sound and stable returns to all Shareholders. At the same time, taking the opportunity where the industry has not fully recovered, we will continue to actively seek new investment opportunities in high grade and high quality uranium resources based on our accumulated experience. In addition, we will continue to improve our existing business to optimize profitability.

In the context of continuing turmoil in the international environment, continuous rise in oil and gas prices, and introduction of carbon neutrality targets and specific policies by various countries, nuclear power undoubtedly presents a new development opportunity. There is no limit to the vastness of the journey. We have never stopped in our pursuit of company growth and value creation for our Shareholders. We believe that our efforts will be rewarded with the continued support and trust of our Shareholders and investors, and we will do our best to deeply explore the natural uranium industry and strive to become a leader of the industry.

2022年之初哈薩克斯坦爆發的短期動亂 儘管並未對我們參與投資的企業生產及產 品交付造成影響,但仍讓我們心有餘悸。 基於在哈薩克斯坦多年的投資經驗及與哈 原工過往的良好合作經驗,我們相信在這 個國家的投資仍然是正確的選擇並且對我 們的合作方有充足的信心。2022年,我們 將傾注更多的精力於奧公司中礦、扎礦的 生產經營及成本控制,爭取更多的投資收 益,為全體股東帶來可觀、穩健的回報。 同時,仍將趁著行業未完全復甦,在過往 積累的基礎上主動出擊,持續尋求新的高 品位優質鈾資源項目投資機會。此外,對 於現有業務,將持續改進以不斷優化盈利 能力。

在國際環境持續動盪,石油天然氣價格不 斷走高,各國紛紛推出實現碳中和的目標 和具體政策的大背景下,對於核電來說無 疑意味著新的發展機遇。浩渺行無極,揚 帆但信風。我們一直在追求公司壯大和為 股東創造價值的道路上從未停下腳步。相 信我們的努力能換來各位股東與投資者的 持續支持與信任,我們亦將竭盡所能,深 耕天然鈾,力爭成為行業領先者。

Chairman of the Board and chief executive officer An Junjing

Beijing, 25 March 2022

*董事會主席兼首席執行官* **安軍靖** 

北京,2022年3月25日

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## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in natural uranium investment and trading. As of 31 December 2021, the Company (i) held 100% equity interest in Beijing Sino-Kazakh, through which it held 49% of the equity interest and off-take rights of products of Semizbay-U; (ii) held 100% equity interest in CGNM UK, through which it held 49% of the equity interest and off-take rights of products of Ortalyk. In addition, the Group had a wholly-owned subsidiary, CGN Global and held 14.34% equity interest in Fission.

In 2021, the Group achieved revenue of HK\$3,860 million and profits attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$178 million.

#### Analysis of business environment

#### The nuclear power market and its development

According to data released by International Atomic Energy Agency, as of the end of 2021, there were 439 nuclear power units in operation worldwide, with a total installed capacity of 390,624MWe, and 52 units under construction, with a total installed capacity of 55.087MWe, where the nuclear power units in operation and under construction scattered across 32 countries and regions. In 2021, there were six newly grid-connected units worldwide, with a total installed capacity of 5,250MWe; seven units with a total installed capacity of 6,902MWe commenced construction; and eight closed units with a total installed capacity of 7,743MWe. A broader consensus is reached among countries on the role of nuclear power in carbon neutrality process. The US, Ukraine, Finland, Japan and other countries are pushing for extension of the life of existing nuclear power stations; China, India, the United Arab Emirates and other countries continue to develop new nuclear units; the EU has included nuclear energy in the green energy category for sustainable investment. Meanwhile, major economies are also actively promoting the research and development of fourth-generation nuclear power technologies such as ultra-high temperature gas-cooled reactors and advanced small reactor units.

## 業務回顧

本集團主要從事天然鈾資源投資及貿易。 截至2021年12月31日,本公司旗下擁有(i) 北京中哈鈾100%股權,並透過其持有謝 公司49%的股權及產品包銷權:(ii) CGNM UK 100%股權,並透過其持有奧公司49% 的股權及產品包銷權。此外,擁有全資子 公司中廣核國際銷售公司以及Fission公司 14.34%的股權。

2021年本集團實現營業額3,860百萬港 元,本公司擁有人應佔溢利178百萬港 元。

#### 經營環境分析

#### 核電市場與行業發展

根據國際原子能機構(International Atomic Energy Agency)發佈的數據,於2021年 底,全球在運核電機組439台,總裝機容 量390,624MWe,在建機組52台,總裝機 容量55.087MWe,在運在建核電機組分 佈在32個國家和地區。2021年全球新併 網機組6台,總裝機容量5,250MWe;新 開工機組7台,總裝機容量6,902MWe; 關停機組8台,總裝機容量7,743MWe。 各國對核電在碳中和進程中發揮的作用形 成更廣泛的共識,美國、烏克蘭、芬蘭及 日本等國家推動現有核電站延壽,中國、 印度及阿聯酋等國家持續發展新核電裝 機,歐盟將核能列入可持續投資的綠色能 源分類,同時各主要經濟體也在積極推進 對超高溫氣冷堆及先進小型堆機組等第四 代核電技術的研發。

Newly grid-connected units, units commenced construction, and closed units around the world in 2021

**2021**年全球核電機組的新併網、新開工和 關停情況

Newly Grid-connected Units 新併網機組 Installed				Units Commenced Construction 新開工機組 Installed				Closed Units 關停機組 Installed			
No.	Name	Capacity	Country	No.	Name	Capacity	Country	No.	Name	Capacity	Country
序號	名稱	裝機容量	國家	序號	名稱	裝機容量	國家	序號	名稱	裝機容量	國家
		(MWe)				(MWe)		12 40		(MWe)	
1.	BARAKAH-2	1,345	United Arab Emirates	1.	AKKUTU-3	1,114	Turkey	1.	BROKDORF	1,410	Germany
	BARAKAH-2	1,345	阿聯酋		AKKUTU-3	1,114	土耳其		BROKDORF	1,410	德國
2.	HONGYANHE-5	1,061	China	2.	BREST-OD-300	300	Russia	2.	DUNGEMESS B-1	545	UK
	紅沿河5號	1,061	中國		BREST-OD-300	300	俄羅斯		DUNGEMESS B-1	545	英國
3.	KAKRAPAR-3	630	India	3.	CHANGJIANG-3	1,000	China	3.	DUNGEMESS B-2	545	UK
	KAKRAPAR-3	630	印度		昌江3號	1,000	中國		DUNGEMESS B-2	545	英國
4.	KANUPP-2	1,014	Pakistan	4.	CHANGJIANG-4	1,000	China	4.	GROHNDE	1,360	Germany
	KANUPP-2	1,014	巴基斯坦		昌江4號	1,000	中國		GROHNDE	1,360	德國
5.	SHIDAO BAY-1	200	China	5.	SANAOCUN-2	1,117	China	5.	GUNDERMMINGEN-C	1,288	Germany
	石島灣1號	200	中國		SANAOCUN-2	1,117	中國		GUNDERMMINGEN-C	1,288	德國
6.	TIANWAN-6	1,000	China	6.	TIANWAN-7	1,171	China	6.	HUNTERSTON B-1	490	UK
	田灣6號	1,000	中國		田灣7號	1,171	中國		HUNTERSTON B-1	490	英國
				7.	XUDABU-3	1,200	China	7.	INDIAN POINT -3	1030	US
					徐大堡3號	1,200	中國		INDIAN POINT -3	1030	美國
								8.	KANUPP-1	90	Pakistan
									KANUPP-1	90	巴基斯坦
Notes:	1. Da	ta source: In	ternational Atomic E	Energy	y Agency (IAEA)		附註:	1.	數據來源:國	際原子能機	態構(IAEA)
			in the name colum power unit project.	n rep	resents the unit	serial number		2.	名稱欄「一數 機組號碼。	字」代表該	亥電站項目

Key events in the global nuclear power industry in 2021 include:

• The Russian government has classified nuclear power projects as green projects. Russia's nuclear power generation reached 222.4 billion kWh in 2021, representing an increase of 3% over the same period of last year. Russia has set a target to increase its share of nuclear power generation to 25%, and plans to build 10 new nuclear power units by 2035. 2021年全球核電領域的主要事件有:

 俄羅斯政府將核電項目劃分為緣 色項目。俄羅斯2021年核電發電 量達到2,224億千瓦時,較同期增 加3%,且該國已設定將核電發電 份額提高到25%的目標,並計劃 2035年前新建10台核電機組。

- In January, the US rejoined the *Paris Agreement*, and John Kerry, current Special Envoy for Climate, expressed his support for the operation of in-service nuclear plants and new nuclear units to be put into operation. The Department of Energy requested a budget of US\$46.2 billion for 2022, including a record-breaking US\$1.85 billion for nuclear energy area, representing an increase of 23% over 2021, with an aim to strengthen the leading position of the US in the development and deployment of critical energy technologies.
- In April, Japan voted affirmative for the restart of Units 1 and 2 of the Takahama Nuclear Power Station and Unit 3 of the Mihama Nuclear Power Station. This is the first time that Japanese local government has agreed to restart a nuclear power unit that has been in service for more than 40 years. Currently, 9 nuclear power plants have been restarted in Japan, with 10 reactors under review.
- In April, Energoatom, a Ukrainian nuclear power operator, planned to extend the life of all its nuclear power units to 60 years. Currently, the company has a total of 15 nuclear power units in operation. The life of operation of 12 operating units in Ukraine have been extended to 50 years in the past 10 years.
- In June, Unit 1 of the Belarusian nuclear power plant Ostrovets was put into commercial operation, while Unit 2 has completed cold tests and is scheduled to be put into commercial operation in 2022.
  - In July, the Egyptian Nuclear Power Plant Authority submitted an application for a permit to build Units 1 and 2 of the Dabaa Nuclear Power Station.
  - In August, Argentina planned to build more than 3,000 MWe of new nuclear unit. In 2022, a engineering procurement construction (EPC) contract on nuclear power projects was entered with China National Nuclear Corporation (CNNC) to start the construction of the first "Hualong One" unit in Atucha.

- 1月,美國重返《巴黎協定》,現任 氣候特使約翰●克裡(John Kerry)表 示支持在役核電廠運行和新核電機 組投運。2022年能源部申請預算 為462億美元,其中核能領域的預 算達到創紀錄的18.5億美元,相較 2021年增加23%,以力圖增加美 國在關鍵能源技術研發和部署方面 的領導地位。
- 4月,日本投票同意高濱核電站1號 及2號機組、美濱核電站3號機組重 啟。這是日本地方政府首次同意服 役期超過40年的核能機組重啟。目 前,日本已有9台核電站重啟,仍 有10台反應堆處於審查階段。
- 4 月 , 烏 克 蘭 核 電 運 營 商 Energoatom公司計劃將旗下所有 核電機組延壽至60年,目前該公司 共運行15台核電機組。在過去10 年間,烏克蘭在運的12台機組已經 延壽運行至50年。
- 6月,白俄羅斯奧斯特羅維茨 (Ostrovets)核電廠1號機組投入商 業運行,2號機組已經完成冷試, 計劃2022年投入商運。
- 7月,埃及核電廠管理局提交建設 達巴核電站1號、2號機組許可申 請。
- 8月,阿根廷計劃新建超過3,000 MWe的核電機組。2022年與中核 簽訂核電項目總包合同,以在阿圖 查(Atucha)啟動首台華龍一號機組 的建設。

- In September, the United Arab Emirates announced that Unit 2 of BARAKAH has been connected to the grid and units 3 and 4 have entered the final stage of trial operation, with completion rates of over 90%. The country plans to generate at least 50% of its electricity from clean and renewable energy sources by 2050.
- In September, the International Atomic Energy Agency published its annual report, *Energy, Electricity and Nuclear Power Estimates for the Period up to 2050*, which has upward revised its projections of future development of nuclear power for the first time since the Fukushima Daiichi accident in 2011 and expects that the high case and low case projection of global nuclear power capacity to be 715GWe and 363GWe, respectively, by 2050.
- In October, French President Emmanuel Macron unveiled the "France 2030" investment plan, including restarting the construction of nuclear reactors in the country. According to a report by a French electricity transmission system operator, the most cost efficient way to secure fulfillment of France's goal of carbon neutrality by 2050 is to build 14 new-generation nuclear reactors and a fleet of smaller modular nuclear reactors, as well as to increase investment in renewable energy.
- Three nuclear power plants in Germany have closed on 31 December 2021, in accordance with the requirement of the government.

#### In China

According to the data released by the China Nuclear Energy Association, there were 53 nuclear power units in operation in China (excluding Taiwan Region of the PRC) with a rated installed capacity of 54,647 MWe as of 31 December 2021. In 2021, a total of four nuclear power units were loaded for the first time, and the total power generation from nuclear power units was 407.1 billion kWh, accounted for 5.02% of the total power generation of the country. Power generation by nuclear power units in 2021 represented a year-on-year increase of 11.17% as compared with 2020 and the cumulative on-grid power generation was 382.1 billion kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 11.44% compared with 2020.

- 9月,阿聯 酋 宣 佈 布 拉 卡 (BARAKAH)2號機組併網。3號及 4號機組已經進入試運行最後階 段,完工率均超過90%,該國計劃 2050年50%的電力來自清潔能源 和可再生能源。
- 9月,國際原子能機構發佈年度報 告《至2050年的能源、電力和核電 預測》,該報告自2011年福島核事 故以來首次上調未來核電發展預測 值,預計2050年全球核電裝機容 量的高值和低值預測結果分別是 715GWe和363GWe。
- 10月,法國總統馬克龍公佈「法國 2030」的投資計劃,其中包括重新 啟動境內的核反應堆建設。根據 法國輸電系統運營商的一份報告測 算,為保證2050年法國實現碳中 和目標,成本最低的方法是新建14 座新一代核反應堆和一批小型模塊 化核反應堆,以及加大對可再生能 源的投資。
- 德國三座核電站根據政府要求於
   2021年12月31日關閉。

#### 中國地區

根據中國核能行業協會發佈的數據,截至 2021年12月31日,中國在運核電機組共 53台(統計數據不包括中國台灣地區), 額定裝機容量為54,647MWe。2021年全 國共有4台核電機組首次裝料,核電機組 總發電量為4,071億kWh,佔全國總發電 量的5.02%。2021年核電機組總發電量 較2020年同比上升11.17%,累計上網電 量為3,821億kWh,較2020年同比上升 11.44%。

In March 2021, Li Kegiang, Premier of the State Council of China, proposed in the Government Work Report that nuclear power should be developed in a proactive and planned manner provided that safety has been ensured. Since then, the direction of "Developing Nuclear Power in a Proactive and Planned Manner" has been included in the Working Guidance for Carbon Dioxide Peaking and Carbon Neutrality in Full and Faithful Implementation of the New Development Philosophy, the Action Plan for Reaching Carbon Dioxide Peak Before 2030 and other documents of the State Council, and became the guideline for development of nuclear power in China in the future period. With the support of national policies, China's independently developed thirdgeneration nuclear power technology "Hualong One" and "Guohe One" have becoming mature, marking China's official entry into the era of mass construction of third-generation nuclear power technology. In February 2021, the Shidao Bay high-temperature gas-cooled reactor nuclear power plant was connected to the grid for electricity generation, and in May, the Sino-Russian nuclear cooperation projects, Tianwan units 7 and 8 and Xudabao units 3 and 4, were officially started, which are great achievements of China's nuclear power industry. In addition, nuclear power heating, represented by the "Nuanhe One" in Shandong Haiyang, opens a new prospect for the comprehensive use of nuclear energy in China.

2021年3月,中國國務院總理李克強在政 府工作報告中提出,在確保安全的前提下 積極有序發展核電。此後,「積極有序發 展核電」的方針被先後列入國務院《關於 完整準確全面貫徹新發展理念,做好碳達 峰碳中和工作的意見》和《2030年前碳達 峰行動方案》等文件中,成為今後一個時 期中國發展核電的指導方針。在國家政策 的支持下,中國自主研發的三代核電技術 「華龍一號」和「國和一號」走向成熟,標誌 著中國正式進入三代核電技術批量化建設 時代。2021年2月,石島灣高溫氣冷堆核 電站併網發電以及5月份中俄核能合作項 目一田灣核電站7及8號機組和徐大堡核電 站3及4號機組的正式開工,都是中國核電 行業結出的碩果。此外,以山東海陽核電 核能供熱為代表的「暖核一號」,則開闢了 中國核能綜合利用的新前景。



## Growth of Installed Capacity of Nuclear Power in China from 2009 to 2021 2009-2021年中國核電裝機容量規模增長情況

#### Global natural uranium market and industry development

Broadly speaking, the total global natural uranium production in 2021 did not show significant improvement. The main producer, Kazatomprom, produced 21,819tU in 2021, representing an increase of 2,342tU as compared with 2020; Cameco Corporation produced 2,346tU in 2021, representing an increase of 423tU as compared with 2020; the Olymic Dam mine of BHP Billiton Ltd. produced 2,266tU in 2021, representing a decrease of 1,345tU as compared with 2020; and the Akouta mine of Orano has been decommissioned. UxC estimates that the global production of natural uranium in 2021 was approximately 47,696tU, representing a decrease of 15tU as compared with 2020.

In 2021, the spot price of natural uranium showed short-term significant fluctuations, and the industry stepped into a rapid recovery. In February, the outbreak of low-temperature cold wave in Texas disrupted natural gas supply and froze wind turbine blades, which led to a widespread power outage, and nuclear power was favored by the capital market for its stability and low vulnerability to climate. The spot price of natural uranium rose rapidly from US\$25/lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> at the beginning of the year to US\$33/lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>. In July, Sprott set up a physical uranium trust ("Sprott physical uranium trust") and launched "At-the-market" equity program, aiming at purchasing massive natural uranium in the spot market through financing and listing on the New York Stock Exchange. Stimulated by Sprott's bulk purchase of spot uranium, the price of natural uranium rose sharply from the end of August to US\$51.12/lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> on 17 September, and closed at US\$42.10/lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> at the end of year. As of the end of 2021, Sprott physical uranium trust have purchased a total of 41.3 million pounds of natural uranium in the spot market. At the same time, benefiting from the significant increase in the spot price of natural uranium, the long-term contract price increased from US\$33/lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> to US\$40.50/lb U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> in 2021.

### 全球天然鈾市場與行業發展

整體來看,2021年全球天然鈾生產總量未 有太大改觀。主要生產商哈原工於2021 年生產21,819噸鈾,較2020年增加2,342 噸鈾;Cameco Corporation於2021年生 產2,346噸鈾,較2020年增加423噸鈾; BHP Billiton Ltd.旗下的Olymic Dam礦山於 2021年生產天然鈾2,266噸鈾,較2020年 降低1,345噸鈾,Orano旗下的Akouta鈾礦 退役。UxC估計2021年全球天然鈾產量約 47,696噸鈾,較2020年下降15噸鈾。

2021年天然鈾現貨價格出現短期大幅波 動,行業步入快速復甦之路。2月,美國 德克薩斯州爆發的低溫寒潮造成天然氣斷 供、風電葉片凍結,進而引發大範圍電力 短缺,而核電以其穩定性和受氣候影響 小的優點受到資本市場青睞。天然鈾現 貨價格從年初25美元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>快速上升至 33美元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>;7月,Sprott成立實物鈾 信託(「Sprott實物鈾信託」)並啟動「At the market」權益計劃,旨在通過融資在現貨 市場大舉採購天然鈾並於紐約證券交易所 上市,受Sprott大幅採購現貨刺激,8月底 起天然鈾價格劇烈上漲,至9月17日現貨 價格暴漲至51.12美元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>,並於年 終收報42.10美元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>。截至2021年 底,Sprott實物鈾信託在現貨市場累計採 購天然鈾約41.3百萬磅。與此同時,受益 於天然鈾現貨價格的大漲,2021年長期協 議價格由33美元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>上漲至40.50美 元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>。

In 2021, the trading volume of global spot natural uranium remained significantly higher than the long-term contract trading volume. Since the US and European nuclear power plant owners maintained an inventory level of two to three years of operation, the motivation for nuclear power owners to procure inventory in the short term is not high, but the secondary demand created by emerging financial investors, represented by Sprott physical uranium trust, has become the new driver for the recent uranium market recovery. In addition, Kazatomprom, Kazakhstan National Bank and other parties have jointly established a physical uranium fund of approximately US\$50 million. In 2021, a number of natural uranium developers and explorers have also raised equity financing to prepare funds for the development of their uranium projects, as well as targeting to procure on the market in light of the long-term development opportunity of spot uranium.

2021年,全球的天然鈾現貨交易量仍明顯 高於長期協議交易量,美國及歐洲核電業 主持有的存貨保持在2至3年的運營水平, 核電業主短期入場採購動力仍不十分迫 切,但是以Sprott實物鈾信託為代表的新 興金融投資者造就的次級需求成為近期鈾 市場復甦的新動力。此外,哈原工與哈薩 克國家銀行等聯合成立了體量為約5,000 萬美元的實物鈾基金。2021年多家天然鈾 開發商及勘探商也紛紛進行股權融資,在 為旗下的鈾礦項目開發準備資金的同時, 也瞄準現貨鈾的長期發展機遇入市採購。





### **BUSINESS PERFORMANCE AND ANALYSIS**

## Uranium mines under production – Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine

During the Reporting Period, Semizbay-U completed its annual production tasks as scheduled. The total volume of uranium extracted was 975tU, including 407tU from Semizbay Mine and 568tU from Irkol Mine. After deduction of processing loss, the total annual natural uranium production was 961tU. In addition, benefited from the rising uranium prices, stringent cost control measures and the continued depreciation of Tenge, Semizbay-U's sales revenue has recorded a significant increase during the Reporting Period as compared with 2020, which has laid a solid foundation for Semizbay-U to further improve its performance and resume the 1,200tU production capacity of the two mines.

During the Reporting Period, Semizbay Mine developed eight new blocks with 493 boreholes drilled; increasing approximately 585tU developed reserves; and Irkol Mine developed five new blocks with 280 boreholes drilled; increasing approximately 393tU developed reserves.

As of 31 December 2021, the uranium reserves of Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine were as follows:

# 業務表現及分析 *在產鈾礦-謝礦及伊礦*

報告期內,謝公司按期完成了全年生產任務,總採鈾量達975噸鈾,其中謝礦407 噸鈾,伊礦568噸鈾,扣除加工損失量, 全年共生產天然鈾961噸鈾。此外,受益 於鈾價上漲、嚴格的成本控制措施以及堅 戈持續貶值,報告期內謝公司的銷售收入 較2020年大幅增加,為下一步擴大業績以 及兩礦恢復1,200噸鈾的產能打下了堅實 基礎。

報告期內,謝礦共開拓8個新塊段,施工 鑽孔493個,新增開拓儲量約585噸鈾; 伊礦共開拓5個新塊段,施工鑽孔280個, 新增開拓儲量約393噸鈾。

截至2021年12月31日,謝礦和伊礦的鈾 儲量情況見下表:

		Semizbay Mine 謝礦	<b>Irkol Mine</b> 伊礦
Reserves 儲量	Average Grade 平均品位	0.055%	0.0422%
	tU 噸鈾	9,641	14,603

### Uranium mine under production – Central Mynkuduk Deposit

During the Reporting Period, the Company completed the acquisition of 49% interest in Ortalyk and the off-take of 292tU products from Ortalyk. In 2021, Central Mynkuduk Deposit completed the annual production plan and the volume of uranium extracted was 1,600tU with total natural uranium of 1,579tU product, net of processing losses.

As of 31 December 2021, the uranium reserves of Central Mynkuduk Deposit were as follows:

### 在產鈾礦一中礦

報告期內,本公司完成了奧公司49%股 權的收購及包銷奧公司天然鈾產品292噸 鈾。2021年,中礦已完成年度生產計劃, 採鈾量為1,600噸鈾,扣除加工損失量, 共生產天然鈾1,579噸鈾。

截至2021年12月31日,中礦的鈾儲量情 況如下:

Average Grade 平均品位 tU 噸鈾 <b>Iopment - Zhalpak</b> stent efforts, Ortalyk halpak Deposit on 28	0.045% 26,222 <i>待開發鈾礦-扎礦</i> 報告期內,經過不懈努力,奧公司於202
噸鈾 <b>lopment - Zhalpak</b> stent efforts, Ortalyk	待開發鈾礦-扎礦
stent efforts, Ortalyk	
-	報告期內, 經過不懈怒力, 鹵公司於202
. ,	年12月28日正式取得扎礦開發權。
es of Zhalpak Deposit	截至2021年12月31日,扎礦的鈾儲量 況如下:
	Zhalpak Deposit 扎礦
Average Grade	0.032%
平均品位 tU 噸鈾	14,300
· // ).	
	平均品位

## Uranium mine project pending for development – operation and project exploration by Fission

During the Reporting Period, Fission focused on upgrading its existing resource and preparing feasibility study for its PLS project. During the winter exploration period in 2021, Fission conducted drilling and exploration of approximately 7,200 meters by drilling 20 boreholes and improved "inferred resource" to "indicated resource" in R780E section, and during the summer exploration period, Fission conducted drilling and exploration of approximately 5,830 meters by drilling 25 boreholes and improved most of the "inferred resource" in R840W section to "indicated resource". Fission spent approximately CA\$7 million over past two exploration seasons, increasing volume of "indicated resources" of the PLS Project by approximately 4,500tU, and the deposit is expected to have a future production life of 10 years.

In 2021, Fission completed the first phase of the feasibility study while upgrading its resources. A total of 73 engineering geological, hydrological observation and pumping holes were drilled at the proposed mine site in the waste pits, tailings storage, ramp roads, hydrometallurgical pits, shafts, ventilation shafts and campsites, as well as sampling holes for geochemical and metallurgical studies, resulting in a total of approximately 9,945 meters of drilling and exploration, which provided the necessary preparation for the smooth commencement of the second phase of the feasibility study.

In addition, Fission has appointed a feasibility study team led by Tetra Tech Canada Inc in 2021 to support commencing various work streams in 2022 and to meet its goal of completing the feasibility study by the end of the year.

#### Natural uranium trading business

As of 31 December 2021, the Group achieved revenue of HK\$3,856 million from natural uranium trading, increased by 35% as compared to 2020, among which, trading revenue from sales of off-take natural uranium products from mines of Semizbay-U and Ortalyk was HK\$611 million, representing an increase of 44% as compared to 2020 (2020: HK\$425 million).

## 待開發鈾礦-**Fission**公司經營及項目的 勘探情況

報告期內,Fission公司重點致力於現有資源量升級以及準備旗下PLS項目可行性研究報告。在2021年的冬季勘探期,Fission公司通過施工20個鑽孔,進行了約7,200米的鑽探工作量,將R780E地段的推斷級資源量提升到控制級資源量;在夏季勘探期,Fission公司通過施工25個鑽孔,進行了約5,830米的鑽探工作量,將R840W地段的大部分推斷級資源量提升到控制級資源量。Fission公司在過去的兩個勘探季共花費約700萬加元,使PLS項目的控制級資源量增加約4,500噸鈾,礦床未來的生產壽命預計可達10年。

2021年,Fission公司在開展資源量升級 工作的同時,還完成了可行性研究的第一 階段工作。在擬建礦區的廢石場、尾礦 庫、斜坡道、水冶場、豎井、通風井、營 地等位置施工工程地質鑽孔、水文觀測和 抽水孔以及為開展地球化學和冶金學研究 取樣的鑽孔共計73個,實施鑽探工作量約 9,945米,這些工作為順利開展可行性研 究的第二階段做了必要準備。

另外,Fission公司還在2021年聘請了以 Tetra Tech Canada Inc為首組成的可研團 隊,以助力於2022年各項工作的開展和實 現年底完成可行性研究工作的目標。

#### 天然鈾貿易業務

截至2021年12月31日止,本集團實現天 然鈾貿易額3,856百萬港元,較2020年增 加35%。其中,來自謝公司及奧公司礦 山的權益天然鈾產品銷售額為611百萬港 元,較2020年上漲44%(2020年:425百 萬港元)。

During the Reporting Period, CGN Global sold a total 5,314.3tU and realised trading revenue of approximately HK\$3,245 million. Natural uranium prices in the first half of 2021 were still at a low point in the historical cycle, but grew considerably from August onwards due to the influx of investment funds into the market. Although face to face communication with customers was impracticable due to the epidemic, CGN Global leveraged the trading channel network built up over the years and actively communicated with customers, capturing the market upswing in the fourth quarter and achieved greater growth in operating revenue as compared to the operating revenue in 2020.

As of 31 December 2021, the Group held 2,617tU of natural uranium, with a weighed average cost of US\$33.04 per pound of  $U_3O_8$ , and had 5,365 tU of natural uranium sales contracted but not delivered, with a weighed average selling price of US\$37.18 per pound of  $U_3O_8$ .

#### Acquisition of new uranium Resources Project

During the Reporting Period, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Kazatomprom in respect of the acquisition of 49% interest in Ortalyk at the consideration of approximately US\$435 million, which has been completed on 30 July 2021. The acquisition contributed 20,700tU (approximately 53.82 million pounds of  $U_3O_8$ ) of equity resources to the Group.

### Equity financing

During the Reporting Period, the Company entered into share subscription agreements with eleven investors, with The China State-owned Enterprises Mixed Ownership Reform Fund Co., Ltd. subscribing the largest share, and conditionally agreed to allot and issue 1 billion new Shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.80 per Share. Upon completion, the net proceeds of approximately HK\$776 million will be used as general working capital and for the acquisition of uranium resources projects.

報告期內,中廣核國際銷售公司共銷售 5,314.3噸鈾,實現銷售收入約3,245百萬 港元。2021年上半年的天然鈾價格仍處 於歷史週期低谷期,但受投資基金大舉入 市影響,天然鈾價格從8月份開始有較大 增長。雖然受疫情影響無法與客戶進行面 對面溝通,但中廣核國際銷售公司利用多 年建立起的貿易渠道網絡,積極與客戶溝 通,抓住了第四季度市場上漲機遇,實現 營業收入較2020年的較大增長。

截至2021年12月31日,本集團持有天然 鈾2,617噸鈾,加權平均成本為33.04美 元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>;持有已簽訂但尚未交付的天 然鈾銷售量5,365噸鈾,加權平均售價為 37.18美元/IbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>。

### 新鈾資源項目併購

報告期內,本集團與哈原工就收購奧公司 49%股權訂立了買賣協議,交易對價約為 4.35億美元,並已於2021年7月30日完成 了交割。該交易為本集團帶來2.07萬噸鈾 (約5,382萬lbU<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>)的權益資源量。

#### 權益融資

報告期內,本公司與以中國國有企業混合 所有制改革基金有限公司為首的十一名投 資人訂立股份認購協議,有條件同意配發 及發行10億股認購股份,認購價為每股認 購股份0.80港元。交割後,預期所得款項 淨額約為7.76億港元,將用作一般營運資 金及用於收購鈾資源項目。

### **Maintenance of Investor Relationship**

In 2021, against the backdrop of rapid global nuclear power development and the recovery of enthusiasm in the capital market for natural uranium investment, the Company achieved fruitful results in the maintenance of investor relations. During the Reporting Period, the Company overcame the obstacles of the epidemic, improved its investor relationship management through online communication, systematically optimised its information disclosure, market promotion and industry research, and achieved satisfactory results.

### 投資者關係維護

2021年,在全球核電快速發展,以及資本 市場對天然鈾投資的熱情回暖的背景下, 本公司的投資者關係維護工作取得豐碩成 果。報告期內,本公司克服疫情障礙,通 過線上渠道加強與投資者的溝通,對信息 披露、市場宣傳、行業研究等方面系統性 地進行了優化,取得滿意結果。

## Relative Performance of Stock Price of CGN Mining (01164.HK), HSI and the Spot Price of Natural Uranium from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 中廣核礦業(01164.HK)股價與恒生指數及天然鈾現貨價格的全年相對表現 2021年1月1日-2021年12月31日



During the Reporting Period, the Company made several attempts to broaden its channels of direct communication and liaison with Shareholders. The key works and outcomes are as follows: 報告期內,本公司在拓寬與股東的直接溝 通與聯絡渠道方面做了諸多嘗試及努力, 並取得較好效果。重點工作及成績包括以 下:

Channels	Key points
渠道	要點
Extraordinary general meeting 股東特別大會	<ul> <li>Approved 1 ordinary resolution on 10 June in relation to the acquisition of 49% interest in Ortalyk</li> <li>6月10日批准關於奧公司49%股份併購的1項普通決議 案</li> </ul>
<b>Annual general meeting</b> 股東周年大會	<ul> <li>Approved 8 ordinary resolutions on 17 June 6月17日批准8項普通決議案</li> </ul>
Annual results presentation and interim results presentation 年度業績發佈會及中期業績發佈會	<ul> <li>On 1 April, the annual results conference was held through Tencent conference and Futu live broadcast under the chairmanship of Essence Securities 4月1日在安信證券主持下通過騰訊會議和富途直播的 方式召開年度業績發佈會</li> <li>On 8 September, the interim results conference was held through Tencent conference and Futu live broadcast under the chairmanship of Zhongtai Securities</li> <li>9月8日在中泰證券主持下通過騰訊會議和富途直播的 方式召開中期業績發佈會</li> </ul>
Investor seminars and roadshows	207 seminars and roadshows were held throughout
communication 投資者研討會及路演溝通	the year 全年共舉行207場研討會及路演
hcrease in holdings by industry index fund 行業指數基金增持	<ul> <li>North Shore Global Uranium Mining ETF increased its holdings in the Company by 197.54 million shares North Shore Global Uranium Mining ETF增持本公司股票197.54百萬股</li> <li>The Global X Uranium ETF re-incorporated the Company into its constituent stocks Global X Uranium ETF重新將本公司納入其成分股</li> <li>The Horizon Global Uranium ETF and China Small Cap Index ETF - iShare MSCI incorporated the Company into their constituent stocks for the first time Horizon Global Uranium ETF、中國小型股指數ETF-iShare MSCI首次將本公司納入其成分股</li> </ul>

Channels 渠道	Key points 要點
Company awards 公司獎項	<ul> <li>Received the best "Energy and Resources Listed Company" and "Best CEO" awards from Golden Hong Kong Stock 榮獲金港股最佳「能源與資源上市公司」和「最佳CEO」 獎項</li> </ul>
Regular reports and announcements 定期報告及公告	<ul> <li>Released 25 announcements, 2 circulars and 2 regular reports throughout the year 全年發佈25份公告、2份通函及2份定期報告</li> <li>Including 6 voluntary announcements 包括6份自願披露公告</li> </ul>
公司網站 Company website (http://www.cgnmc.com)	<ul> <li>Continuous maintenance: 持續維護:</li> <li>Company news and industry information 公司要聞及行業信息</li> <li>Announcements and circulars 公告與通函</li> <li>Results, report and roadshow materials 業績、報告與路演材料</li> <li>Analysts' reports 分析師報告</li> </ul>
Official We Media channel 官方自媒體渠道	<ul> <li>The official Wechat account, the corporate accounts on Futu, Flush and Xueqiu.com have been established 已經開通官方微信號,富途、同花順及雪球網企業賬 號</li> </ul>
<b>Official e-mail</b> <b>官方郵箱</b> Receives investor enquiries and feedback 接收投資者諮詢及意見反饋	• ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn

### **BUSINESS PROSPECTS**

### **BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT OUTLOOK**

## Nuclear power market analysis

According to a study by Rystad Energy, a Norwegian energy research firm, the total global investment in the nuclear power sector was US\$44 billion in 2021 and is expected to exceed US\$45 billion in 2022, and further increase to US\$46 billion by 2023.

In the beginning of 2022, China's Unit 6 of Fuqing Nuclear Power Station has been connected to the grid for power generation, China's independently developed third-generation nuclear power technology "Hualong One" passed the Generic Design Assessment (GDA) in UK, and China National Nuclear Corporation won the main contract of Unit 3 nuclear power station in Atucha, Argentina. Under the background of firmly promoting "Carbon Dioxide Peaking and Carbon Neutrality" and the full maturity of "Hualong One", it is believed that China's nuclear power development will have unprecedented development opportunities.

On 2 February 2022, the European Commission passed the Complementary Delegated Act ("CDA") with overwhelming support to include nuclear power in the green taxonomy, indicating that the EU recognizes the important contribution of nuclear power to decarbonization and that nuclear power projects are consistent with the EU's sustainability goals. The adoption of the CDA means that in Europe as a whole, the support for nuclear power has increased significantly. In addition, in the face of the widespread risk of decommissioning conventional nuclear power units, governments and companies in North America and Europe are investing, in varying degrees, in small modular advanced reactors, research and development of nuclear energy for heating, hydrogen production and other applications, and reforming the financing model for nuclear power in order to realize the comprehensive application of nuclear power in energy applications on one hand; and transforming and upgrading conventional nuclear power reactor system to extend the life of nuclear power units to 60 years or even 80 years, resulting nuclear power having a stronger competitive cost advantage than thermal power, wind power, solar power and other energy sources on the other hand.

### 業務展望

#### 經營環境展望

### 核電市場形勢分析

根據挪威能源研究公司Rystad Energy的 研究,2021年全球核電領域總投資為440 億美元,預計2022年全球範圍內核電領 域投資將超過450億美元,到2023年將 漲至460億美元。

2022年初始,中國福清核電站6號機組 並網發電,中國自主研發的三代核電技 術「華龍一號」通過英國通用設計(GDA)審 查,中國核工業集團有限公司拿下阿根廷 阿圖查三號核電站總承包合同。在堅定推 動「碳達峰、碳中和」的背景下以及「華龍 一號」完全成熟的條件下,相信中國的核 電發展將迎來前所未有的發展機遇。

2022年2月2日,歐盟委員會以壓倒性 支持通過一項補充法案(Complementary Delegated Act,「CDA」),將核電列入綠 色分類(green taxonomy),表明歐盟承認 核能對脱碳的重要貢獻,核電項目符合歐 盟的可持續發展目標。此次CDA的通過意 味著就歐洲整體而言,核電獲得的支持力 度已顯著增加。此外,面對廣泛存在的傳 統核電機組退役風險,一方面北美及歐洲 的政府和企業不同程度投資小型模塊化先 進反應堆,研發核能供暖、制氫等多元領 域的應用場景,改革核電融資模式,以實 現核電在能源應用中的綜合應用能力;另 一方面,改造升級原有傳統核電反應堆系 統,延長核電機組壽命至60年甚至80年, 使得核電較火電、風電、太陽能等能源具 備更強的成本競爭優勢。

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Nuclear energy has the advantages of being unaffected by global climate change, high capacity factor, efficient and stable power generation, and low carbon, which can effectively complement the shortcomings of current new energy sources such as wind and solar power. According to the forecast of UxC, global nuclear power capacity in operation will reach 512GWe by 2035, representing an increase of 15% as compared to the end of 2021.

### Natural uranium market analysis

In January 2022, Kazakhstan declared a state of emergency following a short-term unrest caused by an increase in the price of liquefied natural gas. Although this incident did not affect the production and product delivery of the uranium mining enterprises of Kazatomprom, the market is more strongly aware of the concentration on the supply side of the natural uranium industry, and this feature will not change significantly in the short and medium term.

Following the Fukushima Daiichi accident, uranium prices were chronically low and no new long-term contracts were signed for a long time, with power plant owners procuring in the spot market to meet demand not covered by long-term contracts, while most natural uranium producers supported their sales with long-term contracts signed prior to the Fukushima Daiichi accident. In February 2022, Cameco Corporation stated in its guarterly results release that it had added 27,000tU of new long term contracts and decided to restart the production of the McArthur River uranium mine to meet future contract deliveries. In addition, Kazatomprom announced, in its guarterly operating report in January 2021, that it would develop Mines 6 and 7 of the Budenovskoye uranium mine to meet contractual requirements with Russia. The signing of new long-term contracts represents that long-term demand from nuclear power plant owners, stimulated by the increase in spot uranium prices, gradually surfaces and the fundamental of the natural uranium market is improving, which brings real recovery momentum to the natural uranium market.

核能具有不受全球氣候變化影響、能力因 子高、發電高效穩定、低碳等優點,可以 有效補足當前風電、太陽能等新能源的短 板。根據UxC預測,到2035年全球核電在 運裝機容量將達到512GWe,較2021年末 增長15%。

### 天然鈾市場形勢分析

2022年1月,哈薩克斯坦爆發因液化天然 氣價格增加而導致的短期動亂,隨即哈薩 克斯坦宣佈進入緊急狀態。此事件雖未對 哈原工旗下鈾礦企業的生產和產品交付造 成影響,但讓市場更強烈的認識到天然鈾 行業供應端的集中性,且這一特點在中短 期內不會發生明顯變化。

福島事件後, 鈾價長期低迷, 在很長一段 時間內沒有新的長期合約簽署,業主通 過現貨市場採購來滿足長期合約未覆蓋的 需求,大部分天然鈾生產商以福島事故前 簽署的長期合約來支撐其銷售。2022年2 月, Cameco Corporation在其季度業績發 佈會上表示,其新增長貿合同量2.7萬噸 铀, 並決定重啟麥克阿瑟河鈾礦生產以滿 足未來的合同交付。此外,哈原工在2021 年1月份發佈的季度運營報告中提出,其 將開發Budenovskoye鈾礦的6號和7號礦 山,用於滿足與俄羅斯簽訂的合同需求。 新增長期合約的簽訂,代表在現貨鈾價上 漲的刺激下,來自核電業主的長期需求逐 漸凸顯,天然鈾市場基本面行情走向好 轉,為天然鈾市場注入真正的復甦動力。

Meanwhile, procurement of Sprott in 2021 proved that secondary demand formed by financial investors will play an important role in the current round of rebound of spot natural uranium prices, and it is worth noting that the current strategy of financial investors is to hold for a long term with no plan to reduce their holdings in the short term. Both Sprott's continuance raising of capital by listing on the NYSE and Yellow Cake Plc's vote at its shareholder meeting express their intentions or plans to continue to increase their holdings in spot natural uranium, which will put further pressure on the secondary supply of spot commercial inventories in 2022.

In summary, the natural uranium market is expected to continue its recovery in 2022.

### **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT OUTLOOK**

### **Operation of Semizbay-U**

In accordance with the production plan of Kazatomprom, Semizbay-U plans to reduce production in 2022. The Company will actively participate in the governance of Semizbay-U through its board of directors to ensure that Semizbay-U completes its annual production plan and product sales tasks and achieves its annual profit target. The despatched team will strengthen the supervision on the implementation of annual production and operation plan and annual budget to ensure the enterprise accomplishing its operational goals with safe production. In 2022, Semizbay-U will continue to promote evaluation of available resources in No.4 ore body and re-estimation of the geological reserves of Semizbay Mine, to explore increasing the reserve of Semizbay-U to prepare for enhancing its sustainability.

與此同時,2021年Sprott的入場採購證 明,金融投資者形成的次級需求將在本輪 的天然鈾現貨價反彈進程中發揮重要作 用,而且值得注意的是,目前金融投資者 的策略均為長期持有,並未有短期減持計 劃,且無論是Sprott尋求在美國紐約證券 交易所上市繼續融資,還是Yellow Cake Plc在其股東大會上的投票,都表達了它 們繼續增持現貨天然鈾的意願或計劃,這 都將對2022年的現貨商業庫存等形成的 次級供應進一步造成壓迫。

綜上,預計2022年天然鈾市場有望繼續保 持復甦態勢。

#### 經營發展展望

### 謝公司經營

根據哈原工的生產計劃,2022年謝公司 計劃減產,本公司將通過其董事會積極參 與謝公司的治理,確保謝公司完成年度生 產計劃和產品銷售任務,實現年度利潤指 標。外派團隊將加強監督年度生產、經營 計劃及年度預算的執行情況,保證企業在 安全生產的前提下完成經營目標。2022年 謝公司將繼續推動伊礦4號礦體可利用資 源評價和謝礦地質儲量重新估算工作,探 索提升謝公司儲量,為增強可持續發展能 力做好準備。

### **Operation of Ortalyk**

In 2022, the Company will participate in the governance of Ortalyk through its board of directors to ensure Central Mynkuduk Deposit completes its annual production plan and product sales tasks and achieves its annual profit target on one hand; and the mine construction plan and pre-construction preparatory work of Zhalpak Deposit are completed in a high quality manner on the other hand. The despatched team will actively participate in the production and operation management of the mine, inspect and supervise the implementation of the annual production and operation plan and annual budget, to ensure the enterprise completing the annual operation targets with safe production and efficient operation.

#### Management and Control on Fission

In respect of Fission, the Company mainly relies on participation in its board of directors to involve in its major decision-making and exert influence, while continuously deepening the technical support to the PLS project and enhancing regular technical exchange. In 2022, the Company will support Fission in completing the winter and summer explorations as scheduled and finishing the upgrade of part of the R780E and R840W sections of the PLS project from inferred level to indicated level so as to extend the designed life of the mine. The Company also plans to hire a local technical personnel to participate in the field work of Fission in Canada to increase technical management on PLS project and enhance collaboration efficiency.

#### Active Expansion of Trading Business

The Group will strengthen its business dealings with end customers, such as global nuclear power plants owners, actively participate in international market bidding, deepen its analysis of market conditions and counterparties' behaviors, seize market opportunities, develop new business models and actively explore new trading opportunities to ensure the achievement of annual trade targets.

### 奧公司經營

2022年本公司將通過其董事會參與奧公司 的治理,一方面確保中礦完成年度生產計 劃和產品銷售任務,實現年度利潤指標: 另一方面,確保高質量的完成扎礦礦山建 設方案及礦建前的準備工作。外派團隊將 積極參與礦山生產、經營管理,現場檢查 和監督年度生產、經營計劃及年度預算的 執行情況,保證企業在安全生產和高效經 營的前提下完成各項年度經營目標。

### Fission公司的管控

對於Fission公司,本公司主要依託董事會 參與其重大事項決策來施加影響,同時不 斷深化對PLS項目的技術支持,加強定期 技術交流。2022年,本公司將支持Fission 公司按計劃完成冬季、夏季勘探及將PLS 項目R780E地段部分和R840W地段推斷 級資源量提升為控制級資源量的工作,以 延長礦山設計壽命。同時計劃在加拿大本 地招聘技術人員參加Fission公司的現場工 作,以加強對PLS項目的技術管理,提高 協同效率。

### 積極開拓貿易業務

本集團將加強與全球核電站業主等終端客 戶的業務往來,積極參與國際市場競標, 加深對市場行情、交易對手行為分析,緊 抓市場機會,開發新的業務模式,積極開 拓新的貿易機會,確保年度貿易目標的實 現。

### Acquisition of New Uranium Resources Projects

The Company is optimistic about the continuous growing trend of natural uranium demand brought by the long-term stable development of global nuclear power. The Company will seize this historical opportunity and continue to seek for potential uranium resource investment opportunities to build a sustainable pipeline of low-cost, high-quality uranium resources to achieve continuity of production capacity and provide nuclear power owners with a sustainable and stable uranium resource. At the same time, the Company will seek to establish strategic cooperative relationships with internationally renowned uranium producers and traders and to explore the feasibility of joint development of uranium projects in various modes.

#### Implementing equity incentive policy

In order to improve the medium and long-term incentive and restraint mechanism of the Company, to form a benefit-sharing and risk-sharing mechanism among Shareholders, the Company and employees, to fully mobilize the enthusiasm of the Company's senior and middle management staff and core staff, and to realize the joint development of the Company and employees, the Company will actively explore medium and long-term incentive plans such as share options continuously.

## **RISK IDENTIFICATION AND MANAGEMENT**

The comprehensive risk management system of the Company functioned effectively in 2021 with all risks under monitor and no significant risk incident happened. The major work completed including:

Firstly, continuing to optimize the risk management process and strengthen risk warning and prevention. In order to achieve advance warning and prevention of risks, the Company has established a major risk monitoring and control index system, including 17 risk warning and control indexes, based on the principles of combining quantitative and qualitative risks and combining process and result. The Company carries out risk monitoring based on the above and makes dynamic adjustments according to the risk management situation.

### 新鈾資源項目併購

本公司看好全球核電穩定發展所帶來天然 鈾需求持續增長態勢,將抓住歷史機遇, 持續尋找潛在鈾資源投資機會,著手建立 低成本優質鈾資源的可持續發展梯隊以實 現產能接續、為核電業主提供持續穩定的 鈾資源。同時,本公司將嘗試尋求與國 際知名鈾生產商及貿易商建立戰略合作關 係,研究以多種模式攜手開發鈾礦項目的 可行性。

### 推行股權激勵政策

為健全公司中長期激勵和約束機制,形成 股東、公司與員工之間的利益共享和風險 共擔機制,充分調動公司中高層管理人員 和核心骨幹員工的積極性,實現公司與員 工的共同發展,公司將持續積極探索股份 期權等中長期激勵計劃。

### 風險識別及管理

2021年公司全面風險管理體系運轉正常, 各項風險均處於密切監控中,未發生重大 風險事件,完成的主要工作包括:

一是持續優化風險管理過程,加強風險預 警防範。為實現風險提前預警與防範,已 根據風險定量與定性結合、過程性與結果 性相結合等原則,建立起公司重大風險監 控指標體系,包括17項風險預警監控指 標。據此開展風險監測,並根據風險管理 情況進行動態調整。

Secondly, comprehensively implementing the risk control process and solidly identify and monitor risks. The Company scientifically identifies and evaluates major operational risks based on risk characteristics and risk attributes in accordance with the requirements of the comprehensive risk management and monitoring process, and formulates and implements risk countermeasures; closely conduct daily risk management tracking, with the management of the Company informed of the progress of risk monitoring on a monthly basis and the Board informed of the risk monitoring situation on a quarterly basis, to supervise and evaluate the Company's risk management, and to provide advice and guidance on the subsequent improvement of the Company's risk management and risk countermeasures.

Thirdly, focusing on special risks and strengthening the capacity of special risk management. The Company carries out risk assessment on investment decision of uranium resources merger and acquisition projects and strictly implemented the process of "assessment, evaluation and decide" for investment projects.

Upon systematic assessment analysis, the Company is subject to the following two main risks in 2022:

#### Production and operational risks of the projects in Kazakhstan.

The continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic and the increase in raw material prices will have a significant impact on the achievement of profit targets for Semizbay-U and Ortalyk. The Company will insist on both prevention and control of the pandemic and production and operation, assist the Kazakhstan side in taking preventive and control measures against the pandemic and strengthening mining management continuously, closely monitor the progress of pipeline connection and development, ensure continuous and stable mining and strive to achieve the annual production target and operation target of the mines; urge Semizbay-U and Ortalyk to lock the purchase price of raw materials, launch special actions for cost control, implement lean cost management and strictly control mine production costs.

The risk of fluctuation of uranium price on the Company's operation. Natural uranium is the main profit source of the Company and there is a relatively higher correlation between the operating results of the Company and natural uranium price fluctuations. The Company will give full play to the advantage of low-cost resources and industry operation to seize the market opportunity and improve the Company's performance. In addition, the Company will strengthen market research, closely track changes in uranium prices, establish a monitoring mechanism for uranium price fluctuations, make timely analysis and judgment, improve risk identification and forecasting capabilities, and cope with and prevent the risk of price fluctuations.

二是全面落實風險管控流程,紮實做好風 險識別和監控。按照全面風險管理監控流 程要求,從風險特徵、風險屬性等方面科 學識別、評估公司重大經營風險,制定並 落實風險應對措施;緊密做好風險管理日 常跟蹤,公司經理層每月聽取風險監控 展,董事會每季度聽取風險監控情況,對 公司風險管理工作進行監督、評價,對後 續公司風險管理改進及風險應對給與建議 和指導。

三是重點關注專項風險,強化專項風險管 理能力。開展鈾資源併購項目投資決策風 險評估,並嚴格履行投資項目「先評估, 再評審,再決策」流程。

經過系統的評估及研討,公司在2022年主要面臨以下兩項風險,具體如下:

哈薩克斯坦項目生產經營風險。新冠疫情 的持續和原材料價格上漲對謝公司和奧公 司利潤目標的實現有較大影響。公司將堅 持疫情防控和生產經營兩手抓,持續協助 哈方做好疫情防控措施及加強採礦生產管 理,密切監控管道連接進度和開拓進展, 確保礦山連續穩定開採,力爭實現礦山生 產經營年度目標;督促謝、奧兩公司鎖定 原材料採購價格,開展成本控制專項行 動,實施成本精益化管理,嚴格控制礦山 生產成本。

**鈾價波動對公司經營影響風險。**天然鈾是 公司主要利潤來源,公司經營業績與天然 鈾價格波動有較大關聯。公司將發揮低成 本資源優勢及行業運營優勢,抓住市場機 遇,提升公司業績。另外,公司將加強市 場研究,密切跟蹤鈾價變化,建立鈾價異 動監控機制,及時做出分析和研判,提高 風險識別和預判能力,應對和防範價格波 動風險。

## FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND ANALYSIS

Financial performance reflects the operation performance of the Group throughout the year. By paying attention to changes in financial indicators, business development of the Group can be comprehensively understood.

**OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS AND POSITION** 

Notes

## 財務表現及分析

財務業績及狀況概覽

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財務表現能反映本集團全年運營情況,通 過關注財務指標變動,將能全面瞭解本集 團的業務發展狀況。

Major Financial Indicators	主要	財務指標	
Profitability indicators 盈利能力指標		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
Profitability indicators	盈利能力指標		
Gross profit margin $(\%)^1$	毛利率(%)1	2.29	7.08
EBITDA (HK\$ million) <sup>2</sup>	EBITDA(百萬港元) <sup>2</sup>	248.09	222.78
EBITDA/Revenue ratio $(\%)^3$	EBITDA/營業額比率 <i>(%)</i> <sup>3</sup>	6.43	7.78
Net profit margin (%) <sup>4</sup>	淨溢利率 <i>(%)</i> ⁴	4.62	5.42
Operation ability indicators	營運能力指標		
Trade receivables cycle – average	應收賬款週期-平均 <i>(天)</i> 5		
(Days) <sup>5</sup>		21	30
Inventory cycle – average <i>(Days)</i> 6	存貨週期-平均(天)6	168	218
Investment return indicators	投資回報指標		
Return on equity (%) <sup>7</sup>	權益回報率 <i>(%)</i> 7	8.54	7.82
Profit attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔溢利與營業額比率		
Company to revenue ratio (%) <sup>8</sup>	(%) <sup>8</sup>	4.62	5.42
Return on assets (%)9	資產回報率 <i>(%)</i> 9	3.39	4.26
Repayment ability indicators	償債能力指標		
Bank balances and cash (HK\$ million)	銀行結存及現金(百萬港元)	81.29	1,174.51
Net tangible assets (HK\$ million)10	有形資產淨值(百萬港元) <sup>10</sup>	2,151.25	2,025.08
Gearing ratio (%) <sup>11</sup>	資本負債比率 <i>(%)</i> <sup>11</sup>	194.61	106.59

Notes.		PD pI	
1.	Difference between revenue and cost of sales divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.	1.	營業額與銷售成本之差除以營業額再乘以 100%。
2.	The sum of profit before tax, finance costs, depreciation of right-of-use assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment, if any.	2.	除税前溢利、融資成本、使用權資產折舊及物 業、廠房及設備折舊(如有)之和。
3.	The sum of profit before tax, finance costs, depreciation of right-of use assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment, if any, divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.	3.	除税前溢利、融資成本、使用權資產折舊及物 業、廠房及設備折舊(如有)之和除以營業額再 乘以100%。
4.	Profit for the year divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.	4.	本年度溢利除以營業額再乘以100%。
5.	Average receivables (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) divided by average daily sales (i.e revenue divided by 360 days).	5.	平均應收賬款(即報告期初期未算術平均值)除 以平均日銷售額(即營業額除以360天)。

- Average inventories (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) divided by average daily costs of sales (i.e costs of sales divided by 360 days).
- Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company divided by total average equity (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) multiplied by 100%.
- Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.
- Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company divided by total average assets (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) multiplied by 100%.
- 10. Total equity less intangible assets, net.
- 11. Total debt divided by total equity multiplied by 100%.

## **Financial results**

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The profit of the Group was HK\$178 million in 2021, representing a year-on-year increase of 15% as compared to that of HK\$155 million in 2020.

- 平均存貨(即報告期初期末算術平均值)除以平 均日銷售成本(即銷售成本除以360天)。
- 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利除以平均權益總值 (即報告期初期末算術平均值)再乘以100%。
- 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利除以營業額再乘以 100%。
- 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利除以平均資產總值 (即報告期初期末算術平均值)再乘以100%。
- 10. 權益總值減去無形資產的淨值。
- 11. 債務總額除以權益總值再乘以100%。

## 財務業績

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本集團2021年度溢利為178百萬港元,較 2020年的155百萬港元同比增加15%。

REVENUE	REVENUE 富未做				
		For the ye 31 Dec 截至12月3	ember		ments 動
					Increase/
		2021	2020	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		2021年	2020年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	千港元	千港元	百分比
Natural uranium trading	天然鈾貿易	3,856,085	2,859,214	996,871	35
Property investment	物業投資	3,445	3,012	433	14
Total revenue	總營業額	3,859,530	2,862,226	997,304	35

The revenue of the Group was HK\$3,860 million in 2021, representing an increase of 35% as compared to that of HK\$2,862 million in 2020, primarily due to CGN Global actively expanded sales with increased annual trade volume. 本集團2021年營業額為3,860百萬港元, 較2020年的2,862百萬港元增加35%,主 要原因是中廣核國際銷售公司積極拓展貿易,全年貿易量增加。

Cost of sales			銷售成本			
		For the ye 31 Dec 截至12月3	ember	Movements 變動		
		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ (Decrease) 増加/(減少) HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ (Decrease) 增加/(減少) % 百分比	
Natural uranium trading cost Property investment	天然鈾貿易成本 物業投資	3,771,251 _	2,659,460 -	1,111,791 _	42 -	
Total cost of sales	銷售成本合計	3,771,251	2,659,460	1,111,791	42	

The cost of sales of the Group was HK\$3,771 million in 2021, representing an increase of 42% as compared to that of HK\$2,659 million in 2020, due to CGN Global actively expanded sales with increased annual trade volume, resulting in a corresponding increase in cost of sales.

### Gross profit and gross profit margin of natural uranium trading

Affected by the narrowing of the long-trade and spot prices in the offtake business and the narrowing of trade spreads of CGN Global, the Group recorded a gross profit from natural uranium trading of HK\$85 million in 2021, representing a decrease of 58% as compared to that of HK\$200 million in 2020, and the gross profit margin of natural uranium trading decreased to 2.20%.

### Other operating income

The other operating income of the Group was HK\$9 million in 2021, substantially the same as compared to that of HK\$9 million in 2020.

### Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses of the Group was HK\$14 million in 2021, representing an increase of 32% as compared to that of HK\$10 million in 2020, mainly due to the increase of storage expenses of natural uranium inventories.

本集團2021年銷售成本為3,771百萬港 元,較2020年的2,659百萬港元增加 42%,主要原因是中廣核國際銷售公司積 極拓展貿易,全年貿易量增加,銷售成本 相應增加。

### 天然鈾貿易毛利及毛利率

受包銷業務長貿與現貨價差收窄以及中廣 核國際銷售公司貿易價差收窄影響,本集 團2021年實現天然鈾貿易毛利85百萬港 元,較2020年的200百萬港元減少58%, 天然鈾貿易毛利率下降至2.20%。

### 其他經營收入

本集團2021年其他經營收入為9百萬元港 元,基本與2020年的9百萬港元持平。

### 銷售及分銷費用

本集團2021年銷售及分銷費用為14百萬 港元,較2020年的10百萬港元增加了 32%,主要原因是天然鈾存貨倉儲費用增 加。

### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses of the Group was HK\$42 million in 2021, representing an increase of 11% as compared to that of HK\$38 million in 2020, mainly due to the Group's acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk during the Reporting Period, leading to an increase in professional services fees, such as legal fees.

#### Share of results of a joint venture

The joint venture of the Company is Semizbay-U. The share of results of a joint venture was HK\$138 million in 2021, representing an increase of 95% as compared to that of HK\$71 million in 2020, mainly due to a 17% year-on-year increase in sales volume of Semizbay-U and a continued increase in natural uranium spot prices in the second half of 2021, leading to a significant increase in revenue of Semizbay-U.

#### Share of results of associates

The Company's associates include Fission and Ortalyk. The Company's share of results of Fission was a loss of HK\$6 million, which includes share of loss for the Reporting Period of HK\$7 million, loss on deemed disposal of HK\$32 million and the reversal of long-term investment impairment of HK\$33 million.

During the Reporting Period, Fission issued 57,500,000 ordinary shares under subscription of new shares by investors, 510,529 ordinary shares in lieu of payment of interest, 5,477,904 ordinary shares upon exercise of warrants, 33,381,117 ordinary shares upon exercise of share options and 118,434 ordinary shares as part of director remuneration, resulting the percentage of equity interests in Fission held by the Company as at 31 December 2021 decreased to 14.34% (31 December 2020: 16.74%).

The Company's shares of results of Ortalyk was a profit of HK\$73 million, which represents the results after completion of the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk on 30 July 2021.

#### **Finance costs**

The finance costs of the Group was HK\$50 million in 2021, representing an increase of 22% as compared to that of HK\$41 million in 2020, mainly due to interest expenses arising from additional loans for the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk.

### 行政開支

本集團2021年行政開支為42百萬港元, 較2020年的38百萬港元增加了11%,主 要原因是本集團報告期內收購了奧公司 49%的股權,導致法律等專業服務費用增加。

### 應佔一間合營企業業績

本公司的合營公司為謝公司,本公司 2021年應佔一間合營公司業績為溢利138 百萬港元,較2020年的71百萬港元增加 95%,主要原因是謝公司銷售量同比增長 17%及天然鈾現貨價格於2021年下半年 持續上升,使謝公司營業額顯著增加。

### 應佔聯營公司業績

本公司的聯營公司包括Fission公司以及奧 公司。本公司應佔Fission公司虧損業績6 百萬港元,包括報告期內應佔虧損7百萬 港元,視同處置虧損32百萬港元和長期 投資減值回撥33百萬港元。

報告期內,Fission公司向認購新普通股的 投資者發行了57,500,000股普通股,以股 代息發行了510,529股普通股,因期權行 權發行了5,477,904股普通股,因認股權 證行權發行了33,381,117股普通股及向其 董事發行了118,434股普通股作為薪酬一 部分,導致本公司於2021年12月31日持 有Fission公司的權益比例下降至14.34% (2020年12月31日:16.74%)。

本公司應佔奧公司業績為溢利73百萬港 元,為2021年7月30日完成收購奧公司 49%股權後產生的業績。

#### 融資成本

本集團2021年融資成本為50百萬港元, 較2020年的41百萬港元上升22%,主要 原因是因收購奧公司49%股權,新增貸款 產生利息支出。

### Income tax expenses

Income tax expense of the Group was HK\$18 million in 2021, representing a decrease of 27% as compared to that of HK\$25 million in 2020, mainly due to a decrease in taxable income during the Reporting Period.

#### Profit for the year

The profit of the Group was HK\$178 million in 2021, representing an increase of 15% as compared to that of HK\$155 million in 2020.

## FINANCIAL POSITION AND ANALYSIS

### **Total assets**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total assets were HK\$6,350 million, representing an increase of 52% as compared to HK\$4,188 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to the Group's completion of acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk during the Reporting Period.

#### **Total liabilities**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total liabilities were HK\$4,194 million, representing an increase of 94% as compared to HK\$2,161 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to the drawdown of a shareholder loan from immediate holding company during the Reporting Period for the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk.

### Net current assets

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's net current assets were HK\$-1,821 million, representing a decrease of 187% as compared to HK\$2,100 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to financing the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk, resulting a significant decrease in bank balances and cash and the drawdown of a shareholder loan from immediate holding company during the Reporting Period.

### 所得税支出

本集團2021年所得税支出為18百萬港 元,較2020年的25百萬港元下降27%, 主要原因是報告期內應税收入下降。

### 年度溢利

本集團2021年年度溢利為178百萬港元, 較2020年的155百萬港元增加15%。

## 財務狀況及分析

## 資產總值

於2021年12月31日,本集團資產總值 為6,350百萬港元,較2020年12月31日 的4,188百萬港元增加52%,主要原因是 報告期內本集團完成收購奧公司49%的股 權。

#### 負債總值

於2021年12月31日,本集團負債總值 為4,194百萬港元,較2020年12月31日 的2,161百萬港元增加94%,主要原因是 於報告期內向直接控股公司提取了股東貸 款,用於收購奧公司49%股權。

### 流動資產淨值

於2021年12月31日,本集團流動資產淨 值為-1,821百萬港元,較2020年12月31 日的2,100百萬港元減少187%,主要原因 是為提供收購奧公司49%股權的資金,本 集團報告期內銀行結存及現金大幅下降並 向直接控股公司提取了股東貸款。

		As at 31 December 於12月31日		Movements 變動	
				Increase/	Increase/
		2021	2020	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		<b>2021</b> 年	2020年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	千港元	千港元	百分比
Inventories	存貨	1,743,152	1,767,335	(24,183)	(1)
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項	99,390	363,176	(263,786)	(73)
Amount due from an	應收一間中間控股公司款項				
intermediate holding					
company		2,392	2,323	69	3
Amount due from a fellow	應收一間同系附屬公司款項				
subsidiary		20	19	1	5
Income tax recoverable	可收回所得税款	6,956	6,678	278	4
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	81,293	1,174,508	(1,093,215)	(93)
Total current assets	流動資產總額	1,933,203	3,314,039	(1,380,836)	(42)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total current assets were HK\$1,933 million, representing a decrease of 42% as compared to HK\$3,314 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to financing the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk resulting a significant decrease in bank balances and cash during the Reporting Period.

As at 31 December 2021, the aggregate amount of bank balances and cash of the Group was HK\$81 million (31 December 2020: HK\$1,175 million), among which, approximately 28% (31 December 2020: 9%) was denominated in HKD, approximately 47% (31 December 2020: 90%) was denominated in USD, approximately 19% (31 December 2020: 1%) was denominated in RMB.

於2021年12月31日,本集團流動資產總 值為1,933百萬港元,較2020年12月31 日的3,314百萬港元減少42%,主要原因 是為提供收購奧公司49%股權的資金,本 集團報告期內銀行結存及現金大幅下降。

於2021年12月31日,本集團擁有的銀行 結餘及現金共計81百萬港元(2020年12 月31日:1,175百萬港元),其中約28% (2020年12月31日:9%)為港元,約47% (2020年12月31日:90%)為美元,約 19%(2020年12月31日:1%)為人民幣。



As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any bank deposits and cash pledged to any banks (31 December 2020: Nil). The ratio of current assets of the Group over total assets was 30% (31 December 2020: 79%), and the ratio of bank balances and cash over total assets was 1% (31 December 2020: 28%). 於2021年12月31日,本集團沒有任何銀 行結存及現金抵押給銀行(2020年12月31 日:無)。本集團流動資產佔總資產的比 例為30%(2020年12月31日:79%),銀 行結存及現金佔總資產的比例為1%(2020 年12月31日:28%)。

非流動資產

Non-current assets	<u> </u>				
		As at 31 December 於12月31日		Movements 變動	
				Increase/	Increase/
		2021	2020	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		<b>2021</b> 年	2020年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	千港元	千港元	百分比
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	887	622	265	43
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	3,970	1,977	1,993	101
Investment properties	投資物業	53,082	52,623	459	1
Interest in a joint venture	於一間合營企業之權益	358,011	264,956	93,055	35
Interests in associates	於聯營企業之權益	3,994,894	553,570	3,441,324	622
Other receivable	其他應收款項	367	_	367	N/A
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	5,161	-	5,161	N/A
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	4,416,372	873,748	3,542,624	405

As at 31 December 2021, the total non-current assets of the Group were HK\$4,416 million, representing an increase of 405% as compared to HK\$874 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to completion of the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk during the Reporting Period, leading to a significant increase in equity interests in associates.

於2021年12月31日,本集團非流動資產 總值為4,416百萬港元,較2020年12月31 日的874百萬港元增加405%,主要原因是 報告期內完成收購奧公司49%股權,來自 聯營公司的權益大幅增加。

### **Non-current assets**
Current liabilities			流動負債			
		As at 31 December 於12月31日			ements <sup>美</sup> 動	
				Increase/	Increase/	
		2021	2020	(Decrease)	(Decrease)	
		<b>2021</b> 年	2020年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	百分比	
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	1,103,368	158,289	945,079	597	
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	236,530	370,693	(134,163)	(36)	
Loan from immediate	來自直接控股股東之貸款			,	. ,	
holding company		2,400,197	_	2,400,197	N/A	
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	-	666,704	(666,704)	(100)	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,445	704	741	105	
Amount due to an intermediate	應付一間中間控股公司款項					
holding company		1,117	874	243	28	
Amount due to fellow	應付同系附屬公司款項					
subsidiaries		2,188	1,135	1,053	93	
Income tax payable	應付所得税款	9,270	15,848	(6,578)	(42)	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	3,754,115	1,214,247	2,539,868	209	

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total current liabilities were HK\$3,754 million, representing an increase of 209% as compared to HK\$1,214 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to the drawdown of a shareholder loan from immediate holding company by the Group during the Reporting Period to finance the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk.

於2021年12月31日,本集團流動負債總 值為3,754百萬港元,較2020年12月31日 的1,214百萬港元增加209%,主要原因是 為提供收購奧公司49%股權的資金,本集 團報告期內向直接控股公司提取了股東貸 款。

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Non-current liabilities			非流動負債			
		As at 31 December 於12月31日				
				Increase/	Increase/	
		2021	2020	(Decrease)	(Decrease)	
		<b>2021</b> 年	2020年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	百分比	
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	50,066	23,968	26,098	109	
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	-	533,596	(533,596)	(100)	
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	387,754	387,754	-	-	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2,417	1,162	1,255	108	
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	440,237	946,480	(506,243)	(53)	

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total non-current liabilities were HK\$440 million, representing a decrease of 53% as compared to HK\$946 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to the repayment of part of the CGNPC Huasheng loan by CGN Global during the Reporting Period.

於2021年12月31日,本集團非流動負債 總值為440百萬港元,較2020年12月31日 的946百萬港元減少53%,主要原因是中 廣核國際銷售公司於報告期內償還部分中 廣核華盛貸款。

權益總額

## **Total equity**

i otal oquity					
			As at 31 December 於12月31日		ments <sup>:</sup> 動
				Increase/	Increase/
		2021	2020	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		2021年	2020年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	千港元	千港元	百分比
6					
Share capital	股本	66,007	66,007	-	-
Reserves	儲備	2,089,216	1,961,053	128,163	7
Total equity	權益總值	2,155,223	2,027,060	128,163	6

As at 31 December 2021, total equity of the Group amounted to HK\$2,155 million, representing an increase of 6% as compared to HK\$2,027 million as at 31 December 2020, mainly due to an increase in profit during the Reporting Period.

The Group's gearing ratio (total debt divided by total equity multiplied by 100%) was 195% (2020: 107%).

## Assets and investments

During the Reporting Period, the Group acquired 49% equity interest in Ortalyk at the consideration of US\$435,071,181 from Kazatomprom. The acquisition has been completed on 30 July 2021 and Ortalyk became an associate of the Group. For details, please refer to the circular of the Company dated 25 May 2021.

### **Investment direction**

According to the business positioning and development strategy of the Group, the main investment direction of the Group remains to be acquiring competitive overseas uranium resource projects with low cost. The Group will carry out relevant investment activities as and when appropriate, to laid the foundation of further development of the Group.

## **Financial capital**

## **Capital structure**

As at 31 December 2021, the Company had a total of 6,600,682,645 ordinary shares in issue (31 December 2020: 6,600,682,645 ordinary shares) ordinary shares, and the market capitalization of the Company was approximately HK\$5,149 million (31 December 2020: HK\$2,376 million).

On 26 November 2021, the Company entered into subscription agreements with 11 subscribers for the subscription of an aggregate of 1,000,000,000 new Shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.80 per Share. For details, please refer to the paragraph headed "Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities" in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

於2021年12月31日,本集團權益總值為 2,155百萬港元,較2020年12月31日的 2,027百萬港元增加6%,主要原因是報告 期內溢利增加。

本集團資本負債比率(債務總額/權益 總值再乘以100%)為195%(2020年: 107%)。

### 資產與投資

本集團於報告期內以435,071,181美元代 價向哈原工收購奧公司49%的股權。收購 事項於2021年7月30日完成,奧公司成 為本集團聯營企業。有關詳情,請參閱本 公司日期為2021年5月25日的通函。

## 投資方向

根據本集團業務定位和發展戰略,後續仍 以併購有競爭力的低成本海外鈾資源項目 為主要投資方向,並將適時開展相關投資 活動,為本集團進一步發展奠定基礎。

## 財務資本

## 股本結構

於2021年12月31日,本公司共發行普 通股6,600,682,645股(2020年12月31 日:6,600,682,645股普通股),市值約為 5,149百萬港元(2020年12月31日:2,376 百萬港元)。

於2021年11月26日,本公司與11名認購 人訂立認購協議,以按每股0.80港元的認 購價認購合共1,000,000,000股新股份。 有關詳情,請參閱本年報中董事會報告 「購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市股份」一 段。

#### Liquidity risk and financial resources

The Company adheres to prudent capital and treasury policy and goals. During the Reporting Period, the Company's operating fund was mainly from the cash generated from operating activities and external borrowings. The capital requirements of the Company mainly come from possible acquisition costs for acquiring natural uranium resources and funds for operation.

The Group has sufficient financial resources for daily operation and business and does not have seasonal borrowing demands. If any suitable acquisition opportunity arises in the future, the Group will raise funds from diverse financing channels.

The Company's financing capacity is affected by multiple external and internal factors. To obtain financing on more favourable terms, the Company shall understand the external financing environment and adopt a reasonable financing model and strategies based on its structure of assets and liabilities.

The Company pays close attention to financial market trends, actively considers its responses to internal and external financial risks, formulates reasonable models and strategies to ensure the safety and economic efficiency of financing, and takes strict management measures on debt risks to prevent exposure to related risks and to facilitate the financial health and development of the core business.

## **Financing model**

Given the complex and ever-changing financial market, the Company has been exploring diverse financing methods and strives to establish a financing model with combination of short-, medium-and long-term capital, merged direct and indirect financing and multiple financing channels to secure stable funds. In the process of debt financing, the Company has taken a balanced approach between cost and safety. The Company aims to obtain competitive financing cost but does not consider lowest financing cost as the only objective to avoid compromising financial safety and the quality of services received.

For projects with large capital expenditures and sound expected returns, the Company will prudently consider using equity financing to balance risks and enhance Shareholder value.

### 流動性風險和財務資源

本公司採納了謹慎的資金與庫務政策及目 標。報告期間,運營所需的資金主要來自 經營活動與外部借款現金。本公司現金需 求主要包括為收購天然鈾資源而可能發生 的併購開支以及運營的資金需求。

本集團有足夠財務資源應對日常經營業務 所需,且沒有季節性的借款需求。若未來 有合適的併購機會,本集團將利用多元化 的融資渠道籌集資金。

本公司融資能力取決於外部和內部多種因 素,為實現以更有利條件取得融資的目 標,公司需要瞭解外部融資環境,並基於 自身的資產負債結構而採取合理的融資模 式及策略。

本公司一直密切關注金融市場走向,積極 考慮如何應對來自內外部的金融風險,制 定合理的融資模式和策略,確保公司融資 安全性和經濟性,並採取嚴謹的債務風險 管理措施防範公司面臨的相關風險,以促 進公司的財務健康及核心業務發展。

### 融資模式

在複雜多變的金融市場環境下,本公司一 直探索多元化的融資方式,努力建立短、 中、長期資金相互搭配、直接融資與間接 融資相結合、多種渠道並舉的融資模式, 為公司提供穩健的資金保障。在債務融資 過程中,本公司始終遵循成本和安全兼 顧的原則。公司致力追求具有競爭力的融 資成本,卻並不以最低的融資成本為唯一 目標,以免損害融資安全及接受的服務質 量。

對於具備良好收益預算的大額資本性開支 項目,公司會謹慎地考慮採用股權融資平 衡風險,增進股東價值。

## FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's development comes with various financial risks, such as debt risks and exchange rate risks.

### **Risk management of debt**

As at 31 December 2021, the bank borrowings (drawdown in 2020) were US\$50 million, denominated in US\$ with floating interest rate and were unsecured with interest of 1.36% per annum. Loans from a fellow subsidiary (drawdown during the year 2019) were US\$31 million, denominated in US\$ with fixed interest rate and were unsecured and interest bearing of 3.20% per annum. Loans from immediate holding company (drawdown during the year 2021) were US\$310 million, denominated in US\$ with floating interest rate and were unsecured and interest bearing of 1.65% per annum.

To manage liquidity risk, the Company closely monitors the cash, cash equivalents and unutilised credit to ensure sufficient liquidity for operation and to reduce the effects of cash flow volatility. The Company's management also keeps an eye on external borrowing to ensure sufficiency of available credit. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has undrawn credit of US\$791 million, which can be utilised to provide sufficient cash for the Group's operation and to reduce the impact of cash flow volatility.

### Exchange rate risk

The Company's functional currency is US\$. During the Reporting Period, the Group's sale and purchase of products were mainly settled in US\$ and RMB (2020: US\$ and RMB), while its cash was mainly denominated in US\$ and HK\$ (2020: US\$ and HK\$). Daily expenses, including administrative expenses, sales and distribution expenses, were mainly settled in US\$, HK\$ and RMB (2020: US\$, HK\$ and RMB). The Group was not subject to any material exchange rate risk during the Reporting Period.

For exchange rate risk management, the Company aims to control cost rather than profitability. In 2021, the Group had no forward foreign exchange contracts, interests or currency swaps or other financial derivatives for hedging purposes, and experienced no significant difficulty or impact on its operation or liquidity due to exchange rate fluctuation.

## 財務風險管理

本集團業務發展伴隨著各類財務風險,如 債務風險、匯率風險等。

### 債務風險管理

於2021年12月31日,銀行借款(於2020 年提款)為50百萬美元,該等浮息貸款為 無抵押及年利率為1.36%。來自一間同系 附屬公司之貸款(於2019年提款)為31百 萬美元,該等定息貸款為無抵押及年利率 為3.20%。來自直接控股公司之貸款(於 2021年提款)為310百萬美元,該等浮息 貸款為無抵押及年利率為1.65%。

為管理流動資金風險,本公司嚴密監控現 金及現金等價物以及未動用的授信水平, 以確保能夠為公司經營及減少現金流波動 影響提供充足的現金支持。公司管理層監 控對外借款情況,以確保有足夠未運用 的借款信用額度。於2021年12月31日, 本集團擁有791百萬美元未提取的授信額 度,可為集團經營提供充足的現金支持及 降低現金流波動影響。

## 匯率風險

本公司的功能性貨幣為美元,報告期內, 本集團的產品銷售及採購都主要以美元及 人民幣結算(2020年:美元及人民幣)計 算,所持有的資金都主要以美元及港元計 算(2020年:美元及港元),本公司日常經 營開支,包括行政開支、銷售及分銷費用 主要以美元、港元及人民幣(2020年:美 元、港元及人民幣)結算。本報告期間本 集團並無承受重大外匯風險。

對於匯率風險管理,公司給終以控制成本 而不是以盈利為目標。於2021年,本集團 並無任何遠期外匯合同、利息或貨幣掉期 或其他對沖用途之金融衍生工具,且本集 團並未因匯率波動而於其營運或流動資金 上遭受任何重大困難或影響。

## **CONTINGENCY EVENTS**

#### **External guarantees**

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not provide any guarantee for external party (2020: Nil). The guarantee provided by the Company to CGN Global, a wholly-owned subsidiary, was US\$150 million (2020: US\$180 million) and US\$50 million (2020: US\$136 million) was utilised. The Company does not allow subsidiaries to provide any form of guarantee to any entity or individual without the approval of the Company.

### Pledge of assets

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not pledge any of its assets (2020: Nil).

## **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 December 2020: Nil).

#### Legal proceedings

The Company confirms that there was no significant litigation, and that it was nor aware of any pending or threatened litigation against it, which had or could have a material and adverse effect on its financial condition or operation during the Reporting Period.

## **CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Details of changes in accounting policies as required under the applicable accounting standard are explained in notes 2 and 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### 或然事項

### 對外擔保

報告期內,本集團並無對外擔保(2020 年度:無)。公司對其全資子公司中廣核 國際銷售公司提供擔保額為150百萬美元 (2020年:180百萬美元),其中50百萬美 元(2020年:136百萬美元)已提用。本公 司不允許附屬公司在未經本公司批准的前 提下,為任何單位或個人提供任何形式的 擔保。

## 資產抵押

報告期內,本集團並無資產抵押(2020年 度:無)。

## 或然負債

於2021年12月31日,本集團並無重大或 然負債(2020年12月31日:無)。

#### 法律訴訟

本公司確認於報告期內,無面臨任何重大 訴訟,且並不知悉任何未決或面臨威脅的 訴訟已經或可能會對本公司財務狀況或經 營造成重大不利影響。

## 會計政策調整

根據適用的會計準則要求調整的會計政策 詳情已列於綜合財務報表附註2及4。

The Company is committed to establishing and fulfilling a good corporate governance practice and procedures, for ensuring a quality Board, sound internal control, and transparency and accountability to all Shareholders in order to enhance credibility and reputation of the Company. We firmly believe that good corporate governance practice can earn the trust of Shareholders as well as other stakeholders, and most importantly, preserve the long-term interests of the Shareholders.

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS**

#### Executive director, chairman and chief executive officer

Mr. An Junjing ("Mr. An"), aged 48, joined the Group in January 2018 and is currently an ED, the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company and serving as the managing director of the CGNPC-URC and the chairman of Swakop. Mr. An joined Guangdong Nuclear Joint Venture in July 1996 and successively served as the head of the general training division and assistant to director of the training centre of Daya Bay Nuclear Operation Management Co., Ltd.\* (大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公 司) and the deputy general manager of Fangchenggang branch from March 2003 to December 2011. Mr. An served as the manager of production department and subsequently as the assistant to general manager of Guangxi Fangchenggang Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.\* (廣 西防城港核電有限公司) from December 2011 to May 2014. Mr. An served as the deputy director of the office of the board and director of the research office of CGNPC from May 2014 to February 2016. He served as the deputy general manager of the (presiding) system management department of CGNPC from February 2016 to January 2018. Mr. An graduated with a Bachelor's degree in engineering in nuclear and thermal energy utilization from Tsinghua University in July 1996 and subsequently obtained a Master's degree in engineering in nuclear and nuclear engineering from Shanghai Jiao Tong University in June 2009. Mr. An was accredited as a senior engineer by CGNPC in 2009.

本公司致力於制定及履行良好的企業管治 常規及程序,以確保高素質的董事會、健 全的內部監控,以及對股東的透明度及問 責性,以提升本公司的公信力及聲譽。我 們堅信良好的企業管治常規可贏得股東以 及其他持股者的信任,及最重要的是,可 維護股東的長遠利益。

## 董事簡介

### 執行董事、主席兼首席執行官

**安軍靖先生**(「安先生」),48歲,於2018年 1月加入本集團,現任本公司執行董事、 董事會主席及首席執行官,同時擔任中廣 核鈾業發展董事長、總經理及斯科公司董 事長。安先生於1996年7月加入廣東核電 合營並於2003年3月至2011年12月期間 先後擔任大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公 司綜合培訓處處長、培訓中心主任助理兼 综合培訓處處長及防城港分公司副總經理 等職務。安先生於2011年12月至2014年5 月期間先後擔任廣西防城港核電有限公司 生產部經理及總經理助理,並於2014年5 月至2016年2月期間擔任中廣核集團公司 董事會辦公室副主任及研究室主任。彼自 2016年2月至2018年1月擔任中廣核集團 公司體系管理部副總經理(主持工作)。安 先生於1996年7月畢業於清華大學並獲得 核能及熱能利用專業工學學士學位,並隨 後於2009年6月獲得上海交通大學的核能 及核技術工程專業工程碩士學位。安先生 於2009年獲中廣核集團公司高級工程師職 稱。

### **Executive director**

Ms. Xu Junmei ("Ms. Xu"), aged 43, is currently an ED and the chief financial officer of the Company and serving as the chief accountant of CGNPC-URC. Between August 2002 and August 2013, Ms. Xu worked for KPMG Huazhen LLP, including two years of secondment at the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council between June 2011 and August 2013. Ms. Xu joined CGN Group in August 2013 and has held various positions, including deputy manager and manager of the finance department of CGNPC-URC and the deputy director of the finance shared service center of CGN Power Co., Ltd. (HKEX: 01816; SZSE: 03816). Ms. Xu is currently also the chief accountant of CGNPC-URC. Ms. Xu graduated from the University of Science and Technology Beijing with a Bachelor of Arts degree, specialised in English, in July 2002 and obtained a Master of Business Administration from Tsinghua University in July 2015. Ms. Xu is a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants and also a Certified Internal Auditor conferred by The Institute of Internal Auditors.

### **Non-executive director**

Mr. Sun Xu ("Mr. Sun"), aged 56, joined the Group in November 2018 and is currently a NED of the Company and serving as the director of CGNPC-URC, and CGN Energy International Holdings Co., Limited (\*中國廣核能源國際控股有限公司), respectively. Mr. Sun joined Guangdong Nuclear Power Joint Venture in June 1990 and served in management positions at various group members of CGN Group. Since January 2011, Mr. Sun served as a full-time director of CGN Group and has been a fulltime director and a member of various professional committees to various group companies in nuclear power, nuclear fuel, new energy and other industries. Mr. Sun graduated from the Asia International Open University (Macau)(亞洲(澳門)國際公開大學 (AIOU))in April 2001 with a Master's degree in business administration. Mr. Sun was accredited as a senior economist by CGNPC in September 2014.

## 執行董事

**徐軍梅女士**(「徐女士」),43歲,現任本 公司執行董事及首席財務官,同時擔任中 廣核鈾業發展總會計師。於2002年8月至 2013年8月,徐女士就職於畢馬威華振會 計師事務所(特殊普通合夥),其中於2011 年6月至2013年8月被借調至國務院國有 資產監督管理委員會。徐女士於2013年8 月加入中廣核集團,先後擔任多個職務, 包括中廣核鈾業發展財務部副經理及經 理以及中國廣核電力股份有限公司(聯交 所:01816;深圳證券交易所:03816)財 務共享服務中心副總監。徐女士2002年7 月畢業於北京科技大學英語專業,獲文學 學士學位,並於2015年7月獲得清華大學 工商管理碩士學位。徐女士亦為中國註冊 會計師協會會員及國際內部審計師協會授 予的註冊內部審計師。

#### 非執行董事

**孫旭先生**(「孫先生」),56歲,於2018年 11月加入本集團,現任本公司非執行董 事,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展及中廣核 能源國際控股有限公司董事。孫先生於 1990年6月加入廣東核電合營,在中國廣 核集團多家成員企業從事經營管理崗位, 於2011年1月起擔任中國廣核集團專職董 事,歷任核電、核燃料、新能源和其他產 業多家成員企業專職董事及相關專業委員 會委員。孫先生於2001年4月畢業於亞洲 (澳門)國際公開大學(AIOU)並獲工商管理 (MBA)碩士學位,孫先生於2014年9月獲 中廣核集團公司認定為高級經濟師。

### **Non-executive director**

Mr. Yin Xiong ("Mr. Yin"), aged 56, joined the Group in November 2018 and is currently a NED director of the Company and the director of CGNPC-UPC, and has been serving as a full-time director of CGN Group since April 2017. Mr. Yin joined CGN Group in September 2001, prior to which he held various management positions in China National Nuclear Corporation(中國核工業總公司) and government bureaux in Sanya, Hainan Province in the PRC. After joining CGN Group, he successively served as the responsible person of some important departments and/or senior management of CGNPC, Dava Bay Nuclear Power Operation and Management Co., Ltd. (大 亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公司) and Yangjiang Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.(陽江核電有限公司). From January 2016 to April 2017, Mr. Yin served as an executive director and general manager of Shenzhen Nengzhihui Power Sales Co., Ltd.(深圳市能之匯電力銷 售有限公司), Which is an electricity sales company of CGN Group. Mr. Yin received a Bachelor's degree of science in nuclear physics and nuclear technology from Lanzhou University in July 1986 and a Master's degree of science in July 1988. In May 2008, Mr. Yin received his Ph.D. degree of management in business administration from Grenoble School of Business in France. Mr. Yin was accredited as a researcher-level senior engineer by CGNPC in December 2010.

#### Independent Non-executive Director

**Mr. Qiu Xianhong** ("Mr. Qiu"), aged 59, is currently an INED of the Company on August 2011. Mr. Qiu possess the qualification as a Certified Public Accountant in the PRC and a senior accountant of the PRC. Mr. Qiu also served as an executive director of Beijing Furun Tianming Financial Consultant Co., Ltd\* (北京輔潤天明財務 顧問有限公司). Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Qiu was a partner of Beijing QQCPA Accounting Firm, the deputy head of the financial department and assets management department of China Packaging Corporation\* (中國包裝總公司), the finance controller and the vice secretary general to China Institute of Strategy and Management, independent non-executive director of Qinhuangdao Tolilan Heavy Industry Co., Ltd., and the deputy director of finance department of preceding National Patent Bureau\* (國家專利局). Mr. Qiu graduated with a Bachelor's degree in financial accounting from Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics.

### 非執行董事

**殷雄先生**(「殷先生」),56歲,於2018年 11月加入本集團,現任本公司非執行董 事及中廣核鈾業發展董事,自2017年4月 起至今擔任中國廣核集團成員公司專職董 事。殷先生於2001年9月加入中國廣核集 團,此前曾在中國核工業總公司及海南省 三亞市政府機關擔任管理職務。加入中國 廣核集團後,殷先生曾先後在中廣核集團 公司、大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公 司、陽江核電有限公司等擔任重要部門負 責人及/或高級管理人員,並在2016年1 月至2017年4月期間擔任深圳市能之匯電 力銷售有限公司的執行董事兼總經理。殷 先生於1986年7月獲蘭州大學原子核物理 與核技術專業理學學士學位,並於1988年 7月獲此專業理學碩士學位。此外,殷先 生於2008年5月獲法國格勒諾貝爾商學院 工商管理專業管理學博士學位,並於2010 年12月獲中廣核集團公司認定為研究員級 高級工程師。

#### 獨立非執行董事

**邱先洪先生**(「邱先生」),59歲,於2011年 8月加入本集團,現任本公司獨立非執行 董事。彼具有中國註冊會計師資格、高級 會計師職稱。邱先生同時擔任北京輔潤天 明財務顧問有限公司執行董事。加入本公 司前,邱先生曾擔任北京全企國際會計師 事務所有限責任公司合夥人、中國包裝總 公司財務部副主任、資產管理部副主任、 中國戰略與管理研究會財務總監兼副秘書 長、秦皇島天業聯通重工股份有限公司獨 立董事和原國家專利局財務處副處長。邱 先生畢業於江西財經大學,獲得學士學位 (財務會計)。

#### **Independent Non-executive Director**

Mr. Gao Pei Ji ("Mr. Gao"), aged 75, joined the Group in August 2014 and is currently an INED of the Company. Mr. Gao also serves as an independent non-executive director of CITIC Resources Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01205). Mr. Gao was a deputy director of C & C Law Office in Beijing, a leading law firm in China, between 1984 and 1993. Mr. Gao became a partner of Clifford Chance, a leading international law firm, between 1993 and 2007. Following his retirement in 2007, he became a PRC legal consultant to Clifford Chance, Hong Kong office. Mr. Gao has extensive and diversified experience in a broad area of legal practices, including banking and finance, direct investment (both inbound and outbound from the perspective of the PRC) in the areas of energy, natural resource and petrochemical projects. Mr. Gao has been involved in the development of nuclear power projects since 1985, including the development of Daya Bay nuclear power project, the incorporation of the operating company for Daya Bay and Lingao nuclear power plants and the development of the Taishan nuclear power project (applying third generation technology). Mr. Gao holds a LLM degree from the Law School of University of California, Berkeley. He has been admitted to practice law in the PRC since 1984.

#### Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis ("Mr. Lee"), aged 54, joined the Group as an INED in August 2014. Mr. Lee was admitted as a Certified Practising Accountant of the CPA Australia in June 1996 and a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") in October 1999. Mr. Lee is currently a Fellow Certified Practising Accountant of the CPA Australia and a Fellow Certified Public Accountant of HKICPA. Mr. Lee has accumulated and possessed extensive experience with large groups, listed groups and professional firms in financial management, accounting and auditing since 1993. Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive director of Redsun Properties Group Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01996), Fusen Pharmaceutical Company Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01652), TitanInvo Technology Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 00872), ZonBong Landscape Environmental Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01855). Mr. Lee graduated with a Bachelor of Economics from Macquarie University in Australia in 1992.

### 獨立非執行董事

高培基先生(「高先生」),75歲,於2014 年8月加入本集團,現任本公司獨立非 執行董事。高先生同時擔任中信資源控 股有限公司(於聯交所主板上市,股份代 號:01205)之獨立非執行董事。高先生 自1984年至1993年期間擔任中國領先律 師事務所北京中信律師事務所副主任;於 1993年至2007年期間擔任國際領先律師 事務所高偉紳律師事務所的合夥人;於 2007年退休後,彼成為高偉紳律師事務 所香港辦事處的中國法律顧問。高先生在 廣泛的法律實務領域擁有豐富及多元化的 經驗,包括銀行及融資領域、及於能源、 自然資源、石油化工項目領域的直接投資 經驗(包括中國境內外投資)。彼自1985年 起一直參與核電項目的開發與建設,包括 開發大亞灣核電站項目、大亞灣與嶺澳等 核電站的運營公司的設立及台山核電項目 (採用第三代核技術)的開發建設。彼持有 加州伯克萊大學法學院的碩士學位。彼自 1984年起獲得中國律師資格。

#### 獨立非執行董事

李國棟先生(「李先生」),54歲,於2014年 8月加入本集團,現任本公司獨立非執行 董事。李先生自1996年6月成為澳洲會計 師公會執業會計師並自1999年10月成為 香港會計師公會執業會計師,現為澳洲會 計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會計師。 李先生自1993年起積累並擁有大量的於大 型集團、上市集團及專業機構從事財財務 管理、會計及審計工作的經驗。李先生目 前亦為弘陽地產集團有限公司(於聯交所 主板上市,股份代號:01996)、福森藥 業有限公司(於聯交所主板上市,股份代 號:01652)、泰坦智華科技有限公司(於 聯交所主板上市,股份代號:00872)及中 邦園林環境股份有限公司(於聯交所主板 上市,股份代號:01855)獨立非執行董 事。李先生於1992年畢業於澳洲麥克理大 學,取得經濟學學士學位。

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Mr. Cai Yusheng ("Mr. Cai"), aged 54, is currently the vice president of the Company and serving as a vice general manager of CGNPC Uranium Resources Co., Ltd. Mr. Cai has served as the deputy director of the Nuclear Fuel Bureau of China National Nuclear Corporation, the project manager of the international division of Taisei Corporation, the project manager of the international division of Bechtel Group and the general manager of Beijing Qing Da Zheng Yuan Environmental Engineering Co., Ltd\* (北京清大正源環保工程技術有限公司). Mr. Cai joined CGNPC-URC in 2006 and has held various positions including the director of resource development department and the director and deputy general manager of the nuclear fuel department. Mr. Cai was also the director and chief executive officer of Swakop Uranium (Pty) Ltd.\*, a subsidiary of CGNPC-URC which operates the third largest uranium mine in the world, between January 2018 and August 2021. Mr. Cai graduated from Tsinghua University with a bachelor of engineering degree in engineering management in 1990 and obtained a master of engineering degree in civil engineering from University of Tokyo in 1998. Mr. Cai possesses over 31 years of extensive experience in project management and in-depth knowledge in the nuclear fuel industry.

**Mr. Ding Huaibo** ("Mr. Ding"), aged 41, is currently the vice president of the Company and serving as a vice general manager of CGNPC-URC. Mr. Ding joined CGNPC-URC in 2009 and has served as the deputy manager of the industry development department and the nuclear fuel department and the manager of the nuclear fuel department. Mr. Ding had also served as the nuclear fuel management manager of China General Nuclear Power Corporation\* (中國廣核集團有限公司) and CGN Power Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the main board of HKEX, with stock code: 01816; and listed on SZSE, with stock code: 03816). Mr. Ding graduated from Xi'an Jiaotong University with a bachelor of science degree in applied physics in 2004 and from Tsinghua University in 2009 with a doctor of science degree in physics. Mr. Ding possesses over 12 years of experience and knowledge in the nuclear fuel industry.

## 高級管理人員簡介

**蔡於勝先生**(「蔡先生」),54歲,現任本公 司副總裁及中廣核鈾業發展副總經理。蔡 先生曾任中國核工業總公司核燃料局副處 長、大成建設株式會社國際部項目經理、 Bechtel Group國際部項目經理、北京清大 正源環保工程技術有限公司總經理。蔡先 生於2006年加入中廣核鈾業發展,先後擔 任資源開發部總監、核燃料部總監、副總 經理等職務,並於2018年1月至2021年8 月期間擔任中廣核鈾業發展附屬公司,運 營全球第三大鈾礦的中廣核鈾業斯科有限 公司的董事暨首席執行官。蔡先生1990年 畢業於清華大學工程管理專業,獲工學學 士學位,1998年獲東京大學土木工程專業 工學碩士學位。蔡先生擁有31年豐富項目 管理經驗和深厚的核燃料行業知識。

丁懷博先生(「丁先生」),41歲,現任本公 司副總裁及中廣核鈾業發展副總經理。丁 先生於2009年加入中廣核鈾業發展,曾先 後擔任產業發展部暨核燃料部副經理及核 燃料部經理。丁先生亦曾擔任中國廣核集 團有限公司及中國廣核電力股份有限公司 (於聯交所主板上市,股份代號:01816, 於深交所上市,股份代碼:03816)核燃料 管理經理。丁先生2004年畢業於西安交通 大學應用物理學專業,獲理學學士學位, 並於2009年畢業於清華大學物理學專業, 獲理學博士學位。丁先生在核燃料行業擁 有12年經驗及知識。

Mr. Zhou Rongsheng ("Mr. Zhou"), aged 51, is currently the assistant president of the Company and serving as the assistant general manager of CGNPC-URC. Prior to joining the CGN Group, Mr. Zhou was previously a lecture and an associate professor of school of nuclear science and engineer, an associate professor and head of education and training centre of school of mechanical engineering of Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Mr. Zhou joined CGN Group in September 2010, and successively served as nuclear fuel manager of technology and production management department, head of nuclear fuel management division of technology research and development department of CGNPC, and head of nuclear fuel management division of asset operation department of CGN Power Co., Ltd. Mr. Zhou joined CGNPC-URC in January 2016 and acted as the assistant general manager since then. Mr. Zhou graduated from Anhui Education College\*(安徽教育學院)with a Bachelor's degree of chemistry in 1995 and obtained a Master's degree of nuclear fuel cycle and material from Nuclear Power Institute of China in 1998 and obtained a Ph.D. degree of nuclear fuel cycle from the same school in 2002.

Mr. She Dong ("Mr. She"), aged 52, is currently a joint company secretary and the general counsel of the Company and serving as the secretary of board of directors and general counsel of CGNPC-URC. Mr. She joined CGNPC in 2011 and is also currently the director of the legal department and the director of the board of directors' office of CGNPC-URC, the controlling shareholder of the Company. Prior to joining the Company and the CGNPC Group, Mr. She worked with the Accounting Centre of China Aviation (中國航空結算中心) and had held various positions, including deputy manager of the planning operation department (計劃經營處) and deputy head of the planning operation department. Mr. She obtained a bachelor's degree in law from the China University of Political Science and Law in July 1992 and graduated from the Université de Montréal with master's degree in international business law in Canada in December 2009. Mr. She acquired a professional qualification in law in the PRC, has over 20 years of experience in legal and compliance related areas.

**周榮生先生**(「周先生」),51歲,現任本 公司總裁助理,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展 總經理助理。加入中廣核集團前,周先生 曾是上海交通大學核科學與工程學院講師 及副教授,機械與動力工程學院副教授兼 教與培訓中心主任,後於2010年9月加入 中廣核集團,先後擔任中廣核集團公司科 技與生產管理部核燃料經理、科技研發部 核燃料管理處處長,中國廣核電力股份有 限公司資產經營部核燃料管理處處長等 職務。彼於2016年1月加入中廣核鈾業發 展,出任總經理助理至今。周先生於1995 年畢業於安徽教育學院化學專業獲學士學 位;於1998年畢業於中國核動力研究設計 學院獲核燃料循環與材料專業碩士學位, 並於2002年獲得該校核燃料循環專業博士 學位。

**佘東先生**(「佘先生」),52歲,現任本公司 聯席公司秘書兼總法律顧問,同時擔任中 廣核鈾業發展董事會秘書兼總法律顧問。 佘先生於2011年加入中廣核集團前,曾於 中國航空結算中心擔任多個職位,包括計 劃經營處副經理及副主管。佘先生於1992 年7月畢業於中國政法大學獲法學學士學 位,並於2009年12月畢業於加拿大蒙特 利爾大學獲國際商法碩士學位。佘先生擁 有中國法律職業資格,於法律及合規相關 領域擁有逾20年經驗。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Under code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, the responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Since Mr. Yu Zhiping's ("Mr. Yu") resignation as the chairman of the Board on 27 September 2021, Mr. An has been both the chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company. The Board believes that during the transition period following the resignation of Mr. Yu, Mr. An should be appointed as the chairman of the Board to ensure consistent leadership and operation. The Nomination Committee will identify suitable candidate(s) for making recommendations to the Board to be appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had adopted and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code during the Reporting Period.

## 企業管治

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條, 主席和首席執行官的職責應予以區分,且 不應由一人同時兼任。自余志平先生(「余 先生」)於2021年9月27日辭任董事會主 席,安先生同時擔任董事會主席兼本公司 首席執行官。董事會認為,於余先生辭任 後的過渡期間,安先生應獲委任為董事會 主席以確保領導及經營的一致性。提名委 員會將物色合適人選向董事會推薦出任本 公司首席執行官。

除上述所披露者外,本公司於報告期內已 採納並遵守企業管治守則的全部守則條 文。



## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the standards of securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiries made, that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code regarding Directors' securities transactions during the Reporting Period.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition and role

50

CGN Mir

The Board of the Company currently comprises seven Directors, including two EDs, two NEDs and three INEDs. The composition of the Board is based on a comprehensive consideration of the Directors' professional skills, working background and qualification and demonstrated differentiated and diversed arrangement. The members of the Board during the Reporting Period and subsequently up to the date of this report are as follows:

## 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則為董事進行證券交 易的標準。經向所有董事作出特定查詢 後,所有董事均確認彼等於報告期內已遵 守標準守則。

## 董事會

## 組成及角色

本公司董事會現由7名董事組成,包括2名 執行董事、2名非執行董事及3名獨立非執 行董事。董事會的組成基於董事的專業技 能、職業背景及資格等多方面綜合考慮, 體現了董事差異化及多元化的安排。於報 告期內及之後截至本報告日期,董事會成 員如下:

Directors	董事	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會
EDs	執行董事			
Mr. An Junjing (chairman and	安軍靖先生			
chief executive officer)	(主席兼首席執行官)	exM <sup>1</sup>		$C^2$
Mr. Chen Deshao (resigned on	陳德邵先生(於2022年3月			
14 March 2022)	14日辭任)			
Ms. Xu Junmei (appointed on	徐軍梅女士(於2022年3月			
14 March 2022)	14日獲委任)			
NEDs	非執行董事			
Mr. Sun Xu	孫旭先生		Μ	
Mr. Yin Xiong	殷雄先生			
Mr. Yu Zhiping (resigned on	余志平先生			
27 September 2021)	(於2021年9月27日辭任)	exM <sup>3</sup>	exC <sup>3</sup>	
INEDs	獨立非執行董事		$\sim$	
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	<b>海立升轨17重争</b> 邱先洪先生	С	С	М
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	高培基先生	M	~	M
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	M	M	M
C – Chairman of the relevant Board comr			董事委員會的主席	
M – Member of the relevant Board commex exC – Former chairman of the relevant Bo exM – Former member of the relevant Bo	pard committees	exC – 有	董事委員會的成員 關董事委員會的前主席 關董事委員會的前成員	
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Notes:

附註:

- 1. Ceased to be a member of the Remuneration Committee with effect from 14 March 2022.
- Appointed as chairman of the Nomination Committee on 27 September 2021. Mr. An was a member of the committee prior to such appointment.
- 3. Ceased to be a member/chairman with effect from 27 September 2021.

The Board is responsible for formulating the overall strategy and policy of the Group and ensures there are sufficient capital and management resources for the implementation of relevant strategies and the completeness of the financial and internal control systems, and the compliance with relevant legal requirements in business operation. All members of the Board have fulfilled their duties and act in the best interest of the Group and Shareholders. Unless otherwise disclosed in this annual report, to the knowledge of the Company, there was no financial, business, family and other material/related relationship among members of the Board.

All Directors should comply with Rule 3.08(d) of the Listing Rules at all times to avoid actual and potential conflict of interest and duties. In each meeting of the Board and special committees of the Board (the "Meetings"), Directors are required to declare if they have any interest in the matters being considered in the Meetings. If a Director or any of his associates have material interests in the matters to be considered/ approved, the Director will not be counted as the quorum and will not vote at the meeting. The Director may not be present during the discussion on related matters.

Pursuant to Article 108 of the Articles of Association of the Company and the Corporate Governance Code, all Directors are required to retire from office by rotation once every three years. The Board complies with Rules 3.10 (1) & (2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules in relation to the appointment of at least three INEDs, which represents at least one-third of the Board, and one of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or related financial management expertise.

In accordance with the requirements of code provision C.2.1, the Directors have conducted a review of the overall effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group and concluded that all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management are effective during the Reporting Period.

4 1. 自2022年3月14日起不再擔任薪酬委員會委 員。

- 於2021年9月27日被委任為提名委員會主 席。於委任前,安先生為該委員會的成員。
- 3. 自2021年9月27日起不再擔任委員/主席。

董事會負責制定本集團整體策略及政策, 以確保有足夠的資金和管理資源來保障 相關策略的執行、財務和內部監控系統的 完善性以及業務運作符合相關法律規定。 董事會成員均勤勉盡責,以本集團及股東 的最佳利益行事。除本年報內另有披露者 外,據公司所知,董事會成員之間沒有任 何財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關 係。

全體董事於任何時候均須遵守上市規則第 3.08(d)條以避免實際及潛在利益和職責衝 突。董事需在每次董事會及董事會委員會 會議(「該等會議」)上申報是否於該等會議 考慮事項中擁有利益。如果一名董事或其 任何聯繫人於將要考慮/審議的事項中擁 有重大利益,該名董事不會被計入法定參 會人數及於會上投票,且可能需在討論有 關事項時避席。

根據本公司章程細則第108條及企業管 治守則規定,所有董事均須每3年輪流告 退。董事會根據上市規則第3.10(1)及(2) 和第3.10A條規定,訂明本公司須最少委 任三名獨立非執行董事,獨立非執行董事 人數須滿足至少佔董事會成員三分之一的 比例,且其中一名獨立非執行董事須具備 適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理經 驗。

按照企業管治守則第C.2.1段的要求,董 事報告期內已對本集團的內部監控系統的 整體有效性進行檢討,結論為所有重大控 制點,包括財務、營運、遵例控制與風險 管理均有效。

## Responsibilities of the Board

As the decision-making body of the Company, the Board takes charge of the corporate governance function. The major responsibilities of the Board include the tasks stated below. The Board may delegate the responsibilities to other committees as it thinks fit:

- (a) to review the Company's policies, programs and procedures and make recommendations as necessary from time to time;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices to ensure compliance with the legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to oversee the implementation of any code of conduct and/ or business ethics of the Company to ensure the Company's compliance with the relevant rules and regulations, including but not limited to the Listing Rules and the Takeovers Code;
- to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report;
- (f) to form any committee(s) or panels, appoint members thereto, delegate at any time and from time to time to any person or committee(s) or panel(s), any of its powers and functions conferred on it, review and approve the reports of the committee(s) and panel(s), review their performance and revise their composition and terms of reference as appropriate;
- (g) to oversee all matters and to formulate policies in relation to the Company's internal control, succession plans, remuneration and compensation for Directors and employees, risk management, corporate governance and corporate social responsibility, and to supervise the implementation of such policies conducted by the Company's management;

## 董事會職責

董事會作為公司的決策機構,就公司治理 負有責任和義務。董事會的職責主要包括 以下職責,在認為合適的情況下,董事會 可能轉授其他委員會以履行相關職責:

- (a) 檢討本公司的制度、計劃及程序, 並於有需要時提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司的制度及常規做 法,以確保遵守法律及監管規定;
- (d) 監督本公司對於任何操守守則及/ 或經營道德標準的執行,以確保本 公司遵守有關的規則及規例,包括 但不限於上市規則及收購守則;
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則及於企業管治報告內作出披露的情況;
- (f) 成立任何委員會或小組委員會、委任該等委員會的成員,並在任何時候及不時向任何人士或委員會委以該等委員會的權力及職能;審閱及批准該等委員會及小組委員會的報告;審閱彼等履行職務的表現;以及於適當情況下修改其組成及職權範圍;
- (g) 監督與本公司的內部監控、繼任計 劃、董事與僱員的薪酬及酬金、風 險管理、企業管治與企業社會責任 有關的所有事宜及制定有關政策, 以及監督本公司的管理層實施該等 政策的情況;

- (h) investigate any significant instances of non-compliance or potential non-compliance of the Company; and
- (i) to do any such things to enable the Board to discharge its obligations and responsibilities.

Major work performed by the Board in relation to its corporate governance function in 2021 includes:

- reviewing and approving the Board's major work plan of 2021 (including summary of the Board report of 2020);
- reviewing and approving the comprehensive risk management report of 2021 (including summary of risk management situation of 2020);
- reviewing and approving the internal audit plan of 2021 (including summary of the internal work plan of 2020);
- reviewing and approving the internal control evaluation report of 2020;
- 5. reviewing the interim report on the implementation of comprehensive risk management of 2021; and
- 6. reviewing the internal control manual (2021 version).

- (h) 調查本公司任何重大不遵例或可能 的不遵例情況;及
- (i) 作出任何事情以讓董事會履行其職務及責任。

董事會於2021年年度有關企業管治功能的 主要工作包括:

- 審批2021年度董事會重點工作 計劃(含2020年度董事會報告總 結);
- 審批2021年度全面風險管理報
  告(含2020年度風險管理情況總
  結);
- 審批2021年度內審工作計劃(含 2020年度內審工作總結);
  - 審批2020年度內控評價報告;

4.

5.

- 審閱2021年度全面風險管理執行 情況中期報告;及
- 審批《內部控制手冊》(2021年 版)。

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## APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

All Directors, including the chairman and the chief executive officer, are required to retire from office by rotation once every three years and are subject to re-election by Shareholders at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles of Association and the Corporate Governance Code. The Articles of Association of the Company provides details in relation to the procedures of election and appointment of the Directors.

Besides, pursuant to article 112 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Directors appointed to fill casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next general meeting after their appointment, and shall be subject to re-election at general meetings.

All Directors will enter into a director service contract with the Company immediately after their appointment for a term of two years and subject to retirement and re-election at least once every three years. The contract sets out the details of the duties and obligations of Directors. All Directors understand that they have joint responsibility towards all Shareholders in terms of the operation, business and development of the Company. They are required to fulfill Directors' duties according to the director service contract and relevant laws and regulations. All Directors confirm that they provide sufficient time and effort in company affairs, express their views cautiously and diligently and fulfill their Directors' duties.

## **Directors' Interests**

As recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of part XV of the SFO, none of the Directors held Shares of the Company or associated companies as at 31 December 2021.

### 董事的委任及重選

包括主席及首席執行官在內的所有董事均 須根據公司章程細則及企業管治守則的規 定,每三年輪流退任一次,並可於股東週 年大會上經股東重選。公司章程細則中詳 細規定了董事選聘的程序。

另外,公司章程細則第112條規定,獲委 任填補臨時空缺的董事任期將只至其獲委 任後的下一屆股東大會為止,其後須經股 東大會重選。

所有董事獲委任後均會立即與公司簽署董 事服務合約為期兩年並至少每三年退任及 重選一次,合約中詳細列明董事責任和義 務。全體董事均理解他們對全體股東就公 司的運營、業務及發展負有共同的責任, 並須按照董事服務合約及相關法律法規履 行董事職責。所有董事均確保投入足夠時 間及精力處理公司事務,謹慎勤勉表達意 見,確保董事責任的履行。

## 董事權益

根據香港《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第352 條規定備存的登記冊所載,各董事於2021 年12月31日概無持有本公司及關連公司的 股份。

## **Directors' Training and Continuous Professional Development**

Newly appointed Directors will receive an introduction package related to the laws in relation to directors of a listed company and their duties, which covers the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director.

Pursuant to code provision A.6.5, directors should participate in continuous professional development training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company encourages all Directors to participate in continuous professional development to ensure better fulfillment of Directors' duties and contribution to the Company's development. During the Reporting Period, all Directors participated in continuous professional development by attending internal training, seminar or forum. Furthermore, attending training seminars or reading materials is also beneficial to continuous professional development.

A summary of training taken by the Directors in 2021 is set out as follows:

#### 董事培訓及持續專業發展

獲委任的新董事將收到有關上市公司董事 及擔任董事職務的法律及有關其職責文件 介紹,內容涵蓋董事的法定及監管責任。

根據守則條文第A.6.5條規定,董事應參 與持續專業發展訓練,以發展及更新其知 識與技巧。公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專 業發展,以確保董事職責的更好履行及為 公司的發展出謀獻策。於報告期內,所有 董事已通過參與內部培訓、研討會或論壇 等方式參與持續專業發展。此外,出席培 訓講座或閱讀材料亦有助於持續專業發 展。

於2021年,董事參與培訓概況如下:

Directors	董事		Type of training 培訓種類
EDs	執行董事		
Mr. An Junjing	安軍靖先生		a,b
Mr. Chen Deshao	陳德邵先生		a,b
NEDs	非執行董事		
Mr. Yu Zhiping	余志平先生		b
(resigned on 27 September 2021)	(於2021年9月27日爵	<b>译任)</b>	
Mr. Sun Xu	孫旭先生		a,b
Mr. Yin Xiong	殷雄先生		a,b
INEDs	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪先生		a,b
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	高培基先生		a,b
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生		a,b
a. Attending training seminars in person/via vide Company held a training session for Direct struggles and solutions for State-Owned Enterp Action Plan.	ors, the topic was difficulties,	a.	出席/視頻參加培訓講座,本公司於2021年 11月25日舉辦董事專項培訓,主題為三年行 動方案下國企改革的難點、痛點與對策。
b, Reading training materials relevant to the Comp duties and obligations.	pany's business or the Directors'	b.	閱讀與本公司業務或與董事職務及職責有關 的培訓資料。
			山庭坊遮紫右阳公司 一───

## CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

According to the Corporate Governance Code A.2.1, the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer should not be performed by the same individual. During the Reporting Period, Mr. Yu Zhiping resigned as the chairman of the Board, and the chief executive officer, Mr. An Junjing, was appointed as the chairman of the Board. The Board considers that having the same person as both chairman and chief executive officer ensures consistency in leadership and operations and balances between power and authority can be achieved under the Company's delegated management system. The Nomination Committee is in the process of identifying suitable candidates to recommend to the Board for the position of chief executive officer in compliance with the requirements of Code Provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code.

#### **NEDS**

NEDs, including INEDs, are experienced individuals from different industries and backgrounds. At least one of them possesses the appropriate accounting qualifications and related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. Based on the expertise and experience of each of the Director, the Directors assumes related responsibilities to provide independent judgment and advise on the Company's management. The number of NEDs representing more than half of the Board members, which helps the Company to make objective and independent judgment and decision. The advice of NEDs shall be considered as major advice, in case where there are potential conflicts of interest on the matter.

The initial term of appointment of each NED is two years and is subject to retirement and re-election as required by the Articles of Association, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party to the other.

The Company has received from each INED the annual confirmation of independence in compliance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. After taking into consider of the factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Company is of the view that all the INEDs are independent.

## 主席及首席執行官

根據企業管治守則第A.2.1條規定,董事 會主席及首席執行官的職務應該由不同人 士擔任。報告期內,余志平先生辭任本公 司董事會主席,首席執行官安軍靖先生獲 委任為董事會主席。董事會認為由同一人 兼任主席及首席執行官可以確保領導及經 營的一致性,在本公司授權管理制度下, 可以確保權利與權限之間有所制衡。提名 委員會正在物色合適人選向董事會推薦出 任首席執行官,以符合企業管治守則條文 第A.2.1條的要求。

#### 非執行董事

本公司非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 為來自不同行業及背景的資深人士,其中 至少一名擁有上市規則規定的適當會計及 相關財務管理專長。各位董事憑借各自的 專長及經驗承擔有關職責就公司的管理提 供獨立判斷及意見。非執行董事的人數佔 董事會的人數一半以上,能幫助公司做出 客觀獨立的判斷和決策,且在就有關事項 存在潛在利益衝突時,非執行董事意見將 作為主要參考決策意見。

各非執行董事的初始委任期限為兩年,惟 需根據組織章程細則退任及應選連任,期 滿後繼續生效直至其中一方向另外一方發 出不少於三個月之書面通知終止服務合約 為止。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事按上市規 則第3.13條要求作出年度獨立性確認。經 考慮上市規則第3.13條所述的因素,本公 司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Zheng Xiaowei ("Ms. Zheng") the original company secretary of the Company, has reached the age of retirement and has resigned on 27 September 2021. Following the resignation of Ms. Zheng, Mr. She Dong ("Mr. She") and Ms. Lai Siu Kuen ("Ms. Lai") have been appointed as joint company secretaries of the Company on 27 September 2021. Mr. She is currently the general counsel of the Company, and Ms. Lai is a director of Corporate Services of Tricor Services Limited and works closely with Mr. She, who is also her primary contact person at the Company.

The role of the company secretaries is to support the chairman of the Board, the Board and relevant committees, and to ensure smooth communications and timely transmission of information. At the same time, the company secretary plays an important role in ensuring the Board meetings are convened in accordance with laws and regulations, and the Board's decisions are executed correctly. The company secretary is also an important communication bridge between the Company and Shareholders, and assists the Board to perform its responsibility to Shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules.

In accordance with the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. She and Ms. Lai have received no less than 15 hours of professional training during the Reporting Period.

## **BOARD PROCESS AND ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS**

There are at least four regular Board meetings held every year, and ad hoc Board meeting is convened when necessary. In addition to written resolutions, Directors participated in the meetings either in person, by proxy or through electronic means of communications. Board members have full access to the business development of the Company at the meetings at regular interval.

At least 14 days' notices of all regular Board meetings were given to all Directors, who were given an opportunity to add matters in the agenda for discussion. The finalised agenda and accompanying board papers were sent to all Directors at least 3 days prior to the meetings.

## 公司秘書

本公司原公司秘書鄭曉衛女士(「鄭女士」) 已達到退休年齡並於2021年9月27日辭任 本公司秘書。緊隨鄭女士的辭任,佘東先 生(「佘先生」)及黎少娟(「黎女士」)於2021 年9月27日起獲委任為本公司聯席公司秘 書。佘先生現為本公司總法律顧問,黎女 士為卓佳專業商務有限公司企業服務部董 事,其與佘先生緊密合作及聯繫,亦為彼 於本公司的主要聯絡人。

公司秘書負責支持董事會主席、董事會及 相關委員會,以保證溝通的順暢及信息的 及時傳遞。同時,公司秘書在確保董事會 合法合規召開及董事會決策得到準確執行 方面發揮著重要作用。公司秘書亦是公司 與股東間的重要溝通橋樑,並協助董事會 按照上市規則的要求履行對股東的責任。

按上市規則第3.29條要求,佘先生和黎女 士於報告期內已接受不少於15個小時的專 業訓練。

## 董事會程序及會議出席情況

董事會每年至少召開4次定期董事會會議 及於需要時召開專題董事會會議。除透過 書面決議案參與決策外,董事亦通過親自 出席或委任代表出席或以電子通訊方式參 與會議。董事會成員可於會議上定期全面 獲悉公司業務發展狀況。

所有定期董事會會議均已向所有董事發出 最少14日的通知,讓董事有機會在議程中 加入事項以供討論。落實後的議程及相關 的董事會文件於會議召開前最少3日發送 至所有董事。

During the Reporting Period, there were six Board meetings held by the Company in total. The attendance of each Director at the Board meeting and relevant committee meetings are as follows: 於報告期內,本公司共召開6次董事會, 各董事出席董事會會議及相關委員會會議 的情況如下:

	Number of meetings attended/Number of meetings he						
		出席次數/會議舉行次數					
		Board		Remuneration	Nomination		
Name	Position	Meeting	Committee	Committee	Committee		
姓名	職位	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會		
Mr. Yu Zhiping (resigned on 27 September 2021)	NED, chairman of both the Board and nomination committee and member of the remuneration committee until 27 September 2021	3/4	N/A	0/0	1/2		
余志平先生(於2021 年9月27日辭任)	非執行董事、董事會主席、提名委員會主席及薪 酬委員會委員直至2021年9月27日	3/4	不適用	0/0	1/2		
Mr. An Junjing	ED, chairman of the Board and member of the nomination committee (re-designated as chairman of the nomination committee on 27 September 2021) and member of the remuneration committee	5/6	N/A	0/0	1/2		
安軍靖先生	執行董事、董事會主席、提名委員會委員(自 2021年9月27日調任為提名委員會主席)及薪酬 委員會委員	5/6	不適用	0/0	1/2		
Mr. Chen Deshao	ED	5/6	N/A	N/A	N/A		
陳德邵先生	執行董事	5/6	不適用	不適用	不適用		
Mr. Sun Xu	NED and member of the audit committee	5/6	4/4	N/A	N/A		
孫旭先生	非執行董事及審核委員會委員	5/6	4/4	不適用	不適用		
Mr. Yin Xiong	NED	5/6	N/A	N/A	N/A		
殷雄先生	非執行董事	5/6	不適用	不適用	不適用		
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	INED, chairman of both the audit committee and the remuneration committee and member of the nomination committee	6/6	4/4	0/0	2/2		
邱先洪先生	獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席、薪酬委員會 主席及提名委員會委員	6/6	4/4	0/0	2/2		
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		Number of meetings attended/Number of meetings held 出席次數/會議舉行次數				
Name	Position	Board Meeting	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	
姓名	職位	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	INED, member of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee	6/6	N/A	0/0	2/2	
高培基先生	獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會委員及提名委員會 委員	6/6	不適用	0/0	2/2	
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	INED, member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination	6/6	4/4	0/0	2/2	
李國棟先生	committee 獨立非執行董事、審核委員會委員、薪酬委員會 委員及提名委員會委員	6/6	4/4	0/0	2/2	

Should a potential conflict of interest involving a controlling Shareholder or a Director arise, the matter would be considered and approved in a physical meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by written resolution. Other Directors and INEDs with no material conflict of interest would be present at the relevant meetings.

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors and officers liability insurance in respect of potential legal action against Directors.

## **DELEGATION AND WORK DONE BY THE BOARD**

The Board provides leadership and oversees the Group's business management, strategic decisions, performance and affairs.

The Board has formulated a clear written policy that delineates matters reserved for Board approval of the Group. The reserved matters include, among other things:

- business development and planning;
- 2. corporate policies;

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- 3. financial planning;
- 4. investment planning;
  - annual budget;

若有控股股東或董事存在可能的利益衝 突,有關事宜將以會議形式進行審議批 准,而非以書面決議處理。不存在重大利 益衝突的其他董事及獨立非執行董事將出 席有關董事會會議。

公司已就其董事可能會面臨的法律行動作 適當的董事及高級管理人員責任保險投保 安排。

## 董事會權力轉授及已完成工作

董事會領導公司運作並監察本集團的業務 管理、策略決定、表現及事務。

董事會已制定清晰的書面政策,清楚列載 本集團需董事會預先批准的事宜。特別需 要董事會預先批准的事宜包括:

- 1. 業務發展及規劃;
- 2. 公司政策;
- 3. 財務規劃;
- 4. 投資規劃;
- 5. 年度預算;

- 6. major disposals and acquisitions;
- 7. major connected transactions;
- 8. appointment of Directors, company secretary and other senior management; and
- 9. other significant operational and financial matters.

In addition to work relating to corporate governance function, other major work performed by the Board during the Reporting Period includes:

- considering, reviewing and approving the annual results of 2020, annual report and matters relating to the annual general meeting;
- reviewing the 2020 implementation report and approving the 2021 business plan;
- 3. reviewing and approving the 2021 budget planning;
- reviewing and approving the business proposal for the "Fourteenth Five-year Plan";
- considering the decision-making application for the acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk and the continuing connected transaction of off-take arrangements thereunder;
- reviewing and approving organizational adjustment and staff planning of 2021;
- reviewing the (continuing) connected transactions execution report of 2020;
- 8. considering the appointment of the auditor of 2021 and determination of their remuneration;
- 9. reviewing and approving the investment strategy of Fission;
- reviewing and approving the subscription of new shares under the general mandate; and
- 11. reviewing the 2022 business plan preparation ideas.

- 6. 主要出售及收購事宜;
- 7. 主要關連交易;
- 董事、公司秘書及其他高級管理層 之委任;及
- 9. 其他重大經營及財務事宜。

除與企業管治功能有關的工作外,報告期 內董事會開展的主要工作包括:

- 審議及審批2020年年度業績、年 報及股東週年大會相關事宜;
  - 審閲2020年經營計劃執行情況及 審批2021年經營計劃;
- 3. 審批2021年度預算;

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- 4. 審批「十四五」商業計劃書;
- 審議收購奧公司49%股權項目決策 申請及項下包銷安排有關的持續關 連交易;
  - 審批2021年度人員編製方案;
  - 審閱2020年(持續)關連交易執行 情況報告;
  - 審議聘請2021年度審計師確定酬 金事項;
  - 審批Fission公司投資策略;
    - 審批根據一般授權認購新股份;及
- 11. 審閱2022年經營計劃編製思路。

The day-to-day operation and management of the Group is delegated to the senior management. Certain authorities are also granted to relevant Board committee, the granted authorities and responsibilities are reviewed by the Board from time to time.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

There are three committees under the Board of the Company, which are the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, with its terms of reference established. Each specific committee performs on specific area, provides comments and recommendations to the Board for consideration.

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

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The Audit Committee is delegated by the Board to exercise its specific rights within the ambit of the terms of reference.

As at 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee comprised a NED, namely Mr. Sun Xu, and two INEDs, namely Mr. Qiu Xianhong (chairman) and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis.

The function of the audit committee is to assist the Board in providing an independent review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems of the Group, and oversee the audit process. The audit committee also serves as a focal point for communication, among Directors, the external auditors, and the management as regards financial reporting, internal control and the auditing.

Major work performed by the audit committee during the Reporting Period includes:

- hearing the report on 2020 audit works by the auditor;
- 2. considering the annual report and the first draft of result announcement;
  - considering the 2020 internal audit plan (including the 2020 internal audit summary);
  - considering the 2020 internal control evaluation report;

董事會將本集團日常營運及管理的權力轉 授予高級管理層,並將部分權限授權予相 關董事會委員會,授權職能及職責由董事 會不定期進行檢討。

## 董事委員會

本公司董事會下設有三個委員會,分別為 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會, 並已制定其職權範圍,各專門委員會就特 定範疇履職,提出意見及建議供董事會決 策參考。

## 審核委員會

審核委員會在董事會授權範圍內行使特定 權利。

於2021年12月31日,審核委員會由1名非 執行董事孫旭先生、2名獨立非執行董事 邱先洪先生(主席)及李國棟先生組成。

審核委員會的職責為協助董事會對本集團 的財務申報程序、內部監控及風險管理 系統的有效性進行獨立檢討,監督審計程 序。同時,審核委員會就財務申報、內部 監控及審計事宜充當董事、外聘核數師及 管理層之間的溝通橋樑。

報告期內審核委員會的主要工作包括:

- 聽取審計師關於2020年度審計工 作報告事宜的匯報;
- 2. 審議年報及業績公告初稿事宜;
  - 審議2020年度內審計劃(含2020年 度內審工作總結);
- 4. 審議2020年度內控評價報告;

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- considering the report on the implementation of comprehensive risk management in 2021 (including the summary of 2020 comprehensive risk management);
- reviewing the 2021 interim results and matters relating to interim report;
- considering the interim report on the implementation of comprehensive risk management report of 2021;
- 8. considering the internal control manual (2021 version); and
- 9. communicating on the 2021 audit plan.

During the Reporting Period, the Board had no disagreement with the Audit Committee's view on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors.

### **Internal Control**

The Board has overall responsibility for setting up and maintaining effective internal control system and for reviewing its effectiveness, to safeguard the Group's assets and Shareholders' interest. The management of the Company at each level assesses on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system by performing reviews. Internal control department reports to the audit committee once a year on key findings regarding internal controls. Audit committee, in turn, communicates any material issues regarding internal control system to the Board.

During the Reporting Period, the audit committee conducted a review on the effectiveness of the internal control system, and no serious deficiencies were identified. Therefore, the Board considered that the internal control systems of the Group are effective, and complied with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code.

- 審議2021年度全面風險管理報 告(含2020年度全面風險管理總 結);
- 審閱2021年中期業績及中期報告 相關事宜:
- 審議2021年度全面風險管理執行 情況中期報告;
- 審議《內部控制手冊》(2021年 版);及
- 9. 溝通2021年度審計計劃。

報告期內,董事會與審核委員會在外聘核 數師的甄選、委任、辭任或罷任方面並無 分歧意見。

### 內部監控

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董事會整體負責建立與維持公司內部監控 體系的有效性,並不斷檢討其效力以保障 本集團的資產及股東的利益。公司各級管 理層通過對內部監控系統的檢討來評估內 部監控系統的充足性和有效性。內部監控 部門每年度向審核委員會匯報一次有關內 部監控的主要調查結果,審核委員會向董 事會匯報有關內部監控系統中存在的重大 事項和問題。

報告期內,審核委員會已檢討內部監控系 統的有效性,並無發現任何嚴重不足。因 此,董事會認為本集團的內部監控系統有 效且符合企業管治守則的守則條文。

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee is delegated by the Board to exercise its specific rights within the ambit of the terms of reference.

As at 31 December 2021, the Remuneration Committee comprised one ED, namely Mr. An Junjing (resigned as its member on 14 March 2022) and three INEDs, namely, Mr. Qiu Xianhong (chairman), Mr. Gao Pei Ji and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis.

The function of the remuneration committee is to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of all remuneration of EDs, NEDs and senior management and review the remuneration packages of the EDs and senior management with reference to the corporate goals and objectives.

No Directors' remuneration adjustment was made during the Reporting Period.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5, the annual remuneration of the members of the senior management (excluding the Directors) by band during the year ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

## 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會在董事會授權範圍內行使特定 權利。

於2021年12月31日,薪酬委員會由一名 執行董事安軍靖先生(於2022年3月14日 辭任委員)以及三名獨立非執行董事邱先 洪先生(主席)、高培基先生及李國棟先生 組成。

薪酬委員會的職責為就公司執行董事、非 執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構 向董事會提出建議,並參考公司方針及目 標檢討全體執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬 組合。

報告期內未有董事薪酬調整事項。

根據企業管治守則第B.1.5條,高級管理 層成員(不包括董事)於截至2021年12月 31日止年度的年度薪酬在下列範圍內:

Remuneration band (HK\$)	薪酬範圍(港元)	2021 2021年 Number of Individuals 人數	2020 2020年 Number of Individuals 人數
Nil to 1,000,000	0-1,000,000	1	1
1,000,001 to 1,500,000	1,000,001-1,500,000	2	2
1,500,001 to 2,000,000	1,500,001-2,000,000	_	1
2,000,001 to 3,000,000	2,000,001-3,000,000	-	-
3,000,001 to 3,500,000	3,000,001-3,500,000	1	-

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the 5 highest paid individuals are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements. 董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情,載 於綜合財務報表附註15。

## NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee is delegated by the Board to exercise its specific rights within the ambit of terms of reference.

As at 31 December 2021, the Nomination Committee comprised one ED, namely Mr. An Junjing (chairman) and three INEDs, namely Mr. Qiu Xianhong, Mr. Gao Pei Ji and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis.

The function of the Nomination Committee is to review and formulate the nomination procedure as regards the appointment, re-appointment and removal of Directors; review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations or any proposed changes to the Board to implement the corporate strategy; and make recommendation to the Board on candidates for appointment as Directors. The Nomination Committee follows rigorous selection procedure in choosing the right person as a member of the Board. Various criteria such as appropriate professional knowledge, experience, skills and possible contribution of the candidate will be considered.

During the Reporting Period, major work performed by the nomination committee includes:

- recommending the retirement and re-election of Directors at the annual general meeting;
- 2. assessing the independence of INEDs; and
- 3. considering the re-designation of director.

### **Board Diversity policy**

The Board adopted the "Board Diversity Policy". The Company recognises the merits of Board diversity and sees the edge of Board diversity in driving competitiveness. In making up the Board's composition, the Board considers various skills, regional and industry experience, background, gender and other attributes of the members of the Board. All appointments of the Board are based on the talent, skill and experience of the individual, as well as gender diversity, so as to meet the operational needs.

## 提名委員會

提名委員會在董事會授權範圍內行使特定 權利。

於2021年12月31日,提名委員會由一名 執行董事安軍靖先生(主席)及三名獨立非 執行董事邱先洪先生、高培基先生及李國 棟先生組成。

提名委員會的職責為審閱及制定有關董事 委任、重新委任及罷免的提名程序;檢討 董事會的架構、人數及組成並向董事會提 出建議或提出任何變動計劃,以配合公司 策略;向董事會就董事委任推薦人選。提 名委員會按照嚴謹的篩選程序選擇合適人 士為董事會成員。在考慮提名人選時,提 名委員會將考慮各方因素,包括適當的專 業知識、經驗、技能及可能付出的貢獻。

報告期內,提名委員會的主要工作包括:

- 推薦股東週年大會退任重選董事人 選;
- 2. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- 3. 審議董事調任。

#### 董事多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策。本 公司認可董事會成員多元化的優點,並已 看到董事會成員多元化在提高競爭力方面 的優勢。在董事會成員的組成上,董事會 將考慮董事會成員的不同技能、區域和行 業經驗、背景、性別以及其他特點。所有 董事會任命均基於才幹、技能、經驗以及 性別差異等,以適應工作需要。

As of 31 December 2021, save for gender diversity, the Board composition can fulfill the diversity requirements on skills, background, and regional and industry experience. On 14 March 2022, the Company appointed Ms. Xu Junmei as an ED to achieve gender diversity among directors.

# DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group. In preparing the financial statements, the HKFRSs have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The Company's auditor, BDO Limited, acknowledged its reporting responsibilities pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code. The auditor's responsibilities are set out in the independent auditor's report.

## AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the Reporting Period, the remuneration paid by the Company to the auditor, BDO Limited and its affiliate company, is set out as follows: 截至2021年12月31日,除性別多元化以 外,董事會構成已滿足技能、背景、地域 及行業等多元化的要求。於2022年3月14 日,本公司已任命徐軍梅女士為執行董 事,實現董事性別多元化要求。

#### 董事及核數師對財務報表應負的責任

董事確認其對於編製本集團財務報表應負 的責任。公司在編製財務報表時,已採 用香港財務報告準則、使用適當的會計政 策並貫徹地應用,並已作出合理和審慎的 判斷與估計。董事會並不知悉任何或可能 對本集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑問的 事件或情況有關的任何重大不明朗因素存 在。因此,董事會於編製財務報表時已持 續採用持續經營基準。

本公司的核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務 所有限公司確認其根據企業管治守則應負 的報告責任。核數師的職責載於獨立核數 師報告內。

### 核數師酬金

報告期內,本公司支付給核數師香港立信 德豪會計師事務所有限公司的酬金載列如 下:

Services rendered	所提供的服務	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付的費用 (HK\$'000) (千港元)
Audit services	審核服務	1,240
Non-audit services	非審核服務	832

The significant amount of fee incurred for non-audit services arose from review of interim results, consultation service on continuing connected transactions and consultation service on acquisition projects. 非審核服務所產生的重大費用來自中期審 閱服務,持續關連交易諮詢服務及收購項 目諮詢服務。

### SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

In order to ensure that all Shareholders of the Company enjoy equal status and effective exercise of their own rights, the Company convenes general meetings every year in accordance with the Articles of Association. During the Reporting Period, two general meetings were held, namely the extraordinary general meeting on 10 June 2021 and the annual general meeting on 17 June 2021. The attendance of each Director is as follows:

## 股東和股東大會

為保障本公司所有股東享有平等地位並有 效地行使自身的權利,本公司根據章程細 則的規定每年召開股東大會。報告期內, 本公司舉行了2次股東大會,分別為2021 年6月10日舉行的股東特別大會和2021年 6月17日舉行的股東週年大會。董事出席 股東大會情況如下:

Name	姓名	Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held 出席次數/ 會議舉行次數
Mr. Yu Zhiping (resigned on 27 September 2021)	余志平先生(於2021年9月27日辭任)	2/2
Mr. An Junjing	安軍靖先生	2/2
Mr. Chen Deshao	陳德邵先生	2/2
Mr. Sun Xu	孫旭先生	2/2
Mr. Yin Xiong	殷雄先生	2/2
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪先生	2/2
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	高培基先生	2/2
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	2/2

## SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

### Right to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles of Association, on the requisition of one or more Shareholders at the date of deposit of the requisition holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up share capital of the Company having the right to vote at general meetings, the Directors are obliged to proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Directors or the company secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting and deposited at the registered office of the Company in Cayman Islands and/or the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong. The requisitionists must state the purposes of the meeting and sign the requisition letter.

## 股東權利

署。

#### 要求召開股東特別大會的權利

根據公司章程細則第64條規定,如於提出 要求當日,持有不少於有權於股東大會上 投票的本公司繳足股本十分之一的一名或 多名公司股東提出要求,董事可召開本公 司的股東特別大會。

該等要求召開股東特別大會的要求須以書 面形式向董事或公司秘書發出,並送達 本公司於開曼群島的註冊辦事處及/或位 於香港的主要營業地點。提出要求的人士 須在要求函件中説明開會的目的並進行簽

If the Directors do not convene a meeting within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may convene a meeting, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

#### Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board. All enquiries may be made in writing and sent to the attention of the joint company secretary, Mr. She Dong, in one of the following ways:

 By post: CGN Mining Company Limited Room 1903 19/F, China Resources Building No. 26 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

2. By facsimile: (852) 2116 4031

3. By email: ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn

## Voting by poll

Pursuant to Rule 13.39 of the Listing Rules and article 72 of the Articles of Association of the Company, any votes of the Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll, except where the chairman decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted by a show of hands.

### Procedures to put forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholders who would like to put forward proposals at a general meeting shall follow the procedures below:

On the requisition in writing of either: i) any number of Shareholder of the Company representing not less than one-fortieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or ii) not less than 50 Shareholders, the Company shall, at the expense of the requisitionists: 如董事未能於接獲要求日期起計21日內召 開會議,要求召開會議的人士可自行召開 該大會,並且公司應為要求召開會議的人 報銷因董事會未能召開該會議而產生的所 有合理費用。

#### 向董事會提出查詢的權利

股東有權向董事會提出查詢。所有查詢可 以書面形式提出,並以下列任何一種方式 送呈聯席公司秘書佘東先生收啟:

- 郵遞:中廣核礦業有限公司 香港灣仔 港灣道26號 華潤大廈19樓 1903室
- 2. 傳真:(852)2116 4031
- 3. 電郵:ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn

### 以點票方式進行投票

根據上市規則第13.39條及公司章程細則 第72條規定,股東於股東大會上作出的任 何投票必須以點票方式進行,惟經主席允 許且僅有關程序及行政事宜的決議案可以 以舉手方式進行表決。

#### 於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

擬於股東大會上提呈建議的股東須遵從以 下程序:

於i)持有代表不少於提出要求當日有權在 該要求所相關的大會上投票的所有股東總 投票權四十分之一票數的任何本公司股數 目:或ii)不少於50名股東以書面提出要求 時,本公司須作出以下事項,產生的支出 將由提出要求的人士承擔:

- a) circulate to Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be proposed and is intended to be proposed at that meeting;
- b) circulate to Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

The requisition must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company in Cayman Islands and/or the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary not less than 6 weeks before the general meeting, in case of a requisition requires notice of a resolution, or not less than 1 week before the general meeting for any other requisition.

#### **Change in Constitutional Documents**

During the Reporting Period, there was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company.

#### **Risk management and internal control**

#### Comprehensive risk management

The Company has basically established a relatively comprehensive risk management system. With reference to relevant risk management requirements of the "Risk Management — Principles and Guidelines" of ISO31000:2009 standard and the Corporate Governance Code, the Company effectively identified, tracked and controlled the risks. It also strictly implemented the Comprehensive Risk Management Policy. Meanwhile, the Company classified the overall risk business into four levels, namely major operating risk, non-investment specific risk, project investment risk and general risk, and clearly defined risk management process respectively. The Board, management, the risk management department and business departments were responsible for their relevant duties within risk management to ensure the efficient operation of the system.

- a) 向有權接收下屆股東週年大會通告
  的本公司股東發出可能於大會上正
  式提呈或擬提呈的任何決議案;
- b) 向有權接收任何股東大會通告的股 東發出不多於一千字數的陳述,內 容有關該大會將提呈的任何決議案 所述的事情或將於該大會上處理的 事務。

有關要求須由提出要求的人士簽署,並於 股東大會前不少於六個星期(如為需要發 出決議案通知的要求)或股東大會前不少 於一星期(如為任何其他要求)送達本公司 於開曼群島的註冊辦事處及/或位於香港 的主要營業地點由公司秘書收啟。

### 章程文件變動

報告期內,本公司章程文件概無任何變 動。

#### 風險管理與內控

## 全面風險管理

本公司已基本建立起較為完善的全面風險 管理體系,以ISO31000:2009標準《風險 管理一原則及指引》及企業管治守則有關 風險管理的要求作為重要參考,對風險進 行有效識別、跟蹤及控制,嚴格落實《全 面風險管理制度》,並將全面風險業務劃 分為重大經營風險、非投資類專項風險、 項目投資風險、一般風險四個層次,並了 建立相區分的風險管理流程。董事會、管 理層、風險管理部門及業務部門根據其於 風險管理中承擔的職責開展工作,確保公 司風險管理體系有效運作。

## Internal audit

During the Reporting Period, the Company conducted audit work such as risk management assessment, internal control assessment and the preliminary audit work on the acquisition project of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk. By implementing specialized audit and risk management reviews and internal control assessments, regular management advices were provided to the Board to effectively prevent and monitor the risks inherent in the operation and management of the Company in the relevant areas, which has played an active role in the internal audit in risk prevention and control and in ensuring the legal and compliance of the Company.

At the same time, the audit department of the Company, as the lead department for investigation responsibility for violations of business operations, has regularly confirmed with various functional departments and affiliated companies whether there is any noncompliance every quarter, and established a complete notification and monitoring mechanism. During the Reporting Period, no clues or problems were found for investigating responsibility for illegal operations and investments. The establishment of a sound system of investment accountability for non-compliance provides further protection to the Company's asset safety and legal compliance operations.

The Company regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information as set out in the information disclosure policy which contains the detailed procedures to ensure that inside information could be identified timely and remain confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is effectively and consistently made.

## 內部審計

報告期內,本公司開展了風險管理評價、 內部控制評價及收購奧公司49%股權項目 的前期工作審計等審計工作。通過實施專 項審計、風險管理評價和內控評價,定期 向董事會提供管理建議,可以有效防範和 監控公司相關領域運作與管理中存在的風 險,發揮內部審計在風險防控和健全內控 方面的積極作用,確保公司的合法合規經 營。

同時,作為違規經營投資責任追究工作的 牽頭部門,公司審計部每季度與各職能 部門和下屬公司確認是否存在違規經營情 形,並建立了完善的通報和監控機制。報 告期內未發現違規經營投資責任追究的線 索或問題。通過建立健全違規經營投資責 任追究體系,為公司資產安全和合法合規 經營提供了進一步保障。

本公司按列示於公司信息披露制度中的詳 細流程就內幕信息進行處理及發佈,以確 保內幕信息被及時識別並確保有關內幕信 息於獲得適當批准前保持保密,有關信息 將以有效及一致的方式進行發佈。

## **Human Capital**

We have built up an excellent team of management and professional talents, with the guidance and value of treasuring, caring for and optimizing talents to support the sustainable development of the Company.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had 22 employees, among which 6 in Hong Kong, 6 in Beijing (to be expatriated to Kazakhstan), 3 in Kazakhstan and 7 in UK. For further information about staff remuneration, please refer to the relevant contents in notes 14 and 15 of the consolidated financial statements.

## 人力資本

為保障公司的持續健康發展,我們以重視 人才、愛護人才、提升人才的指導思想和 價值觀念,打造了一支優秀的管理和專業 人才隊伍。

於2021年12月31日,本集團共有22名僱 員,其中6名駐於香港,6名駐於北京(待 外派至哈薩克斯坦),3名駐於哈薩克斯 坦斯坦,7名駐於英國。有關僱員薪金詳 情,請參考綜合財務報表附註14及15有關 內容。



## **Talents**

Employee composition

#### Professional qualifications

Among the existing workforce, employees holding professional qualifications of middle-level and above represented 73%.

#### **Employment Mechanism**

#### Path of development

The Company cares growth and career development of each employee, and has set two paths of career development, namely the management and the professional technical path, and has established the switch mechanism between the two paths. Staff can freely choose from the two career development paths and show their talents. Meanwhile, the Company provides guidance to staff to set up their personal career development plan, so as to help them to make rapid career growth.

### Internal talent market

For better use of the ability and expertise of each employee, the Company established the internal talent market. Vacancies will first be filled by internal talents, through which the aspiration of individual employees can be better realized and optimized the allocation of internal human resources, thus to accomplish the development of both the Company and employees.

### **Evaluation System**

In order to ensure the Company's objectives can be effectively implemented, we have established both incentive and restraint mechanisms, and tends to guide employees' conducts by way of continuous communication, feedback and improvement. The Company established a complete performance management system by following the steps of communication, coaching, tracking and assessment during the formulation and implementation of the performance plan, so as to reach the expected performance results, and promotes the co-development of the Company and employees.

## 專業資格

現有員工隊伍中,持有中級及以上專業資格的員工佔比73%。

#### 用人機制

#### 發展通道

公司注重員工的成長和職業發展。公司設 有管理和專業技術兩個職業發展通道,並 建立了兩個通道的轉換機制,員工可以在 兩條職業發展通道上自由發展,充分發揮 每一位員工的專長。與此同時,公司指導 員工制定個人職業發展規劃,幫助員工快 速成長。

## *內部人才市場*

為了更好的發揮每位員工的能力和專長, 公司建立了內部人才市場,空缺崗位優先 通過內部人才市場補員,更好的實現員工 個人發展要求,優化內部人力資源分配, 實現企業與員工共同發展。

#### 考核制度

為有效落實公司目標,建立公司激勵與約 束機制,通過持續的溝通、反饋、改進, 引導員工工作行為。公司建立完善的績效 管理體系,通過績效計劃制定、績效計劃 執行過程中進行溝通、輔導、跟蹤及評 估,達成預期績效結果,促進公司和員工 共同發展。
# **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

#### **Cultivating talents**

The Company adheres to the concept of "cultivating prioritizes training", follows the principle of "authorized employment, training for all employees and lifelong education" by absorbing the experience of international talent training, and formulate the rolling plans and supporting systems for key positions, forming a standardized and efficient independent talent training system.

#### **Training resources**

With close combination of its business needs, the Company fully utilises its own advantages and has established a comprehensive training system for all employees, covering management cadres, key positions and internationalized talent pools. At the same time, relying on the extensive training resources of CGN Group, we have shared more than 1,000 online courses of the CGN Group, allowing employees to learn and to have on-the-job training at any time on demand, effectively meeting the rapid development and talent training needs of the Company.

#### **Remuneration system**

Combined with the characteristics of the industry, the Company constructed a competitive remuneration system which appeals to quality talents and motivates employees effectively. The remuneration system reflects the value of positions and individual contribution and encourages long-term service of employees, jointly striving for continuous growth and sustainable development of the Company and sharing the results of corporate development. Remuneration is mainly composed of monthly salary, performance bonus, over-time pay, allowance and subsidy and benefits.

#### 人才培養

本公司堅持「培養人,而不僅僅是培訓人」 的核心理念,通過吸收借鑒國際化人才培 養經驗,明確「授權上崗、全員培訓、終 身教育」的基本原則,制定了關鍵崗位人 才培養滾動計劃與配套制度,形成了規範 高效的自主化人才培養體系。

#### 培訓資源

本公司緊密結合業務需求,充分發揮自身 優勢,建立了完善的全員培訓資源體系, 覆蓋管理幹部、專業技術人員與國際化人 才儲備;同時依託中廣核集團的豐富培訓 師資,共享中廣核集團千餘門網絡課程, 實現了隨時隨需員工自主學習與在崗培 訓,有效滿足了公司快速發展與人才培養 需求。

#### 薪酬體系

為有效吸引高素質人才,激發員工潛能, 公司結合行業特點,搭建了富有競爭力 的薪酬體系。薪酬體繫著重體現崗位價值 和個人貢獻,鼓勵員工長期為企業服務, 共同致力於企業的不斷成長和可持續性發 展,同時共享企業發展所帶來的成果。薪 酬主要由月薪、績效獎金、加班工資、津 補貼和福利構成。

The Board is pleased to present the Directors' report and audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 as follows.

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The Company is mainly engaged in properties investment, trading of natural uranium and other trading. The principal businesses of our subsidiaries include trading of natural uranium and investment of natural uranium resources. An analysis of the Group's business for the year is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

The head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong is located in Room 1903,19/F, China Resources Building, No. 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

## EARNINGS AND DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

The earnings of the Group for the year of 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 144 and 145 of the annual report.

Since the Group intends to retain sufficient capital for business expansion, the Board did not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year 2021 (2020: HK0.5 cent per share).

## **ANNUAL RESULTS**

Details of the Group's business performance for the year of 2021 and its analysis are set out in the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" to this annual report.

# **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, pursuant to which allowing Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst to retain adequate reserves for future growth. The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Articles of Association and any applicable laws, rules and regulations. 董事會欣然呈交本集團截至2021年12月 31日年度董事會報告及經審核綜合財務報 表。

## 主要業務及分析

本公司主要從事物業投資、天然鈾貿易及 其他投資。附屬公司的主要業務為天然鈾 貿易及天然鈾資源投資。本集團本年度業 務分析載於綜合財務報表附註6。

#### 香港主要營業點

本公司於香港的辦事處及主要營業地點為 香港灣仔港灣道26號華潤大廈19樓1903 室。

#### 盈利及股息派發

本集團2021年度盈利詳細載於本年報第 144及145頁的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表。

由於本集團打算保留充足資金作業務發展,故董事會不建議派發任何2021年末期 股息(2020年:0.5港仙/股)。

#### 年度業績

本集團2021年度業績表現和分析詳細載於 本年報「管理層討論與分析」章節。

## 股息政策

本公司已經採納股息政策,據此,可讓股 東分享本公司溢利的同時保留充足儲備供 未來增長所用。本公司宣派及派付股息亦 須受開曼群島法例、章程細則及任何適用 法例、規則及規例規限。

The Directors may from time to time determine and pay to the Shareholders such interim dividends as it considers appropriate. The Board may also recommend the payment of final dividends which are required to be approved by Shareholders in general meetings.

The ratio of final dividend distribution for the end of the year is based on the various factors such as business performance of the Company, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain long-term business growth. In case of distributing a final dividend, it is expected to be not less than 20% of distributable profits of continuing business.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group during the period, the Group's exposure to potential risks and uncertainties, business prospects, financial performance and relevant analysis, together with compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" to this annual report.

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group are set out in notes 16 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the major subsidiaries held by the Company are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

## **CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

During the Reporting Period, the Company did not issue any convertible bonds nor or has any convertible bonds outstanding.

董事會可不時釐定並向股東派付其認為合 適的中期股息。董事會亦可建議派付末期 股息,惟須經股東於股東大會上批准。

末期股息分配比例是基於本公司年度業績 表現等各方面因素考慮包括未來現金承擔 及投資需求以維持業務之長期增長,如果 派付末期股息,預計將不低於當年持續性 業務可供分配溢利的20%。

## 業務回顧

本集團於期內之業務回顧、本集團可能面 對的風險及不確定因素、業務展望、財務 表現及分析及於本集團有重大影響的相關 法律及法規遵守情況等已詳細載於本年報 「管理層討論與分析」章節。

#### 物業、廠房及設備及投資物業

本集團的物業、廠房及設備及投資物業的 變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註16及 18。

# 附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註33。

## 股本

本公司股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註30。

# 可換股債券

報告期內,本公司未發行任何可換股債 券,或有任何未贖回可換股債券。

# DIRECTORS

During the Reporting Period and as at the date of this report, Directors of the Company are as follows:

#### **ED**s

Mr. An Junjing (chief executive director, appointed as the chairman of the Board on 27 September 2021) Mr. Chen Deshao (resigned on 14 March 2022) Ms. Xu Junmei (appointed on 14 March 2022)

#### **NEDs**

Mr. Yu Zhiping (resigned on 27 September 2021) Mr. Sun Xu Mr. Yin Xiong

#### **INEDs**

Mr. Qiu Xianhong Mr. Gao Pei Ji Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis

In accordance with Article 112 of the Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such general meeting.

In accordance with Articles 108 and 112 of the Articles of Association, Ms. Xu Junmei, Mr. Sun Xu and Mr. An Junjing will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting, but are eligible for re-election.

# **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

There is no service contract, which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), in respect of the Directors who are proposed and offered for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

## 董事

本公司報告期內及截至本報告日期之董事 構成如下:

#### 執行董事

安軍靖先生(首席執行官,於2021年9月 27日獲委任為董事會主席) 陳德邵先生(於2022年3月14日辭任) 徐軍梅女士(於2022年3月14日獲委任)

#### 非執行董事

余志平先生(於2021年9月27日辭任) 孫旭先生 殷雄先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

邱先洪先生 高培基先生 李國棟先生

根據章程細則第112條規定,獲委任填補 臨時空缺的任何董事或額外獲委任加入董 事會的董事任期將只至本公司下屆股東大 會,屆時將合資格在大會上獲重選連任, 而被釐定將於該股東大會上輪流告退的董 事人選或數目不應計算在內。

根據章程細則第108條及112條規定,徐 軍梅女士、孫旭先生及安軍靖先生將於即 將舉行的股東周年大會上輪流告退,但符 合資格將膺選連任。

## 董事服務合約

所有擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選 連任的董事概無與本公司訂立,須作出賠 款(法定補償除外)方可於一年內終止的服 務合約。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save for the transactions set out under "Connected Transactions", there were no any other transaction, arrangement or contract of significance of the Group in which a Director or an entity connected with a director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, subsisting during or at the end of Reporting Period.

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance coverage for the Directors and senior management.

# **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS**

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 42 to 45 of this report.

## **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$715 million.

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

The Company completed its acquisition of 49% interest in Ortalyk at the consideration of approximately US\$435 million on 30 July 2021 to increase the amount of uranium assets held as well as expanding its natural uranium trading business. In order to replenish its capital for its natural uranium trading business as well as for future acquisition of competitive overseas uranium resource projects as part of the Group's development strategy, the Company entered into share subscription agreements with eleven investors on 26 November 2021 for the subscription of an aggregate of 1 billion new Shares (nominal value: HK\$10,000,000) at the subscription price of HK\$0.80 per Share.

## 董事於交易、安排及合約的權 益

除於「關連交易」中列明的交易外,本集團 未有在報告期期間或結束時仍然或曾經生 效,且董事或與該董事有關連的實體於當 中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、 安排及合約。

## 董事的彌償保證

根據章程細則規定,每位董事就履行其職 務或職責或有關其他事情而蒙受或招致任 何損失或責任,均有權獲得公司以其資產 賠償。本公司已為董事及高級管理層安排 適當的責任保險。

# 董事簡介

董事簡介詳情載於本報告第42至45頁。

## 可分派儲備

於2021年12月31日,本公司可供分派儲 備為約715百萬港元。

## 優先購買權

章程細則無有關優先購買權的條文,而開 曼群島法例沒有對該等權利實施限制。

## 購買、出售或贖回本公司的上 市股份

本公司於2021年7月30日以代價約4.35 億美元完成收購奧公司49%股權,以增加 所持鈾資產及拓展其天然鈾貿易業務。為 補充資本以進行天然鈾貿易業務,及於未 來收購具競爭力的海外鈾資源項目作為本 集團發展戰略的一部分,本公司於2021 年11月26日與11名投資者訂立股份認購 協議,以認購價每股股份0.80港元認購合 共10億股新股份(面值:10,000,000港元)。

As at the date of the subscription agreements, being 26 November 2021, the closing price of the Shares as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HK\$0.98 per Share. In addition to the largest subscriber, The China State-Owned Enterprise Mixed Ownership Reform Fund Co., Ltd. (中國國有企業混合所有制改革基金有限公司), eight of the remaining subscribers are investment funds that invest in different equity securities and other investments, while the remaining two subscribers are individual professional investors.

Upon completion, the expected net proceeds of approximately HK\$776 million (i.e. net proceed of HK\$0.776 per Share) will be used as general working capital and for the acquisition of uranium resources projects.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the subscription has not been completed. Subsequently, the Company has allotted and issued 240,700,000 new Shares on 28 March 2022, with the remaining Shares pending fulfillment of conditions precedent.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

During the Reporting Period, the Company does not have any share option scheme or outstanding share option.

## **RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES**

Details of the retirement benefit schemes are set out in notes 14 and 15 of the consolidated financial statements.

# **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.cgnmc.com

於認購協議日期(即2021年11月26日), 聯交所所報之收市價為每股0.98港元。除 最大認購人中國國有企業混合所有制改革 基金有限公司外,其餘8名認購人為投資 於不同股本證券及其他投資的投資基金, 而其餘2名認購人為個人專業投資者。

交易完成後,預期所得款項淨額約為7.76 億港元(即每股股份所得款項淨額為0.776 港元),擬用作一般營運資金及用於收購 鈾資源項目。

於報告期末,認購事項尚未完成。其後 本公司於2022年3月28日配發及發行共 240,700,000股新股份,餘下股份尚未滿 足先決條件。

除上述所披露者外,本公司及其附屬公司 於報告期內並無購買、出售或贖回本公司 任何上市證券。

#### 購股權計劃

報告期內,本公司並無購股權計劃或任何 尚未行使購股權。

#### 退休福利計劃

退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 14及15。

### 公司網站

www.cgnmc.com

### **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS**

## (a) The Directors' and chief executives' interests and short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation

As at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors, the chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (as defined in the part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to divisions 7 and 8 of part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### (b) Substantial Shareholders' interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2021, according to the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO and so far as is known to, or can be ascertained after reasonable enquiry by the Directors, the following persons/entities, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

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### 權益披露

(b)

### (a) 董事及行政首席執行官於本公司或 任何相聯法團的股份、相關股份及 債券中的權益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,本公司董事 及行政首席執行官並無於本公司及 其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債 權證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司 及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據 證券及期貨條例有關條文其被當作 或視作擁有的權益及淡倉),或根 據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須 記錄於該條所指登記冊的權益及淡 倉;或根據標準守則需知會本公司 及聯交所之權益及淡倉。

#### 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份 中的權益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,按本公司根 據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存 置的登記冊,就董事在作出合理查 詢後所知或確認,下列人士/實體 (不包括本公司董事或行政首席執 行官)於本公司股份、相關股份及 債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司 披露的權益或淡倉:



#### Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes long position.
- CGNPC held the entire equity interest in CGNPC-URC, and CGNPC-URC held the entire issued share capital of China Uranium Development. Accordingly, each of CGNPC and CGNPC-URC was deemed to be interested in the interest held by China Uranium Development.
- CGNPC was also interested in 100,816,906 Shares in other wholly-owned subsidiaries.
- The long position included (i) 4,278,695,652 Shares held by China Uranium Development; and (ii) the interests in 10,000,000 Shares pledged by a third party.
- 5. Mr. Yin Xiong and Mr. Sun Xu, NEDs, are also employees of CGNPC.
- Mr. Yin Xiong and Mr. Sun Xu, NEDs, and Mr. An Junjing, an ED, are also directors of CGNPC-URC. Mr. An Junjing, Ms. Xu Junmei (appointed on 14 March 2022) and Mr. Chen Deshao (resigned on 14 March 2022) EDs, are also employees of CGNPC-URC.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any person as of 31 December 2021 who had an interest or short position in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

# RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

None of the Company, or any of its holding companies or subsidiaries, or any fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement enables the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### 附註:

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1. (L)代表好倉

- 中廣核集團公司持有中廣核鈾業發展的全部 股本權益,而中廣核鈾業發展持有中國鈾業 發展的全部已發行股本。因此,中廣核集團 公司及中廣核鈾業發展各自被視為擁有中國 鈾業發展所持的權益。
- 中廣核集團公司亦於其他全資附屬公司持有 的100,816,906股股份中擁有權益。
- 該好倉包括(i)中國鈾業發展持有的 4,278,695,652股股份:及(ii)一名第三方抵押 的10,000,000股股份的抵押權益。
- 非執行董事殷雄先生及孫旭先生亦是中廣核 集團公司的僱員。
- 6. 非執行董事殷雄先生及孫旭先生,及執行 董事安軍靖先生亦是中廣核鈾業發展的董 事,而執行董事安軍靖先生、徐軍梅女士 (於2022年3月14日獲委任)及陳德邵先生(於 2022年3月14日辭任)亦是中廣核鈾業發展的 僱員。

除上文所披露外,截至2021年12月31 日,董事並不知悉有任何人士於本公司股 份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披 露的權益或淡倉。

## 購買本公司證券的權利

本公司、或其任何控股公司或附屬公司、 或其任何同系附屬公司概無訂立任何安 排,以使本公司董事或最高行政人員或彼 等各自的聯繫人(定義見上市規則)擁有任 何認購本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例)證券的權利或以購買本 公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證 的方式而獲得利益的權利。

## **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

#### **Connected transaction**

#### Acquisition of 49% equity interest in Ortalyk

CGNM UK, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Kazatomprom on 22 April 2021 pursuant to which, among other matters, CGNM UK agreed to acquire 49% equity interest in Ortalyk at the consideration of US\$435,071,181. As the acquisition is inter-conditional with the fuel project, a project between a subsidiary of Kazatomprom and CGNPC-URC (Controlling Shareholder of the Company), Kazatomprom has been deemed as a connected person of the Company. For details, please refer to the circular of the Company dated 25 May 2021.

The acquisition, which constituted a very substantial acquisition and connected transaction of the Company, has completed on 30 July 2021.

#### **Continuing connected transactions**

The Company entered into the following continuing connected transactions with the connected persons as defined in the Listing Rules, and transactions have been conducted in accordance with the agreed terms. Details of the continuing connected transactions conducted during the Reporting Period are set out as below:

#### 關連交易

#### 關連交易

#### *收購奧公司49%股權*

CGNM UK(本公司全資附屬公司)於2021 年4月22日與哈原工訂立買賣協議,根 據該協議(其中包括),CGNM UK同意以 代價435,071,181美元收購奧公司49%權 益。由於收購事項與燃料項目(哈原工附 屬公司與本公司控股股東中廣核鈾業合作 的項目)互為條件,哈原工被視為本公司 之關連人士。有關詳情,請參閱本公司 2021年5月25日的通函。

收購事項構成本公司一項非常重大收購事 項及關連交易,並已於2021年7月30日交 割。

#### 持續關連交易

本公司與上市規則定義的關連人士已訂立 下列持續關連交易協議,並按協議條款開 展交易。報告期內持續關連交易的執行情 況如下:

No.	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、	Transaction party of the Group	Counterparty	Nature of transaction and description	Pricing basis	Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、
艑號	日期及現有期限	本集團交易方	關連交易對方	交易性質及情況	定價基礎	實際交易額
1	The Sales Framework Agreement entered on 14 June 2019, with a term from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022	The Company			The price per pound of natural uranium shall be determined by arm's length negotiation between the Group and relevant members of CGNPC-URC Group on normal commercial terms, with reference to the arithmetic average prices of the long-term price indicators published by UxC and TradeTech in the second month prior to the delivery month, subject to a floor price and a ceiling price.	HK\$2,035,000,000/ HK\$610,918,000
1	《銷售框架協議》於 2019年6月14日訂立, 有效期:2020年1月1 日至2022年12月31日	本公司	中廣核鈾業發展 (本公司控股股 東)	本集團出售天然鈾予中廣核 鈾業發展集團。	天然鈾每磅價格按正常商業條款參考UxC及TradeTech於交付月份 前第二個月的長期價格指標的算術平均價,並經本集團與中廣核鈾 業集團相關成員公司之間的公平磋商後釐定,但設有保底價及封頂 價。	2,035,000,000港元/ 610,918,000港元

Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、 實際交易額	Pricing basis 定價基礎	Nature of transaction and description 交易性質及情況	Counterparty 開連交易對方	Transaction party of the Group 本集團交易方	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、 日期及現有期限	No. 編號
Deposit cap: US\$500,000,000 Highest daily deposits: RMB1,293,511,000	Deposit services: The interest payable by CGN Finance to the Group shall not be lower than (i) the interest rates for the same type and term of deposit offered by China's big four commercial banks to the Group and (ii) the interest rates for the same type and term of deposit provided by CGN Finance to the other PRC subsidiaries of the CGN Group. The interest payable by CGNPC Huasheng to the Group shall be equal to or higher than (i) the interest rate for similar type of deposit offered by CGNPC Huasheng to other members of the CGN Group; and (ii) the interest rate for similar type of deposit all of the interest rate for similar type of deposit and commercial banks in Hong Kong (such as Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited and Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited) from time to time.	maintain RMB and foreign currency deposit accounts with CGN Finance and place deposit. The Group shall also authorise the Group's accounts at third party commercial banks outside the PRC to be linked as a participant account to a cash pooling master settlement	and CGNPC Huasheng (subsidiaries of the ultimate Controlling	The Company	The Financial Services Framework Agreement entered on 14 June 2019, with a term from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022	2
Settlement service cap: US\$300,000 Settlement service fee charged: RMB94	Settlement services: The fees charged by CGN Finance for the provision of settlement services shall be in accordance with the fees standards prescribed by the People's Bank of China or China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission in respect of such services. If no such fees standard is available, the service fees shall be determined on normal commercial terms and not higher than (i) the fees charged by China's Big-Four Commercial Banks in the PRC	Huasheng may provide settlement and similar				
	for the same type of financial services; and (ii) the fees charged by CGN Finance for the provision of similar type of financial services to the other PRC subsidiaries within the CGN Group. The fees charged by CGNPC Huasheng shall be (i) equal to or lower than the settlement and similar services fees charged by CGNPC Huasheng to other members of the CGN Group in settlement services arrangements; and (ii) equal to or lower than the settlement and similar services fees charged by other commercial banks in Hong Kong (such as Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited and Bank of China				0	
	(Hong Kong) Limited) from time to time for settlement and similar services provided.	5 VI 1 VI 00V				
N/A	Loans and other facilities: CGN Finance and CGNPC Huasheng may grant loans and other facilities, including but not limited to loan financing, credit line, bill acceptance, and note discounting services, to the Group from time to time subject to compliance with the applicable laws and regulatory requirements. The terms and conditions of such deposits shall be determined after arm's length negotiations between (i) the Group and (ii) CGN Finance or CGNPC Huasheng, as the case may be, including the amount to be deposited, term of the deposit, the applicable interest rate, interest payment method and time of payment, etc, which shall be determined upon each deposits.	Finance and CGNPC Huasheng may grant loans and other facilities to the Group, including but not limited to loan facilities, credit				

No.	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、	Transaction party of the Group	Counterparty	Nature of transaction and description	Pricing basis	Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、
艑號	m 展 石 枏 、 日期及現有期限	本集團交易方	關連交易對方	交易性質及情況	定價基礎	ーレート 実際交易額
2	《財務服務框架協議》於 2019年6月14日立,有 效期:2020年1月1日 至2022年12月31日	本公司	中廣核財務及中 廣核華盛(本公 司最終控股股東 之附屬公司	本集團於中廣核財務開立並 保持有款。你不受難要 中廣及外幣存殼讓戶 並一個一個一個一個一個一個 一個一個一個一個一個 一個一個一個一個 一個一個一個 一個一個一個 一個一個 一個	存置存款:中廣核財務應付於本集團之利率將不低於(1)中國四大商 業銀行就同期同類存款向本集團提供的利率;及(2)中廣核財務就同 期同類存款向中廣核集團旗下其他中國附屬公司提供的利率。中廣 核華盛應付本集團之利率將等於或高於(1)中廣核華盛就類似存款向 中廣核集團旗下其他成員公司提供之利率;及(2)香港其他獨立商業 銀行(如中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司及中國銀行(香港)有限公司) 就相類似存款不時公佈之利率。	存款上限:500,000,000 美元 最高單日存款: 1,293,511,000人民幣
				中廣核財務及中廣核華盛可 不時向本集團提供結算及其 他類似服務。	結算服務:中廣核財務提供結算服務的費用須按照中國人民銀行或 中國銀行保險監督管理委員會就有關服務所公佈的標準費用收取。 如無有關標準費用,則服務費用須按一般商業條款而釐定,且不高 於(1)中國四大商業銀行就同類服務所收取的費用;及(2)中廣核財務 就提供類似服務向中廣核集團的其他中國附屬公司所收取的費用。 中廣核華盛所收取的費用須等於或低於(1)中廣核華盛向中廣核集團 旗下其他成員公司提供類似結算服務所收取之費用;及(2)香港其他 商業銀行(如中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司及中國銀行(香港)有限公 司)不時說報之結算及類似服務費用。	結算服務費上限: 300,000美元 結算服務費: 94人民幣
				中廣核財務及中廣核華盛可 不時向本集團授出貸款及其 他融資,包括但不限於貸款 融資、信貸額度、票據承擔 及票據貼現服務。	貸款及其他融資:中廣核財務及中廣核華盛可不時在符合使用法律 及法規規定的前提下,向本集團授出貸款及其他融資,包括但不限 於貸款融資,信貨額度、票據承擔及票據貼現服務。該等貸款及其 他融資之利率將按正常商業條款釐定,且不得高於(1)中國四大商業 銀行就同期同類的貸款向本集團所報的貸款利率;及(2)中廣核財 務於同期就同類貨款向中廣核集團旗下其他成員公司收取的貨款利 率。	不適用
	Tenancy Agreement entered on 9 May 2019, with a term from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2021	Beijing Sino- Kazakh	(Controlling	29/F, Block A, Shi'ao International Center, 101	The annual rent of RMB3,000,000 (tax inclusive) as stipulated in the Tenancy Agreement, which in turn was determined after taking into account: (i) the then market rentals and management fees payable for similar properties; and (ii) the demand and supply of similar properties on the market.	RMB3,000,000/ RMB3,000,000
	租賃協議,於2019年5 月9日訂立,有效期: 2019年1月1日至2021 年12月31日	北京中哈鈾			租賃協議規定的每年租金為300萬元人民幣(合税),有關租金為考慮 ()類以物業當時市場租金及管理費;及()類物業於市場上的供求後釐 定。	3,000,000人民幣/ 3,000,000人民幣

	No. 編號	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、 日期及現有期限	Transaction party of the Group 本集團交易方	Counterparty 關連交易對方	Nature of transaction and description 交易性質及情況	Pricing basis 定價基礎			Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、 實際交易額
	4.	Off-take Agreement entered on 17 June 2021 which come into force from the date CGNM UK becomes a participant of Ortalyk until the earlier of (i) the date CGNM UK exits from participation in Ortalyk or (ii) the end of the commitment period of the fuel assembly purchase obligation under the cooperation agreement <sup>4</sup>		Kazatomprom <sup>2</sup>	obligation to acquire the natural uranium concentrates	Spot price x 0.98 Price per pound of na	itural uraniu	ium to be paid by the Group: n to be paid by Kazatomprom: ost	466 tonnes of natural uranium <sup>9/</sup> 292 tonnes of natural uranium
	4. lotes:	包銷協議,於2021年6 月17日訂立,自CGNM UK成為奧公司的參與 者之日起生效,直至(I) CGNM UK退出奧公司 之日;或(II)合作協議項 下的燃料組件採購義務 承諾期結束1		哈原工2	各訂約方有義務按各自的合 夥権大然鈾化合物產品,具體 如下:(I)哈原工將購買奧公 司年總產量的51%;及(II)本 公司或CGNM UK將購買奧公 司年總產量的49%,惟須受 限於共20,000噸鈾的保證配 額。				466噸天然鈾³∕ 292噸天然鈾
1		For details, please	refer to the ci	rcular of the C	Company dated 25 May	2021.	1.	有關詳情,請參閱本公司 通函。	]2021年5月25日的
2		between a subs Shareholder of the person of the Cor dated 25 May 202 The Company has strict compliance expressed in mor the condition that	sidiary of Ka. company), K npany. For de 21. s applied and with Rule 14A netary terms for , among othe	zatomprom fazatomprom tails, please re the Stock Exc .53(1) of the L or the Off-take r conditions,	al with the fuel project and CGNPC-URC (C has been deemed as a ofer to the circular of the change has granted a v isting Rules such that a e Arrangement is not r an annual cap express er to the circular of the	Controlling connected e Company waiver from innual caps required on sed in fixed	2.	收購奧公司與燃料項目( 本公司控股股東中廣核動 為條件,哈原工被視為本 有關詳情,請參関本公司 25日的通函。 本公司已申請,而聯交所 守上市規則第14A.53(1)條 毋須以幣值形式表示年度 的條件是建議一個以定量 限。有關詳情,請參関本	曲業合作的項目)互 ☆司之關連人士。 ]日期為2021年5月 已批准豁免嚴格遵 ↓從而使包銷安排 上限,但其中包括 方式表示的年度上
		quantum is propo dated 25 May 202		iis, please ref	er to the circular of the	e Company		10、~ 句 顾 叶 同 <sup>-</sup> 司 参 阅 <sup>4</sup>	

#### Annual review of continuing connected transactions

The INEDs of the Company have reviewed and confirmed the continuing connected transactions set out above are:

- 1. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- 2. on normal commercial terms or better; and
- 3. entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

The external auditor of the Company has also reviewed these continuing connected transactions and confirmed to the Board that these transactions:

- 1. have been approved by the Board;
- 2. have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions;
- are in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group (if the transactions involve provision of goods or services by the Group); and
- have not exceeded the relevant annual caps disclosed in previous announcements.

The Board acknowledged the receipt of the auditors' confirmation letter dated 25 March 2022 which confirms the matters as required by Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

#### 持續關連交易的年度審閲

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上述的持續 關連交易,並確認該等持續關連交易為:

- 1. 屬於本集團一般及日常業務範圍;
- 2. 按正常或更佳的商業條款進行;及
- 根據監管該等交易的相關協議,按 公平合理及符合本公司股東整體利 益的條款訂立。

本公司外聘核數師已審閱該等持續關連交 易,並向董事會確認該等交易:

1. 已獲董事會批准;

2.

- 已根據監管該等交易的相關協議訂 立:
- 符合本集團的定價政策(如該等交 易涉及本集團提供商品或服務);
   及
- 未超逾之前的公告中披露的相關年 度上限。

董事會確認收到核數師於2022年3月25日 發出的確認書以確認上市規則第14A.56條 所規定的事宜。

### Continuing connected transaction entered during the Reporting Period which will take effect after the Reporting Period

#### Tenancy agreement in relation to Beijing premises

Beijing Sino-Kazakh, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and CGNPC-URC, a Controlling Shareholder of the Company, entered into a new tenancy agreement on 31 December 2021 to renew the tenancy agreement dated 9 May 2019 disclosed under no.3 in the paragraph headed "Continuing Connected Transaction" above. Pursuant to the new tenancy agreement, Beijing Sino-Kazakh shall continue to lease its premises at 29/F, Tower A, International Center of Times, 101 Shao Yao Ju Bei Li, Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC to CGNPC-URC for another term of three years from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 at the rent of RMB3.0 million (tax inclusive) per annum. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 31 December 2021.

#### Subsisting connected transaction entered in previous year

#### Sale and purchase agreement of Husab uranium concentrates

CGN Global, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the sale and purchase agreement of Husab uranium concentrates with Swakop, a fellow subsidiary of Controlling Shareholder of the Company, on 14 June 2019, pursuant to which CGN Global shall buy and Swakop shall sell 1.55 million lbs of Husab Uranium Concentrates, which shall be delivered in batches over a period of seven years from 2019 in accordance with the stipulated delivery schedule.

#### 於報告期內訂立並將於報告期後生效的持 續關連交易

#### 北京物業的租賃協議

本公司全資附屬公司北京中哈鈾與本公司 控股股東中廣核鈾業發展於2021年12月 31日訂立新租賃協議,以續租上述「持續 關連交易」一段第三項所披露2019年5月9 日的租賃協議。根據新租賃協議,北京中 哈鈾將向中廣核鈾業發展繼續出租其位於 中國北京市朝陽區芍藥居北里101號世奧 國際中心A座29樓的物業三年,由2022年 1月1日至2024年12月31日,每年租金為 人民幣3.0百萬元(含税)。有關詳情,請 參閱本公司2021年12月31日的公告。

#### 此前年度簽訂的仍在執行的關連交易

#### 湖山天然鈾買賣協議

本公司之全資附屬公司中廣核國際銷售公司,與本公司控股股東之同系附屬公司斯 科公司於2019年6月14日訂立湖山天然鈾 買賣協議,據此中廣核國際銷售公司將購 買及斯科公司將出售1.55百萬磅湖山天然 鈾,並按訂明的交付計劃,在2019年起的 七年內分批交付。

## **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Group entered into certain transactions with "related parties" as defined under the applicable accounting standards. A summary of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during Reporting Period is contained in note 34 to consolidated financial statements.

Save for (i) purchases of natural uranium resources from Semizbay-U and (ii) dividend income received from Semizbay-U, which do not constitute connected transaction of the Company, all the other related party transactions constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company, among which all such transactions are fully exempted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions, as the case may be, save for (i) sales of natural uranium resources to China Uranium Development (a subsidiary of CGNPC-URC), (ii) purchases of natural uranium resources from Ortalyk, (iii) interest income from CGNPC Huasheng, (iv) interest income from CGN Finance, (v) rental income from CGNPC-URC, and (vi) purchases of natural uranium resources from Swakop.

The disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules have been complied in respect of the non-fully exempted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the announcements of the Company dated 9 May 2019, 14 May 2019, 14 June 2019 and 22 April 2021 and the circulars of the Company dated 9 September 2019 and 25 May 2021.

## MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of purchases and sales attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers for the Reporting Period are as follows:

#### Purchases

- the largest supplier: 35%
- five largest suppliers: 75%

#### Sales

the largest customer: 16% five largest customers: 68%

### 關聯方交易

本集團與根據會計準則定義的「關聯方」訂 立若干交易。本集團於報告期內進行的關 聯方交易概要載於綜合財務報表附註34。

除(i)向謝公司購買天然鈾資源及(ii)從謝公 司收到的股息收入不構成本公司的關連交 易外,所有其他相關交易均構成本公司的 關連交易或持續關連交易,其中全部均為 全面豁免的關連交易或持續關連交易(視 情況而定),惟(i)向中國鈾業發展(中廣核 鈾業發展的附屬公司)出售天然鈾資源; (ii)向奧公司購買天然鈾資源;(iii)從中廣核 華盛收到的利息收入;(v)從中廣核鈾業發展收到 的租金收入;及(vi)向斯科公司購買天然鈾 資源除外。

本公司日期為2019年5月9日、2019年5月 14日、2019年6月14日及2021年4月22日 的公告及本公司日期為2019年9月9日及 2021年5月25日的通函中,已就未獲全面 豁免的關連交易或持續關連交易遵守了上 市規則第14A章的披露規定。

## 主要客戶及供貨商

報告期內,本集團主要供貨商及客戶所佔 購買及銷售之百分比如下:

購買	銷售
-最大供貨商:35%	-最大客戶:16%
-五大供貨商:75%	-五大客戶:68%

China Uranium Development, the controlling shareholder, is the largest customer of the Group for the Reporting Period. Mr. An Junjing, an ED, the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company, Ms. Xu Junmei, an ED and the chief financial officer of the Company, Mr. Sun Xu, a NED, Mr. Yin Xiong, a NED, Mr. Yu Zhiping, a former NED and the chairman of the Company, and Mr. Chen Deshao, a former ED of the Company were the directors and/or the senior management of CGNPC-URC, the holding Company of China Uranium Development, at different times during 2021. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the above major suppliers or customers of the Group.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

During the Reporting Period, the Company (as service receiver) and CGNPC-URC entered into "Shared Administrative Services Agreement" for provision of shared administrative services to the Company by CGNPC-URC.

## CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Save as disclosed in this report, there were no contracts of significance or material contracts on provision of services between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Company's Controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period.

## **OTHERS**

#### **Environmental Protection**

The Company, as a green energy related corporation, pays high attention to environmental protection. We vigorously promotes environmental protection by promoting green, energy saving and environmental protection concept, such as advocating the green office, encouraging the replacement of paper document with electronic document, the use of double-sided printing and ecofriendly appliances, etc. At the same time, the Company also organizes irregular tree planting activities for employees and promote the use of public transportation or walking instead of driving by publicity activities, etc. 本集團報告期內的最大客戶為控股股東中 國鈾業發展。本公司執行董事、主席兼首 席執行官安軍靖先生,執行董事兼首席財 務官徐軍梅女士,非執行董事孫旭先生, 非執行董事殷雄先生,前非執行董事兼主 席余志平先生和前執行董事陳德邵先生均 在2021年不同時間為中國鈾業發展之母 公司中廣核鈾業發展董事及/或高級管理 層。除上述披露外,並無董事、其聯繫人 士或任何按董事所知悉擁有本公司股本 5%以上的股東於上述主要供貨商或客戶 擁有權益。

## 管理合約

報告期內,本公司(作為享有服務方)與中 廣核鈾業發展就後者向前者提供行政共享 服務訂立《共享行政服務協議》。

# 與控股股東或其附屬公司之重 要合同

除本報告披露者外,報告期內概無本公司 或其任何附屬公司與本公司之控股股東或 其他任何附屬公司訂立重要合同或訂立提 供服務之重大合同。

#### 其他

#### 環境保護

本公司作為與綠色能源相關的公司,十分 重視環境保護。本公司大力提倡保護環 境,倡導綠色、節能及環保理念。包括在 日常工作中大力倡導綠色辦公,鼓勵使用 電子文件替代紙質文件、文件雙面打印及 複印及裝置環保節能的電器等。同時,本 公司亦不定期組織員工參與植樹活動及提 倡以搭乘公共交通工具或者步行替代駕車 出行的宣傳活動等。

#### **Relationship with Suppliers and Customers**

During the period under review, the Company maintained a good relationship with its suppliers and customers.

#### **Social Participation**

The Company actively participates in social charity, encourages and organizes employees to participate in the "Love" activities such as helping and visiting people in need.

#### **Equal Opportunity and Diversity**

The Company respects and treats every employee the same, and promotes equal opportunity and policy of diversification regardless of age, sex or marital status.

#### **Compliance with laws and regulations**

As of 31 December 2021 and thereafter and up to the date of this report, to the knowledge of the Directors, the Group complied in all material aspects with applicable laws, rules and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Reporting Period, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had an interest in a business which competes or likely to compete, either directly or indirectly with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

#### EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

During the Reporting Period, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreement.

#### DONATIONS

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not make charitable donations.

#### 與供貨商及客戶的關係

於回顧期內,本公司與供貨商及客戶之間 保持良好關係。

#### 社會參與

公司積極參與社會慈善,鼓勵並組織員工 參與「獻愛心」活動如幫助和探訪有需要人 士。

#### 平等機會與多元化

本公司尊重及平等對待每一位員工,並提 倡機會平等及不分年齡、性別、婚姻狀況 等的多元化政策。

#### 遵守法律及法規

截至2021年12月31日及直至本報告之日 起,據董事所知,本集團在所有重大方面 均遵守相關法律、規則及法規。

#### 董事於競爭業務的權益

報告期內,本公司董事及彼等各自聯繫人 士(定義見上市規則)概無直接或間接在與 本集團業務構成或可能構成任何競爭的業 務中擁有任何權益。

#### 股票掛鈎協議

報告期內,本公司並無訂立任何股票掛鈎 協議。

## 慈善捐款

報告期內,本集團未進行慈善捐贈。

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available and to the best knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's issued shares has been held by the public throughout the Reporting Period and thereafter up to the date of this report, in compliance with the requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### AUDITOR

In the annual general meeting of the Company on 18 June 2020, the then auditors of the Company SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited did not stand for re-appointment upon retirement as the auditors of the Company at the conclusion of the annual general meeting, and BDO Limited has been appointed as the auditors of the Company on the same annual general meeting. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 14 May 2020 and 18 June 2020.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by BDO Limited who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

# 公眾持股量

於報告期內及之後直至本報告日期,根據 本公司得悉的公開資料及董事所知,本公 司至少25%已發行股份被公眾股東持有, 符合上市規則要求。

## 核數師

本公司於2020年6月18日舉行的股東週年 大會,本公司時任核數師信永中和(香港) 會計師事務所有限公司在股東週年大會結 束後退任及未有參與重選為本公司核數 師,而香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公 司於同一年股東週年大會上獲委任為本公 司核數師。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期 為2020年5月14日及2020年6月18日的公 告。

截至2021年12月31日止年度的綜合財務 報表已經由香港立信德豪會計師事務所有 限公司審核。香港立信德豪會計師事務所 有限公司將任滿告退,惟合資格並會於應 屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。



## **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

On 14 March 2022, Mr. Chen Deshao resigned as an executive Director and the chief financial officer of the Company and ceased to be the authorised representative of the Company under both the Listing Rules and Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong. Ms. Xu Junmei has been appointed as an executive Director, the chief financial officer and the authorised representative of the Company under the Listing Rules, while Mr. Zhou Jun has been appointed as the authorised representative of the Company under Part 16 of the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong on the same day.

In addition, as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities" in the Directors' Report of this annual report, completion of part of the subscription of new Shares has taken place on 28 March 2021 and the Company has allotted and issued 240,700,000 new Shares to certain of the subscribers.

Save as disclosed above, there is no material event affecting the Group need to be reported to the Shareholders that has occurred after the end of the Reporting Period.

By Order of the Board **An Junjing** *Chairman* 

Beijing, 25 March 2022

#### 報告期後事項

於2022年3月14日,陳德邵先生辭任本公 司執行董事及首席財務官,且不再擔任本 公司於上市規則及香港公司條例第16部下 的授權代表。徐軍梅女士已獲委任為本公 司執行董事、首席財務官及上市規則下的 授權代表,而周軍先生已於同日獲委任為 本公司於香港公司條例第16部下的授權代 表。

此外,如本年報中董事會報告「購買、出 售或贖回本公司的上市股份」一段所披 露,部份新股份的認購已於2021年3月28 日完成,本公司已向若干認購人配發及發 行240,700,000新股份。

除上述所披露外,報告期後概無影響本集 團的重大事項須於向股東呈報。

承董事會命 *主席* **安軍靖** 

北京·2022年3月25日

#### **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

This environmental, social and governance report (the "Report") discloses the practices and performance of the Group in environmental, social and governance issues in the past year. The Report is in compliance with the "comply or explain" provisions of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") and contains all recommended disclosures in the Guide.

#### **REPORTING SCOPE**

This Report covers the Group's main operating sites including the UK office and the Hong Kong office, and Semizbay-U in Kazakhstan, in which the Company holds a 49% equity interest, as well as the two mines under its management, Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine (the "Mines"). Although Semizbay-U is not a subsidiary of the Company and its Mines are not directly operated by the Group, staff of the Group have been sent to participate in its management and control. In view of its significant impact on the Company's operation and ESG performance, it is included in the scope of this report.

In addition, the Group acquired a 49% equity interest in Ortalyk last year. Since the Group has only participated in its operation for a few months, the ESG performance of Ortalyk will be reported in the next reporting year.

The reporting period is from 1 January to 31 December 2021, the same as the financial period of the annual report.

## 關於本報告

本環境、社會及管治報告(「本報告」)披露 本集團於過去一年在環境、社會及管治議 題方面的行動與表現。本報告乃遵守《環 境、社會及管治報告指引》(「ESG報告指 引」)載列的所有「不遵守就解釋」條文,並 根據指引中的所有建議披露作匯報。

#### 匯報範圍

本報告的內容涵蓋本集團的英國辦公室及 香港辦公室等主要營運地點,以及本公司 於哈薩克斯坦擁有49%權益的謝公司及 旗下的謝礦及伊礦(下稱「礦場」)。雖謝公 司並非本公司子公司而其旗下礦場非由本 集團直接運營,但本集團有派員參與其管 控。鑒於謝公司對本公司的經營及ESG表 現有相當影響力,故納入本報告範圍。

另外,本集團在去年收購奧公司49%股 權,而由於本集團正式參與運作只有數月 時間,故此有關奧公司的ESG表現會於下 一報告年度進行滙報。

報告期為二零二一年一月一日至十二月 三十一日,與年報的財政期間相同。

#### **REPORTING PRINCIPLES**

The Report follows the ESG Reporting Guide and applies the following principles:

Materiality: We regularly communicate with our stakeholders to better understand their concerns about sustainability issues that affect them. When we review our sustainability situation, materiality and disclosures, we regularly refer to peer and local and regional sustainability standards to ensure that our sustainability priorities and strategies are aligned with them. Risk factors related to material sustainability issues are incorporated into the Group's risk management framework. The Board of Directors regularly review the sustainability issues that are most important to our business and operations and consider the issues discussed in this report to be important to the Group.

Quantitative: The relevant departments of the Group record and estimate the quantitative data. Where feasible, this report will conduct an annual performance comparison on the appropriate quantitative data, and list the relevant standards, methods, assumptions and/or calculation methods where appropriate.

Balance: The information and cases herein are mainly sourced from the Group's statistical reports, relevant documents and communications for 2021. The Group undertakes that there are no misrepresentations and misleading statements in the Report.

Consistency: We follow the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for reporting. Where there are any changes in the future that may affect the comparison with previous reports, the Group will add notes to the corresponding content of the report.

### 匯報原則

本報告依循ESG報告指引,應用以下原 則:

重要性:我們定期與持份者溝通,以便更 好地了解其關注影響他們的可持續發展議 題。當我們審視可持續發展的情況、重要 性及披露時,我們會定期參考同行及本地 和地區的可持續發展標準,確保我們在可 持續發展的重點和策略上與之相應。與重 大的可持續發展議題相關的風險因素已納 入集團的風險管理框架。董事會定期審查 對我們的業務和運營最重要的可持續性問 題,並認為本報告中討論的問題對本集團 至關重要。

量化:本集團的相關部門對量化資料作出 紀錄及估算,在可行情況下,本報告會對 適當的量化資料進行年度績效比較,並在 適當之處列出有關標準、方法、假設和/ 或計算方式的資料。

平衡性:本報告的資料和案例主要來源於 二零二一年度集團內部的統計報告、相關 文檔及內部溝通文件。本集團承諾本報告 不存在任何虛假記載及誤導性陳述。

一致性:我們遵循「香港聯交所環境、社 會及管治報告指引」進行匯報。未來若有 任何可能影響與過往報告作比較的變更, 本集團會於報告相應內容加入註解。

#### FEEDBACK

We welcome comments from on our environmental, social and governance measures and performance. Feel free to send your suggestions or opinions to us via email at ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn.

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE STATEMENT OF THE BOARD

The Group has been committed to becoming a world-class nuclear fuel supplier that provides safe, economical and reliable nuclear fuel products and services for nuclear power plants. The Group strives to create a more prosperous and sustainable society, and hopes to bring long-term benefits to the society while pursuing good business performance and sustained growth. The Board takes full responsibility for the sustainable development of the Group and leads the Group to fulfil its social responsibility. We also perform sustainability risk management and maintain communication with stakeholders to ensure that our development meets the expectations of stakeholders. The Board is in overall charge of developing the Group's environmental, social and governance strategies and reports, as well as monitoring and managing ESG-related risks. The Report has also been confirmed and approved by the Board.

In order for the Group to fulfil its vision of corporate social responsibility, we have developed a set of core values of corporate social responsibility, including "undertaking responsibility", "being rigorous and pragmatic", "seeking innovation", "being customer-oriented" and "creating value", and follow the basic principles of "safety first", "quality foremost" and "pursuing excellence" for all production and operating activities.

## 意見反饋

本集團歡迎各持份者就我們的環境、社會 及管治方法及表現提供意見,請以電子郵 件(ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn)提供您的建議 或與我們分享您的意見。

## 董事會的環境、社會及管治聲 明

本集團一直致力於成為國際一流的核燃料 供應商,為核電站提供安全、經濟、可 靠的核燃料產品和服務,努力締造更繁榮 和可持續發展的社會,冀能在爭取業務表 現和持續增長的同時,亦能為社會帶來長 遠裨益。董事會肩負起本集團可持續發展 事宜的全部責任,帶領本集團實踐社會費 任。我們亦會維持可持續發展風險管理及 與持份者的溝通,確保其發展方向合乎各 持份者期望。本集團的董事會全面負責本 集團的環境、社會及管治策略和報告,以 及監察和管理環境、社會及管治相關風 險。本報告亦已獲董事會確認及批准。

為本集團實踐其企業社會責任願景,我們 訂了一套企業社會責任的核心價值,包括 「責任擔當」、「嚴謹務實」、「創新進取」、 「客戶導向」、「價值創造」的價值取向,一 切生產和經營管理活動都以「安全第一」、 「質量第一」、「追求卓越」為集團決策基本 標準和基本原則。

#### **Undertaking Responsibility**

We believe that building a sustainable future for the earth leads to the responsible growth of our business. Accordingly, the Board takes ultimate responsibility for sustainable development of the Group. The Board is tasked with formulating policies and strategies, and ensuring environmental, social and governance risks are integrated into the Group's risk management mechanisms and long-term business plans. The Company has established a sound comprehensive risk management system to effectively identify, track and control risks with reference to the ISO31000:2009 standard "Risk Management-Principles and Guidelines" and the requirements of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices on risk management. We strictly implement the Comprehensive Risk Management Measures, and have set up separate risk management procedures for comprehensive risk management. The Board, the management, the risk management department and business departments perform their respective duties for risk management to ensure that the Group's risk management system is running efficiently. We have established a risk management and internal control system.

#### **Rigorous and practical**

Good corporate governance is crucial to the long-term and healthy development of the Group. The Group's sustainable development management is undertaken by the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Directors, whose management is delegated to all levels of departments that are responsible for managing important sustainable development issues and monitoring their trends, so as to seize all opportunities to improve sustainable development performance of the Group.

Throughout its business, different departments of the Group are responsible for monitoring and achieving the Group's sustainable development performance and goals, reviewing the opinions of stakeholders, collecting ESG data and information, in order to prepare the ESG Report to be reported to and approved by the Board. This report was approved by the board of directors on 25 March 2022 after being confirmed by the management.

#### 責任擔當

我們認為,為地球創造可持續未來,業務 才能得以負責任地增長。故此,董事會對 集團的可持續發展肩負全面責任,負責制 定各項政策及策略,並確保可持續發展的 風險獲納入集團的風險管理機制及長遠的 業務計劃中。本公司已建立完善的全面風 險管理體系,以ISO31000:2009標準《風 險管理一原則及指引》及企業管治守則重 有關風險管理的要求作為重要參考,對風 險進行有效識別、跟踪及控制,嚴格落實 《全面風險管理制度》,並將全面風險業建 立相區分的風險管理流程。董事會、管理 層、風險管理部門及業務部門根據其於風 險管理中承擔的職責開展工作,確保集團 風險管理體系有效運作。我們已設立風險 管理及內部監控系統。

#### 嚴謹務實

良好的企業管治對本集團的長期健康發展 至關重要,本集團的可持續發展管理均由 行政總裁和執行董事承擔,其管理工作層 層下達至負責管理重要可持續發展議題並 監察其趨勢的各個部門,從而緊抓所有可 以改善公司持續發展表現的機會。

本集團各個部門通過其業務負責監察本集 團的可持續發展表現和目標,審視持份者 的意見,收集環境、社會及管治的數據及 資料,以編製集團的年度環境、社會及管 治報告,並向董事會匯報,以供其審批。 本報告經管理層確認後,於2022年3月25 日獲董事會通過。

At the operational level, our business units and departments keep track of our operational performance and ensure compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. We also engage external professional consultants to comprehensively review the soundness and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and market value management systems. By conducting special audits, risk management assessment and internal control evaluation, and regularly providing management recommendations to the Board, the Audit Department effectively prevents and monitors risks existing in the operations and management of the Group in relevant fields, has internal audit play a positive role in risk prevention and control and internal control, and ensures the operational compliance of the Group.

#### Innovation

We constantly look for ways to improve our business, and introduce innovative environmental management projects to reduce pollution and save natural resources. A large wastewater recycling system has been built to save industrial water consumption of the Mines by 10% every year. In addition, the Mines have installed solar heat exchangers for indoor heating and built photovoltaic power stations to meet their daily lighting needs using solar energy, saving approximately 5% of electricity consumption. These measures reduce carbon emissions and energy consumption.

#### **Customer oriented**

We always adhere to the basic principles of "safety first", "quality foremost" and "pursuing excellence", and strive to deliver products and services that attain the highest levels of safety and quality. The Group has formulated strict quality and safety policies providing clear basis for all its operations, so as to enhance the quality and efficiency of work.

#### **Creating value**

In the context of deepening reform of the industry, the Group is reorganising its employee training programmes. It is crucial for us to ensure that our employees can develop and improve their skills in their career. In addition to our employees, we also care about community development. In the past year, the Group contributed to community development in different fields through charitable donations, cultural and educational support and other activities. 營運層面方面,業務單位及部門持續追蹤 營運表現及確保遵循所有適用的法律與規 例。我們亦會委託外部的專業顧問,對集 團風險管理及市值管理的體系健全性和執 行有效性進行了全面梳理評價。通過實施 專項審計及風險管理評價和內控評價,並 定期向董事會提供管理建議,有效防範和 監控了集團相關領域運作與管理中存在的 風險,發揮了內部審計在風險防控和健全 內控方面的積極作用,確保了集團的合法 合規經營。

#### 創新進取

我們不斷尋找提升業務的方法,引入不同 的創新環境管理項目,以減少污染及節 約天然資源。過去,礦場採用了大型的的 廢水循環再用系統,有效為礦場節省每年 10%的工業用水,另外,礦場亦安裝了 太陽能熱交換器為室內供暖,建造了光伏 電站,採用太陽能發電為礦場提供日常照 明,約節省5%的耗電量,從而減少碳排 放及能源消耗。

#### 客戶導向

我們始終堅持「安全第一」、「質量第一」、 「追求卓越」的基本原則,竭誠以最高的安 全水平和質量水平為客戶提供產品和服 務。集團制定了嚴謹的品質政策及安全政 策,使其各項事務的運作都有明確依據可 以遵循,以此提升工作的質量及效率。

#### 價值創造

在行業深化改革的背景下,本集團將其僱 員培訓計劃進行整合。確保員工能夠在 職業生涯中發展及提高技能對我們至關重 要。除了員工外,我們亦十分關心社區發 展,在過去一年,集團不斷支持文化教育 等活動,並身體力行,為不同領域的社區 發展不遺餘力。

Looking forward, the Group will continue to improve its internal control system, incorporate the requirements for strengthening internal control into the management procedure documents, and strengthen supervision over the implementation of various measures of the Group to prevent internal control risks. The Group is studying how to establish a sound long-term incentive and restraint mechanism to link the growth of employees with the development of the Group, so as to encourage employees to make maximum contribution to the Group, stimulate the vitality of the Group as a whole, and promote its high-quality development.

# STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group understands that listening to stakeholders' opinions and effectively and continuously responding to and addressing their concerns are indispensable for its business plan and development and the fulfilment of its corporate social responsibility. As such, we endeavour to get a deep understanding of the concerns of different stakeholders, and build a relationship of mutual trust and mutual benefit with them to promote sustainable development.

The Group endeavours to adopt the opinions of stakeholders (including shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers, regulators and the public) through constructive communication and protect their rights and interests, so as to determine the Group's long-term development direction and maintain close relations with stakeholders. According to the requirements of the Listing Rules, we regularly disclose the Group's operating performance and project progress on the Group's website (www.cgnmc.com) and the information disclosure website designated by the Stock Exchange (HKEXnews: www.hkexnews.hk). All disclosures are prepared and published in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. In addition, when receiving inquiries from investors, the Group will promptly get in touch with them and invite them to visit the Group or attend teleconferences where the Group will answer their questions to help them understand its operating information. Meanwhile, the Group holds roadshows in various forms such as results presentations to introduce the latest information of the Group from time to time and invites investor representatives, potential investors and analysts to attend the roadshows.

展望未來,本集團將繼續完善內部控制制 度,將強化內部控制要求落實在管理程 序文件,並加強對集團各項制度執行的監 督,防範企業內部控制風險。本集團正研 究建立健全長效激勵約束機制,將員工的 成長與集團發展聯繫起來,以鼓勵員工最 大程度的為集團做貢獻,並激發整體企業 活力,推動集團高質量發展。

#### 持份者參與及重要性評估

本集團明白聆聽持份者意見,以及有效地 和持績地回應及關注他們的問題是集團計 劃發展業務及履行企業社會責任的一個不 可或缺的環節。因此,我們深入瞭解不同 持份者關注的事項;與他們建立互信互惠 的關係,從而推動可持續發展。

本集團努力通過建設性的溝通方式採納持 份者(包括股東、客戶、員工、供應商、 監管機構和社會公眾)的意見及保障彼等 權益,以確定本集團的長期發展方向及 與其保持密切的關係。於集團網站(www. cgnmc.com)及聯交所指定資訊披露網站 (披露易:www.hkexnews.hk)中定期披露 (披露易:www.hkexnews.hk)中定期披露 本集團的經營情況及項目進展。此外,當 收到投資者查詢時本集團將及時與投資者 取得聯繫,並通過邀請投資者親臨集團或 透過電話會議等形式助其瞭解集團經營資 訊及解答疑問;同時本集團亦不定期舉辦 業績發佈會等形式的路演,邀請部分投資 者或潛在投資者及分析師參加,以介紹本 集團最新情況。

The Group communicates with stakeholders in the following ways:

本集團與持份者的溝通方式如下:

Major stakeholders	Communication methods
主要持份者	溝通方式
Investors	Maintain close, transparent and efficient communication with shareholders through regular investor meetings, annual general meetings, emails, investor relations hotline and investor mailbox and announcements.
投資者	通過定期投資者會議、股東周年大會、電郵、投資者關係熱線及投資 者信箱及公告等形式,與持份者保持緊密、透明及高效溝通。
Customers	Set up a customer service hotline for customers to express their opinions. Where a complaint is received, customer service staff shall give the customer a proper reply as soon as possible.
客戶	設專門部門及專人對口客戶需求並及時對出現的問題給予反饋。
Employees	Develop measures for employment and employee benefits, and strengthen employees' awareness of occupational safety and health through training.
員工	制定僱傭及員工福利制度,透過培訓加強員工對職業安全及健康之意 識。
Suppliers	Carry out open and transparent procurement through emails, meetings, review and evaluation process to achieve mutual benefit and win-win results with suppliers.
供應商	透過電郵、會議、審核及評估流程,達致公開透明的採購政策,與供 應商互利共贏。

After internal communication in the Group, we identified the following aspects recognized as the key concerns to the Group's sustainability, which substantially impact the sustainability of the Group.

本集團經過內部溝通後,我們識別出以下 的項目為對本集團可持續發展有重大影響 的方面。這些方面已被列為本集團可持續 發展的重點關注領域。

<b>Environmental</b> 環境方面	Socia 社會方	
<ul> <li>污染控制</li> <li>Making Good Use of Resources</li> <li>善用資源</li> <li>Promoting Green Operations 推動線色營運</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Equal Employment 平等僱傭</li> <li>Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康與安全</li> <li>Training and Development 培訓發展</li> <li>Protection of Rights and Interests 權益保障</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理</li> <li>Quality Products 優質產品</li> <li>Corporate Governance 企業治理</li> <li>Giving Back to Society 回饋社區</li> </ul>

#### A. Environmental

#### 1. Emissions

The Group is committed to environmental protection and sustainable development in a drive to fulfil its social responsibility as a corporate citizen. To achieve a better green life, we have formulated a series of measures to reduce environmental impact, control exhaust and greenhouse gas emissions and discharge to water and land, reduce the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, so as to honour our continued commitment to environmental protection.

For emission and waste management, the Group aims to fully comply with the regulatory requirements and strictly abide by all applicable environmental laws and regulations, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China. During the Reporting Period, the Group had no violation of any relevant regulations.

### A. 環境

#### 1. 排放物

集團的排放及廢物管理以 完全符合法規要求為目 標,嚴格遵守所有適用的 環保法例和法規,例如《中 華人民共和國環境保護 法》,報告期內並未有違規 的情況。

The Group undertakes to reduce the impact of its business operations on neighbouring areas. Due to our business characteristics, none of our offices has a significant amount of exhaust emissions. However, we require all offices and the Mines to strictly abide by local regulations on exhaust emissions. The Mines have each obtained an exhaust emission permit issued by Kazakhstan's environmental protection authority, and regularly conduct exhaust emission tests to ensure that the exhaust emissions do not exceed the emission limits stipulated by relevant laws and regulations. The air pollutants emitted by the Group mainly come from fuel consumption during operations and by vehicles. It is crucial to implement emission control measures to reduce environmental impact and protect the health of employees. We gradually upgrade machinery and transportation equipment to replace diesel and gasoline with natural gas. This move can lower the consumption of diesel and gasoline and reduce the emissions of sulphur dioxide and other exhaust gases and carbon dioxide caused by the combustion of diesel and gasoline. During the Reporting Period, the gasoline-fuelled administrative vehicles at the headquarters of the Mines were converted to run on natural gas.

The annual emissions of gas fuel and vehicles at the Mines are as follows:

集團承諾減少業務營運對 臨近地區的影響,由於業 務特性,我們旗下的各營 運辦公室均沒有重大的廢 氣排放,但是我們要求及 礦場均嚴格遵從當地有關 廢氣排放的法例。礦場亦 已取得哈薩克斯坦政府環 保部門所發出的廢氣排放 許可,並定期進行廢氣排 放檢測,以確保廢氣排放 量不超出相關的法律法規 規定排放達標。集團排放 之空氣污染物主要來自 營運過程中及車輛產生之 燃料消耗。實施排放控制 措施以減低環境影響及保 護僱員健康至關重要。我 們續步升級機械及運輸設 備,以天然氣代替柴油或 汽油作燃料,減少柴油及 汽油的消耗之餘,亦能有 效減少由燃燒柴油及汽油 所導致二氧化硫等的廢氣 排放及二氧化碳排放,在 報告期間,礦場總部的行 政汽車由汽油改裝成天然 氣。

礦場的氣體燃料及車輛年 排放數據如下:

Pollutants 污染物	Unit 單位	Air pollutant emissions 廢氣污染物排放量
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物(NOx)	kg 千克	4,111.46
Sulphur Dioxide (SOx) 硫氧化物(SOx)	kg 千克	4.48
Particulate Matter (PM) 顆粒(PM)	kg 千克	310.99

It is an indisputable fact that global warming is getting worse and worse. To solve such problems as environmental pollution and greenhouse effect, the world is focusing on developing clean energy. The Group and the Mines are also involved in this effort by mining natural uranium to provide a key fuel for the nuclear energy industry. Yet, in the course of operations, we inevitably generate some greenhouse gas emissions. As a responsible enterprise, we have formulated a series of regulations and rules in accordance with relevant local laws and regulations to reduce emissions.

To reduce emissions, the Group has adopted and implemented a series of measures:

- We provide, and encourage employees to use, video and telephone conference systems to reduce the frequency of business travel and the greenhouse gas emissions caused by transportation;
- We have developed a regional procurement policy to give preference to local suppliers, so as to reduce energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions resulting from additional transportation; and
- We give priority to the use of eco-friendly equipment, such as choosing variable frequency air conditioning, using refrigerants with less damage to the ozone layer, and replacing gas stoves with induction cookers.

針對減少產生排放物,本 集團採納及實踐一系列的 措施:

- 我們提供並鼓勵員 工使用視頻及電話 會議系統,以減少 商旅出差及其相關 交通運輸引致的溫 室氣體排放;
- 我們制訂了關於區 域性採購的政策, 盡可能選用本地供 應商,以減少因額 外的運輸過程而增 加的能源消耗及溫 室氣體的排放;及

我們優先選用較環 保的設備,例如: 可變頻空調設備及 使用減低損壞臭氧 層的冷媒;改用電 磁爐具,以取代使 用煤氣的設備。

The greenhouse gas emissions of the Group are as follows :

集團的溫室氣體排放量如 下:

Greenhouse gas		UK and		
emission category	Unit	Hong Kong Offices	Mines	
溫室氣體排放類別	單位	英國及香港辦公室	礦場	
Greenhouse gas emissions in total	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	12.40	15,681.14	
總溫室氣體排放量	公噸二氧化碳當量			
Direct emissions (Scope 1)	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	0	2,447.94	
直接排放(範圍1)	公噸二氧化碳當量			
Energy-related indirect emissions (Scope 2) 能源間接排放(範圍2)	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent 公噸二氧化碳當量	12.40	13,233.21	
Note:		附註:		
The calculations were based on Environmental KPIs issued by the Guidelines for National Greenhous Assessment Report, and latest grid en	Stock Exchange, 2006 IPCC e Gas Inventories, IPCC Fifth	計算乃基於聯交所所發佈的環境關鍵績效指標報告指引、二零零六年IPCC國家溫室氣體清單指南、IPCC第五次評估報告、最新電網排放因子:		
Scope 1 includes emissions from stat emissions from direct combustion of d	-	範圍1包括柴油的固定燃燒排放、 柴油的移動源直接燃燒排放;以及		
Scope 2 includes indirect energy emis	sions from purchased power.	範圍2包括購買 放。	[電力的能源間接排	
Solid waste disposal		固廢處理		
We have introduced seve	ral waste emission or	為合理地減	(低生產過程中	
discharge reduction and			[物產生量,確	
reasonably reduce the amo			)暫存管理工作	
in the production process		有效實施,	我們推行了一	
management of temporary w	aste storage. The Group	系列針對廢	豪棄物的減排及	
has asked its factories to ke	ep informed of laws and	管理措施。	集團要求各辦	
regulations and other require	ments published by local	公室及礦場	¦均緊密追踪當	

governments as well as actual conditions, and actively and scientifically sort, collect, and store waste from within the Group.

地政府公佈的法律法規及

其他要求和實際情況,積

極將集團內部的廢棄物科 學地分類、收集、存放。

The solid waste generated in UK and Hong Kong offices is mainly composed of three types: nonrecyclable domestic waste, recyclable domestic waste (cartons, papers, waste metal, waste plastic bags, glass, etc.), and hazardous waste (waste batteries, waste toner cartridges, waste ink cartridges and other toxic and hazardous waste). Recyclable wastes will be reused as much as possible in day-to-day office operations, or disposed by waste recycling stations. Hazardous wastes will be stored separately and handed over to external agencies or returned to the manufacturer(s) for disposal, and shall not be discarded at random in order to prevent re-contamination. Non-reusable domestic wastes produced from the Hong Kong office's operation are under centralised management by property management personnel of the office building, and will be transported to a waste transfer station for classification, and then transported to the site designated by the municipal sanitation department for disposal. Those produced from United Kingdom's office operation will be delivered to waste collection station of the office building by cleaning workers and then arranged for collection and treatment by the municipal government.

In addition, we require the Mines to, in strict accordance with local environmental laws and regulations, transfer the hazardous waste generated in the production process, such as lead-containing accumulators and batteries, waste oil, and waste chemical reagents, to qualified agencies for recycling and disposal. In addition, in order to reduce the generation of waste, the Mines also collect, classify, and arrange recycling of non-hazardous waste such as plastic glass and metal to encourage recycling. For example, the Mines collect iron-containing solid waste and put it in leaching solution pools to help extract more natural uranium, thus reducing waste and increasing output; and engage gualified processing companies to recover, process and recycle hazardous waste such as waste oil and drilling fluid.

英國及香港辦公區產生的 固體廢棄物主要由三部分 組成:不可回收的生活廢 棄物,可回收的生活廢棄 物(紙箱、紙張、廢金屬、 廢塑料包裝袋、玻璃等), 有害廢棄物(廢電池、廢 硒鼓、廢墨盒等有毒有害 垃圾)。對有可回收利用 價值的廢棄物,則盡量再 次利用到日常辦公室營運 工作中,或交由廢品回收 站處理。有害廢棄物單獨 存放集中外委處理或返回 廠家,不隨意棄置,防止 再次污染。對於辦公中產 生的不可再利用的生活廢 棄物,香港 公室會交由 大廈物業人員統一管理, 運送到垃圾中轉站分類處 置,並集中運送到市政環 衛部門指定地點處理;而 英國辦公室則會交由清潔 工運送到辦公樓的垃圾收 集處,由市政府安排收集 處理。

另外,我們要求礦場嚴格 按照當地的環保法例對生 產過程中產生的有害廢棄 物,如含鉛的蓄電瓶和電 池、廢油、廢棄的化學試 劑等轉交相關的合資格處 理商進行回收處置。另一 方面,為減少廢棄物的產 生,礦場亦積極對塑膠玻 璃、金屬等無害廢棄物進 行分類收集及安排回收以 鼓勵回收再造,例如:礦 場會收集含鐵的固體廢棄 物,再放進溶浸液池以協 助提取更多的天然鈾,減 少浪費並有助增加產量; 另外,亦會聘請合資格處 理商對廢油、鑽井液等有 害廢棄物安排回收並經加 工處理後,再循環使用。

The amounts of hazardous and non-hazardous waste generated by the Group are as follows:

集團的有害及無害廢棄物 產生量如下:

Waste category 廢棄物類別	Unit Mines 單位	s in Kazakhstan 哈薩克斯坦礦場
Hazardous waste 有害廢棄物	tonnes 公噸	3.55
Non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物	tonnes 公噸	33.50
Note:	附註:	

Note:

Due to business characteristics, none of our operating offices have significant hazardous waste products, and due to the low production of non-hazardous waste, the impact on the overall sustainable development of the Group is minimal, so no data records are provided based on the principle of materiality.

#### 2. Use of Resources

Climate change is a huge and complex challenge we are facing nowadays. The Company understands that all companies have the responsibility to protect the environment. Accordingly, we require that the Group and the Mines implement a range of measures in three major aspects, i.e. energy use, water resources and the extraction of raw materials, to improve the efficiency of the use of resources of energy. Due to our business characteristics, our offices do not need to use any packaging materials in the course of operations. The transportation and packaging of nuclear materials in the Mines are carried out according to international safety standards and the highest specifications, so as to prevent any leakage and ensure public safety.

We advocate the use of energy-saving, efficient and environmentally-friendly construction equipment, machinery and office appliances recommended by the state and the industry, and give preference to such equipment with an aim to gradually improve energy efficiency. Meanwhile, we keep ourselves updated on the latest environmental news to optimise the existing services, so as to reduce environmental pollution.

由於業務特性,我們旗下的各營運 辦公室均沒有重大的有害廢棄物 產,而由於無害廢棄物產量較少, 對本集團整體在可持續發展的影響 湛為輕微,故基於重要性原則未有 提供數據紀錄。

#### 資源使用 2.

氣候變化是現今我們所面 臨的巨大而複雜的挑戰, 本公司了解到及保護環境 是所有企業應盡的責任。 故此,我們要求自身及礦 場積極針對能源使用、水 資源及原材料提煉三大環 節亦正努力不懈推行多項 措施,以盡力提升資源能 源效益。而由於業務特 性,各辦公室在營運的過 程並不需使用任何的包裝 物料。而礦場對於核原料 的運送及包裝,均按照國 際安全標準,以最高規格 進行運送及包裝處理,以 防任何的洩漏,確保公眾 安全。

我們提倡使用國家、行業 推薦的節能、高效、環保 的施工設備、機具和辦公 用具,以逐步提高能源效 益為目標優先考慮相關設 備。同時,我們亦持續更 新環保的最新消息以優化 現有服務,從而減少環境 污染。

During the year, the Group implemented the following energy-saving measures to control power consumption:

年內,本集團實行以下的 節能措施以控制耗電量:

The Mines:	Conduct electricity consumption management in the
The Mines: 礦場:	<ul> <li>Conduct electricity consumption management in the mine areas, and turn off lighting in warehouses and dormitories when no one is there; power consumption shall not exceed the average at full-load production;</li> <li>對礦區施行量化用電管理,倉庫或宿舍無人時會關閉 照明;用電不超過全負荷生產的平均用電量;</li> <li>Set production schedule for continuous production and make reasonable production plans for the Mines to prevent uneven power consumption and minimise the waste of power arising from machine idling;</li> <li>礦區處於連續生產作業,按生產計劃,合理安排生產 計劃,避免用電不均,避免機器空轉而導致不必要的 耗電;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Review power consumption on a regular basis, and assess and inspect those departments and workshops with abnormal power consumption to ensure reasonable power consumption;</li> <li>定期評估電耗,對電耗異常的部門車間進行評估檢查,確保用電合理;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Prohibit the use of incandescent lamps in the Mines, and install and use energy-saving LED lighting systems instead;</li> <li>礦山禁止使用白熾燈,並安裝和使用節能的LED照明</li> </ul>
	系統取代原有照明燈具;
	<ul> <li>For indoor heating, solar heat exchangers have been installed to replace traditional fossil fuels through heat exchange principles, thus reducing carbon emissions and energy consumption; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>安裝了太陽能熱交換器為室內供暖,利用熱交換原理 取代以傳統石化燃料提供熱能,以減少碳排放及能源 消耗;及</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Photovoltaic power stations have been built to meet the daily lighting needs of the Mine, which is expected to save 5% of power consumption.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>建造了光伏電站,採用太陽能發電為礦場提供日常照</li> <li>明,預計可節省5%的耗電量。</li> </ul>

Energy-saving measures 節能措施	
UK Office and Hong Kong Office 英國辦公室及香港辦公室:	<ul> <li>Turn off the air conditioning and lighting equipment immediately after leaving the office/conference room and other rooms. Put up a "Save Energy" label at the exit of each room as a reminder;</li> <li>在辦公室/會議室等房間使用完畢後,應立即關掉空 調及照明設備。並在房間出口貼上「節約能源」標貼以 作提示:</li> <li>Turn off excessive lighting in places that are very bright Keep the indoor temperature at 25.5℃;</li> <li>在光線過強的地方,應減除過量的照明設備。保持室 內溫度在25.5℃:</li> <li>Wear light clothes in hot months to minimise the need for air conditioning;</li> <li>在炎熱的月份穿着輕便的服裝,盡量減低對空調的需 求:</li> <li>Turn off computers and unnecessary lighting during non-working hours or when leaving the workplace to reduce power consumption;</li> <li>在非辦公時間或需要離開工作間時,應將電腦及不必 要的照明關掉,以減少耗電量:</li> <li>Activate the lock or sleep mode of computer through the "power management" function when needed;</li> <li>按個別情況,應透過「電能管理」功能使電腦進入靜止 或休眠設定模式:</li> <li>Turn off unnecessary servers at night, Saturday afternoon and public holidays; and</li> <li>在夜間、星期六下午和公眾假期,關掉並非必需的侍 服器:及</li> <li>Use energy-saving lighting fxtures, such as LED lighting, to achieve higher energy efficiency.</li> <li>盡量使用節能的照明燈具,如發光二極管(LED),以達 至較高能源效益。</li> </ul>
	中席核礦業有限公司 一零一

The total energy consumption of the Group is as follows:

集團的總耗能如下:

<b>Energy type</b> 能源種類	<b>Unit</b> 單位	UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室		
Total energy consumption 總能源耗量	thousand kWh 千個千瓦時	17.87	39172.16	
Total energy consumption intensity	thousand kWh/person	0.85	72.27	
總能源耗量密度	千個千瓦時/人			
Direct energy consumption	thousand kWh	N/A	9096.69	
直接能源耗量	千個千瓦時	不適用		
Direct energy consumption intensity	thousand kWh/person	N/A	16.78	
直接能源耗量密度	千個千瓦時/人	不適用		
Indirect energy consumption 間接能源耗量	thousand kWh 千個千瓦時	17.87	30075.47	
Indirect energy consumption intensity	thousand kWh/person	0.85	55.49	
間接能源耗量密度	千個千瓦時/人			
Note: The unit of energy data is con lower heat value;			》源數據參考較低熱值換 [為千瓦時;	
Direct energy consumption re and	Direct energy consumption represents diesel consumption; and		[接能源耗量為柴油素 1;及	
Indirect energy consumption re	Indirect energy consumption represents power consumption.		間接能源耗量為電力耗 量。	

The water used in all of the offices of the Group is mainly sourced from municipal pipelines. Although the operating offices of the Group do not have difficulty in sourcing water in their daily operations, we still persistently reduce the water resources used in business operations and instruct the operating offices and the Mines to strictly control the discharge and treatment of sewage and strengthen the management of water resources, with a view of "saving water and using it wisely". All of our operating sites and the Mines implement a variety of water management measures, including:

 Promote the concept of water conservation to employees, and put up the "Save Water" label in appropriate places to remind employees to reduce water use in daily operations and turn off the faucet immediately after using it, so as to reduce unnecessary waste and achieve the purpose of water conservation;

> Regularly inspect water use areas in the plants, strengthen the daily maintenance management of water equipment, and regularly maintain water supply facilities such as water pipes and hoses to reduce hidden leakage and prevent water waste caused by facility damage;

- - 定期在礦場園區用 水區域進行巡查, 加強用水設備日常 維修管等供水設品 期進行保養,以設 時止因 導致水浪費;
- A large sewage recycling system was built where sewage generated in production will be transported to a biological purification station for purification and disinfection, and then be reused in garden irrigation, equipment cleaning and production. The system can save 10% of industrial water for the Mines each year;
- Optimize work procedures and introduce advanced alternative materials and equipment, and calculate the amount of wastewater generated each year and estimate future wastewater generation;
- The domestic wastewater of the hydrometallurgy workshop is transferred to the septic tank after chlorination, transported to a biological purification pool through plastic pipeline for purification, and then reused; and
- Arrange reasonable use of water based on production plan, and conduct assessment of water consumption on a regular basis to develop more effective water-conservation plans and measures, thereby reducing unnecessary waste.

The total water consumption of the Group and the Mines is as follows:

建立了大型的的廢 水循環再用系統, 生產區到生物。 會輸送淨化的進動。 不環使用在港。 不環使用在決測。 備及生產系統可以以 備及生產系統可 等,此系統的 編場每年節省10% 的工業用水;

- 優化工作程序和配 置先進的可替代材 料和設備,以及每 年核算廢水的生成 量和對並對將來廢 水生成進行預估;
- 水冶車間的生活廢 水氯化後送往化糞 池,廢水經塑料管 線輸送到生物進化 池進行淨化,然後 再次利用;及
- 按生產計劃合理安 排用水及定期評估 用水量,以制定更 有效的節水方案及 措施,從而減少不 必要的浪費。

本集團及礦場的總耗水量 如下:

	Unit 單位	<b>Mines in Kazakhstan</b> 哈薩克斯坦礦場
Water consumption 耗水量	m <sup>3</sup> 立方米	~ 116,633.00
Water consumption intensity 耗水量密度	m³/person 立方米/人	215.19
	K and UK offices is provided by included in the rent. So there is apption of both offices.	附註: 香港和英國辦事處的用水 量由物業管理部門提供, 並包含在租金中,沒有兩 個辦事處的用水量記錄。

#### 3. Environment and natural resources

The Group actively integrates environmental protection responsibility into its daily operations. We will continue to examine feasible strategies and measures for energy conservation and look for more opportunities for energy conservation and carbon reduction. The Group also encourages its member companies and the Mines to comply with the state's green economy policy to reduce the consumption of the environment and natural resources.

The success of environmental management relies on the support and cooperation of employees. As such, the Group and the Mines provide environmental protection education to employees, encourage them to practice energy conservation and environmental protection in every aspect of work and life, and advocate the conservation of water, electricity, paper and office supplies. Employees are also organised to take environmental protection training courses and examinations on a regular basis to enhance their awareness of environmental protection. We also encourage employees to participate in environmental protection activities organized by various organizations from time to time to enhance employees' understanding of environmental protection and environmental management. Moreover, we inform employees of energy savings through environmental protection signs displayed at prominent location of the operating sites, such as well sites, hydrometallurgy workshops, office area and computers.

In order to undertake its responsibility as a corporate citizen, the Group promotes green operations and works on all aspects of its operations to reduce environmental damage. Our operating offices and the Mines have a safety and environmental management department to take charge of inspecting and supervising the environmental protection and management of the Mines.

#### 3. 環境及天然資源

集團積極將環境保護的責 任融入到日常經營行為 中,我們會持續檢視約能 源的可行策略和措施, 可行策略和減碳的 會。場遵照國家的線色 。 以減低對環境及 自然資源的消耗。

環保管理的成功,實有賴 員工的支持和配合。故 此,本集團及礦場積極向 員工推行環保教育,鼓勵 節能環保從工作生活細節 做起,提倡節約用水、用 電及用紙,節約使用辦公 用品,並會對員工定期進 行環保培訓和考試增強他 們的環保意識。我們亦不 時主動鼓勱員工參與不同 機構所舉辦的環保活動, 以提升員工對保護環境和 環保管理的理念。另外, 於營運地點當眼處如井 場、水冶車間、辦公區及 電腦上張貼環保標誌,提 醒員工節約能源。

為承擔企業公民的責任, 集團提倡綠色營運,在營 運各個細節著手,致力減 少對環境的損害。我們各 個營運辦公室及礦場均設 有安全環境管理部門,負 責檢查和監督礦山的環境 保護和治理工作工。

In terms of conservation, it is strictly forbidden to hunt and kill animals in the Mines and the surrounding areas. and vehicles of the Mines and external contractors are prohibited from entering the vegetation area outside the Mines. Without the permission of the government, the Mines shall not destroy or transplant plant species protected by the state; the explored mining areas will be reclaimed with surface vegetation to restore the original ecological environment and reduce the damage caused to the environment. In addition, as to the procurement of materials, we give preference to materials that have a relatively low impact on the environment. For example, the Mines use casing pipes made of non-toxic polyethylene and polyvinyl chloride for well completion to prevent pollution of the underground environment.

We have put in place green office measures for office operations, including: attaching a power saving sign to each power control device; setting the air conditioning system to keep the office room temperature at 25°C; building an auxiliary office automation (OA) system to reduce the use of paper for application submission; and implementing paperless office by using email communication at work as much as possible to reduce paper consumption. We also conduct internal communication from time to time to strengthen the implementation of these measures. Moreover, as for purchasing stationery items and equipment, it is the Group's on-going task to encourage green procurement strategies. For instance, prioritizing to the use of refrigerators and other electrical appliances with energy efficiency labels, using various environmentally friendly materials such as reusable ink cartridges, recycled papers and second-handed furniture, so as to avoid consumption of excessive resources.

在保育方面,礦場內一率 嚴格禁止捕殺礦區及周邊 的動物及禁止礦山和外部 承包商的車輛駛入礦區以 外的植被區域;在未經政 府允許的情況下,礦山不 得破壞或移栽國家保護的 植物物種;對開墾過的礦 區,會進行地表植被的複 墾工作以恢復原來的生態 環境,減少對環境造成的 破壞。另外,在物料採購 方面,我們會優先考慮相 對 對 環 境 影 響 較 輕 的 物 料,例如:礦場的工藝孔 成井套管都是選用無毒的 聚乙烯和聚氯乙烯套管, 以防止污染地下環境。

我們為辦公室營運訂立綠 色辦公室措施,包括:在 各電源空制位置貼上節約 用電的提醒標示;設定空 調系統,保持辦公室室內 為25℃;建立辦公OA輔 助系統,減少紙張流轉申 請; 實施無紙化辦公, 在 工作溝通中儘量以電郵溝 通,減少用紙。我們亦不 定期進行內部溝通,以加 強落實該措施。此外,在 採購辦公室文儀用品及設 備方面,集團一直鼓勵推 動綠色採購策略,例如優 先選用獲得能源效益標籤 的雪櫃及其他電器;及採 用多樣的環保物料,如環 保墨盒、環保紙及二手傢 俬等,以避免過度的資源 消耗。

#### 4. Climate Change

The Group has always been concerned about climate change issues. For this reason, the Group strives to take the best measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from business operations and combat climate change. In order to cope with unexpected extreme weather such as severe cold or typhoon, the Mines have formulated emergency response plans for extreme and severe weather. For example, the Mines provide heating for employees in the northern mining area where it is often very cold in winter; equip dressing rooms with sauna to help outdoor workers guickly recover their body temperature; and set up observation stations in the mining areas to provide necessary support for outdoor workers. In case of severe weather such as typhoon, rainstorm and extreme heat. managers need to mobilise staff and take preventive measures, and schedule employees' commuting to and from work in accordance with relevant regulations, so as to ensure the safety of employees. The Group also takes advice from local government departments and develops relevant protective measures to avoid physical damage as much as possible.

#### 4. 氣候變化

集團一百關注氣候變化議 題,為此本集團力求採取 最佳措施,減少業務營運 所帶來的溫室氣體排放, 對抗氣候變化。為應對突 如其來的極端天氣如嚴寒 或颱風等,礦場亦已制定 有關極端及惡劣天氣的緊 急應對方案,例如在北部 礦區冬天時常出現嚴寒, 會為員工提供暖氣;而更 衣室配用桑拿房,幫助室 外作業工人迅速恢復體 溫;礦區設有觀察站點, 可為礦區室外作業工人提 供必要支持。當萬一遇上 颱風、暴雨及酷熱等惡劣 天氣,管理人員更需調動 人手和採取預防措施,並 合規地安排僱員的上下 班,以保障員工安全;本 集團亦會參照由當地政府 部門的建議,制定好相應 的保護措施,盡可能避免 受到實體性損壞。



#### B. Social

#### 1. Employment

Employees are the most valuable asset of the Group. We protect the rights and interests of employees, care for their health and safety, improve their working conditions, and explore better career development opportunities for them. As an employer that advocates equal opportunities and cares about employees, the Group and the Mines uphold the principles of "fairness, openness, and employee-position matching" for recruitment management. According to such principles, we only focus on whether each applicant's capabilities and qualifications fit the requirements of the relevant position during recruitment. The Group respects employees' personal freedom, protects their personal privacy, establishes a diverse culture, and has zero tolerance for any discrimination against employees based on race, colour, age, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, pregnancy, belief or marital status.

The Group and the Mines have always entered into employment contracts with employees in accordance with employment laws of the regions in which we operate, specifying the rights and obligations between the Group and employees, so as to create the stable and sustainable employment. We have established specific measures for dismissal and compensation. If an employee seriously misbehaves in the course of work and causes damage to the interests of the Group, the Group and the Mines may terminate his/her employment contract in accordance with the relevant employment laws and request compensation from him/her according to law.

### **B.** 社會

1. 僱傭

僱員是集團最寶貴的資 產。我們保護僱員的權利 和利益,關愛其健康和安 全,改善其工作條件,並 為僱員探索更好的事業發 展機會。作為一個提倡機 會平等及關心員工的僱 主,本集團及礦場的崗位 聘任管理制度中均以「公正 公開、人崗匹配」為招聘原 則,依照該原則,我們在 招聘員工時只強調應徵者 的個人能力資歷是否適合 職位所定的要求。本集團 尊重員工的個人自由,建 立多元文化,包融不同人 種、膚色、年齡、性別、 性取向、種族、殘疾、懷 孕、信仰或婚姻狀況的員 工,絕不容忍姑息任何歧 視,尊重員工的個人自 由,保護員工個人私隱。

The Group and the Mines adhere to the management philosophy of "setting post-specific salaries and adjusting salaries for job changes", and have developed a comprehensive annual salary review mechanism. According to its annual total salary budget, the Company formulates a salary adjustment plan as appropriate based on the benchmarking against similar positions in the market and the performance appraisal grades of employees for the previous year to provide employees with fair and competitive compensation packages.

We have a set of management policies for promotion and transfer of employees. The transfer or promotion of an employee's position is suggested based on business needs, and an appraisal will be conducted on the performance of such employee. The appraisal result will be reviewed by the human resources department and approved by the general manager. Career progression of an employee is determined based on the performance in its results and works and the qualification of individual. We encourage employee development and give priority to internal selection for hiring talents under the same conditions.

Providing employees with generous benefits can help a company attract and retain talents. As such, the Group provides employees with medical insurance, maternity leave for women and paternity leave for men; the Mines offer holiday allowances and maternity leave subsidies to care about the lives of employees, and provide employees with maternity leave of up to three years and one month of paid leave in accordance with local labour laws.

The Group understands that the cohesion of employees is a key driving force for corporate development, and good communication channels with employees serve as a cornerstone of the Group's operations. As such, the Group welcomes and values employees' opinion. Employees can express their suggestions to the Group at any time through suggestion box, email, telephone, and social media.

We always value the physical and mental health of employees and support them to enjoy living a full life in their spare time. The Group has set up a 24-hour psychological counselling hotline service for employees and issued them Happy-feeling cards. The Company also provides stress training to stimulate employees' awareness of stress management and expand their physical and mental resources, so as to reduce the impact of stress on themselves and the Company and help them manage stress more effectively. In addition, the Group's employee handbook stipulates that employees are not encouraged to work overtime in order to ensure that they have enough rest time.

The Group strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations on remuneration and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare, such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China in the PRC; the Employment Ordinance and the Employees' Compensation Ordinance in Hong Kong; and the Equal Opportunities Employment Policy, the Equality Act 2010 in the United Kingdoms. There was no violation during the period.

本集團嚴格遵守有關薪酬 及解僱、招聘及晉升、工 作時數、假期、平等機 會、多元化、反歧視以及 其他待遇及福利的相關法 律及規例,例如中國的《中 華人民共和國勞動法》、 《中華人民共和國勞動合同 法》、《中華人民共和國社 會保險法》;香港地區的 《僱傭條例》、《僱傭補償 條例》;以及英國的《Equal **Opportunities Employment** Policy, the Equality Act 2010》等法律法規, 期內並 未有違規情況。

The number of employees of the Group by category is	集團按不同類別劃分的僱
as follows:	員人數如下:

Category 分類		UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室	Mines in Kazakhstan 哈薩克斯坦礦場
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	17	489
Female	女性	5	53
By employment type	按僱傭類型劃分		
Full-time	全職	22	511
Part-time	兼職		
Apprentices and interns	學徒和實習生		
Contract	合約		31
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
Under 25	25歲以下	0	139
25 to 34	25至34歲	8	137
35 to 44	35至44歲	6	140
45 to 54	45至54歲	4	97
55 to 64	55至64歲	4	29
65 or above	65歲或以上	0	0
By region	按地區劃分		
The PRC	中國	6	0
Hong Kong	香港	6	0
Others	其他	10	542
Note:		附註	

The calculation was based on the Reporting Guide for Social Key Performance Indicators issued by the Stock Exchange

計算乃基於聯交所發佈的社會關鍵 績效指標匯報指引

The employee turnover rate of the Group by category is as follows:

集團按不同類別劃分的僱 員流失比率如下:

Category 分類		UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室	Mines in Kazakhstan 哈薩克斯坦礦場
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	0%	4.09%
Female	女性	60%	15.09%
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
Under 25	25歲以下	0%	2.16%
25 to 34	25至34歲	13%	10.22%
35 to 44	35至44歲	33%	5.00%
45 to 54	45至54歲	0%	3.09%
55 to 64	55至64歲	0%	3.45%
65 or above	65歲或以上	0%	
By region	按地區劃分		
The PRC	中國	0%	0.00%
Hong Kong	香港	50%	0.00%
Others	其他	0%	5.17%
Note:		附註:	

The calculation was based on the Reporting Guide for Social Key

Performance Indicators issued by the Stock Exchange

#### 2. Health and Safety

The Group and the Mines always put the safety of employees first. Accordingly, we have established a safety management system to ensure that employees can work in a safe working environment at all times. In order to implement the safety production policy of "safety first, prevention prioritized, and comprehensive governance", improve the Group's ability to cope with risks and prevent accidents, protect employees from occupational hazards during production and operations, and prevent occupational safety accidents and occupational diseases, the Group has developed management systems for safety management, accident prevention, emergency rescue, and occupational health of employees. 計算乃基於聯交所發佈的社會關鍵 績效指標匯報指引

2. 健康與安全

本集團及礦場一直把員工 的安全放在首位,為此, 建立了系統化的安全管理 制度,務求令員工時刻能 在安全的工作環境中作 業。為了貫徹落實「安全第 一、預防為主、綜合治理」 的安全生產方針,提高集 團應對風險和防範事故的 能力,保障員工在生產勞 動過程中不受職業病危害 因素的影響,預防職業安 全事故和職業病的發生, 本集團針對安全管理、事 故預防及應急救援預案及 員工職業健康等制訂管理 體系。

In order to improve its safety management, the Mines have set up a safety department to take charge of the safety affairs in the Mines. The safety department conducts safety inspections on the work sites on a weekly basis to review the Group's occupational health and safety performances, reports the existing risks and proposes relevant rectification measures, and supervises and tracks the progress of the rectification measures to further reduce the accident rate. There is one occupational health and safety specialist and two first-aiders to take care of the safety matters in UK office. Moreover, we conduct safety risks assessment on a yearly basis, and take immediate rectification actions for the problems appearing to minimize the safety risk of possible problems.

The Group recognizes that safety risk assessment of the production sites can effectively prevent accidents. As such, the Mines will conduct analysis and risk assessment of the working environment to identify the processes and areas with risks, and take appropriate corrective and preventive measures for operations that fail to comply with the internal occupational health and safety regulations. Based on the safety risk assessment results, the Mines have developed a number of specific safety measures, such as: provide sufficient personal protective equipment, like safety belts for aerial work, anti-dust and anti-harmful gas masks and acidproof overalls, and require that employees must wear these equipment when entering a workplace; arrange for motor vehicle safety inspectors to inspect the driving conditions of mineral vehicles and the health conditions of drivers in order to ensure the safe driving of vehicles; and test the operational status of relevant equipment and mineral vehicles on a regular basis. We are dedicated to promoting safety culture to ensure the occupational safety and health of employees. The Mines require all employees to receive safety training and pass a safety examination before taking up a job. In addition, the Mines also arrange a safety examination every two years so that employees can review and update their safety knowledge.

為提升礦場的安全管理水 準,礦場設立了安全部門 專青礦場內的安全事務, 安全部門會每週進行工 作場地的安全檢查,以 定期檢視集團的職業健 康及安全事務表現,並 匯報存在的風險和相應的 整改措施,更會對整改措 施的完成狀態進行監督及 追蹤,以進一步降低事故 發生率。在英國辦公室亦 安排了有一名職業健康安 全專員及兩名急救員負責 該區辦公室的安全事務。 另外,我們亦會每年進行 安全風險評估,如發現問 題,及時整改,以減少危 害安全的風險。

集團深明對生產區域進行 安全風險評估能有效預防 意外的發生,故此礦場會 對工作環境進行分析及風 險評估以識別出存在風險 的工序及範圍,並對未能 符合由內部編製的安全和 職業健康規定的操作採取 相應的糾正預防措施。透 過安全風險評估結果,礦 場制定了多項針對性的安 全空制措施,例如:提供 充足的個人防護裝備,如 高空作業安全帶、防粉塵 和防有害氣體口罩、防酸 工作服等,並嚴格規定進 入工作場地必須佩戴;機 動車安全檢查員對礦產車 輛的行駛狀況和駕駛員的 健康狀態進行巡查,確保 車輛安全行駛;並定期對 有關設備及礦產車輛進行 運行狀態測試。我們積極 推動安全文化,確保職工 職業健康安全,礦場規定 所有員工入職前必須經過 安全培訓和通過考核,此 外,又安排每兩年進行一 次安全考試,讓員工重溫 及更新安全知識。

The Mines are very concerned about the health of employees. Each year, the Group provides comprehensive physical examinations for employees, and invite medical experts to give health lectures to increase the health knowledge of employees. We are also concerned about employees' mental health. The Group and the Mines organized psychological awareness workshops for employees on a regular basis, in order to improve their social skills, emotion management skills and productivity. Meanwhile, we specifically purchased mental health consulting services that offered full mental support to employees with individual counselling over the phone.

The Group strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations on the provision of a safe working environment and protection of employees from occupational hazards, such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases. There was no violation during the period.

#### 3. Development and Training

To maintain the Group's competitiveness in the world of rapid development of technology, it is important that we keep our skills and knowledge up-to-date. Therefore, the Group heavily invests resources in the training and continuous education of employees and establishes an on-the-job training system. We encourage and promote the vocational and professional development of employees. Each year, we develop annual personal training plans for employees. Every employee will be arranged to take a series of job skills training courses every year based on his/ her annual training plan. The subjects of the courses are closely related to the actual work of the employee, which can help quickly improve his/her job skill in both theory and practice and thus continuously enhance his/her vocational and professional capabilities.

礦場十分關注員工的健康 狀況,會每年定期為員工 提供全面的身體檢查,亦 會激請醫學專家到進行健 康講座,增進員工的健康 知識。我們亦關心員工的 心靈健康,集團及礦場會 定期為員工舉辦心理健康 講座,以提昇他們的社交 技巧、情緒處理能力及生 產力;同時我們特意採購 心理健康諮詢服務,員工 可以通過電話諮詢的形式 獲得一對一的心理輔導, 以讓員工得到更全面的情 緒支援。

本集團嚴格遵守有關提供 安全工作環境及保障僱員 避免職業性危害的相關法 律及規例,例如《中華人民 共和國職業病防治法》,期 內並未有違規情況。

3. 發展及培訓

在科技發展日新月異的社 會中,我們堅信掌握最新 技能和新知識有助保持集 **围的競爭力,故此本集團** 積極投放資源於員工培訓 及持續教育及建立在職培 訓體系。我們鼓勵並推行 僱員職業化和專業化發 展,每年均為員工制定個 人年度培訓計劃,每位僱 員根據個人年度培訓計劃 每年都將被安排參加一系 列崗位技能培訓,培訓內 容與該雇員的實際工作緊 密結合,有助於從理論和 實踐兩方面快速提升僱員 的工作技能,進而持續提 升該僱員的職業化和專業 化水平。

In order to speed up the adaptation of new employees to the working environment and their integration into the Group's culture, new employees will receive shortterm induction training after joining the Group to learn about the Group's history, mission, corporate culture, and system and policy requirements. The Group will assign an induction mentor to each employee to help them start their work smoothly as soon as possible. The Mines provide various training courses on professional skills and language skills for employees to equip themselves for work. The courses cover engineering design, instrumentation and software applications, and English and Kazakh learning. Since 2017, the Mine have carried out winter and summer camp learning programs every year for employees to acquire knowledge regarding lean production through a relaxed team learning model, thereby enhancing the professional management skills of employees and improve the operating efficiency of the Group.

The Group is well aware that it is extremely important to provide opportunities for the younger generation to give full play to their strengths and develop their careers. In order to broaden the horizons of young personnel, the Mines encourage them to receive continuing education and sign further study contracts with them to fund their study and retain their jobs. The Group matches its development needs with the career development goals of employees, and guides employees to realise their value and dreams in life by accumulating knowledge and upgrading skills, so that they can grow together with the Group.

為了讓新入職員工加快適 應工作環境及融入集團文 化,新僱員加入集團後, 將接受短期的入職培訓, 以瞭解集團的歷史、宗 旨、企業文化和政策制度 要求。集團會為僱員指派 一位入職導師,幫助僱員 能儘快順利開展工作。礦 場亦為員工提供各方面的 專業技能及語言技巧培訓 課程以裝備工作所需,課 程涵蓋工程設計、儀器及 軟件應用,亦提供英語和 哈薩克斯坦語等的課程。 礦場於2017年至今,每年 均開展冬季和夏季營學習 計劃,員工透過輕鬆的團 隊學習模式以獲得精益生 產的相關知識,提升員工 的專業管理技巧及提高集 團的營運效益。

The Group's percentage of employees trained by category and the average hours of training completed per employee are as follows:

集團按不同類別劃分的受 訓僱員百分比及每名僱員 完成受訓的平均時數如 下:

		UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室		<b>Mines in Kazakhstan</b> 哈薩克斯坦礦場	
Category		Percentage of employees trained (%) 佔受訓 僱員的	Average training hours of employees in each category (hours) 各類別員工的 平均培訓	Percentage of employees trained (%) 佔受訓 僱員的	Average training hours of employees in each category (hours) 各類別員工的 平均培訓
分類		百分比(%)	時數(小時)	百分比(%)	時數(小時)
By gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男性	87.5	102.24	94	22.27
Female	女性	12.5	1.8	6	22.60
By employee type	按僱員類別劃分				
Senior management	高級管理層	0	0	2	43.00
Middle management	中級管理層	25	50.13	12	37.76
Supervisor	主管	0	0	8	26.18
General employee	一般員工	75	85.92	78	19.82
Note:			В	付註:	

The calculation was based on the Reporting Guide for Social Key Performance Indicators issued by the Stock Exchange 計算乃基於聯交所發佈的社會關鍵

績效指標匯報指引

#### 4. Labour Standards

The Group has been committed to protecting its employees' rights and interests and creating a fair working environment for them. Therefore, the Group strictly prohibits the recruitment of child labour and illegal labour and the use of any forms of forced labour. The Group strictly complies with local laws in relation to employment, including the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China in the PRC; the Employment Ordinance and Employees' Compensation Ordinance in Hong Kong and the Equal Opportunities Employment Policy, the Equality Act 2010 in the UK. During the Reporting Period, there was no case of prosecution for violation of laws and regulations relating to the prevention of child labour or forced labour.

#### 4. 勞工準則

本集團一百致力保障員工 權益,為員工建立一個公 平的工作環境。因此,本 集團絕對禁止任何僱用童 工及黑工的行為,及以任 何形式對員工實行強制勞 動的情況。集團嚴格遵從 當地的僱傭法例,包括《中 華人民共和國勞動法》、 《中華人民共和國勞動合同 法》、《中華人民共和國社 會保險法》;香港地區的 《僱傭條例》、《僱傭補償 條例》;以及英國的《Equal **Opportunities Employment** Policy, the Equality Act 2010》,期內未有因為違 反與防止童工或強迫勞工 相關的法例而被檢控的個 案。



The Group's employee handbook stipulates that employees are not encouraged to work overtime in order to guarantee that they have enough rest time. In addition, the Group has established the Measures for Employment and Labour Management of the Group, which clearly state that the requirements of national and local labour laws and regulations must be met. Before hiring any applicant, the Group will thoroughly check all kinds of documents and files related to the applicant's age, and take effective measures to verify his/her age, so as to ensure that the applicant reaches the legal working age. The employment contract of the Group states the rights and responsibilities of both parties to protect employees' legitimate rights and interests in accordance with the requirements of local laws and regulations. The Group ensures that all employees work on a voluntary basis and prohibits any form of indentured servitude, bonded labour, corporal punishment, imprisonment or threat of violence. In addition, we allow employees to exercise their freedom of association by participating in trade unions and collective bargaining, and to report any suspected misconduct or abuse through the Group's whistleblowing mechanism. The Mines also abide by the provisions of Kazakhstan's labour law concerning the prohibition of forced labour, including the prohibition of servitude, corporal punishment or threat of violence against employees, and appropriately arrange their working hours and workload.

The Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations on the prevention of child labour or forced labour, such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China. There was no violation during the period.

本集團的員工手冊中訂明 不鼓勵員工加班,以確保 員工能擁有良好的作息時 間。另外,本集團亦建 立了《集團勞動用工管理 制度》,規章制度清楚列 明須符合當地的國家及地 方勞工法律法規要求。本 集團在聘用任何應徵者之 前會徹底檢查與應徵者年 齡相關的各類文件檔案, 並採取有效措施核實其年 齡,確保應徵者達到法定 勞動年齡。本集團的僱佣 合約符合當地法規要求, 列明雙方權責,保障員工 得到應有的權益,禁止任 何形式的強迫勞工,確保 所有員工都在自願的基礎 上工作,禁止使用任何勞 役或契約式勞工、體罰、 監禁,或暴力威脅。我們 亦允許員工可以通過參加 職工會和參與集體談判來 行使結社自由,亦可以透 過集團的舉報機制,通報 任何疑似的不當行為或虐 待事件。礦場亦按照哈薩 克斯坦勞動法中關於禁止 強制勞工的要求,包括禁 止對員工行使勞役、體罰 或暴力威迫,並合理安排 員工的工作時間和勞動強 度。

本集團嚴格遵守有關防止 童工或強制勞工的相關法 律及規例,例如《中華人民 共和國勞動法》,期內並未 有違規情況。

#### 5. Supply Chain Management

The steady development of the Group's business is dependent on the reliable support of its suppliers. Supplier is one of the major stakeholders who contributes to business value recreation, with tight bonding with the Group. The Group is also fully committed to building a good partnership with our suppliers. To promote closer relations and cooperation with suppliers, the Group has created the flexible procurement standards in order to cater to different needs in our supply chain.

The Group is proud to provide excellent products and services to our customers. Working closely with a wide range of suppliers is key to our success. The Group established a sound supplier selection process to ensure potential suppliers and subcontractors engaging in fair competition and having equal opportunity. All materials and service contracts of the Mines shall be publicised and go through a tender process on the tender website of the National Welfare Fund Samruk-Kazyna of Kazakhstan. Prospective suppliers shall provide all necessary qualification documents on the website for review to ensure that the process is open, fair and impartial. The Mines also set up a bidding committee composed of employees or leaders from various departments to conducts final review and approval of tendering and bidding.

#### 5. 供應鏈管理

集團以致力為客戶提供優 質產品及服務為榮。我們 成功的其中一個關鍵是獲 得各類穩妥的供應商支 持。集團擁有完善的供應 商引進流程,並確保所有 潛在供應商及分包商均能 公平競爭及享有均等的機 會。礦場所有的物資和服 務合同須經過哈薩克斯坦 薩姆魯克卡澤那基金會的 招標網站進行公示和招 投標工作,供應商在網站 上提供所有的資質文件以 供審核以確保過程公開、 公平及公正。礦場亦設立 招投標委員會,委員會由 各個部門的員工或領導組 成,對招投標工作進行最 後的評審和審核。

The Group's Purchasing Department conducts quality inspections of suppliers' products from time to time to ensure the stable and sufficient supply of materials and goods at the agreed quality, time and price and other terms of service. The Mines have established strict criteria for selection and performance assessment of suppliers, covering the advance level of suppliers' equipment and the reliability of their technical capabilities. The assessment criteria also cover environmental and safety issues, including assessing the energy consumption of suppliers' equipment, the impact of their production process on the environment, the extent to which the consumption of raw materials is reduced, and the safety of their equipment.

As a responsible corporate citizen, in addition to seriously taking two major issues of environmental protection and social responsibility, the Group and the Mines encourage suppliers and service contractors to join hands with us to help mitigate environmental and social impacts that induced by business operations. The Group urges them to promote environmental protection and social responsibilities in all aspects. We require our suppliers and contractors to comply with the Group's policies on environmental protection and occupational health and safety and strict corporate governance standards. For example, the Mines require suppliers to provide their employees with adequate personal protective equipment and require them to wear the equipment during work.

集團的採購部會不定期對 供應商產品進行品質檢 測,確保按照約定的質 量,時間,價格和其他服 務條款承諾,提供穩定充 足的物資和貨物。礦場亦 訂立了嚴謹的供應商評選 及表現評估的標準,評審 準則包括供應商設備的先 進程度,技術技能的可靠 性;而評審準則同時亦覆 蓋環保及安全的範疇,當 中包括評核供應商設備的 能耗、生產過程對環境的 影響、減少原材料消耗的 程度;還有設備的安全性 等。

作為負責任的企業公民, 集團及礦場高度關注環保 及社會責任兩大議題的同 時,亦期望供應商及服務 承辦商與我們一同努力, 盡量減少業務運營期間對 環境和社會的影響。集團 積極鼓勵他們推動其在環 保及社會責任方面的事 務。我們要求供應商及承 辦商依從集團的環保和職 業健康及安全政策以及 嚴格的企業管治標準。例 如:礦場要求供應商為員 工配置足夠的個人防護裝 備及要求在工作時佩戴。



We have formulated Supplier Qualification Assessment Questionnaire, and require suppliers to complete a self-assessment on environmental and social risks, in order to reduce environmental and social risks throughout our value chain. Furthermore, the Group has established stringent criteria for supplier selection and performance assessment. The criteria include supplier's equipment, reliability of their technical skills, environmental protection and the safety scope. Energy consumption of supplier's equipment, environmental impact of the production process and the level of reduction in raw material consumption are also considered. Moreover, equipment safety is also one of the criteria.

When purchasing materials and equipment, the Group will comprehensively consider their environmental performance. For example, when purchasing machines and lighting systems, we will give priority to more energy-efficient appliances on the basis of meeting the technical parameters, with a view to integrating the Group's environmental vision into all aspects of the supply chain.

The number of major suppliers of the Group by region is as follows:

我們制定了《供應商資格 評審調查問卷》,並要求 供應商進行環境及社會風 險自我評估,以期望減低 集團價值鏈的環境及社會 風險。另外集團訂立了嚴 謹的供應商表現評估的標 準,評審準則包括供應商 設備的先進程度,技術技 能的可靠性;而評審準則 同時亦覆蓋環保及安全的 範疇,當中包括評核供應 商設備的能耗、生產過程 對環境的影響、減少原材 料消耗的程度;還有設備 的安全性等。

本集團在採賺物料及器具 時亦會綜合考慮其環保表 現,例如購置機器及照明 系統時在符合技術參數時 優先選用更具能源效益的 器具,以期把本集團的環 境保護願景推展至供應鏈 各個層面。

集團按不同地區劃分的主 要供應商數目如下:

Region 地區		Number of suppliers 供應商數目
Kazakhstan	哈薩克斯坦	128
Hong Kong	香港	49
United Kingdom	英國	35

#### 6. Product Liability

The Group strictly abides by the relevant laws and regulations and industry quality standards to improve its quality management standards, protect the basic rights and interests of customers, and provide responsible products and services to customers, so as to achieve the "quality, environment and safety" goals of 100% customer satisfaction, zero complaints and zero accidents.

The Mines have obtained ISO 9001 Quality Management System certification to guarantee that the entire mining process is carried out in accordance with the international standards. This reflects the Group's commitment to operating its business with the highest quality standards. The management policies and quality standards under the quality management system framework have been fully promulgated and implemented across the Group.

In order to ensure the quality and reliability of the products provided, the Group will conduct sample analysis before delivery according to the customer's product standards. The Mines strictly stipulate that during the storage and transportation of products, all uranium containers must be sealed to the maximum extent possible to avoid leaking of radioactive materials and damage to the biosphere. In the course of transportation, it is required that the hazardous nature of uranium products must be clearly marked on the transportation vehicles for safety warning.

#### 6. 產品責任

集團嚴格遵守有關的法律 法規高質量管理水準,以提高質量管理水準,保 障客戶基本權益,為客戶 提供負責任的產品和服 務,務求達致百份百客戶 滿意度,零投訴,零事故 的品質環境安全目標。

The Group always focuses on customer satisfaction and we always apply it at each point of production. We are keen to raise the performance level of various aspects of the business. Moreover, as for complaints about quality issues, the Group will do its utmost to make improvements and resolve the issues concerned while analysing the causes to improve its performance in this regard.

The Mines have formulated a policy to prohibit all employees from disclosing information about customers who purchase natural uranium, and require employees to sign a confidentiality agreement to prevent the leakage of information. Confidential documents including customer's personal information shall be strictly managed and kept by a dedicated department. Employees are not allowed to access these documents without permission. In addition, the Group takes customer information security seriously. We strictly implement an information security management system, raise all employees' awareness of information security, constantly improve the information security measures, and encrypt and manage sensitive data to protect the interests of relevant parties.

We always attach great importance to and protect intellectual property. To create an environment for a fair competition, the Group has been completely following the standards and practices of the rights. The Group has established sound rules and regulations on intellectual property protection. We also organise education and training on intellectual property for employees to raise their awareness of intellectual property protection and establish the concepts of innovation, integrity and intellectual property protection. 礦場制定了政策禁止所有 員工向外界洩露購買天然 鈾的客戶資訊,並要求員 工簽署保密協議,防止資 料外洩。而客戶的個人資 料等機密文件必須受嚴格 管理,由專職部門保管儲 存。未經允許,員工不得 擅自利用。本集團同時注 重客戶資訊安全,透過嚴 格執行資訊安全管理體 系,提高所有員工的資訊 安全意識,不斷完善資訊 安全制度,對敏感資料加 密管理,以保障相關方的 利益。

The Group promotes the adoption of sound promotion and marketing practices, and any advertisement shall not make a description, claim or explanation that is inconsistent with the facts. We will also formulate our sales and promotional documents in accordance with the relevant laws and codes of practice to ensure that our promotional materials and advertising content are true, fair and reasonable, free from any misleading statements, so as to protect the interests of consumers. Given the specificity of product usage and quality measurement standards, the Mines' product publicity is basically consistent with the real information on the product concerned without any exaggeration or misrepresentation. The Group strictly abides by the laws and regulations on product health and safety, advertising, labelling, remedies and protection of intellectual property rights, and complies with the laws and regulations related to privacy issues, such as the Drug Administration Law of the People's Republic of China. There was no violation during the period.

本集團鼓勵採用良好的宣 傳推廣手法,任何廣告不 得作出與事實不符的描 述、聲稱或説明。我們亦 會根據相關的法例和實務 守則的規定,制定我們的 銷售及宣傳文件,確保我 們推廣資料及廣告內容真 **實、公平和合理**,不應有 誤導成分,以保障消費者 的利益。由於產品的使用 途徑及品質衡量標準的單 一性,礦場對產品的宣傳 基本保持與產品本身資訊 一致,並不會涉及任何誇 大失實成分。本集團嚴格 遵守有關產品的健康與安 全、廣告、標籤、補救方 法以及保障知識產權的相 關法律及規例,同時遵守 有關私隱事宜的相關法律 及規例,例如《中華人民共 和國廣告法》,期內並未有 違規情況。

#### 7. Anti-Corruption

The Group has a strict anti-corruption policy which requires all employees to professionally and stringently comply with the Group's policies on conflicts of interest, code of conduct for business activities, and prevention of bribery and corruption. By creating a good corporate atmosphere and guiding and standardising the daily work behaviour of employees, we aim to maintain proper operations and management, prevent fraudulent activities that harm the interests of the Group, and improve work efficiency and effectiveness. The Group has developed an internal control system to manage anti-fraud investigation and publicity and employees' conflicts of interest. We strive to build a corporate culture of integrity and fairness by upholding the principles of honesty, fairness and transparency, undertaking responsibility, and having zero tolerance to corruption and fraud. We regularly organise anti-corruption training (such as anti-money laundering training) to enhance employees' awareness of business integrity.

#### 7. 反貪污

集團一百奉行嚴格的防止 **貪污政策**,訂明所有員工 必須專業地嚴格地遵守集 團於利益衝突、商務活動 行為規範、防止賄賂與貪 污等範疇所制訂之政策。 為營造良好的企業氛圍, 引導和規範集團員工的日 常工作行為,以期達到維 護正常的經營管理秩序, 防範損害集團利益的舞弊 行為,提升工作效率和效 果的目的。本集團制訂了 內控管理體制管理反舞弊 調查及宣傳,以及員工利 益衝突。我們致力建立廉 潔公平的企業文化,持守 誠實、公平、透明及承擔 責任,絕不容忍貪污和欺 詐。我們會定期舉辦反腐 敗犯罪行為的培訓,如防 止洗黑錢的培訓,以加強 員工對商業誠信的認知。



In order to build a corporate culture of integrity and prevent corruption, the Mines have formulated anticorruption and anti-fraud policies which clearly defines that all violations of financial regulatory measures including money laundering, illegal provision of material rewards to individuals and enterprises, illegal receipt of material rewards from individuals are illegal acts of corruption. Specific preventive measures have also been developed to prevent corruption. The Mines organise open tendering and bidding in strict accordance with the procurement rules set by the National Welfare Fund Samruk-Kazyna of Kazakhstan to ensure the fairness and compliance of the relevant procedures. The procurement rules also stipulate that the tender notice and related information shall be published to material suppliers or service contractors on the designated media. Furthermore, the Group's internal service procurement shall go through a rigorous preapproval process, and a tiered approval system has been set up for bids and contracts with different amounts to ensure that the procurement procedures are closely monitored.

The Group regularly promotes anti-corruption for the entire group. The Group would compile anticorruption promotion materials by collecting the latest relevant anti-corruption information, including recent major corruption incidents in various industries and the handling measures, etc., and combine them with the analysis of the Group's summarised business characteristics. All the information will be compiled and distributed to all employees for self-learning in order to create a good anti-corruption environment within the Group.

The Group strictly abides by the laws and regulations on the prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, such as the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China. There was no violation during the Reporting Period.

為建立廉潔的企業文化和 防止貪污舞弊行,礦場更 制定了反貪污和防止欺詐 政策,明確定義一切違反 金融監控措施包括洗黑 錢、非法向私人和企業提 供物質獎勵、非法收受私 人的物質獎勵均屬違法的 **貪**污行為,並制定針對性 的預防措施以杜絕貪污情 況的出現。礦場嚴格按照 哈薩克斯坦薩姆魯克卡 澤那基金會訂下的採購辦 法實行公開招標及投標, 確保相關程序公平合規進 行,採購辦法亦同時規定 必須向物資供應商或服務 承辦商於指定媒界發佈招 標告示及相關資訊。除此 之外,集團內部的服務採 購須經過嚴謹的前置審批 流程,而對不同額度的標 書及合約更設立分級別的 審批制度,確保採購程序 得到嚴密監管。

本集團嚴格遵守有關防止 賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑 錢的相關法律及規例,例 如《中華人民共和國反不正 當競爭法》,報告期內並未 有違規情況。

#### 8. Community Investment

The Group respects the diverse cultures and existing traditions of various regions, takes the expectations and opinions of community groups very seriously, and undertakes to respond to the opinions of community members in due course. In addition, the Group will support projects that benefit the needs of the community where feasible, and collaborate with groups with a common vision to win and maintain mutual trust with all stakeholders, with a view to continuously contributing to the long-term development of the community.

The Group actively participate in various educational, cultural and recreational activities, including donating books to schools established by local governments and donating money to fund maintenance of roads to the schools. During the Chinese New Year, the Mines organise their employees to visit neighbouring primary schools and provide students with New Year gifts and school supplies. In addition, we provide funding for the daily operating expenses of the local stadium.

#### 8. 社區投資

### Index of Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide of the Stock Exchange

聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告 指引》索引

А	Environmental 環境	Section 章節
Aspect A.1	Emissions	A1
方面A.1	排放物	
KPI A.1.1	Types of emissions and the respective emissions data	A1 No significant air emissions in all offices
指標A.1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據	A1各辦公室均無重大的廢氣 排放
KPI A.1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit Applicable volume, per facility).	A1
指標A.1.2	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及 (如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A.1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A1 No significant hazardous waste generation in all offices
指標A.1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量 單位、每項設施計算)。	A1各辦公室均無重大的有害 廢棄物生產
KPI A.1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A1 No significant hazardous waste generation in all offices
指標A.1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量 單位、每項設施計算)。	A1各辦公室均無重大的無害 廢棄物生產
KPI A.1.5	Description of the emission targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A1
指標A.1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
KPI A.1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and description of the waste reduction targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A1
指標A.1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標 及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
Aspect A.2 方面A.2	Use of Resources 資源使用	A2
KPI A.2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g.	A2
指標A.2.1	per unit of production volume, per facility). 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千 個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

Α	Environmental	Section
	環境	章節
KPI A.2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A2
指標A.2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A.2.3	Description of the energy use efficiency targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A2
指標A.2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步 驟。	
KPI A.2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, and description of the water use efficiency targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A2
指標A.2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目 標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
KPI A.2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	A2
指標A.2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位 佔量。	
Aspect A.3	The Environment and Natural Resources	A3
方面A.3	環境及天然資源	
KPI A.3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	During the Reporting Period there was no accident that had a significant impact on the environment and natural resources
指標A.3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關 影響的行動。	報告期內未有對環境及天然 資源的重大影響的事故
Aspect A.4	Climate Change	A4
方面A.4	氣候變化	
KPI A.4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	A4
指標A.4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及 應對行動。	

В	Social 社會	Section 章節
Aspect B.1	僱傭	B1
, 方面B.1	僱傭	
KPI B.1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	B1
指標B.1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱 員總數。	
KPI B.1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	B1
指標B.1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	
Aspect B.2 方面B.2	Health and Safety 健康與安全	B2
KPI B.2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	There has been no case of death due to work in the past three years including the Reporting Period.
指標B.2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	包括報告期內的過去三年未 有因工亡故事件
KPI B.2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	During the Reporting Period, there were no lost days due to work injury.
指標B.2.2	因工傷損失工作日數。	報告期內並沒有任何因工傷 損失工作日數
KPI B.2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures	B2
	adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	
指標B.2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方 法。	
Aspect B.3	Development and Training	B3
方面B.3	發展及培訓	
KPI B.3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	B3
指標B.3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	
KPI B.3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender	B3
指標B.3.2	and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	~
指標B.3.2		~

В	Social 社會	Section 章節
Aspect B.4	Labour Standards	B4
方面B.4	勞工準則	
KPI B.4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	B4
指標B.4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	
KPI B.4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	There was no violation during the Reporting Period
指標B.4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	報告期內未有違規情況
Aspect B.5 方面B.5	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理	B5
KPI B.5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	B5
指標B.5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	
KPI B.5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	B5
指標B.5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數 目,以及相關執行及監察方法。	
KPI B.5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	I B5
指標B.5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及 相關執行及監察方法。	
KPI B.5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	B5
指標B.5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相 關執行及監察方法。	
Aspect B.6 方面B.6	Product Responsibility 產品責任	B6
KPI B.6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	No products were subject to recalls for safety and
		health reasons during the Reporting Period
指標B.6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分 比。	報告期內未有產品因安全與 健康理由而須回收

В	Social 社會	Section 章節
KPI B.6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	No products were subject to recalls due to quality issues during the Reporting Period
指標B.6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	報告期內並未有因品質問題 而須回收產品的情況
KPI B.6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	B6
指標B.6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	
KPI B.6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	B6
指標B.6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	
KPI B.6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	B6
指標B.6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	
Aspect B.7	Anti-corruption	B7
方面B.7	反貪污	
KPI B.7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	There were no corruption cases during the Reporting Period
指標B.7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的 數目及訴訟結果。	報告期內未有貪污訴訟案件
KPI B.7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	B7
指標B.7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程式,以及相關執行及監察方法。	
KPI B.7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	B7
指標B.7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	
Aspect B.8 方面B.8	Community Investment 社區投資	B8
KPI B.8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	B8
指標B.8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體 育)。	
KPI B.8.2 指標B.8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	88



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### TO THE MEMBERS OF CGN MINING COMPANY LIMITED

(中廣核礦業有限公司) (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CGN Mining Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 144 to 282, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. 25<sup>th</sup> Floor Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

香港干諾道中111號 永安中心25樓

致中廣核礦業有限公司 全體股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

### 意見

我們已審核載於第144至282頁之中廣核 礦業有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,該等 綜合財務報表包括於2021年12月31日的 綜合財務狀況表,及截至該日止年度之綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表 附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已按照香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香 港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴集 團於2021年12月31日之財務狀況及其截 至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金 流量,並已按香港《公司條例》之披露規定 妥為編製。

### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審核準則(「香港審核準則」)進行審核。我 們於該等準則項下的責任在本報告「核數 師對審核綜合財務報表之責任」一節中詳 述。我們獨立於 貴集團並根據香港會計 師公會之職業會計師道德守則(「守則」)履 行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得 的審核憑證是充足和適當地為我們的審核 意見提供基礎。

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON THE INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

Refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 4(c) and 4(o).

### sed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial 形成意見時處理此等事項,而不會就此等 ents as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we provide a separate opinion on these matters. IRMENT ASSESSMENT ON THE 一間聯營公司權益的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註20及附註4(c)和
 4(o)的會計政策。

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為我

們審核本期綜合財務報表中最重要的事

項。我們在整體審核綜合財務報表和就此

關鍵審核事項

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit	關鍵審核事項	我們的審核如何處理該	
The Group has 14.34% interests in an associate, Fission Uranium Corp. ("Fission") which is a listed company in Canada. As at 31 December 2021, the interest in Fission held by the Group is approximately HK\$551,209,000.	Our procedures were designed to review the management's assessment of the indicators of impairment/reversal of impairment and understand and assess the reasonableness of the methods and assumptions used in the valuation model to estimate the recoverable amounts of the associate.	貴集團擁有一間聯營 公司Fission Uranium Corp.(「Fission」) 14.34%權益,Fission 為一間於加拿大上市 的公司。於2021年 12月31日,貴集團 持有Fission的權益約 551,209,000港元。	事項 我們旨在審查管理層對減 值/撥回指標的評估,並 對估值模式中用以估算聯 營公司的可收回金額而使 用的方法及假設的合理性 進行了解及評估。	
During the year ended 31 December 2021, Fission has incurred loss in operation. Following a review of the business, the outlook for the industry and the market conditions, as the uranium price and the Canadian dollar were in fluctuation, there is a risk of impairment in respect of the interest in Fission; management has carried out the impairment assessment on the interest in Fission.	We have discussed and assessed the indicators of possible impairment with the management and the component auditor and, where such indicators were identified, assessed the management's impairment testing.	於截至2021年12月31 日止年度,Fission業務 產生虧損。於回顧業 務、行業前景和市況 後,由於鈾價格及加拿 大元匯率波動,因此存 在對Fission權益減值的 風險;管理層對Fission 的權益進行了減值評 估。	我們已與管理層和組成部 分核數師討論及評估潛在 減值指標,並於識別有關 指標後,評估管理層的減 值測試。	
We considered this a key audit matter because this involves a significant degree of management judgement in respect of the valuation methods and assumptions for the estimation of the recoverable amount of the interest in Fission.	We have assessed the valuation methodology and compared significant inputs to third party sources. We have also understood and assessed the key assumptions and critical judgement used by the management based on our knowledge of the business and industry.	由於估算Fission權益 可收回金額的估值方 法及假設涉及管理層 的重大判斷,因此我 們判斷為關鍵審核事 項。	我們已評估估值方法,並 與第三方資料來源的重要 輸入作比較。我們還基於 我們對業務及行業的知 識,對管理層所使用的關 鍵假設及重要判斷進行了 解及評估。	

### IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON THE INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

Refer to note 19 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in note 4(d) and 4(o).

#### The key audit matter

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

The Group has 49% interest in a joint venture, Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership. As at 31 December 2021, the interest in a joint venture held by the Group is approximately HK\$358,011,000.

Following a review of the business, the outlook for the industry and the market conditions, as the uranium price and Kazakhstani Tenge were in fluctuation, there is a risk of impairment in respect of the interest in a joint venture; management has carried out the impairment assessment on the interest in a joint venture.

We considered this a key audit matter because this involves a significant degree of management judgement in respect of the valuation methods and assumptions for the estimation of the recoverable amount of the interest in the joint venture. Our procedures were designed to review the management's assessment of the indicators of impairment and understand and assess the reasonableness of the methods and assumptions used in the valuation model to estimate the recoverable amount of the joint venture.

We have discussed and assessed the indicators of possible impairment with the management and the component auditors and, where such indicators were identified, assessed the management's impairment testing.

We have assessed the valuation methodology and compared significant inputs to third party sources. We have also understood and assessed the key assumptions and critical judgement used by the management based on our knowledge of the business and industry.

### 一間合營企業權益的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註19及附註4(d)和 4(o)的會計政策。

	關鍵審核事項	我們的審核如何處理該
		事項
;	貴集團擁有一間合營	我們旨在審查管理層對減
5	企業謝米茲拜伊有	值指標的評估,並對估值
)	限合夥企業49%權	模式中用以估算合營企業
5	益。於2021年12月31	的可收回金額使用的方法
)	日, 貴集團持有該	及假設的合理性進行了解
	間合營企業的權益約	及評估。
	358,011,000港元。	
;	於回顧業務、行業前	我們已與管理層和組成部
t	景和市況後,由於鈾	分核數師討論及評估潛在
;	價格及哈薩克斯坦堅	減值指標,並於識別有關
;	戈匯率波動,因此存	指標後,評估管理層的減
	在對合營企業權益減	值測試。
	值的風險;管理層對	
	合營企業的權益進行	
	了減值評估。	
1	由於估算合營企業權	我們已評估估值方法,並
1	益可收回金額的估值	與第三方資料來源的重要
	方法和假設涉及管理	輸入作比較。我們還基於
	層的重大判斷,因此	我們對業務及行業的知
F	我們判斷為關鍵審核	識,對管理層所使用的關
	事項。	鍵假設及重要判斷進行了
		解及評估。

### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

### 年報內其他資料

董事需為其他資料負責。其他資料包 括 貴公司年度報告內資料,但不包括綜 合財務報表及相關核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

審核綜合財務報表時,我們的責任為閱讀 其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料是 否與綜合財務報表或我們於審核過程中所 瞭解的情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎有重大 錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工作,倘我 們認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述,我們須 報告該事實。於此方面,我們沒有任何報 告。

### 董事對綜合財務報表之責任

董事之責任乃按香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》披露規 定編製該等綜合財務報表,真實而公平地 呈列其內容以及進行董事認為必要之內部 監控,確保綜合財務報表之編製不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情 況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及 使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他 實際的替代方案。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。審核委員會協助董事履行就此承擔的 責任。



### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

### 核數師對審核綜合財務報表之 責任

我們的目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意 見的核數師報告。本報告按照委聘條款 僅向 閣下(作為一個整體)報告,除此之 外,本報告不作其他用途。我們概不就 本報告內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔責 任。

合理保證為高水平的保證,但不能保證按 照香港審核準則進行的審核總能發現重大 錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引 起,如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來可能 影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報 表所作出的經濟決定,則被視為重大錯誤 陳述。

根據香港審核準則進行審核時,我們運用 專業判斷,於整個審核過程中保持專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述 的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應 對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當 的審核憑證,作為我們提供意見的 基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽 造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕 於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因 欺詐而導致出現重大錯誤陳述的風 險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致出現 重大錯誤陳述的風險。
  - 瞭解與審核相關的內部控制,以設 計在有關情況下屬適當的審核程 序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控 制的有效性發表意見。
  - 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性 以及作出會計估計及相關披露的合 理性。

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 總結貴公司董事採用持續經營會計 基礎的適當性,並根據所獲取的審 核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情 況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能 導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產 生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大 不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告 中提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關 披露。假若有關的披露不足,則修 訂我們的意見。我們的結論乃基於 截至核數師報告日止所取得的審核 憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能 導致 貴集團不能持續經營業務。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方 式、結構及內容(包括披露)事項以 及綜合財務報表是否公平反映相關 交易及事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲取充足適當的審核憑證,以 便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們 負責 貴集團審核的指導、監督及 執行。我們為審核意見承擔全部責 任。

我們與審核委員會溝通審核的計劃範圍及 時間以及重大審核發現等,其中包括我們 在審核中識別出內部控制的任何重大不足 之處。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,表明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 與彼等溝通所有被合理認為會影響我們獨 立性的關係及其他事項以及在適用的情況 下,為消除威脅而採取的防範措施。

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. 從與董事溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些事 項對本期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數 師報告中闡釋該等事項,除非法律或規例 不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見 的情況下,若有合理預期於我們報告中註 明某事項造成的負面後果將超過其產生的 公眾利益,則本行決定不應在報告中註明 該事項。

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Ng Wai Man Practising Certificate no. P05309

Hong Kong, 25 March 2022

**香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司** 執業會計師 **伍惠民** 執業證書編號: P05309

香港,2022年3月25日


# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	7	3,859,530 (3,771,251)	2,862,226 (2,659,460)
Gross profit Other operating income Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Changes in fair value of investment	第百次本 毛利 其他經營收入 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 投資物業公允值變動	8	(0,771,201) 88,279 9,479 (13,793) (41,711)	202,766 9,496 (10,453) (37,593)
properties Share of results of a joint venture Share of results of associates Finance costs	應佔一間合營企業業績 應佔聯營公司業績 融資成本	18 9	(1,073) 138,311 66,755 (49,683)	855 70,844 (15,060) (40,889)
Profit before taxation Income tax expenses	<b>除税前溢利</b> 所得税支出	10	196,564 (18,066)	179,966 (24,749)
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利	11	178,498	155,217
Earnings per share Basic	每股盈利 基本	13	HK2.70 cents 2.70港仙	HK2.35 cents 2.35港仙
Diluted	攤薄		HK2.70 cents 2.70港仙	HK2.35 cents 2.35港仙

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	178,498	155,217
Other comprehensive (expenses)/	其他全面(開支)/收益:		
income:			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified	其後或可重新分類至損益		
to profit or loss:	的項目:		
Exchange differences on translation of	換算附屬公司財務報表		
financial statements of subsidiaries	產生之匯兑差異	3,872	5,430
Exchange differences on translation of	換算一間合營企業財務報表		
financial statements of a joint venture	產生之匯兑差異	(9,205)	(26,929)
Exchange differences on translation of	換算聯營公司財務報表		
financial statements of associates	產生之匯兑差異	(17,030)	10,197
		(22,363)	(11,302)
Total comprehensive income for	本年度全面收益總額		
the year		156,135	143,915



# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

	Notes	2021年	2020年
	Notes		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00C
	附註	千港元	千港元
非流動資產			
物業、廠房及設備	16	887	622
使用權資產	17(a)	3,970	1,977
投資物業	18		52,623
於一間合營企業之權益	19	358,011	264,956
於聯營公司之權益	20		553,570
	22	367	-
	31	5,161	-
		4,416,372	873,748
流動資產			
存貨	21	1,743,152	1,767,335
應收賬款及其他應收			
款項	22	99,390	363,176
應收一間中間控股公司			
款項	23	2,392	2,323
應收一間同系附屬公司			
款項	24	20	19
可收回所得税款		6,956	6,678
銀行結存及現金	25	81,293	1,174,508
		1,933,203	3,314,039
資產總值		6,349,575	4,187,787
流動負債			
應付賬款及其他應付款項	26	1,103,368	158,289
來自一間同系附屬		· ·	·
公司之貸款	27	236,530	370,693
	28		-
	29	_	666,704
	17(b)	1.445	704
	~ /	,	
公司款項	23	1,117	874
	24		1,135
			15,848
	N	3,754,115	1,214,247
流動(負債)/資產淨值		(1,820,912)	2,099,792
資產總值減流動負債		2,595,460	2,973,540
	使用權資產 投資物業 於一間合營企業之權益 於聯營公司之權益 其他應收款項 遞延税項資產 <b>添動資產</b> 存貨 應收賬款及其他應收 款項 應收一間中間控股公司 款項 一個同系附屬公司 就項 可收回所得税款 截行結存及現金	使用權資產 17(a) 投資物業 18 於一間合營企業之權益 19 於聯營公司之權益 20 其他應收款項 22 遞延税項資產 31   不算 20   旗他應收款項 22   遞延税項資產 21   應收賬款及其他應收   款項 22   應收一間中間控股公司   款項 23   應收一間同系附屬公司   款項 24   可收回所得税款   銀行結存及現金 25   方   方   方   方   夏   加收回所得税款   銀行結存及現金 25   方   方   方   方   方   方   方   方   方   夏   方   方   方   方   方   方   方   方   夏   方   方   次   夏   夏   11   第   25   25   26   第   27   大   東自長控股公司之貸款   28   銀行借款   29   租賃負債   17(b)   應付一間中間控股   公司款項   23   應付所得税款   24   應付所得税款   25   31   26   第   27   第   28   32   29   12   23   應付所得税款   24   應付所得税款   25   26   27   28   39   30	使用權資產       17(a)       3,970         投資物業       18       53,082         於一間合營企業之權益       19       358,011         於聯營公司之權益       20       3,994,894         其他應收款項       22       367         遞延税項資產       31       5,161         加       4,416,372       4,416,372         席收       第項       22       99,390         應收       第項       22       99,390         應收       17(a)       2,392       99,390         應收       1       7,43,152       1         應收       第項       22       99,390       1         感項       23       2,392       1       1         敷項       23       2,392       1       1         敷項       24       20       1       1       1         放有結存及現金       25       81,293       1       1       1         資產總值       6,956       1,103,368       1       1       1         方着產總值       1,103,368       2,400,197       2       3       1       1         放車自馬祭放       29       -       1       4       4       4       4       1       1

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司			
	之貸款	27	-	533,596
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	29	387,754	387,754
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17(b)	2,417	1,162
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	31	50,066	23,968
			440,237	946,480
Net assets	資產淨值		2,155,223	2,027,060
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	66,007	66,007
Reserves	儲備		2,089,216	1,961,053
Total equity	權益總值		2,155,223	2,027,060

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors

經董事會批准及授權刊發



Xu Junmei 徐軍梅 Director 董事

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

		Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益								
		Share capital	Share premium 股份	Properties revaluation reserve 物業	Exchange translation reserve 匯兑	Share options reserve 購股權	Reserve fund 儲備	Retained earnings 保留	Other reserve 其他	Total
		股本 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	₩₩ 溢價 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	™ 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	當備 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	储備 HK\$'000 千港元	■ Ine 基金 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	<u>盈</u> 利 HK\$'000 千港元	☆ 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	總計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於 <b>2021</b> 年1月1日	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	(610,446)	154	27,583	975,469	(116,878)	2,027,060
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year:	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益/(開支):		-	-	-	-	-	178,498	-	178,498
Exchange differences on translation of financi statements of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation of financi	產生之匯兑差額		-	-	3,872	-	-	-		3,872
statements of a joint venture Exchange differences on translation of financi statements of associates	產生之匯兑差額	-	-		(9,205) (17,030)	-	-	-	-	(9,205) (17,030)
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year	生工之座九左映 年內全面收益/(開支)總額		-		(22,363)	-	-	178,498		156,135
Dividend recognised as distribution (note 12) Share of other reserve of associates	確認為分派的股息(附註12) 應佔聯營公司其他儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,003) -	- 5,031	(33,003) 5,031
At 31 December 2021	於 <b>2021年12月31</b> 日	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	(632,809)	154	27,583	1,120,964	(111,847)	2,155,223

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

		Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益								
		Share capital	Share premium 股份	Properties revaluation reserve 物業	Exchange translation reserve 匯兑	Share options reserve 購股權	Reserve fund 儲備	Retained earnings 保留	Other reserve 其他	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	基金 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	<b>於2020年1月1日</b> 年內溢利	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	(599,144)	154	27,583	886,259 155.217	(121,789)	1,944,241
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year:	年內其他全面收益/(開支):	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,217	-	155,217
Exchange differences on translation of financia statements of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation of financia	產生之匯兑差額	-	-	-	5,430	-	-	-	-	5,430
statements of a joint venture Exchange differences on translation of financia	產生之匯兑差額   換算一間聯營公司財務報表	-	-	-	(26,929)	-	-	-	-	(26,929)
statements of an associate Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year	產生之匯兑差額 年內全面收益/(開支)總額	-	-	-	(11,302)	-	-	- 155,217	-	10,197
Dividend recognised as distribution (note 12) Share of other reserve of an associate	確認為分派的股息(附註12) 應佔一間聯營公司的其他儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	(66,007)	- 4,911	(66,007) 4,911
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	(610,446)	154	27,583	975,469	(116,878)	2,027,060

### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

- Note a: Subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") have appropriated 10% of the profit to reserve fund. The reserve fund is required to be retained in the accounts of the subsidiaries for specific purposes.
- Note b: The other reserve represents (i) the difference between the consideration of United States dollars ("USD") 133,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,030,899,000) and the aggregate paid-in capital of 北京中哈鈾資源投資 有限公司 (for identification purpose, in English, Beijing Sino-Kazakh Uranium Resources Investment Company Limited, referred to as "Beijing Sino-Kazakh") of Renminbi 823,770,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$944,534,000) acquired under business combinations under common control, (ii) the difference between the consideration of USD8,553,800 (equivalent to approximately HK\$66,335,000) and the aggregate paid-in capital of CGN Global Uranium Limited (the "CGN Global") of USD3,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$23,265,000) acquired under business combinations under common control and (iii) share of other reserve of associates.
- 附註a: 於中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立之附屬公司 須將溢利之10%撥入儲備基金。儲備基金須 保留於附屬公司之賬目內作特定用途。
- 附註b: 其他儲備指(i)根據共同控制下之業務合併收 購的代價133,000,000美元(「美元」)(約等於 1,030,899,000港元)與北京中哈鈾資源投資 有限公司(「北京中哈鈾」)實繳資本總額人民 幣823,770,000元(約等於944,534,000港元) 之間的差額,(ii)根據共同控制下業務合併收 購的代價8,553,800美元(約等於66,335,000 港元)與CGN Global Uranium Limited(「CGN Global」)實繳資本總額3,000,000美元(約等 於23,265,000港元)之間的差額及(iii)應佔聯 營公司的其他儲備。

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
		Г/в/С	I /E/L
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	196,564	179,966
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	128	63
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,715	1,859
Reversal of impairment in respect of inventories	存貨撥回減值	-	(1,768)
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公允值變動	1,073	(855)
Interest income	利息收入	(1,654)	(9,106)
Interest expenses on loan from immediate holding	來自直接控股公司貸款之利息開支		
company		18,679	107
Interest expense on loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款之利息開支	21,821	35,896
Interest expenses on bank borrowings	銀行借款利息開支	9,100	4,782
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	83	104
Share of results from a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績	(138,311)	(70,844)
Share of results from associates	應佔聯營公司業績	(66,755)	15,060
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital	營運資金變動前經營現金流量	42,443	155,264
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(増加)	24,183	(323,587)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項減少/(增加)	263,472	(236,485)
(Increase)/decrease in amount due from an intermediate	應收一間中間控股公司款項(增加)/減少		
holding company		(69)	1,552
Increase in amount due from a fellow subsidiary	應收一間同系附屬公司款項增加	(1)	(19)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項(減少)/增加	(54,765)	118,867
Increase/(decrease) in amount due to an intermediate	應付一間中間控股公司款項增加/(減少)		
holding company		243	(7,499)
Decrease in amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項減少	-	(5,513)
Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項增加/(減少)	1,053	(286)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	經營所得/(所用)現金	276,559	(297,706)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税	(1,255)	(10,628)
People's Republic of China Enterprise Income Tax paid	已付中華人民共和國企業所得税		(760)
The United Kingdom Corporation Tax paid	已付英國企業税	(17,272)	(5,995)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	。經營活動所得/(所用)現金淨額	258,032	(315,089)

### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows** 綜合現金流量表

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(393)	(524)
Interest income received	已收取利息收入	1,601	9,508
Dividend received from a joint venture	收取一間合營企業股息	36,051	16,734
Acquisition of an associate	收購一間聯營公司	(3,374,011)	-
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	s 投資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額	(3,336,752)	25,718
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動		
Dividend paid	已付股息	(33,003)	(66,007)
Cash received in inventory lease	已收存貨租賃現金	984,197	-
Interest paid on loan from immediate holding company	就來自直接控股公司貸款已付利息	(19,421)	(107
Interest paid on loans from a fellow subsidiary	就來自一間同系附屬公司貸款已付利息	(22,584)	(36,100
Interest paid on bank borrowings	就銀行借款已付利息	(10,987)	(1,538
Advance of loan from immediate holding company	來自直接控股公司貸款墊款	2,516,175	349,686
Repayment of loan to immediate holding company	償還直接控股公司的貸款	(96,939)	(349,686)
Advance of loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款	-	259,795
Repayment of loans to a fellow subsidiary	償還一間附屬公司貸款	(667,759)	(422,559)
Advance of bank borrowings	銀行借款墊款	-	1,054,458
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(666,704)	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(1,795)	(1,962)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額	1,981,180	785,980
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值項目(減少)/增加淨額		
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,097,540)	496,609
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年初現金及現金等值項目		
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		1,174,508	676,793
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	4,325	1,106
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF	年末現金及現金等值項目		
THE YEAR		81,293	1,174,508

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

CGN Mining Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability. The shares of the Company are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its parent company is 中國鈾業發展有限公 司 (China Uranium Development Company Limited) ("China Uranium"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of 中廣核鈾業發展有限公司 (CGNPC Uranium Resources Co. Ltd.) ("CGNPC-URC Development"), which is in turn a subsidiary of 中國廣核集團有限公司 (China General Nuclear Power Corporation) ("CGNPC"). CGNPC is the ultimate parent company of the Company. Both CGNPC-URC and CGNPC were state-owned enterprises established in the PRC.

The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section to the Annual Report.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to the "Group") are trading of natural uranium, property investment and other investments.

#### 1. 一般資料

中廣核礦業有限公司(「本公司」)為 一家於開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免 有限公司。本公司股份於香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。 其母公司為中國鈾業發展有限公司。 (「中國鈾業發展有限公司,並為中國 (「中廣核銀馬」)的全資附屬公司,後者為中 國廣友,的附屬公司。中廣核集團 公司」)的附屬公司。中廣核集團公 司為本公司的最終母公司。中廣核 軸業發展及中廣核集團公司均為於 中國成立的國有企業。

本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地 點於本年報「公司資料」一節披露。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集 團」)之主要業務為天然鈾貿易、物 業投資及其他投資。



For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### (a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs

The new standards impacting the Group that have been adopted in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021:

 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – IBOR "phase 2" (Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16); and

• Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments to HKFRS 16).

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – IBOR 'phase 2' (Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16)

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)
  - (a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
     務報告準則

截至2021年12月31日止年 度的年度財務報表已採納 對本集團造成影響的新準 則:

- 利率基準改革一銀 行同業拆息「第二階 段」(香港財務報告 準則第9號、香港會 計準財務報告準則第7 號、香港財務報告準則第7 號則第4號及香港財 務報告準則第16號 之修訂);及
- 2021年6月30日後 的2019新冠疫情相 關租金優惠(香港財 務報告準則第16號 之修訂)。

利率基準改革-銀行同業拆 息「第二階段」(香港財務報 告準則第9號、香港會計準 則第39號、香港財務報告 準則第7號、香港財務報告 準則第4號及香港財務報告 準則第16號之修訂)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs (Continued)

These amendments to various HKFRS standards are mandatorily effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The amendments provide relief to the Group in respect of certain loans (notes 28 and 29) whose contractual terms are affected by interest benchmark reform. See the applicable notes for further details on how the amendments affected the Group.

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments to HKFRS 16)

Effective 1 June 2020, HKFRS 16 was amended to provide a practical expedient for lessees accounting for rent concessions that arise as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and satisfy the following criteria:  採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
 務報告準則(續)

該等對香港財務報告準則 之修訂於2021年1月1日或 之後開始的報告期間強制 生效。該等修訂為本集團 就合約條款受受利率基準 改革影響的若干貸款(附註 28及29)提供寬免。有關該 等修訂對本集團影響的進 一步詳情,請參閱適用附 註。

2021年6月30日後的2019 新冠疫情相關租金優惠(香 港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂)

自2020年6月1日起,香港 財務報告準則第16號租賃 已作出修訂,為符合以下 準則的承租人對因2019新 冠疫情而直接產生的租金 優惠的會計處理提供可行 權宜方法:

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### (Continued)

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments to HKFRS 16) (Continued)

- (a) The change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) The reduction is lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- (c) There is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

Rent concessions that satisfy these criteria may be accounted for in accordance with the practical expedient, which means the lessee does not assess whether the rent concession meets the definition of a lease modification. Lessees apply other requirements in HKFRS 16 in accounting for the concession.

In the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had elected to utilise the practical expedient for all rent concessions that meet the criteria.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
     務報告準則(續)

2021年6月30日後的2019 新冠疫情相關租金優惠(香 港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂)(續)

(a) 租賃付款的變動導
 致經修訂租賃代價
 與緊接變動前的租
 賃代價基本相同或
 更低;

(b) 租賃付款的減少僅 影響原本於2021年 6月30日或之前到期 的付款;及

(c) 租賃的其他條款及 條件並無任何實質 性變動。

符合上述標準的租金優惠可按照該 可行權宜方法入賬,即承租人無需 評估租金優惠是否符合租賃修訂的 定義。承租人應運用香港財務報告 準則第16號的其他規定對租金優惠 進行會計處理。

於截至2020年12月31日止年度的 年度財務報表中,本集團已選擇對 符合標準的所有租金優惠採取實際 可行權宜方法。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments to HKFRS 16) (Continued)

Accounting for the rent concessions as lease modifications would have resulted in the Group remeasuring the lease liability to reflect the revised consideration using a revised discount rate, with the effect of the change in the lease liability recorded against the right-of-use asset. By applying the practical expedient, the Group is not required to determine a revised discount rate and the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

On 9 April 2021, the HKICPA issued another amendment to HKFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021, which extended the above practical expedient to reductions in lease payments that were originally due on or before 30 June 2022. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with earlier application permitted including the financial statements not authorised for issue at 9 April 2021. The amendment is to be applied mandatorily by those entities that have elected to apply the previous amendment Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions. The Group has early adopted the amendment Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 in the current annual financial statements.  採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
 務報告準則(續)

2021年6月30日後的2019 新冠疫情相關租金優惠(香 港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂)(續)

於2021年4月9日,香港會 計師公會對香港財務報告 準則第16號作出另一項修 訂:2021年6月30日後的 2019新冠疫情相關租金優 惠將上述可行權宜方法擴 大到減少原於2022年6月 30日或之前到期的租賃付 款。此項修訂於2021年4月 1日或之後開始的年度期間 生效, 並允許提前應用, 包括未授權於2021年4月9 日發佈的財務報表。此項 修訂強制實施於選擇應用 上一次2019新冠疫情相關 租金優惠修訂的實體。本 集團已於當前年度財務報 表中提早採納2021年6月30 日後的2019新冠疫情相關 租金優惠。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### (Continued)

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments to HKFRS 16) (Continued)

The Group had not negotiated several rent concessions with lessors that affected payments originally due after 30 June 2021 but before 30 June 2022.

#### (b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

The following amendments are effective for the period beginning 1 January 2022:

- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to HKAS 37);
- Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to HKAS 16);

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
     務報告準則(續)

2021年6月30日後的2019 新冠疫情相關租金優惠(香 港財務報告準則第16號之 修訂)(續)

本集團未與出租人協商若 干租金優惠,該等優惠影 響於2021年6月30日後但於 2022年6月30日前原應支付 的款項。

(b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則

> 本集團並無提前採納下列 與本集團財務報表可能相 關之已頒佈但尚未生效之 新訂或經修訂香港財務報 告準則。本集團目前計劃 於該等變動生效當日應用 該等變動。

> 以下修訂於2022年1月1日 開始的期間生效:

虧損性合同一履行 合同之成本(香港會 計準則第37號之修 訂);

物業、廠房及設備-作擬定用途前
 之所得款項(香港會計準則第16號之修訂);

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

- (b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)
  - Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018-2020 (Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 16 and HKAS 41); and

• References to Conceptual Framework (Amendments to HKFRS 3).

The following amendments are effective for the period beginning 1 January 2023:

- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2);
  - Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to HKAS 8); and
  - Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to HKAS 12).

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)
    - 香港財務報告準則
       2018年至2020年之
       年度改進(香港財務
       報告準則第1號、香
       港財務報告準則第
       9號、香港財務報告
       準則第16號及香港
       會計準則第41號之
       修訂);及
    - 提述香港財務報告 準則概念框架的修 訂(香港財務報告準 則第3號之修訂)。

以下修訂於2023年1月1日 開始的期間生效:

- 會計政策披露(香港 會計準則第1號及香 港財務報告準則實 務報告第2號之修 訂);
- 會計估計的定義(香 港會計準則第8號之 修訂);及
  - 與單一交易產生的 資產及負債有關的 遞延税項(香港會 計準則第12號之修 訂)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> In August 2020, the HKICPA issued amendments to HKAS 1, which clarify the criteria used to determine whether liabilities are classified as current or noncurrent. These amendments clarify that current or non-current classification is based on whether an entity has a right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The amendments also clarify that 'settlement' includes the transfer of cash, goods, services, or equity instruments unless the obligation to transfer equity instruments arises from a conversion feature classified as an equity instrument separately from the liability component of a compound financial instrument. The amendments were originally effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. However, in May 2020, the effective date was deferred to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港會計師公會於2020年 8月頒佈香港會計準則第1 號之修訂,該修訂澄清釐 定負債分類為流動或非流 動的準則。該修訂澄清, 流動或非流動分類乃基於 實體於報告期末是否有權 於報告期後至少十二個月 延遲結算負債。該修訂亦 澄清[結算]包括現金、貨 品、服務或股本工具的轉 讓,除非轉讓權益工具的 責任源自分類為權益工具 的轉換功能,與複合金 融工具的負債部分分開處 理。該修訂原於2022年1月 1日或之後開始的年度報告 期間生效。然而,於2020 年5月,生效日期延遲至 2023年1月1日或之後開始 的年度報告期間。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> In response to feedback and enquiries from stakeholders, in December 2020, the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued a Tentative Agenda Decision, analysing the applicability of the amendments to three scenarios. However, given the comments received and concerns raised on some aspects of the amendments, in April 2021, IFRIC decided not to finalise the agenda decision and referred the matter to the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). In its June 2021 meeting, the IASB tentatively decided to amend the requirements of IAS 1 with respect to the classification of liabilities subject to conditions and to defer the effective date of the 2020 amendment by at least one year.

 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

> (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> > 為回應利益相關者的反饋 及 詢 問 , 國 際 財 務 報 告 準則解釋委員會(IFRIC)於 2020年12月頒佈一項暫 定議程決定,分析該修訂 對三種情景的適用性。然 而,鑑於收到的意見及對 該修訂若干方面提出的擔 憂, IFRIC於2021年4月決 定不落實該議程決定,並 將此事提交給國際會計準 則委員會(IASB)。在2021年 6月的會議上, IASB暫定修 訂國際會計準則第1號關於 受條件限制的負債分類及 披露有關條件的信息的要 求,並將2020年修訂的生 效日期推遲至少一年。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> The Group is currently assessing the impact of these new accounting standards and amendments. Given that HKFRS is fully converged with International Financial Reporting Standards, the Group will assess the impact of the final amendments to IAS 1 on classification of its liabilities once the those are issued by the IASB. The Group does not believe that the amendments to IAS 1, in their present form, will have a significant impact on the classification of its liabilities, as the conversion feature in its convertible debt instruments is classified as an equity instrument and therefore, does not affect the classification of its convertible debt as a non-current liability.

> The Group does not expect any other standards issued by the HKICPA, but not yet effective, to have a material impact on the group.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

本集團目前正評估該等新 會計準則及該等準則的修 訂本的影響。鑑於香港財 務報告準則與國際財務報 告準則完全一致,本集團 將IASB頒佈該等修訂後評 估國際會計準則第1號的最 終修訂對其負債分類的影 響。本集團認為,現行形 式的國際會計準則第1號的 修訂不會對其負債的分類 產生重大影響,因為其可 轉換債務工具的轉換特徵 被分類為權益工具,因此 不會影響將其可轉換債務 分類為非流動負債。

本集團預期香港會計師公 會頒佈但尚未生效的任何 其他準則不會對本集團產 生重大影響。

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#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all HKFRSs, HKASs and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for investment properties that are measured at fair values.

Notwithstanding that the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$1,820,912,000 as at 31 December 2021, the directors of the Company are of view that the Group is able to maintain itself as a going concern, by taking into consideration of the following:

 China Uranium Development, immediate holding company of the Company, continue to provide adequate funds for the Group to meet its liabilities if needed; and

#### 3. 編製基準

#### (a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據所有 香港財務報告準則、香港 會計準則及詮釋(下文統稱 為「香港財務報告準則」)以 及香港公司條例之披露規 定編製。此外,綜合財務 報表包括香港聯合證券交 易所有限公司證券上市規 則適用之披露規定。

(b) 計量基準

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成 本基準編製,惟投資物業 則按公允值計算。

儘管本集團於2021年12月 31日的流動負債淨值為大 約1,820,912,000港元,惟 考慮到以下因素,本公司 董事認為本集團能夠維持 其持續經營:

 本公司的直接控股 公司中國鈾業發展,在必要時可持 續為本集團提供充 足的資金以償還負 債;及

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (b) Basis of measurement (Continued)

 The existing facilities had been granted by CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited ("CGNPC Huasheng") in which approximately of USD350,000,000 had not been utilised as at 31 December 2021.

Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and do not include any adjustments which would be required should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currencies

The functional currency of the Company is USD. As the Company is listed in Hong Kong, the Directors consider that it is appropriate to present the consolidated financial statements in HK\$.

#### 3. 編製基準(續)

- (b) 計量基準(續)
  - 於2021年12月31
     日,由中廣核華盛
     投資有限公司(「中 廣核華盛」)所提供
     的授信額度尚有
     350,000,000美元未
     被運用。

因此,該等綜合財務報表 乃按持續經營基準編製, 且不包括本集團倘若無法 持續經營而須作出的任何 調整。

#### (c) 功能及呈列貨幣

本公司的功能貨幣為美 元。由於本公司乃於香港 上市,董事認為以港元呈 列綜合財務報表乃屬適 宜。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. 4. 主要會計政策

#### (a) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團 的財務報表。集團內公司 間所有交易、結餘及未 現溢利已在編製綜合財務 報表時悉數抵銷。除非發 易提供證據顯示已轉讓現 產有所減值,否則未變現 虧損亦會撤銷,在此情況 下,虧損於損益確認。

於年內收購或出售的附屬 公司的業績,將由收購日 期起或直至出售日期止(如 適用)計入綜合全面收益表 內」動務報表將作出調整, 以使其會計政策與本集團 其他成員公司所採用者一 致。

當本集團喪失對附屬公司 之控制權時,出售收益或 虧損乃按(i)已收代價之公允 值及任何保留權益之公允 值之總額權益之資產(包括 之過往賬 個(ii)附屬公司及 差額自定出售,之前於其 個 公司之所有金額須按相同 基準入賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (Continued)

#### (b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (i) power over the investee, (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and (iii) the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

De-facto control exists in situations where the Company has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee without holding the majority of the voting rights. In determining whether de-facto control exists, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including:

- the size of the Company's voting rights relative to both the size and dispersion of other parties who hold voting rights;
- substantive potential voting rights held by the Company and other parties who hold voting rights;
- other contractual arrangements; and
- historic patterns in voting attendance.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### **4.** 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司能對其 行使控制權之被投資方。 倘達成以下三項條件,本 公司取得被投資方之控制 權:(i)有權控制投資對象, (ii)對來自投資對象之浮動回 報享有承擔或權利,以及 (iii)能運用對投資對象之權 力以影響其所得回報。倘 有事實及情況顯示任何有 關控制條件改變,則重新 評估有關控制權。

本公司毋須持有大多數投 票權的情況下,有實際能 力指導投資對象相關 動,即屬存在實際控 關 權。為確定是否存在實際 控制權,本公司需考慮所 有相關事實與情況,包 括:

- 本公司投票權數目 相對於其他持有投 票權人士之投票權 數目與分佈情況;
- 本公司與其他持有 投票權人士所持有 實際潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排;及
- 投票出席人士之過 往模式。

於附屬公司之投資按成本 減減值虧損(如有)列入本公 司之財務狀況表。本公司 按已收及應收股息基準對 附屬公司之業績進行會計 處理。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions are eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred, they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other nonfinancial assets.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有 重大影響力的實體,且既 非附屬公司,亦非共同安 排。重大影響力指可參與 投資對象之財務及營運決 策但不是控制或共同控制 該等政策之權力。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Associates (Continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKFRS 9. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate are recognised on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest it that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

In the Company's statement of financial position, interests in associates are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of associates are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(c)

聯營公司(續) 本集團自投資不再為聯營 公司當日起終止採用權益 法。倘本集團保留於前聯 營公司之權益且該保留權 益為金融資產,則本集團 會於該日按公允值計量保 留權益,而該公允值則被 視為根據香港財務報告準 則第9號於初步確認時之 公允值。聯營公司於終止 採用權益法當日之賬面值 與出售聯營公司之任何保 留權益之公允值及任何所 得款項間之差額,會於釐 定出售該聯營公司之收益 或虧損時入賬。此外,確 認先前在其他全面收益就 該聯營公司確認之所有金 額,基準與該聯營公司已 直接出售相關資產或負債 所需基準相同。

於本公司財務狀況表中, 於聯營公司之權益按成本 減減值虧損(如有)列賬。 聯營公司之業績由本公司 按年內已收及應收股息入 賬。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (Continued)

#### (d) Joint arrangements

The Group is a party to a joint arrangement where there is a contractual arrangement that confers joint control over the relevant activities of the arrangement to the Group and at least one other party. Joint control is assessed under the same principles as control over subsidiaries.

The Group classifies its interest in joint arrangements as joint venture where the Group has rights to only the net assets of the joint arrangement.

In assessing the classification of interest in joint arrangements, the Group considers:

- the structure of the joint arrangement;
- the legal form of joint arrangements structured through a separate vehicle;
- the contractual terms of the joint arrangement agreement; and
  - any other facts and circumstances (including any other contractual arrangements).

The Group accounts for its interest in a joint venture in the same manner as investments in associates (i.e. using the equity method – see note 4(c)).

The Company's interest in a joint venture is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Results of a joint venture are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable. (d) 合營安排

當有合約安排賦予本集團 及至少一名其他訂約方對 相關活動之共同控制權 時,本集團為合營安排之 訂約方。共同控制乃根據 控制附屬公司之相同原則 予以評估。

倘若本集團僅對合營安排 之資產淨值擁有權利,本 集團將其於合營安排之權 益分類為合營企業。

於評估有關於合營安排之 權益之分類時,本集團會 考慮:

- 合營安排之架構;
- 透過獨立實體組織
   之合營安排之法定
   形式;
- 合營安排協議之合 約條款;及
- 任何其他事實及情況(包括任何其他合約安排)。

本集團採用與於聯營公司之 投資相同的方法(即使用權 益法一見附註4(c))將其於合 營企業之權益列賬。

本公司於合營企業之權益 按成本減減值虧損(如有)列 賬。合營企業之業績由本 公司按年內已收及應收股 息入賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost or valuation net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Over the shorter of the term of the lease or

term of the lease or

40 vears

5 years

10% to 27%

Buildings

Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of the

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

4. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本 減累計折舊及累計減值虧 損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備的成本 包括其收購價及收購有關 項目直接分佔的成本。

物業、廠房及設備按直線 法於其估計可使用年期進 行折舊,以撇銷其成本或 估值(扣除預計剩餘價值)。 可使用年期、剩餘價值及 折舊方法於各報告期末加 以檢討及調整(如適用)。可 使用年期如下:

 樓字 按租賃年期或40
 年,以較短者 為準
 租賃物業装修 按租賃年期或5
 年,以較短者 為準
 傢俬、裝置及 10%至27%
 設備

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

#### (f) Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 倘資產賬面值高於其估計 可收回金額,則資產即時 撇減至其可收回金額。

> 出售物業、廠房及設備項 目的收益或虧損乃出售所 得款項淨額與其賬面值之 差額,並在出售時於損益 內確認。

#### (f) 投資物業

投資物業於出售時或當投 資物業於久無法使用及預 期無法通出售獲得未來 必益時終止確認有關物業所產 個收益或虧損(按有關 的出售所得款項爭的 差額計算)於終 止確認該物業期間計入損 益。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Government grant

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets (including property, plant and equipment) are recognised as deferred income in the statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other revenue, rather than reducing the related expense.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 政府補助

僅當合理保證本集團將遵 守政府補助的附帶條件且 將收到補助時,方會確認 政府補助。

按低於市場利率計息之政 府貸款利益被視為政府補 助,按已收所得款項與根 據當時市場利率計算之該 貸款公允值之差額計量。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### (h) Leases

#### The Group as a lessee

All leases are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term of less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use asset

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

The right-of-use asset is initially recognised at cost and would comprise:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability);
  - any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
  - any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
  - an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產初步按成本確 認並將包括:

- (i) 初步計量租賃負債
   的金額(見下文就租
   賃負債入賬之會計
   政策);
- (ii) 於開始日期或之前 作出的任何租賃付
   款減已收取的任何
   租賃獎勵:
- (iii) 承租人產生的任何 初步直接成本;及
- (iv) 除非該等成本因生 產存貨而產生,否 則承租人根據租賃 條款及條件規定的 情況下分解及移除 相關資產時將產生 的估計成本。

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#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

#### Right-of-use asset (Continued)

The Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-to-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date;
- (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃*(續)* 

使用權資產(續)

本集團採用成本模式計量 使用權資產。根據成本模 式,使用權資產乃按成本 減任何累計折舊及任何減 值虧損計量,並就租賃負 債的任何重新計量作出調 整。

#### 租賃負債

租賃負債按於租賃開始日 期未支付之租賃付款的現 值確認。租賃付款採用租 賃暗含的利率貼現(倘該利 率可輕易釐定)。倘該利 率無法輕易釐定,本集團 採用承租人的增量借款利 率。

下列於租賃開始日期未支 付的租賃期內就使用相關 資產權利支付的款項被視 為租賃付款:

(i) 固定租賃付款減任何應收租賃優惠;

(ii)

根據指數或租值釐 定 的 可 變 租 賃 付 款,初步採用於開 始日期的指數或租 值計量;

 (iii) 承租人根據剩餘價 值擔保預期將予支 付的款項;

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 主要會計政策(續) 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. (Continued) 租賃(續) (h) Leases (Continued) (h) Lease liability (Continued)

- exercise price of a purchase option, if the (iv) lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by:

- (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

租賃負債(續)

- (i∨) 倘承租人合理肯定 行使選擇權,則為 購買選擇權的行使 價;及
- 倘租賃條款內有反 (v) 映本集團有行使終 止租賃的選擇權, 則以終止租賃而支 付的罰金。

於開始日期後,本集團透 過下列方式計量租賃負 信:

- 增加賬面值以反映 (i) 租賃負債之利息;
- 減少賬面值以反映 (ii) 作出之租賃付款; 及
- (iii) 重新計量賬面值以 反映任何重估或租 **賃修改**,或反映經 修訂實質固定租賃 付款。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

#### Lease liability (Continued)

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the rightof-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

#### The Group as a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃*(續)* 

租賃負債(續)

倘本集團修訂其任何租約 的估計年期(如由於其重估 行使承租人延長或終止選 擇權的可能性),其調整租 賃負債之賬面值以反映於 經修訂年期作出的付款, 有關金額使用經修訂貼現 率貼現。倘取決於某個利 率或指數的未來租賃付款 的可變部分進行修訂,租 賃負債之賬面值作類似修 訂,惟貼現率保持不變除 外。於兩種情況下,對使 用權資產之賬面值作出等 額調整,而經修訂賬面值 於餘下(經修訂)租賃期內攤 銷。倘使用權資產之賬面 值調整至零,任何進一步 減少於損益確認。

#### 本集團作為承租人

凡租賃條款將擁有權的絕 大部分風險及回報轉移至 承租人的租賃,均分類為 融資租賃。所有其他租賃 則分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃產生的租金收入 乃於相關租賃期內按直線 基準於損益確認。磋商及 安排經營租賃初步產生之 直接成本計入租賃資產之 賬面值及於租賃期內按直 線法確認為開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessor (Continued)

Any changes in the scope of the consideration for a lease that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease are accounted for as lease modifications. The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, recognising the remaining lease payments as income on a either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the remaining lease term.

#### (i) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃*(續)* 

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

原租賃條款及條件之外的 租賃代價範圍的任何變動 入賬列為租賃修改。本集 團自修改生效之日起將經 營租賃的變更作為新租賃 入賬,於餘下租賃期內按 直線法或另一種系統化基 準確認為收益。

#### (i) 金融工具

(i) 金融資產

金融資產的所有常 規買賣於交易日(即 本集團承諾購買或 出售該資產之日)確 認。

按常規買賣指買賣 須於一般按市場規 則或慣例設定之期 間內交付資產之金 融資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments

The Company classifies all of its debt instruments at amortised cost:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (i) 金融資產(續)

債務工具 本公司將其所有債 務工具按攤銷成本 分類:

攤回持流及產量以銷收虧中確中銷合有量利按。實成入損確認的之僅息攤金際本、及認的之僅息攤。實成入損確認的本現資為,銷融利計匯減。收。:金產支則銷資率量兑值任益的付該成產法。收於何於何於人族人人。

#### 權益工具

於初次確認並非持 作買賣之股本投資 時,本集團可以不 可撤回地選擇於其 他全面收益中呈列 該投資之後續公允 值變動。該選擇乃 按投資逐項作出。 按公允值計入其他 全面收益之股本投 資按公允值計量。 股息收入於損益 表確認,除非股息 收入明確表示收回 部分投資成本。其 他收益及虧損淨額 於其他全面收益確 認,且不會重新分 類至損益。所有其 他股本工具分類為 按公允值計入損 益·倘公允值有 變,則股息及利息 收入於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECLs") on financial assets measured at amortised cost including trade and other receivables, amount due from an intermediate holding company, amount due from a fellow subsidiary and bank balances. ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

 12-months ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and



Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧損

> > 全貸於預所約之虧計虧之為對之期期虧金計有事預損預損最本信最。預損融年可件期。期時長集貸長期:工期能產信於信考期團風合信為具內違生貸估貸慮間面險約
For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECLs for trade receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated on an individual basis for customer with significant balances, estimated based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs, unless when there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECLs. The assessment of whether lifetime ECLs should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧
     損(續)

本賬信融虧團經的算於素及及錢的無款貸資損過驗客,債、於預時評一部損的使的有戶須人體告方值了。預用信重作根的經日向(如點類)對基貸大個據特濟對包適,調點。對基貸大個據特濟對包適。。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧
     損(續)

當信認時貸會付力及料集知定析資釐貸後及虧考出即具。團信量,料定風有當損慮過可理此過貸及並。融自大計,關成得據括經估性括定包、計,關成得支基驗得資前瞻預集無或合持於及出料瞻。

<sup>(</sup>ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

(i)	Fina	ncial instruments (Continued)	(i)	金融	エ具(續)
	<i>(ii)</i>	Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)		<i>(ii)</i>	金融資產之減值虧 損(續)
		The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when:			當 出 現 以 下 情 時,本集團認為 融資產信貸減值:
		<ul> <li>significant financial difficulty of the debtor;</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>債務人出 重大財務 難;</li> </ul>
		• a breach of contract, such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;			<ul> <li>違反合約 如違約或 期超過S 天;</li> </ul>
		• the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;			<ul> <li>本集團根 其他情況 不會考慮 條款重組 款或墊款;</li> </ul>
		• it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or			<ul> <li>債務人可 破產或進 其他財務 組;或</li> </ul>
		• the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.			<ul> <li>由於債務 出現財務 難,證券 躍市場 失。</li> </ul>
				~ ~	~

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non creditimpaired financial assets, interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

主要會計政策(續) 4.

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - 金融資產之減值虧 (ii) 損(續)

本集團於損益確認 所有金融工具之減 值收益或虧損, 並 诱過虧損撥備賬對 其賬面值進行相應 調整。

當有資料顯示債務 人出現重大財務困 難,且並無實際收 回的可能時,本集 團 會 撇 銷 金 融 資 產。在考慮法律意 見(如適用)後,已 撇銷的金融資產仍 可根據本集團的收 回程序實施強制執 行。任何收回款項 會於損益確認。

信貸減值金融資產 的利息收入按金融 資產的攤銷成本(即 總賬面值減虧損撥 備)計算。非信貸減 值金融資產的利息 收入按總賬面值計 算。

<sup>(</sup>ii)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

#### (iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### (v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (iii) 金融負債

所有金融負債其後 採用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。相 關利息開支於損益 確認。

收益或虧損於終止 確認負債時及於攤 銷過程中於損益確 認。

(v) 權益工具

本集團所發行權益 工具以扣減直接發 行成本後所收取的 所得款項記賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (vi) 終止確認

金融負債於相關合 約內訂明之責任解 除、註銷或屆滿時 終止確認。

凡本集團因重新磋 商金融負債條款而 向債權人發行本身 之權益工具以償付 全部或部分負債, 所發行之權益工具 即所付代價,乃按 該金融負債(或其部 分)於註銷當日之 公允值初始確認及 計量。倘所發行權 益工具之公允值無 法可靠地計量,則 會計量權益工具以 反映所註銷金融負 債之公允值。所註 銷金融負債(或其部 分)之賬面金額與所 付代價間之差額於 年內損益表確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (k) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added taxes or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 存貨

存貨初步按成本確認,其 後按成本與可變現淨值兩 者之較低者入賬。成本包 括所有採購成本、轉換成 本及使存貨達至目前地點 及狀態而產生的其他成 本。成本使用加權平均法 計算。可變現淨值指於一 般業務過程中的估計售價 減去完成估計成本及進行 銷售所需的估計成本。

#### (k) 收入確認

視乎合約條款與適用於合約 約之法律,貨品或服務之 控制權可隨時間或於某一時間點轉移。倘本集團在 履約過程中符合下列條件,則貨品或服務之控制 權乃隨時間轉移:

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

#### Sales of natural uranium

(i)

(ii)

Customers obtain control of the natural uranium when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the natural uranium. There is generally only one performance obligation.

#### Rental income

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

### 主要會計政策(續)

4.

- (k) 收入確認(續)
  - 提供客戶同步收到
     並消耗之所有利
     益;
  - 隨本集團履約創建
     或提升由客戶控制
     之資產;或
  - 並無產生對本集團 有 替 代 用 途 之 資 產,且本集團可強 制執行其權利以收 取累計至今已完成 履約部分之款項。

倘貨品或服務之控制權乃 隨時間轉移,則收入乃於 合約期內經參考完成履行 該履約責任之進度確認。 否則,收入於客戶獲得貨 品或服務控制權之時間點 確認。

- () 銷售天然鈾 客戶於商品已交付 且獲接收時獲得天 然鈾之控制權。因 而收入於客戶收詞 天然鈾時獲確認。 通常僅有一項履約 責任。
  - *租金收入* 經營租賃之租金收 入於相關租賃年期 內以直線法在損益 確認。

(ii)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4.

#### (Continued)

#### (k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(iii) Management fee income

> Management fee income is recognised when services are provided.

#### (iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### (V) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收入確認(續)

(iii)

管理費收入 管理費收入乃於提 供服務時予以確 訒。

利息收入 (iv)

> 倘若經濟利益可能 將流入本集團及收 入金額能夠可靠計 量,則將會確認金 融資產利息收入。 利息收入乃參照未 償還本金及適用實 際利率,按時間基 準累計,有關利率 乃按金融資產預計 年期,將估計未來 所收取現金實際貼 現至該資產於初步 確認之賬面淨值。

股息收入 股息收入於確立收 取股息的權利時確 訒。

(V)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (Continued)

#### (k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(vi) Inventory lease income

Inventory lease income arises when the natural uranium leased to customers have been bought back by the Group in a lower price. It is recognised when the natural uranium the Group has received the natural uranium returned by customers.

### Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

#### (I) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects any uncertainty related to income tax.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (k) 收入確認(續)
  - (vi) 存貨租賃收入

合約負債

合約負債指本集團因已自 客戶收取代價(或已到期代 價金額)而須向客戶轉讓服 務的責任。

(I) 所得税

本年度所得税包括即期税 項及遞延税項。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (I) Income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities that are not part of the business combination which affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised, provided that the deductible temporary differences are not arises from initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction other than in a business combination that affects neither taxable profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period, and reflects any uncertainty related to income taxes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(I)

所得税(續) 本集團就用於財務報告目 的之資產及負債之賬面金 額與用於税務目的之相應 金額間之暫時差異確認遞 延税項。除不可扣税的商 譽及並非業務合併一部分 且不影響會計或應課税溢 利的資產及負債初步確 認、於附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營企業的投資產生 之應課税暫時差額外,倘 本集團能夠控制暫時差額 之撥回且暫時差額在可預 見將來有可能不會撥回, 則就所有應課税暫時差額 確認遞延税項負債。遞延 税項資產在有應課税溢利 可用於抵銷可扣税暫時差 異之情況下確認,惟可扣 税暫時差額並非因既不影 響應課税溢利亦不影響會 計溢利的交易(業務合併除 外)中初步確認資產及負債 而引起。遞延税項乃按適 用於預期變現資產或清償 負債賬面金額之方式及於 報告期末已制定或大致上 制定之税率計量,並反映 與所得税有關的不明朗因 素。

當有合法執行權利許可將 即期税項資產與即期税項 負債抵銷,且與同一税務 機關有關及本集團計劃以 淨值基準結算即期税項資 產及負債時,遞延税項資 產及負債可互相對銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (I) Income taxes (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

#### (m) Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by the group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it/they operate(s) (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(I) 所得税(*續*)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於 每一報告日期予以審閱, 如不可能再有足夠應課税 溢利可供收回全部或部分 資產,則將削減遞延税項 的賬面值。

所得税乃於損益表確認, 惟當該等税項與於其他全 面收益確認之項目有關 時,該等税項亦於其他全 面收益確認;或當該等税 項與直接於權益確認之項 目有關時,該等税項亦直 接於權益確認。

(m) 外幣

本集團實體以其經營所在 主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)以外之貨幣進行交 易,乃以進行交易時之貨幣進行交 產及負債按報告期末之現 行匯率換算。按公於項目 按離可值之非貨幣可目乃 按釐定公允值當日之的幣 更成本計量之非貨幣項目 毋須重新換算。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (m) Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as exchange translation reserve (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as exchange translation reserve.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 外幣(*續*)

來自結算貨幣項目及重新 換算貨幣項目之匯兑差額 乃於產生期間內於損益確 認。來自重新換算按公允 值列額於有關期間計入 值差額在其貨幣項目之匯 兑差額在其貨幣項目之匯 , 惟在其他全面收益確 認換算產生之差額除外, 在該情況下, 匯兑差額亦 於其他全面收益確認。

於綜合賬目時,海外業務 的收益及開支項目按該年 度的平均匯率換算為本集 團之呈報貨幣(即港元);惟 於該期間匯率大幅波動之 情況下除外,倘如此,則 按於交易產生當時之相若 匯率換算。海外業務的所 有資產及負債於報告期末 按當時匯率換算。產生之 匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面 收益中確認並於權益中累 計為匯兑儲備(並歸屬於非 控股權益(如適用)。於換算 構成本集團於海外業務投 資淨額一部份之長期貨幣 項目時,於集團實體獨立 財務報表之損益內確認的 匯兑差額重新分類至其他 全面收益並於權益中累計 為匯兑儲備。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (m) Foreign currencies (Continued)

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the exchange translation reserve.

### (n) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.



Defined contribution retirement plans

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (defined contribution plans) are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 外幣(續)

於2005年1月1日收購海 外業務產生之商譽及所收 購可識別資產之公允值調 整,乃視作該海外業務之 資產及負債,並按各報告 期末之適用匯率換算。所 產生匯兑差額於匯兑儲備 內確認。

#### (n) 僱員福利

(ii)

(i) 短期僱員福利

- *界定供款退休計劃* 國家管理退休福利 計劃及強制性公積 金計劃(界定供款計 劃)之供款於僱員 提供服務而有權享 有供款時確認為開 支。
- (iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團 不可再撤銷提供該 等福利時及於本集 團確認涉及支付離 職福利之重組成本 時(以較早發生者為 準)確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- Right-of-use assets;
- interests in associates and a joint venture

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that HKFRS.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (o) 資產(金融資產除外)減值 於各報告期末,本集團檢 討以下資產之賬面值,以 釐定是否有任何跡象顯示 該等資產蒙受減值虧損或 過去被確認之減值虧損是 否不再存在或可能被減 少:
  - 物業、廠房及設 備;
  - 使用權資產;
  - 於聯營公司及合營
     企業之權益

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (o) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets) (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

Value-in-use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

#### (p) Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 資產(金融資產除外)減值 (續)

> 使用價值乃根據預期將自 資產產生之估計未來現金 流量釐定,按可反映金錢 時間值之現行市場評估以 及對資產或現金產生單位 屬特定風險之税前貼現率 貼現至其現值。

#### (p) 資本化借貸成本

收購、建設或生產需要長 時間籌備作擬定用途或銷 售之合資格資產之直接 佔借貸成本,將撥充資 在為該等資產之一部分成 本,將預於該等資產之一 的賺取之收入會從已撥 所 和之借貸成本中扣除。 所有其他借貸成本於 之期間 在損益表確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(q)

#### (q) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and short-term deposits that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its shortterm commitments. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and that form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included in cash and cash equivalents. 當本集團因已發生之事件 而負有法定或推定責任, 而該責任將有可能導致可 靠估計的經濟利益流出, 本集團會就該時間或數額 不定之其他負債確認撥 備。

撥備及或然負債

(r) 現金及現金等值項目

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4.		NIFIC inued)	CANT	ACCOUNTING POLICIES	4.	主要	會計	政策(約	續)
	(s)	Relat	ted pa	rties		(s)	關聯。	ι.	
		(a)		rson or a close member of that person's y is related to the Group if that person:			(a)	該人: 近親	以下人士,即 士或該人士的 家屬成員與本 j關聯:
			(i)	has control or joint control over the Company;				(i)	控制或共同 控 制 本 公 司;
			(ii)	has significant influence over the Company; or				(ii)	對本公司有 重 大 影 響 力;或
			(iii)	is a member of key management personnel of the Company or the Company's parent.				(iii)	為本公司或 本公司之母 公司的主要 管理人員。
		(b)		ntity is related to the Group if any of the ving conditions apply:			(b)		合下列任何條 即實體與本集 <sup>關聯:</sup>
			(i)	The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).				(i)	該公集司母屬系彼) 實司團即公公附此 與同員自、及公附此)。
									彼此互有關

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

(s)	Rela	ted nor	ties (Continued)	(s)	國職工	、士(續)	1
(3)	(b)	An er	ntity is related to the Group if any of the ving conditions apply: (Continued)	(3)	(b)	倘符? 件,目	合下列任何 即實體與本:
		(ii)	One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).			選有商 (ii)	聯 ──另聯合另集公公企 「「」」「」「」」 「」」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」 「」
		(iii)	Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.			(iii)	兩間實體 為同一第 方的合營 業。
		(iv)	One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.			(i∨)	一間 三 方 體 主 合 骨 男 方 體 方 營 另 該 體 司 。
		(v)	The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.		~	(v)	該集集的員的利寶團奧富福離計員與關就設後。
		(vi)	The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).		~	(vi)	該實體受 所識別人 控制或共 控制。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 主要會計政策(續) 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. (Continued) (s) Related parties (Continued) (s) 關聯人士(續) An entity is related to the Group if any of the 倘符合下列任何條 (b) (b) following conditions apply: (Continued) 件,即實體與本集 團有關聯: (續) (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant (vii) (a)(i)所識別 influence over the entity or is a member 人士對該實 體有重大影 of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity). 響力或屬該 實體(或該實 體的母公司) 主要管理人 員。 該實體或該 (viii) The entity, or any member of a group (viii) of which it is a part, provides key 實體為一部 分的集團成 management personnel services to the 員公司向本 Company or to the Company's parent. 公司或本公 司之母公司 提供主要管 理人員服 務。



Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner; (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner. 某一人士的近親家屬成員 指預期可影響該人士與一 體進行買賣或於買賣或於買賣或於買賣或於買賣或於買賣或於買賣。 人士影響的有關家屬成 人士的配偶或家庭伴侶:(ii)該 名人士的配偶或家庭伴 的受供養人。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### (a) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

#### *(i)* Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities from investment properties that were measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties in the PRC were held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantively all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model recovered entirely through sale was rebutted.

### 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源

應用本集團會計政策時,董事須就 未能透過其他來源確定之資產及 負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假 設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經 驗及其他視為相關之因素作出。實 際情況可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會按持續基準審 閱。倘會計估計之修訂僅會對修訂 估計之期間產生影響,則有關修訂 會於該期間確認,而倘修訂影響當 前及未來期間,則會於修訂及未來 期間確認。

### (a) 於會計政策中應用之主要 判斷

(i) 投資物業遞延税項就計量採用公允值

模式計量的投資物 業的遞延税項負債 而言,本公司董事 已審閱本集團投資 物業組合,總結為 本集團於中國的投 資物業是根據其業 務目標是隨時間而 非透過銷售消耗投 資物業所包含的絕 大部分經濟利益的 商業模式持有。因 此,於計量本集團 於該等投資物業中 的遞延税項時,本 公司董事釐定以公 允值模式計量的該 等投資物業賬面值 乃全部透過出售收 回的假設不成立。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (a) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)
  - (i) Deferred taxation on investment properties (Continued)

As a result, the Group continues to recognise deferred tax liabilities on change in fair value of investment properties on the basis that the entire carrying amounts of the properties will be recovered through use.

(ii) Significant influence over associate

As per note 20 to the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company considered Fission Uranium Corp. ("Fission"), in which the Group has 14.34% (2020: 16.74%) equity interest, is an associate of the Group as the Group has significant influence over Fission by virtue of its contractual right to appoint two out of seven directors to the board of directors of Fission.



In addition, the directors of the Company considered Ortalyk Limited Liability Partnership ("Ortalyk"), in which the Group has 49% (2020: Nil) equity interest, is an associate of the Group as the Group has significant influence over Ortalyk by virtue of its non-controlling voting power to the board of directors of Ortalyk.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (a) 於會計政策中應用之主要 判斷(續)
    - (i) 投資物業遞延税項(續)

(ii) 對聯營公司有重大
 影響力

誠如綜合財務報表 附註20,由於本集 團憑藉其合同權相 GORP.(「Fission」,本集團持有其 14.34%(2020年: 16.74%)權益)會內七名董事的人 中兩名而於Fission 擁有重大影響之司。 管公司。

此外,本公司董克公( 和公司重克合伙(「奥石)」)(本集會條( 49%(2020年))(本集會條( 49%(2020年)))(本集會條( 49%(2020年)))(本 49%(2020年)) 49%(2020年) 49%(2020年) 49%(2020年) 49%(2020年) 49%(2020年) 40%(2020年) 40%(2020) 40

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty
  - (i) Impairment of trade and other receivables and amount due from an intermediate holding company

The impairment provisions for trade and other receivables and amount due from an intermediate holding company are based on assumptions about ECLs. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, bases on the number of days that an individual receivable is outstanding as well as the Group's historical experience and forwardlooking information at the end of the reporting period. Changes in these assumptions and estimates could materially affect the result of the assessment and it may be necessary to make additional impairment charge to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. At 31 December 2021 and 2020, no loss allowance recognised.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源

(i) 應收賬款及其他應
 收款項及應收一間
 中間控股公司款項
 之減值

應收賬款及其他應 收款項及應收一間 中間控股公司款項 之減值基於有關預 期信貸虧損的假 設。本集團於報告 期末根據個別應收 款項逾期還款的日 數及本集團的過往 歷史及前瞻性資 料,利用判斷作出 假設及選定減值計 算的輸入數據。該 等假設及估計的變 動可能對評估結果 造成重大影響,且 有必要於綜合損益 表及其他全面收益 作出額外減值虧 **損**。於2021年及 2020年12月31日, 並無確認虧損撥 備。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of inventories

The management of the Group reviews an market value at the end of each reporting period and makes provision for the inventories. The Group makes provision for write-down of inventories based on the assessment of the net realisable value. The net realisable value for inventories was determined with reference to the recent market prices of similar items within the same industry. As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of inventories of the Group was approximately HK\$1,743,152,000 (2020: HK\$1,767,335,000). During the year ended 31 December 2021, no provision for write-down of inventories was recognised (2020: a reversal of impairment of inventories of approximately HK\$1,768,000).

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源*(續)* 
    - (ii) 存貨減值

本集團管理層於各 報告期末審閱存貨 市值並就此作出撥 備。本集團根據估 計可變現淨值就存 貨減值作出撥備。 存貨可變現淨值乃 參考相同行業內類 似項目近期市值而 釐定。於2021年 12月31日,本集 團存貨的賬面值約 為1,743,152,000 港元(2020年: 1,767,335,000港 元。截至2021年12 月31日止年度, 並 無確認存貨減值撥 備(2020年:存貨撥 回減值約1,768,000 港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (iii) Fair value of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuer. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on a method of valuation which involves certain estimates of market conditions.

In relying on the valuation report, the directors of the Company have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the assumptions used in the valuation have reflected the current market conditions. Changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair values of the Group's investment properties being recognised in profit or loss. The carrying amount of investment properties measured at fair value at 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$53,082,000 (2020: HK\$52,623,000).

### 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
  - (iii) 投資物業之公允值 於報告期末,投資 物業乃按一位獨立 專業估值師進行之 估值以公允值列 賬。於釐定公允值 時,估值師依據之 估值方法涉及若干 市況估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(iv) Impairment loss on investment in a joint venture

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of investment in a joint venture to determine whether there is any indication that the investment has suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The determination of recoverable amount of investment in a joint venture involves estimates as to: (1) future revenue based on forecasted uranium prices; (2) actual production volume of uranium mines held by the joint venture; (3) exchange rate of Tenge, the currency of the Republic of Kazakhstan ("Kazakhstan"), against USD; (4) the discount rate to be applied to such revenue and costs for the purpose of deriving a recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The carrying amount of investment in a joint venture is approximately HK\$358,011,000 (2020: HK\$264,956,000) as at 31 December 2021. No impairment is recognised for current and prior years.

### 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
  - (iv) 於一間合營企業之 投資之減值虧損

於報告期末,本集 團檢討於一間合營 企業之投資之賬面 值以釐定是否有跡 象顯示該投資已出 現減值虧損。倘存 在任何有關跡象, 須估計該投資之可 收回金額以釐定減 值虧損(如有)之程 度。釐定於一間合 營企業之投資之可 收回金額涉及估 計:(1)根據預測 鈾價計算之未來收 入;(2)合營企業持 有之鈾礦之實際產 量;(3)哈薩克斯坦 共和國(「哈薩克斯 **坦**])貨幣堅戈與美 元之匯率;(4)為 釐定可收回金額而 對有關收入及成本 適用之貼現率。倘 估計該投資之可收 回金額低於其賬面 值,則該投資之賬 面值減至其可收回 金額。減值虧損即 時於損益中確認。 於2021年12月31 日,於一間合營企 業之投資之賬面值 約為358,011,000 港元(2020年: 264,956,000港 元)。於本年度及過 往年度並無確認減 值。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
  - (v) Impairment loss on investments in associates

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of investments in associates to determine whether there is any indication that the investment has suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The determination of recoverable amount of investments in associates involves estimates as to: (1) the estimated future cash flows expected to arise and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value; (2) the resources of uranium; (3) expected market price and (4) exchange rate of Canadian dollar ("CAD"), the currency of Canada, and Tenge against USD, for the purpose of deriving a recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. For the year ended 31 December 2021, a reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$32,831,000 (2020: HK\$59,423,000) was recognised in profit or loss and included in share of results of associates. The carrying amount of investments in associates are approximately HK\$3,994,894,000 (2020: an associate of HK\$553,570,000) as at 31 December 2021.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
    - (V) 於聯營公司之投資 之減值虧損

於報告期末,本集

團檢討於聯營公司 之投資之賬面值以 釐定是否有跡象顯 示該投資已出現減 值虧損。倘存在任 何有關跡象,須估 計該投資之可收回 金額以釐定減值虧 損(如有)之程度。 釐定於聯營公司之 投資之可收回金 額涉及估計:(1) 預期產生的估計未 來現金流量及適當 的貼現率以計算現 值;(2)鈾資源; (3)預期市場價格及 (4) 加拿大貨幣加 元(「加元」)、堅戈 與美元之匯率為釐 定可收回金額。倘 估計該投資之可收 回金額低於其賬面 值,則該投資之賬 面值減至其可收回 金額。截至2021 年12月31日止年 度,於損益中確認 的減值虧損之撥回 約為32,831,000 港元(2020年: 59,423,000港元), 並列入應佔聯營 公司業績中。於 2021年12月31日, 於聯營公司之投 資之賬面值約為 3,994,894,000港元 (2020年:一間聯營 公司553,570,000港 元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
  - (vi) Fair value measurement and valuation processes

Some of the Group's investment properties are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The directors of the Company are responsible to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements. Details are set out in note 18.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages independent professional qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The directors of the Company work closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源*(續)* 
    - (vi) 公允值計量及估值 程序

就財務呈報目的, 本集團之若干投資 物業按公允值計 量。本公司董事負 責釐定有關公允值 計量之適用估值方 法及輸入數據。詳 情載列於附註18。

在之團觀無入委格值合緊適輸行允用市獲據獨值本格合之數第本專師司部設第本專進合在估數第一條。資密用入數第本專師司部設值本格合之數。層團合行事值模技了。層團合行事值模法。



For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(vii) Income taxes

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has not recognised the tax losses of approximately HK\$43,978,000 (2020: HK\$30,101,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no tax loss was expired. These losses relate to subsidiaries that have a history of tax losses and the Group has not accounted for the relevant deferred tax. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future.

The directors of the Company determine the deferred taxation assets based on the enacted or substantially enacted tax rates and the best knowledge of profit projections of the Group for coming years during which the deferred taxation assets are expected to be utilised. The directors of the Company review the assumptions and profit projections by the end of the reporting period.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
    - (vii) 所得税

於2021年12月31日, 本集團尚未確認税 項虧損約43.978.000 港元(2020年: 30.101.000港元),原 因為未能預測未來 溢利來源。於截至 2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度,概 無税項虧損已到期。 關於過往有税務虧損 的附屬公司的虧損, 本集團並未有將相關 的遞延税項入賬。遞 延税項資產的可變現 性主要須視乎未來是 否有足夠溢利或應課 税臨時差異可供動 用。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief executive officer ("CEO"), being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided. Operating segments identified by the chief operating decision maker are the same as the reportable segments of the Group.

Accordingly, the Group's reportable and operating segments are as follows:

- a) natural uranium trading segment engages in trading of natural uranium;
- b) property investment segment engages in leasing; and
- c) other investments segment engages in investment in a joint venture and two associates.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable segments.

## 6. 分部資料

本集團為就資源分配及分部表現評 估目的向首席執行官(即主要營運 決策者)報告的資料集中於所交付 或所提供的貨品或服務種類。主要 營運決策者識別的經營分部與組成 本集團的可報告分部相同。

為此,本集團的可報告及經營分部 如下:

- a) 天然鈾貿易分部指天然鈾
   貿易;
- b) 物業投資分部指租賃;及
- c) 其他投資分部是指投資於
   一間合營企業及兩間聯營
   公司。
- 本集團並未將經營分部整合以組成 上述可報告分部。



For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

### For the year ended 31 December 2021

### 6. 分部資料(續)

### 分部營業額及業績

本集團按可報告及經營分部呈列之 營業額及業績分析如下:

#### 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	3,856,085	3,445	-	3,859,530
Segment profit/(loss)	分部溢利/(虧損)	31,101	(1,012)	205,066	235,155
Other operating income Finance costs Central administration costs	其他經營收入 融資成本 中央行政成本				9,479 (18,869) (29,201)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				196,564

### For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	2,859,214	3,012	_	2,862,226
Segment profit	分部溢利	141,133	828	55,784	197,745
Other operating income	其他經營收入				9,496
Finance costs	融資成本		~		(153)
Central administration costs	中央行政成本				(27,122)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				179,966

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 分部資料(續) 6.

### Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are adopted in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit earned by/(loss from) each segment without allocation of other operating income, certain finance costs and central administrative costs. This is the measure reported to the CEO for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

#### Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

### 分部營業額及業績(續)

經營分部之會計政策是根據香港財 務報告準則第8號「營運部門」來採 納的。分部溢利/(虧損)指各分部 所賺取溢利/(虧損),並未分配其 他經營收入、若干融資成本及中央 行政成本。此乃就資源分配及表現 評估向首席執行官報告之計量。

#### 分部資產及負債

分部資產

以下呈列本集團可報告及經營分部 之資產及負債分析:

Segment assets

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Natural uranium trading	天然鈾貿易	1,845,309	2,121,722
Property investment	物業投資	55,496	54,969
Other investments	其他投資	4,352,906	818,526
		6,253,711	2,995,217
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配公司資產	95,864	1,192,570
Total assets	資產總值	6,349,575	4,187,787

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMA	SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)			<b>分部資料</b> (續)			
Segment assets and liabilitie	s (Continued)		分部資產及負債(續)				
Segment liabilities			分部負債				
			2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元			
Natural uranium trading Property investment Other investments	天然鈾貿易 物業投資 其他投資		4,131,397 314 -	2,112,380 1,430 –			
Unallocated corporate liabilitie Total liabilities	s 未分配公司負債 負債總值		4,131,711 62,641 4,194,352	2,113,810 46,917 2,160,727			

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than bank balances and cash, income tax recoverable, deferred tax assets and other assets for corporate use (including certain property, plant and equipment, rightof-use assets and other receivables).
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than amounts due to an intermediate holding company and fellow subsidiaries, income tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other liabilities for corporate use (including certain other payables and lease liabilities).

就監察分部業績及分部間之分配資 源而言:

- 除銀行結存及現金、可收 回所得税款、遞延税項資 產以及作公司用途之其他 資產(包括若干物業、廠房 及設備、使用權資產以及 其他應收款項)外,所有資 產均分配至經營分部。
- 除應付一間中間控股公司 及同系附屬公司款項、應 付所得税款、遞延税項負 債以及作公司用途之其他 負債(包括若干其他應付款 項及租賃負債)外,所有負 債均分配至經營分部。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

6.	SEGMENT INFORM		6.	<b>分部資料</b> (續)			
	Other segment information			其他分部資	料		
	2021			<b>2021</b> 年			
			Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets after charging/(crediting):	計量分部損益或分部資產時 已扣除/(計入)之款項:					
	Addition to non-current assets (Note a)	添置非流動資產(附註a)	4,101	-	-	-	4,101
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	85	_	_	43	128
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	456	-	-	1,259	1,715
	Interest expenses on loans from a fellow	來自一間同系附屬公司				·	·
	subsidiary	貸款之利息支出	21,821	-	-	-	21,821
	Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息支出	47	-	-	36	83
	Changes in fair value of investment	投資物業公允值變動		4 070			4.070
	properties Share of results of a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績	-	1,073	- (138,311)	-	1,073 (138,311)
	Share of results of associates (Note b)	應佔聯營公司業績(附註b)	_		(156,755)	_	(136,311)
	Amounts regularly provided to	定期向首席執行官提供但並			(00,100)		(00,100)
	the CEO but not included in the	不包括於分部損益或分部					
	measure of segment profit or loss	資產計量之款項:					
	or segment assets:						
	Income tax expenses	所得税支出	-	-	-	18,066	18,066
	Interest income	利息收入	-	-	-	(1,654)	(1,654)

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SEGMENT INFORM		6.	<b>分部資料</b> (續)					
Other segment information		其他分部資料(續)						
2020				2020年				
		Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元		
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets after charging/(crediting):	計量分部損益或分部資產時 已扣除/(計入)之款項:							
Addition to non-current assets (Note a) Depreciation of property, plant and	添置非流動資產(附註a) 物業、廠房及設備折舊	524	-	-	_	524		
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊 本.5. 明曰奚叫國八司代執	44 436	1 -	-	18 1,423	63 1,859		
Interest expenses on loans from a fellow subsidiary Interest expenses on lease liabilities	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款 之利息支出 租賃負債之利息支出	35,896 58	-	-	- 46	35,896 104		
Reversal of provision for inventories Changes in fair value of investment	在貨撥備撥回 投資物業公允值變動	(1,768)	-	-	-	(1,768)		
properties Share of results of a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績	-	(855)	- (70,844)	-	(855) (70,844)		
Share of results of an associate (Note b)	應佔一間聯營公司業績 (附註b)	-	-	15,060	-	15,060		
Amounts regularly provided to the CEO but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	定期向首席執行官提供但並 不包括於分部損益或分部 資產計量之款項:							
Income tax expenses	所得税支出	-	-	-	24,749	24,749		
Interest income	利息收入	-	-	-	(9,106)	(9,106)		
Note a: Non-current assets exclude assets.	ed financial instruments and	deferred tax		附註a: 非流動 ~税項資	助資產不包括金 資產。	融工具及遞延		
Note b: A reversal of impairment loss HK\$32,831,000 (2020: HK results of associates.			回約3 59,42	營公司之權益的 32,831,000港 23,000港元)已3 美績中。	元(2020年:			
				<b>æ</b> . •				

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are located in the HKSAR, PRC, Kazakhstan, Canada and UK.

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of the operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

## **6.** 分部資料(續)

### 地域資料

本集團的業務位於香港特別行政 區、中國、哈薩克斯坦、加拿大及 英國。

有關本集團來自外部客戶的營業額 的資料是根據經營所在地點呈列。 有關本集團非流動資產的資料是根 據資產所在的地點呈列。

		Revenue fro custo 來自外部客	mers	Non-current assets 非流動資產		
		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Europe (other than UK)	歐洲(英國除外)	746,255	989,836	_	_	
US	美國	1,243,968	678,732	_	_	
PRC	中國	614,363	427,925	53,104	52,645	
Canada	加拿大	134,700	265,495	551,209	553,570	
Kazakhstan	哈薩克斯坦	-	221,020	3,801,696	264,956	
UK	英國	550,781	205,942	1,800	1,948	
HKSAR	香港特別行政區	57,473	71,803	3,035	629	
Mauritius	毛里求斯	-	1,473	-	_	
Czech Republic	捷克共和國	511,990	-	-	_	
		3,859,530	2,862,226	4,410,844	873,748	

Non-current assets excluded financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

Note:

附註: 非流動資產不包括金融工具及遞延 税項資產。
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#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### 6. 分部資料(續)

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group is as follows:

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

以下載列來自於相應年度內佔本集 團銷售總額超過10%的客戶之營業 額:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A <sup>1</sup>	客戶甲1	610,918	424,913
Customer B <sup>1</sup>	客戶乙1	N/A <sup>2</sup>	400,445
		不適用²	,
Customer C <sup>1</sup>	客戶丙1	<b>N/A</b> <sup>2</sup>	291,715
		不適用²	
Customer D <sup>1</sup>	客戶丁1	556,912	N/A <sup>2</sup>
			不適用 <sup>2</sup>
Customer E <sup>1</sup>	客戶戊1	550,781	N/A <sup>2</sup>
			不適用 <sup>2</sup>
Customer F <sup>1</sup>	客戶己1	511,990	N/A <sup>2</sup>
			不適用 <sup>2</sup>
Customer G <sup>1</sup>	客戶庚1	386,392	N/A <sup>2</sup>
			不適用 <sup>2</sup>

Revenue from natural uranium trading segment

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group

來自天然鈾貿易分部之營業額 相應營業額並未超過本集團本年度 總營業額之10%

2

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 7. **REVENUE**

Revenue represents amount received and receivable from sale of natural uranium, net of returns, discounts allowed and sales related taxes, and rental income (net of direct outgoings: nil) during the year. Revenue recognised during the year are as follows:

### 7. 營業額

營業額指年內扣除退貨、允許折扣 及相關銷售税後的天然鈾之已收及 應收款項,以及租金收入(扣除直 接成本:無)。於本年度確認之營 業額如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sale of goods Rental income (net of direct	銷售貨品 租金收入(扣除直接成本:無)	3,856,085	2,859,214
outgoings: nil)		3,445	3,012
		3,859,530	2,862,226

The revenue from sales of goods were recognised at a point in time and under HKFRS 15.

來自銷售貨品的營業額根據香港財 務報告準則第15號於某一時間點確 認。

### 8. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

8. 其他經營收入

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income	利息收入	1,654	9,106
Government grants	政府補助金	-	216
Inventory lease income	存貨租賃收入	7,683	-
Others	其他	142	174
		9,479	9,496

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### 9. FINANCE COSTS

### 9. 融資成本

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on loans from a	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款之利息		
fellow subsidiary	支出	21,821	35,896
Interest expenses on bank	銀行借款利息支出		
borrowings		9,100	4,782
Interest expenses on loan from	來自直接控股公司貸款之利息支出		
immediate holding company		18,679	107
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息支出	83	104
		49,683	40,889

### **10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES**

### **10.** 所得税支出

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税		
– current year	一本年度	-	6,977
– under/(over) provision in prior	-過往年度撥備不足/(超額)		
years		336	(80)
		336	6,897
UK Corporation tax	英國企業税		
– current year	一本年度	9,961	14,406
		10,297	21,303
Deferred tax	遞延税項	7,769	3,446
		18,066	24,749

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#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Hong Kong holding company was in loss-making position and accordingly did not have any assessable income. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the profits of all Group entities in Hong Kong are not selected by the management for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime and continue to be taxed at the flat rate of 16.5%.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiary is 25% for both years.

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the PRC subsidiary was in loss-making position and accordingly did not have any assessable income.

The subsidiaries operating in the UK are subject to Corporation Tax Act of UK and the tax rate of the UK subsidiary is 19% for both years.

Pursuant to the Tax Code (Revised Edition) implemented since January 2021 in the Kazakhstan (the "New Tax Code of Kazakhstan"), dividends paid by subsurface users to foreign shareholders without permanent establishments in Kazakhstan (the "Foreign Shareholders") will be exempted from the Kazakhstani withholding tax if (i) as of the date when the dividends are paid, such Foreign Shareholder has owned shares (interest) in the company for more than three years, and (ii) within 12 months prior to the dividend payment date, subsurface users undertake further processing (after primary processing) of at least prescribed rate of the total extracted minerals, by its own production facilities in Kazakhstan.

#### 10. 所得税支出(續)

按照二級利得税税率制度,合資格 企業的首二百萬港元溢利的利得 税率為8.25%,超過二百萬港元的 溢利的利得税率則為16.5%。截至 2021年12月31日止年度,香港控 股公司處於虧損狀態,因此並無任 何應課税收入。截至2020年12月 31日止年度,本集團在香港的所有 實體的溢利並無獲管理層選取按照 二級利得税税率制度計税,並將繼 續按照16.5%的劃一税率徵税。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及其實施條例,中國附屬公司於兩個年度之税率為25%。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止 兩個年度,中國附屬公司處於虧損 狀態,因此並無任何應課税溢利。

於英國營運之附屬公司須根據英國 企業所得税法,英國附屬公司於兩 個年度之税率均為19%。

根據自2021年1月起實施的哈薩克 斯坦共和國修訂版税法(「哈國新税 法」),對在境內無常設機構的境外 股東(「境外股東」)就其來源於哈薩 克斯坦地下資源使用法人的股息、 紅利免徵預提所得税,若:(i)截至 股息、紅利支付之日,境外股東持 有地下資源使用法人的股份(權益) 超過3年,及(ii)在股息、紅利支付 之日前的12個月內,地下資源使用 法人對其所開採的不少於規定比例 的礦產資源進行加工(初加工後), 提供產品後加工服務的生產車間位 於哈薩克斯坦境內,且為自有生產 車間或歸屬於與該地下資源使用法 人有相關聯繫的居民企業。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

The Group has held shareholding in the joint venture for more than three years and all extracted minerals of the joint venture are further processed in its own production facilities, the dividends received by the Group from the joint venture are not subject to the Kazakhstani withholding tax in accordance with the provisions of the New Tax Code of Kazakhstan.

Ortalyk has not satisfied the exemption conditions from the Kazakhstani withholding tax, the dividends received by the Group from Ortalyk are subject to the Kazakhstani withholding tax in accordance with the provisions of the New Tax Code of Kazakhstan.

Pursuant to the EIT Law, the earnings distributed from the joint venture to the PRC subsidiary is subject to a tax rate that is the difference between the tax rate under EIT Law and the tax rate under the New Tax Code of Kazakhstan.

As at the end of the reporting period, the accumulated unrecognisable taxation for undistributable profits of the joint venture is HK\$40,478,000 (2020: HK\$34,327,000).

Pursuant to the laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands for the both years.

#### 10. 所得税支出(續)

本集團持有合營企業的權益超過三 年,且合營企業的其有開採礦產 均在其自有生產車間進行後加工處 理,因此,本集團收自合營企業的 分紅可按照哈國新税法的規定,不 繳納哈薩克斯坦預提所得税。

奥公司尚未滿足預提所得税的豁免 條件。因此,本集團收自奥公司的 分紅須按照哈國新税法的規定,繳 納哈薩克斯坦預提所得税。

根據企業所得税法, 位於中國的附 屬公司享有合營企業的溢利, 須按 照企業所得税税率和哈國新税法税 率之差進行補繳中國企業所得税。

合營企業截至報告期末的不可 分派溢利的累計不可確認税項 為40,478,000港元(2020年: 34,327,000港元)。

根據開曼群島之法律及法規,本集 團於兩個年度毋須繳納任何開曼群 島所得税。

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#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

#### 10. 所得税支出(續)

年內所得税開支可與綜合損益及其 他全面收益表除税前溢利對賬如 下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	196,564	179,966
Tax calculated at rates applicable to profits in the respective tax jurisdiction concerned	按有關税務司法權區適用於溢利之 税率計算之税項	56,950	37,550
Tax effect of share of results of a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績之税務影響	(34,578)	(17,711)
Tax effect of share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績之税務影響	(12,833)	2,485
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税支出之税務影響	4,384	1,116
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	不可扣税收入之税務影響	(11,933)	(2,698)
Deferred tax on undistributed earnings of a joint venture	一間合營企業未分配盈利的遞延税 項	6,151	3,388
Deferred tax on undistributed earnings of associates	聯營公司未分配盈利的遞延税項	7,073	_
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差額之税務影響	(35)	_
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税務虧損之税務影響	2,914	589
Under/(over) provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足/(超額撥備)	336	(80)
Others	其他	(363)	110
Income tax expenses for the year	本年度所得税支出	18,066	24,749

Details of deferred taxation are set out in note 31.

遞延税項詳情載於附註31。

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#### **11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR**

11. 本年度溢利

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after	本年度溢利已扣除/(計入)下列各項		
charging/(crediting):	後達致:		
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	2,072	1,835
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已出售存貨賬面值	3,771,251	2,666,741
Reversal of impairment in respect of	存貨撥回減值		
inventories		-	(1,768)
Cost of inventories recognised as an	確認為開支及		
expense and included in cost of sales	計入銷售成本的存貨成本	3,771,251	2,664,973
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		128	63
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,715	1,859
Short-term lease expenses	短期租賃費用	1,319	981
Staff costs (including directors'	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
emoluments)		15,561	13,918
Net exchange loss	淨匯兑損失	3,266	2,823

#### 12. DIVIDENDS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, a final dividend of HK0.5 cent (2020: HK1 cent) per share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 has been declared and paid.

Since the Group intends to retain sufficient capital for the business expansion, the Board did not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year 2021 (2020: HK0.5 cent per share).

#### 12. 股息

於截至2021年12月31日止年度, 已宣佈及派發截至2020年12月31 日止年度的每股末期股息0.5港仙 (2020年:1港仙)。

由於本集團打算保留充足資金作業 務發展,故董事會不建議派發任何 2021年末期股息(2020年:0.5港 仙/股)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### 13. 每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄 盈利乃按下列數據計算:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Earnings</b> Earnings for the year attributable to the owners of the Company for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	<b>盈利</b> 用於計算每股基本盈利之 本公司擁有人應佔年內盈利	178,498	155,217
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	<b>股份數目</b> 用於計算每股基本盈利之 普通股加權平均數	6,600,682,645	6,600,682,645

The diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares during both years. 於兩個年度內均無具有攤薄效應之 潛在普通股,故每股攤薄盈利等於 每股基本盈利。

#### 14. STAFF COSTS (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

#### 14. 員工成本(包括董事酬金)

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances, other benefits	薪金、津貼、其他福利及花紅		
and bonus		14,885	13,275
Retirement benefit schemes	退休福利計劃供款		
contribution		676	643
		15,561	13,918

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

# 14. STAFF COSTS (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

The subsidiaries in Hong Kong operate defined contribution schemes (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance which are available to qualified employees. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the subsidiaries in independently administered funds. Monthly contributions made by the subsidiaries are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs or fixed sums as stipulated under the relevant requirements, as appropriate. The employees are required to contribute 5% of their monthly salaries or up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 and they can choose to make additional contributions. The employees are entitled to 100% of the employer's Mandatory Contributions upon their retirement at the age of 65, death or total incapacity.

Pursuant to the regulations of the relevant authorities in the PRC and UK, the subsidiaries of the Company in those countries participate in respective government retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") whereby the subsidiaries are required to contribute to the Schemes to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the Schemes are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs as stipulated under the requirements in the PRC and UK. The relevant authorities of the PRC and UK are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Schemes is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the Schemes.

The retirement benefit schemes contribution represent gross contributions by the Group to the Schemes operated by the relevant authorities of the PRC and UK and the defined contribution schemes operated in Hong Kong.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of HK\$676,000 (2020: HK\$643,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting period.

#### **14.** 員工成本(包括董事酬金) (續)

香港附屬公司為合資格僱員按香港 強制性公積金計劃條例推行定額供 款計劃(「強積金計劃」)。該等計劃 之資產與附屬公司之資產於獨立管 理基金內分開持有。附屬公司之每 月供款乃按照有關規定所訂明以適 用薪酬成本之若干百分比或固定款 額(視適用情況而定)計算。僱員須 按其月薪之5%或最高1,500港元作 出供款,而彼等可選擇作出額外供 款。僱員於65歲退休、身故或完全 喪失工作能力時享有100%之僱主 強制性供款。

根據中國及英國有關當局之規例, 本公司之中國附屬公司參與各項政 府退休福利計劃(「該等計劃」),據 此,該等附屬公司須向該等計劃作 出供款,以撥付合資格僱員之退休 福利。向該等計劃作出之供款乃按 照中國及英國規例所訂明適用薪酬 成本之特定百分比計算。中國及英國 有關當局負責向退休僱員支付應 付之全數退休福利。本集團就該等 計劃之責任僅為根據該等計劃持續 作出所需供款。

退休福利計劃供款即本集團向由中 國及英國有關當局運作之該等計劃 以及於香港運作之定額供款計劃作 出之供款總額。

自損益扣除之總成本676,000港元 (2020年:643,000港元),即本集 團於本會計期間就該等計劃應付之 供款。

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#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the seven (2020: eight) directors and the chief executive were as follows:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2021

**15.** 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬 金

#### (a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金

已付或應付七名(2020年: 八名)董事及主要行政人員 之酬金如下:

#### 截至2021年12月31日止年 度

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Other emc 其他 Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元		Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings	董事就有關本公司及其 附屬公司業務之事務 管理之其他服務已獲 支付或應收之酬金				
<i>Executive directors:</i> An Junjing¹ Chen Deshao⁴	<i>執行董事:</i> 安軍靖 <sup>1</sup> 陳德邵 <sup>4</sup>	-	950 864	-	950 864
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings	一名人士就擔任董事(無論 為本公司或其附屬公司 業務之董事)之服務已獲 支付或應收之酬金				
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Yu Zhiping <sup>2, 3</sup>	余志平 <sup>2、3</sup> 変切 <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-
Sun Xu <sup>2</sup> Yin Xiong <sup>2</sup>	孫旭 <sup>2</sup> 殷雄 <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪	120	-	-	120
Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟	120	-	-	120
Gao Pei Ji	高培基	120	-	-	120
		360	1,814	-	2,174

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#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

**15. 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬** 金 (續)

(a)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2020

(續)

截至2020年12月31日止年 度

董事及主要行政人員酬金

Batteries, Salaries, allowances and schemes       Denefit solution         alowances and better benefits       contribution         Fees       薪金、津略 建大器利       進伏器利         相合       及其他福利         相合       及其他福利         HK\$000       HK\$000         HK\$000       HK\$000         HK\$000       HK\$000         HK\$000       HK\$000         Title:       Title:         in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings       動金         Executive directors: <ul> <li></li></ul>				Other emc 其他酉	州金	
in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings			袍金 HK\$'000	allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000	schemes contribution 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
An Junjing1安軍靖1-950-950Chen Deshao4陳德邵4-864-864Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings864-864Non-executive directors: Yu Zhiping2.3 Sun Xu2 Yin Xiong2非執行董事 : ····································	in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary	公司業務之事務管理之其 他服務已獲支付或應收之				
respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings <i>Non-executive directors:</i> Yu Zhiping <sup>2,3</sup> Star <sup>2 · 3</sup> Star <sup>2 · 3</sup> St	An Junjing <sup>1</sup>	安軍靖1	-		- -	
Yu Zhiping <sup>2,3</sup> 余志平 <sup>2,3</sup> -       - <td>respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company</td> <td>為本公司或其附屬公司業 務之董事)之服務已獲支</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company	為本公司或其附屬公司業 務之董事)之服務已獲支				
directors:       Qiu Xianhong       邱先洪       120       -       -       120         Lee Kwok Tung Louis       李國棟       120       -       -       120	Yu Zhiping <sup>2, 3</sup> Sun Xu <sup>2</sup>	余志平 <sup>2、3</sup> 孫旭 <sup>2</sup>	- -	- - -	- - -	- -
Qiu Xianhong         邱先洪         120         -         -         120           Lee Kwok Tung Louis         李國棟         120         -         -         120		獨立非執行董事:				
Lee Kwok Tung Louis 李國棟 120 120		邱先洪	120	-	-	120
Gau Fei Ji 向归益 I2U I2U	Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟		~	-	
360 1.814 - 2.174	Gau Pel JI	同山莝		-	-	

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

# (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Continued)

- <sup>1</sup> Mr. An Junjing is also the CEO of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above included those for services rendered by him as the CEO.
- <sup>2</sup> During the year end 31 December 2021, no emoluments were paid or payable to such directors of the Company by the Group (2020: HK\$ nil).
- <sup>3</sup> Mr. Yu Zhiping resigned as director on 27 September 2021.
- <sup>4</sup> Mr. Chen Deshao resigned as director on 14 March 2022.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The directors of the Company did not receive any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, retirement benefit schemes contribution for directors is borne by CGNPC, the ultimate parent of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "CGNPC Group"). No apportionment has been made as the directors of the Company consider that it is impracticable to apportion this amount between their services to the Group and their services to CGNPC Group.

- **15.** 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬 金 (續)
  - (a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金 (續)

截至2020年12月31日止年 度(*續*)

- 安軍靖先生亦為本公司首席執 行官,於上表披露的酬金包括 其履行作為首席執行官的職務 的酬金。
- 2 截至2021年12月31日止年 度,本集團未有已支付或應支 付相關董事的報酬(2020年: 零港元)。
- 3 余志平先生於2021年9月27日 辭任董事。
- · 陳德邵先生於2022年3月14日 辭任董事。

於截至2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度內,並無任 何董事已放棄或同意放棄 任何薪酬的安排。

於截至2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度內,本公司 董事未收到任何為促使加 盟或在加盟本集團時或補 償失去職位的報酬。

於截至2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度,董事退休 福利計劃供款乃由本公司 之最終母公司中廣核集團 公司及其附屬公司(統稱「中 廣核集團」)承擔。由於本公 司董事認為就其向本集團 及中廣核集團提供服務而 分攤該數目並不可行,因 而尚未作出分攤。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

# **15. 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬** 金 (續)

最高薪酬人士

(b)

#### (b) Individuals with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2020: one) were directors and the CEO of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 15(a) above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2020: four) individuals were as follows: 於本集團五名最高薪酬人 士中,一名(2020年:一 名)為本公司董事及首席執 行官。其薪酬已在上述附 註15(a)中作出披露。餘下 四名(2020年:四名)人士

的薪酬為如下:

		<b>2021</b> 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other	薪金、津貼及其他福利		
benefits		5,413	4,345
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅	1,032	1,130
Retirement benefit schemes	退休福利計劃供款		
contribution		292	187
		6,737	5,662

The emoluments were within the following bands:

其酬金在以下範圍內:

		2021 2021年 Number of Individuals 人數	2020 2020年 Number of Individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000		
	港元	2	2
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000		
	港元	-	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,000,001港元至3,000,000		
	港元	-	~ -
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	3,000,001港元至3,500,000		
	港元	1	~ <u>.</u> -
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000		1	

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### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置 及辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本				
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	238	577	5,031	5,846
Additions	添置	-	-	524	524
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	-	(2)	(2)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及2021年				
	1月1日	238	577	5,553	6,368
Additions	添置	-	-	393	393
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	238	577	5,946	6,761
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND	累計折舊及減值				
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	238	577	4,871	5,686
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	-	-	63	63
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	-	(3)	(3)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及2021年				
	1月1日	238	577	4,931	5,746
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	-	-	128	128
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	238	577	5,059	5,874
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值				
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	-	-	887	887
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	-	_	622	622

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#### 17. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(a)

### 17. 使用權資產及租賃負債

Right-of-use assets		(a)	使用權資產	
			2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties	物業		3,970	1,977
	rangements for offices. The ranged from two to five years.			公室設有租賃 期限通常介乎
•	use assets for the year ended nounted to approximately v leases of offices.		度因新租辦公	2月31日止年 公室令使用權 3,708,000港
During the year ended 31 did not enter into any leas	December 2020, the Group e agreement.			2月31日止年 並無訂立任何

#### Lease liabilities (b)

Lease liabilities		(b)	租賃負債	
			2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current Non-current	流動 非流動		1,445 2,417	704 1,162
			3,862	1,866

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 17. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

**17.** 使用權資產及租賃負債 (續)

(b) Lease liabilities (Continued) (b) 租賃負債(續)

Amounts payable under lease liabilities	根據租賃負債應付的金額	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	1,445	704
After one year but within two years	一年後但於兩年內	1,726	442
After two years but within five years	兩年後但五年內	691	720
		3,862	1,866
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:於十二個月內到期結算		
within 12 months	的金額	(1,445)	(704)
Amount due for settlement after	於 十二個月後到期結算的		
12 months	金額	2,417	1,162

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group entered into a new lease agreement in respect of renting office and recognised lease liability of approximately HK\$3,708,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not enter into any lease agreement.

Amounts recognised in profit or loss

截至2021年12月31日止年 度,本集團訂立有關辦公室 的新租賃協議並確認租賃負 債約3,708,000港元。

截至2020年12月31日止年 度,本集團並無訂立任何 租賃協議。

於損益中確認的金額

<sup>(</sup>c)

	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation expense on right-of-use 使用權資產的折舊支出		
assets	1,715	1,859
Interest expense on lease liabilities 租賃負債的利息支出	83	104
Expense relating to short-term leases 短期租賃支出	1,319	981

#### Others

(d)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the total cash outflow for leases amount to approximately HK\$3,114,000 (2020: HK\$2,943,000).

(d) 其他

(c)

截至2021年12月31日止年 度,租賃的現金流出總額 約為3,114,000港元(2020 年:2,943,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### **18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

18. 投資物業

		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
FAIR VALUE	公允值	
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	48,595
Net increase in fair value recognised in profit or loss	已於損益確認之公允值淨增加	855
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	3,173
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及2021年	
	1月1日	52,623
Net decrease in fair value recognised in profit or loss	已於損益確認之公允值淨減少	(1,073)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1,532
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	53,082

The carrying value of investment properties shown above are situated in the PRC and held under medium-term lease.

All of the Group's property interests to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties held by Beijing Sino-Kazakh as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group, Avista Valuation Advisory Limited, who has among its staff members of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued. The valuation was arrived at on an open market value basis by using the income approach of capitalising the net rental income receivable from the existing tenancies and the reversionary income potentials. 上述賬面值之投資物業乃位於中國,根據中期租賃持有。

本集團所有持有以賺取租金或作資 本增值用途之物業權益均以公允值 模式計量,並分類及入賬列作投資 物業。

北京中哈鈾於2021年及2020年12 月31日所持有本集團投資物業的公 允值乃基於與本集團無關連之獨立 合資格專業估值師艾華廸評估諮詢 有限公司所進行估值而達致。艾華 廸評估諮詢有限公司部分員工為香 港測量師學會會員,擁有近期所估 值物業所在地點及其類別之估值經 驗。該估值是按公開市值基準,假 設在現有租賃下出售,透過資本化 來自現有租賃的租金收入淨額及轉 回潛在租金收入而達致。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The Group's investment properties that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are HK\$53,082,000 (2020: HK\$52,623,000). They are grouped into fair value hierarchy Level 3 based on the degree to which the inputs fair value measurements is observable.

There were no transfers between levels in fair value hierarchy for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

#### 18. 投資物業(續)

估值技術較上一年度所使用者並無 改變。就計量物業之公允值而言, 物業之最有效使用值為其現時之使 用值。

本集團之投資物業以初步確認後之 公允值53,082,000港元(2020年: 52,623,000港元)計量,乃按公允 值可觀察的程度分類為公允值第三 級。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止 年度,並無公允值等級制度之間的 等級轉移。



For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### **18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (Continued)

#### 18. 投資物業(續)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements of investment properties:

有關投資物業第三級公允值計量之 資料:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Key input 主要輸入值	Significant unobservable inputs 不可觀察之重要資料
All investment properties	Income approach	Income approach takes into account net rental income of the properties derived from the existing leases and/ or achievable in the existing market with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the leases, which have been then capitalised to determine the market value at an appropriate capitalisation rate.	Term yield and reversion yield are at 6% (2020:6%)
所有投資物業	收入法	收入法乃經計及有關物業以現有租賃所 得及/或在現時市場上可收取之租金收 入淨額,且已就有關租賃之復歸收入潛 力作適當估量,再將有關租賃予以資本 化以按某一適當資本化比率釐定市值。	期間收益率及復歸收益 率為6%(2020年:6%)

The fair value measurement of the investment properties determined by using income approach is negatively correlated to the term yield and reversion yield. A slight increase in term yield and reversion yield used would result in a significant decrease in fair value measurement of the properties, and vice versa.

The net decrease in fair value of approximately HK\$1,073,000 (Net increase in fair value of approximately 2020: HK\$855,000) was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2021.

採用收入法釐定之投資物業公允值 計量乃與期間收益率及復歸收益率 呈負相關。期間收益率及復歸收益 率略微增長會導致物業公允值計量 顯著減少,反之亦然。

截至2021年12月31日止年度, 公允值減少淨額約1,073,000港 元(2020年公允值增加淨額約: 855,000港元)於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### **19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE**

19. 於一間合營企業之權益

	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of unlisted interest in a joint於一間非上市合營企業之權益venture之成本Share of post-acquisition results and other comprehensive expenses, net應佔收購後業績及其他全面開支	793,730	793,730
of dividends received	(435,719)	(528,774)
	358,011	264,956

Details of the joint venture as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

合營企業於2021年及2020年12月 31日的詳情如下:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporations establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立 及業務地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Percentage of ownership held by the Group 本集團所持 擁有權百分比	Principal activities 主要業務活動
Semizbay-U	Limited liability partnership	Kazakhstan	Ordinary shares	49%	Extraction, preliminary processing and sale of uranium oxide on Semizbay and Irkol fields
謝公司	有限責任合夥	哈薩克斯坦	普通股	49%	提取、初步加工及銷售 Semizbay及Irkol區域 的氧化鈾

# Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

equity method set out below:

The summarised financial information in respect of the joint venture that is material to the Group and is accounted for using

#### 重大合營企業財務資料概要

對本集團有重大影響之合營企業 (以權益法入賬)的財務資料概要載 列如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

**19.** 於一間合營企業之權益 (續)

重大合營企業財務資料概要(續)

# Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)

Semizbay-U 謝		松司		
		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Current assets	流動資產	537,304	258,805	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	369,412	376,456	
Current liabilities	流動負債	126,599	49,037	
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	78,792	76,485	
The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following: Cash and cash equivalents	上述資產及負債金額包括 下列: 現金及現金等值項目	234,494	54,110	
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	流動金融負債(不包括應付賬款 及其他應付款項及撥備)	_	_	
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	非流動金融負債 (不包括應付賬款及其他應付 款項及撥備)	_	-	

		ł	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額		743,938	486,315
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		283,700	144,579
Other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度其他全面開支		(19,865)	(52,043)
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額			
for the year		SMUL	263,835	~ 92,536
Note: Dividend of approximately HK\$36, been received during the year en HK\$16,734,000).		附註:	已收取來自會	年12月31日止年度, 含營企業約36,051,000 :16,734,000港元)之

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

19.	INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)	19.	<mark>於一間合營企業之權益</mark> (續)
	Summarised financial information of material joint ventures (Continued)		重大合營企業財務資料概要 <i>(續)</i>
	Semizbay-U (Continued)		謝公司(續)
	The above profit for the year include the following:		上述本年度溢利包括下列:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	87,942	59,263
Interest income	利息收入	919	1,406
Interest expense	利息支出	1,639	2,009
Income tax expense	所得税支出	72,342	40,125

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the joint venture is set out as below: 上述於合營企業之權益財務資料概 要與賬面值的對賬如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of Semizbay-U Proportion of the Group's ownership	謝公司資產淨值 本集團於謝公司 的權益比例	730,634 49%	540,727
interest in Semizbay-U Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Semizbay-U	的確益比例 本集團於謝公司 的權益的賬面值	358,011	49% 264,956

No capital commitment and contingent liabilities incurred related to the Group's interest in a joint venture.

本集團於一間合營企業的權益並無 資本承諾及或然負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

### 20. 於聯營公司之權益

Listed associate (Notes a, b, c)

上市聯營公司(附註a、b、c)

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of interest in a listed associate	於一間上市聯營公司權益之成本	453,924	453,924
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(98,506)	(131,337)
Share of post-acquisition profit	應佔收購後溢利及		( · · · )
and other comprehensive	其他全面收益		
income (Note a)	(附註a)	178,203	218,426
Share of other reserve	應佔其他儲備	17,588	12,557
		551,209	553,570
		2021	2020
		2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Market value of the interest in a	於上市聯營公司		
listed associate	權益之市值	461,863	229,268

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#### 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

### 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

#### 非上市聯營公司(附註d) Unlisted associate (Note d) 2021 2021年 2020年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 於一間非上市聯營公司權益 Cost of interest in an unlisted associate 之成本 3,374,012 Share of post-acquisition profit 應佔收購後溢利及其他全面 and other comprehensive 收益(附註a) income (Note a) 57,118 Undistributed profits on the 於收購日期的未分派溢利 acquisition date deferred 遞延所得税 income tax 12,555 3,443,685

Details of the recoverable amount as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

於2021年及2020年12月31日的可 收回金額詳情如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Recoverable amount	可收回金額	551,209	553,570

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

#### 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

### 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

Details of the associates as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

於2021年及2020年12月31日,該 聯營公司詳情如下:

Name o 實體名稱		Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporations establishment and operation 註冊成立 及業務地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Percentage of ownership held by the Group (Note b) 本集團所持 擁有權百分比 (附註b)	Principal activities 主要業務活動
Fission		Corporation	Canada	Common shares	14.34% (Note c) (31 December 2020: 16.74%)	Acquisition and development of exploration and evaluation assets
Fission		企業	加拿大	普通股	14.34%(附註c) (2020年12月31 日:16.74%)	收購及開發勘探及 評估資產
Ortalyk (I	Note d)	Limited liability partnership	Kazakhstan	Ordinary shares	49%	Extraction, preliminary processing and sale of uranium products and resources on Central Mynkuduk field and Zhalpak field
奥公司([	附註d)	有限責任合夥	哈薩克斯坦	普通股	49%	提取、初步加工及銷售 Central Mynkuduk及 Zhalpak區域的鈾產 品
Note a:	Group reviewed the and determined the calculation using a with reference to a v professional valuers,	interest in Fission recoverable amou 20-year (2020: 20 valuation performed Asia-Pacific Cons	D, the management for impairment asses unt based on a value years) cash flow pro- l by an independent o ulting and Appraisal L nd the resources of un	ssment -in-use jection jualified .imited.	本集團 減值, 封 估師亞 行的估 ( 20年)現 方法釐 気	年及2020年12月31日, 管理層審閱Fission之權益 並參考獨立合資格專業評 大評估諮詢有限公司所進 值,採用20年(2020年: 金流預測之使用價值計算 E其可收回金額。主要輸 B鈾價及鈾資源。
	of impairment loss	s of approximate s recognised and in	v of uranium price, a r ly HK\$32,831,000 icluded in the share of	(2020:	~ 認減值檔 ~ 元(2020	由於鈾價回升,本公司確 防損撥回約32,831,000港 (年:59,423,000港元), 《本年度應佔聯營公司業
			1 December 2021 an the recoverable amou		日 Fissio	年及 2020 年 12 月 31 on賬面價值為可收回金 如金額為其使用價值。
Note b:	because it has the p directors of Fission	power to appoint to under the terms nto by the Compar	cant influence over two (2020: two) out o stated in the subso ny and Fission on 11 c	of eight pription	響,因 2016年 條款,才	能對Fission施加重大影 根據本公司與Fission於 1月11日訂立之認購協議 本集團有權委任其八名中 2020年:兩名)董事。



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#### 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

Note c: During the year, Fission entered into agreements with certain underwriters on 11 May 2021 pursuant to which the underwriters have agreed to purchase, on a bought deal basis, approximately 57,500,000 ordinary shares in aggregate.

> Fission also engaged into a credit agreement with a company ("Lender") for the purpose of funding the development of the Patterson Lake South uranium project and general working capital. In connection with the facility, Fission issued approximately 39,370,000 ordinary shares upon exercise of purchase warrants and interest payment to the Lender in accordance with the terms and conditions of the credit facility agreement.

> In addition, Fission issued 118,000 (2020: 244,000) ordinary shares upon exercise of share options granted to the directors and employees of Fission under the share option schemes of Fission.

As a result, the Group's interest in Fission reduced in aggregate by 2.4% (2020: 3.14%) from 16.74% as at 31 December 2020 to 14.34% as at 31 December 2021. The effect on the deemed disposal of partial interest in Fission is approximately HK\$32,156,000 (2020: HK\$64,439,000) which included in share of result of an associate for the current year.

Note d: Ortalyk was acquired by the Company on 30 July 2021. Details of the acquisition are set out in note 41.

The market value of the Group's interest in Fission disclosed above is based on the quoted market price available on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FCU", which is level 1 input in terms of HKFRS 13.

#### 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

附註c: 於本年度,Fission於2021年5月 11日與若干包銷商訂立協議,據 此,包銷商已同意按全數包銷基 準購買合共約57,500,000股普通 股。

> Fission亦與一間公司(「貸款人」) 訂立一份信貸協議,為開發 Patterson Lake South鈾礦項目及 一般營運資金進行融資。就融資 而言,Fission已於行使認購權證 時發行約39,370,000股普通股, 並根據信貸融資協議的條款及條 件向貸款人支付利息。

此外,Fission因根據Fission購股 權計劃授予Fission董事及僱員的 購股權獲行使而已發行118,000 股普通股(2020年:244,000股)。

據此,本集團於Fission的權益由 2020年12月31日的16.74%減少 至2021年12月31日的14.34%, 合共減少2.4%(2020年: 3.14%)。視作出售於Fission部分 權益的影響約為32,156,000港元 (2020年:64,439,000港元),已 於本年度計入應佔一間聯營公司 業績。

附註d: 奥公司於2021年7月30日被本公司收購。收購詳情載於附註41。

上述披露的本集團於Fission權益的 市值乃根據多倫多證券交易所中代 號「FCU」所報之市價(即就香港財 務報告準則第13號而言的第一級輸 入數據)而釐定。

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#### 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

(a)

### 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之財務資料概要

#### Summarised financial information of material associates

The summarised financial information in respect of the associates that are material to the Group and are accounted for using equity method set out below:

對本集團有重大影響之聯營公司
(以權益法入賬)的財務資料概要載
列如下:

Fission		(a)	Fission	
			2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港テ
Current assets	流動資產		333,583	183,53
Non-current assets	非流動資產		2,109,877	1,953,54
Current liabilities	流動負債		10,079	4,99
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		64,130	59,920

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	-	_
Loss and other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度虧損 其他全面支出	(42,180)	(52,100)
Other reserve for the year	本年度其他儲備	31,716	26,449
		(10,464)	(25,651)

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20.	INT	ERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)	20.	於聁	<b>戶營公司之權益</b> (續)
		marised financial information of material associates		重大耳	聯營公司之財務資料概要 <i>(續)</i>
	(a)	Fission (Continued)		(a)	Fission(續)
		The above loss for the year includes the following:			上述本年度虧損包括下
					列:

		20 202 HK\$'( 千洪	000	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(	693	1,032
Interest income	利息收入	1,9	981	695
Interest expense	利息支出		41	66
Income tax expense	所得税支出		-	_

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Fission is set out as below:

上述於聯營公司之權益財 務資料概要與賬面值的對 賬如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of Fission Proportion of the Group's	Fission的資產淨值 本集團於Fission的權益比例	2,369,251	2,072,164
ownership interest in Fission		14.34%	16.74%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Fission	本集團於Fission的權益 之賬面值	551,209	553,570

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(b)

#### 20. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued) 20. 於聯

### 20. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(續)

Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)

Ortalyk 奥公司 (b) 2021 **2021**年 HK\$'000 千港元 流動資產 959,913 Current assets 非流動資產 519,062 Non-current assets 流動負債 152,177 Current liabilities 非流動負債 Non-current liabilities 63,458

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	595,016
Profit and other comprehensive expenses for the period	期內溢利及其他全面開支	288,182
Other reserve for the period	期內其他儲備	172,116
		460,298

The above profit for the period includes the following:

上述期內溢利包括下列:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	38,892
Interest income	利息收入	1,350
Interest expense	利息支出	_
Income tax expense	所得税支出	78,562

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INTE	ERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)	20.	於聯	<b>營公司之權益</b> (續)
Sumn	narised financial information of material associates		重大職	<sup>涤</sup> 營公司之財務資料概要 <i>(續)</i>
(Contii	nued)			
(b)	Ortalyk		(b)	奥公司
	Sumn (Contil	INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued) Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued) (b) Ortalyk	Summarised financial information of material associates (Continued)	Summarised financial information of material associates 重大限 (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Ortalyk is set out as below:

上述於奧公司之權益財務 資料概要與賬面值的對賬 如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of Ortalyk	奧公司資產淨值	1,263,340
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Ortalyk	本集團於奧公司的權益比例	49%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest Ortalyk	in 本集團於奧公司的權益的賬面值	3,443,685

No capital commitment and contingent liabilities incurred related to the Group's interests in associates.

本集團於聯營公司的權益並無資本 承諾及或然負債。

21. 存貨

### 21. INVENTORIES

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Uranium	鈾	1,743,152	1,767,335

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no reversal of impairment of inventories (2020: reversal of impairment of inventories of approximately HK\$1,768,000) was recognised and included in the "cost of sales" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The net realisable value of the inventories have been determined with reference to the recent market prices of similar items within the same industry.

於截至2021年12月31日止年度, 概無確認存貨減值撥回(2020年: 存貨減值撥備撥回約1,768,000港 元)已計入綜合損益表的「銷售成 本」項目。存貨的可變現淨值根據 相同行業內類似項目的近期市場售 價釐定。

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#### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 22. 應收賬款及其他應收款項

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables (Note a) Prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Note b)	應收賬款(附註a) 預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項(附註b)	92,160 7,597	351,810
Total trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項總額	99,757	363,176
Analysed into Current portion Non-current portion	分析為 流動部分 非流動部分	99,390 367	363,176 -
		99,757	363,176

The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances. At 31 December 2021 and 2020, there was no loss allowance provided.

- Note a: Trade receivables of HK\$91,940,000 (2020: HK\$64,821,000) represents amount due from immediate holding company, China Uranium Development.
- Note b: Included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, approximately HK\$1,000 (2020: HK\$805,000) and Nil (2020: HK\$69,000) are interest receivables due from CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance Co., Ltd ("CGN Finance") respectively, fellow subsidiaries of the Company.

The Group normally grants to its trade customer credit periods for natural uranium segment ranging from 15 days to 120 days after delivery dates. 本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵 押品。於2021年及2020年12月31 日,本集團並未計提虧損撥備。

- 附註a: 應收賬款91,940,000港元(2020 年:64,821,000港元)為應收直接 控股公司中國鈾業發展的款項。
- 附註b: 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 包括來自本公司同系附屬公司中 廣核華盛及中廣核財務有限責任 公司(「中廣核財務」)分別約1,000 港元(2020年:805,000港元)及 零(2020年:69,000港元)的應收 利息。

本集團通常就天然鈾分部授予其貿易客戶自交付日期起計介乎15日至 120日的信貸期。



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### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

The following is an ageing analysis of the trade receivables presented based on the invoice date, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period.

# **22.** 應收賬款及其他應收款項

於報告期末,以與各自營業額確認 日期相若的發票日期為基準,應收 賬款賬齡分析如下。

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	92,160	344,430
31 to 60 days	31至60日	-	_
61 to 90 days	61至90日	-	_
91 to 120 days	91至120日	-	7,380
		92,160	351,810

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL"). The ECL on trade receivables are estimated using an individual basis by reference to past default experience and creditworthiness of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

For other receivables, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

本集團計量的應收賬款虧損撥備等 於全期預期信貸虧損。應收賬款之 預期信貸虧損乃經參考債務人過往 違約記錄及信譽以及對債務人現時 財務狀況的分析後採用個別基準估 計,並就債務人的特定因素、債務 人營運所處行業的整體經濟情況以 及對報告日期現時和預測狀況方向 的評估予以調整。

就其他應收款項而言,本集團計量 與12個月預期信貸虧損等額的虧損 撥備,除非信貸風險自首次確認以 來顯著增加,則本集團會確認全期 預期信貸虧損。評估是否應確認全 期預期信貸虧損,乃基於自首次確 認起出現違約的可能性或風險是否 顯著增加。

於當前報告期間所作估值技術或重 大假設並無任何變動。

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#### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

The Group's trade and other receivables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

# **22.** 應收賬款及其他應收款項

本集團以相關集團實體功能貨幣以 外之貨幣計值之應收賬款及其他應 收款項如下:

Presented in:		2021	2020	2021	2020
列示為:		<b>2021</b> 年	2020年	<b>2021</b> 年	2020年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		千港元	千港元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他				
	應收款項	100	604	2,983	3,041

### 23. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) AN INTERMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

The amount due from an intermediate holding company represents the rental receivable from CGNPC-URC of which the maximum outstanding amount during the year ended 31 December 2021 is approximately HK\$2,392,000 (2020: HK\$3,875,000).

The amount due to an intermediate holding company represents unsettled amount of management service provided by and the expenses paid by CGNPC-URC on behalf of the Group.

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free, and repayable on demand.

# **23.** 應收/(付)一間中間控股 公司款項

應收一間中間控股公司款項即應收 取中廣核鈾業發展租金,其中,截 至2021年12月31日止年度最高未 償還金額約2,392,000港元(2020 年:3,875,000港元)。

應付一間中間控股公司款項即中廣 核鈾業發展向本集團提供的管理服 務及代支付費用的未結算款項。

款項乃無抵押、不計息及須應要求 償還。

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### 23. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) AN INTERMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

#### (Continued)

The Group's amount due from/(to) an intermediate holding company that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

#### **23.** 應收/(付)一間中間控股 公司款項(續)

本集團應收/(付)一間中間控股公 司款項以相關集團實體之功能貨幣 以外之貨幣計值載列如下:

Presented in: 列示為:		2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due from an intermediate holding company	應收一間中間控股公司款項	1,955	1,955
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	應付一間中間控股公司款項	913	735

# 24. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/(TO) FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES

#### **24.** 應收/(付)同系附屬公司 款項

The amounts due from/(to) fellow subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Group's amounts due from/(to) fellow subsidiaries that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below: 本集團應收/(付)同系附屬公司款 項以相關集團實體之功能貨幣以外

應收/(付)同系附屬公司款項乃無

抵押、不計息及須應要求償還。

之貨幣計值載列如下:

Presented in: 列示為:	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due from a fellow subsidiary 應收一間同系附屬公司款項	16	16
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries 應付同系附屬公司款項	1,789	956

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#### 25. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

25. 銀行結存及現金

			ŀ	2021 2021年 iK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank deposits: 銷	灵行存款:				
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行結存及現金			81,293	1,174,508
Analyse of bank balances and cash at 於 the end of the year: Cash at bank and on hand (Note a)	徐年末銀行結存及現金分析: 銀行結存及現金(附註a)			925	50,928
Cash placed at CGNPC Huasheng	存放於中廣核華盛及				
and CGN Finance (Note b)	中廣核財務的現金(附註b)			80,368	1,123,580
				81,293	1,174,508
Note a: Cash at bank carries interest at prevailing ma	arket rates for both years.	附詞	_	於兩個年度 率計算利息	的銀行存款均按市場利 。
Note b: The balance is unsecured, interest bearing at 0.48% (2020: 0.21% to 2.76%) per annum and recoverable on demand. On 14 June 2019, the Company entered into the new Financial Service Framework		附言		(2020年:0	抵押,按年利率0.48% ).21%至2.76%)計息並 收回。於2019年6月14

2.76%) per annum and recoverable on demand. On 14 June 2019, the Company entered into the new Financial Service Framework Agreements with CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance for a terms of three years commencing from 1 January 2020 and ending on 31 December 2022 (the "Agreements"). Under the Agreements, the directors of the Company consider that these deposits made to CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance is qualified as cash equivalent as the Group can withdraw the deposits by giving any notice and without suffering any penalty. : 該結存為無抵押,按年利率0.48% (2020年:0.21%至2.76%)計息並 於需要時可收回。於2019年6月14 日,本公司與中廣核華盛和中廣核 財務訂立新財務服務框架協議,自 2020年1月1日開始至2022年12月 31日止,為期三年,兩者合稱(「該 等協議」)。根據該等協議,本公司 董事認為,因本集團能夠提取該等 存款(須發出任何通知及不會遭受 任何懲罰),存置於中廣核華盛及 中廣核財務的存款合資格作為相等 現金。

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#### 25. BANK BALANCES AND CASH (Continued)

The Group's bank balances and cash that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

#### 25. 銀行結存及現金(續)

本集團以相關集團實體功能貨幣以 外之貨幣計值之銀行結存及現金如 下:

Presented in: 列示為:		2021 2021年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	2021 2021年	2020 2020年
		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	<b>RMB'000</b> 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>USD'000</b> 千美元	USD'000 千美元
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	22,407	105.482	789	330	38	4,922

#### 26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 26. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables (Note a) Accrued expenses and other payables (Note b)	應付賬款(附註a) 應計開支及其他 應付款項(附註b)	91,815 1,011,553	147,340 10,949
		1,103,368	158,289

Note a: Trade payables of HK\$78,110,000 (2020: HK\$54,189,000) and HK\$13,414,000 (2020: Nil) represented amount due to a joint venture of the Company, namely, Semizbay-U and an associate of the Company, namely Ortalyk.

Note b: Included in other payables, approximately HK\$252,000 (2020: HK\$1,015,000) is interest payable due to CGNPC Huasheng, a fellow subsidiary of the Company and approximately HK\$984,197,000 is the cash received in inventory lease.

附註a: 應付賬款78,110,000港元 (2020年:54,189,000港元)及 13,414,000港元(2020年:零)為 應付本公司一間合營企業謝公司 及本公司一間聯營公司奧公司的 款項。

附註b: 其他應付款項包括應付本公司 一間同系附屬公司中廣核華 盛約252,000港元(2020年: 1,015,000港元)的應付利息,及 已收存貨租賃現金約984,197,000 港元。
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## 26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

# **26.** 應付賬款及其他應付款項

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末,根據發票日期呈列之 應付賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	91,815	141,078
31-60 days	31至60日	-	126
61-90 days	61至90日	-	_
91-120 days	91至120日	-	6,136
		91,815	147,340

The average credit period on purchases of goods was ranging from 15 days to 120 days after delivery date. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit time frame. 採購貨品之平均信貸期為交付日期 後介乎15日至120日。本集團已實 施財務風險管理政策,以確保所有 應付款項於信貸期內清償。

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## 27. LOANS FROM A FELLOW SUBSIDIARY

## **27.** 來自一間同系附屬公司之 貸款

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans repayable on maturity, unsecured and interest bearing at 3.2% (2020: 3.2% to 4.6%) per annum	償還到期、無抵押及按年利率介乎 3.2%(2020年:3.2%至4.6%) 計息之貸款	236,530	904,289
Analysed into Current portion Non-current portion	分析為 流動部分 非流動部分	236,530	370,693 533,596
		236,530	904,289

The effective interest rate of the loans from a fellow subsidiary is 3.35% (2020: 3.12%) per annum.

來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款的 實際年利率為3.35%(2020年: 3.12%)。

The repayment schedule of the above loans based on the agreed terms of repayment granted by a fellow subsidiary is as follows:

根據一間同系附屬公司授予的協定 還款條款,上述貸款的還款計劃載 列如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
On demand or within one year After one year but within two years	按要求或於一年內 一年或以後但少於兩年	236,530 -	370,693 533,596
		236,530	904,289

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### 28. LOAN FROM IMMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

28. 來自直接控股公司之貸款

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan repayable on maturity, unsecured and interest LIBOR+1.5% (2020: Nil) per annum	償還到期、無抵押及按LIBOR+1.5% (2020年:無)計息之貸款	2,400,197	_
Analysed into Current portion	分析為 流動部分	2,400,197	-

The effective interest rate of the loan from immediate holding company is 1.65% (2020: Nil) per annum.

As disclosed in note 2, the Group has adopted Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – IBOR 'phase 2' (Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16). Applying the practical expedient introduced by the amendments, when the benchmarks affecting the Group's loans are replaced, the adjustments to the contractual cash flows will be reflected as an adjustment to the effective interest rate. Therefore, the replacement of the loans' benchmark interest rate will not result in an immediate gain or loss recorded in profit or loss, which may have been required if the practical expedient was not available or adopted. 來自直接控股公司之貸款的實際年 利率為1.65%(2020年:無)。

如附註2所披露,本集團已採用利 率基準改革 - 銀行同業拆息「第二 階段」(香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報 告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號 之修訂)。應用該等修訂所提出的 可行權宜方法,當影響本集團貸款 的基準被取代時,合約現金流量的 調整將反映為對實際利率的調整。 因此,更換貸款基準利率不會導致 即時於損益錄得收益或虧損,而倘 若無法或未有採納實際權宜方法, 則可能須於損益中錄得收益或虧 損。

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#### 28. 來自直接控股公司之貸款 LOAN FROM IMMEDIATE HOLDING 28. **COMPANY** (Continued) (續) As at 31 December 2021, the Group does not expect there is 於2021年12月31日,本集團預計 該貸款利息不會修改。

modification of the loan interest rate.

The repayment schedule of the above loan based on the agreed terms of repayment granted by immediate holding company is as follows:

上述貸款按直接控股公司授出的協 定還款期計算,還款時間表如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	2,400,197	_



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#### 29. **BANK BORROWINGS**

#### 银行借款 29.

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans – unsecured and guaranteed	銀行貸款-無抵押 及有擔保		
Analysed into	分析為		
Current portion	流動部分	-	666,704
Non-current portion	非流動部分	387,754	387,754
		387,754	1,054,458

The above balance was borrowed by CGN Global, a subsidiary of the Company, under credit facilities with amounts ranging from USD50,000,000 to USD100,000,000.

The loan is borrowed by a subsidiary of the Company, and bears interest rates ranging from LIBOR+1.2% per annum (2020: LIBOR+1.2% per annum) and it is guaranteed by the Company.

As disclosed in note 2, the Group has adopted Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - IBOR 'phase 2' (Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16). Applying the practical expedient introduced by the amendments, when the benchmarks affecting the Group's loans are replaced, the adjustments to the contractual cash flows will be reflected as an adjustment to the effective interest rate, if any. Therefore, the replacement of the loans' benchmark interest rate will not result in an immediate gain or loss recorded in profit or loss, which may have been required if the practical expedient was not available or adopted.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group does not expect there is modification of the loan interest rate.

上述餘額由本公司附屬公司中廣 核國際銷售公司借入,信貸融 資額度介乎50,000,000美元至 100.000.000美元。

該貸款由本公司之附屬公司借入, 利率為LIBOR+1.2%/年(2020 年:LIBOR+1.2%/年),並由本 公司提供擔保。

如附註2所披露,本集團已採用利 率基準改革-銀行同業拆息[第二 階段」(香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報 告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號 之修訂)。應用該等修訂所提出的 可行權宜方法,當影響本集團貨款 的基準被取代時,合約現金流量的 調整將反映為對實際利率的調整。 因此,更換貨款基準利率不會導致 即時於損益錄得收益或虧損,而倘 若無法或未有採納實際權宜方法, 則可能順於損益中錄得收益或虧 損。

●於2021年12月31日,本集團預計 該貸款利息不會修改。

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### 29. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

The repayment schedule of the above borrowings based on the agreed terms of repayment granted by bank are as follows:

## 29. 銀行借款(續)

根據銀行授出的協定還款條款,上 述借款的還款計劃載列如下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
On demand or within one year	按要求或於1年內	_	666,704
More than one year, but not exceeding two years	1至2年	387,754	-
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	2至5年	-	387,754
		387,754	1,054,458

## **30. SHARE CAPITAL**

30. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	<b>Amount</b> 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each Authorised: At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	每股面值0.01港元之普通股 法定: 於2020年1月1日、2020年 12月31日、2021年1月1日 及2021年12月31日	50,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	已發行及繳足: 於2020年1月1日、2020年12 月31日、2021年1月1日及 2021年12月31日	6,600,682,645	66,007
All the ordinary shares issued durin	ng the vears ended 31	於截至2021年及20	20年12月31日

All the ordinary shares issued during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

於截至2021年及2020年12月31日 止年度所有已發行的普通股與當時 已有股份於各方面享有同地位。

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## **31. DEFERRED TAXATION**

## 31. 遞延税項

The analysis of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) is as follows:

遞延税項資產/(負債)之分析如 下:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	5,161	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(50,066)	(23,968)

The followings are the major deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

以下為於本年度及過往年度確認之 主要遞延税項資產/(負債)以及有 關變動:

		Tax losses	Accumulated tax depreciation	Change in fair value of land and buildings and investment properties 樓宇以及	Undistributable profits of a joint venture	Undistributable profits of an associate	Total
		<b>税項虧損</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>累計税項折舊</b> HK\$'000 千港元	投資物業之 公允值變動 HK\$'000 千港元	ー間合營企業 之未分配溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>一間聯營公司</b> 之未分配溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020 (Charged)/credited to profit or loss Exchange realignment	於2020年1月1日 於損益(初除)/計入 匯兑調整	-	(182) 156 –	(8,378) (214) (208)	(10,544) (3,388) (1,210)	- -	(19,104) (3,446) (1,418)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 (Charged)/credited to profit or loss Pre-acquisition undistributed profit on	於2020年12月31日及 2021年1月1日 於損益(扣除)/計入 新收購聯營公司於收購前的	5,151	(26) 36	(8,800) 268	(15,142) (6,151)	(7,073)	(23,968) (7,769)
a newly acquired associate Exchange realignment	未分配溢利 匯兑調整	-	-	- (255)	- (358)	(12,555)	(12,555) (613)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	5,151	10	(8,787)	(21,651)	(19,628)	(44,905)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$43,978,000 (2020: HK\$30,101,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses of approximately HK\$43,978,000 (2020: HK\$30,101,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$43,978,000 (2020: HK\$30,101,000) that will expire after five years from the year of assessment to which they relate to. No tax loss was expired during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

於報告期末,本集團可供抵銷 未來溢利之未動用税項虧損約 為43,978,000港元(2020年: 30,101,000港元)。由於未能 預測未來溢利流,故並無就 約43,978,000港元(2020年: 30,101,000港元)之税項虧損 電遞延税項資產。未確認税項虧 損中43,978,000港元(2020年: 30,101,000港元)將於與其相關之 評税年度起計五年後屆滿。截至 2021年及2020年12月31日止年 度,概無税項虧損已屆滿。

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## 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 32. 本公司財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		151	194
Right-of-use-assets	使用權資產		2,884	435
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益		2,110,658	1,098,454
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益		453,924	453,924
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產		5,161	-
Other receivables	其他應收款項		367	-
			2,573,145	1,553,007
Current assets				
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項		103,794	69,777
Loan to a subsidiary	應收一間附屬公司貸款		2,344,361	-
Dividend receivable	應收股息		62,041	-
Income tax recoverable	可收回所得税款		6,956	-
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金		24,000	971,908
			2,541,152	1,041,685
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項		113,579	59,577
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		1,227	445
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	а	1,088	1,088
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付一間同系附屬公司款項	b	1,252	643
Loan from immediate holding company	來自直接控股公司之貸款		2,400,197	-
Loan from a fellow subsidiary	來自同系附屬公司之貸款		76,000	-
Income tax payable	應付所得税		3,560	3,560
			2,596,903	65,313
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨值		(55,751)	976,372
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		2,517,394	2,529,379
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		1,662	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		-	25
			1,662	25
Net assets	資產淨值		2,515,732	2,529,354
Capital and reserves				
Share capital	股本		66,007	66,007
Reserves	儲備	С	2,449,725	2,463,347
Total equity			2,515,732	2,529,354

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## 32. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued) 32. 本公司財務狀況表(續) Mita: 應付附屬公司及一間中間控股公司 款項為無抵押、免息及須應要求償

Note b: The amount due to a fellow subsidiary and details are set out in note 24.

Note c: Movements in the reserves during the years are as follows:

於附註24。 附註c: 年內儲備變動如下:

附註b: 應付一間同系附屬公司款項詳情載

還。

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Share options reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Other</b> reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	1,734,144	154	7	756,314	2,490,619
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	38,735	38,735
Dividend recognised as distribution (note 12)	確認為分派之股息 (附註12)	-	_	_	(66,007)	(66,007)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日 及2021年1月1日	1,734,144	154	7	729,042	2,463,347
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	19,381	19,381
Dividend recognised as distribution (note 12)	確認為分派之股息 (附註12)	-	_	_	(33,003)	(33,003)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	1,734,144	154	7	715,420	2,449,725

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## **33. LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the subsidiaries held by the Company as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

## 33. 附屬公司列表

本公司於2021年及2020年12月31 日持有之附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	Class of shares held			Particulars of issued Place of share capital/paid up operations registered capital 已發行股本/		le equity the Group	Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	持有股份類別	成立之地點	業務地點	繳足註冊股本詳情	本集團應 2021 2021年	佔權益 2020 2020年	主營業務	
Direct subsidiaries: 直接附屬公司:								
Beijing Sino-Kazakh <sup>#</sup> 北京中哈鈾 <sup>#</sup>	Contributed Capital 實繳資本	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB823,770,000 人民幣823,770,000元	100%	100%	Investment project 投資項目	
CGNM UK Ltd.	Ordinary shares 普通股	United Kingdom ("UK") 英國	UK 英國	100,000 ordinary shares of GBP 1 each and 130,521,354 ordinary shares of USD1 each 100,000股普通股 每股面值1英鎊及 130,521,354 股普通股 每股面值1美元	100%	100%	Trading of natural uraniun 天然鈾貿易	
CGN Global Uranium Limited 中廣核國際鈾產品銷售有限公司	Ordinary shares 普通股	UK 英國	UK 英國	3,000,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 3,000,000股普通股 每股面值1美元	100%	100%	Trading of natural uraniun 天然鈾貿易	

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding as at the end of the reporting period or at any time during the reporting period. 概無附屬公司於報告期末或於報告 期內任何時間有任何未償還的債務 證券。

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## 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a)

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

## **34.** 關聯人士交易

(a) 除於本綜合財務報表內其 他地方披露者外,本集團 年內與關聯人士曾發生以 下的重大交易:

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of natural uranium resources to China Uranium Development	向中國鈾業發展銷售 天然鈾資源	(i)	610,918	424,913
Purchases of natural uranium resources from Semizbay-U, including taxes	自謝公司購買 天然鈾資源(含税)	(ii)	351,907	363,414
Purchases of natural uranium resources from Ortalyk, including taxes	自奧公司購買 天然鈾資源(含税)	(iii)	268,278	-
Management fee charged by CGNPC- URC	中廣核鈾業發展收取 的管理費	(iv)	6,410	6,011
Interest income from CGNPC Huasheng	收取中廣核華盛的利息收入	(v)	1,401	8,663
Interest income from CGN Finance	收取中廣核財務利息收入	(vi)	132	95
Rental income from CGNPC-URC	收取中廣核鈾業發展 之租金收入	(vii)	3,445	3,012
Dividend income received from Semizbay-U	收取謝公司股息收入		36,051	16,734
Interest expenses to CGNPC Huasheng	付予中廣核華盛之利息開支	(viii)	21,860	35,896
Interest expense to China Uranium Development	付予中國鈾業發展之利息開支	(ix)	18,679	107

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#### 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

**關聯人士交易**(續) 34.

(Continued)

(a) (Continued) (a) (續) 2021 2021年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 向中國廣核電力股份有限公司 Information system services fee paid to (「中廣核電力」)支付的資訊 CGN Power Company Limited ("CGN Power") 系統服務費用 92 (X) 89 Accounting services fee paid to 向中廣核電力支付 CGN Power 財務服務費用 940 1.043 (xi) Administrative service fee paid to 向中廣核鈾業發展支付行政 服務費用 CGNPC-URC 535 529 Purchases of natural uranium resources 自Swakop Uranium (Pty) Ltd (「Swakop」)購買天然鈾資源 from Swakop Uranium (Pty) Ltd, including taxes ("Swakop") (含税) (xii) 69,412 66,690 Notes: 附註: (i) On 14 June 2019, the Group has entered into a framework 於2019年6月14日,本集 (i) agreement with CGNPC-URC for the sales of natural 團與中廣核鈾業發展就截 uranium resources for the years ended 31 December 2020 至2020年至2022年12月 to 2022 at prevailing market rates. Details are set out in the 31日止年度按現行市價出 announcement of the Company dated 9 September 2019. 售天然鈾資源而訂立框架 協議。詳情載於本公司日 期為2019年9月9日的公 告。 於2019年11月25日,本 On 25 November 2019, the Group entered into a sale agreement with China Uranium Development for the sales of 集團與中國鈾業發展就截 至2020年至2022年銷售 natural uranium resources for the year 2020 to 2022. 天然鈾資源而訂立銷售協 議。 On 12 March 2020, the Group entered into a purchase 於2020年3月12日,本集 (ii) (ii) agreement with Semizbay-U for the purchases of natural 團與謝公司就2020年購 uranium resources for the year 2020 with other certain taxes 買天然鈾資源訂立購買協 in relation thereon borne by the Group. 議,其他有關税項由本集 團承擔。 On 8 April 2021, the Group entered into a purchase 於2021年4月8日,本集 agreement with Semizbay-U for the purchases of natural 團與謝公司就於2021年購 uranium resources for the year 2021 with other certain taxes 買天然鈾訂立購買協議, in relation thereon borne by the Group. 其他有關税項由本集團承 擔。 (iii) On 29 November 2021, the Group entered into a purchase (iii) 於2021年11月29日,本 agreement with Ortalyk for the purchases of natural uranium 集團與奧公司就於2021 年購買天然鈾訂立購買協 resources for the year 2021 with other certain taxes in relation thereon borne by the Group. 議,其他有關税項由本集 團承擔。

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34.	REL. (Contin		PARTY TRANSACTIONS	34.	關聯	人士的	<b>交易</b> (續)
	(a)	(Contii	nued)		(a)	(續)	
		Notes: (	Continued)			附註:(;	續)
		(i∨)	The Group entered into a service agreement with CGNPC- URC for the administrative services provided by CGNPC- URC.			(iv)	本集團與中廣核鈾業發展 就中廣核鈾業發展應提供 的行政服務訂立服務協 議。
		(v)	The Group entered into a framework agreement with CGNPC Huasheng to deposit amounts with CGNPC Huasheng and generate interests from such deposits.			(v)	本集團與中廣核華盛就於 中廣核華盛存款以產生利 息而訂立框架協定。
		(vi)	The Group entered into a framework agreement with CGN Finance to deposit amounts with CGN Finance and generated interests from such deposits.			(vi)	本集團與中廣核財務訂立 框架協議,於中廣核財務 存入款項,賺取存款利 息。
		(vii)	The Group entered into a rental agreement with CGNPC- URC to lease out the investment properties to generate rental income.			(vii)	本集團與中廣核鈾業發展 就租出投資物業訂立租賃 協議,以產生租金收入。
		(viii)	The Group entered into a loan agreement CGNPC Huasheng to withdraw amounts with CGNPC Huasheng and incurred interest expense for those loans.			(∨iii)	本集團與中廣核華盛就於 中廣核華盛提取款項而訂 立貸款協議及就該等貸款 產生利息開支。
		(ix)	The Group entered into a loan agreement with China Uranium Development to withdraw amounts with China Uranium Development and incurred interest expense for those loans.			(ix)	本集團與中國鈾業發展就 於中國鈾業發展提取款項 而訂立貸款協議及就該等 貸款產生利息開支。
		(X)	During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, CGN Power, a fellow subsidiary of the Group provided the information system and accounting services to the Group charged for the services fee.			(X)	截至2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度期間,本集 團一間同系附屬公司中廣 核電力向本集團提供資訊 系統及會計服務,並收取 服務費用。
		(xi)	During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group entered into an agreement with CGNPC-URC that shared the finance staff with the Group and charged for services fee.			(xi)	於截至2021年及2020年 12月31日止年度,本集團 與中廣核鈾業發展就與本 集團共享財務人員訂立協 議及收取服務費。
		(xii)	During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group entered into a purchase agreement with a fellow subsidiary of the Group, Swakop, for the purchases of natural uranium resources with other taxes in relation thereon borne by the Group.			(xii)	截至2020年12月31日止 年度,本集團與本集團同 系附屬公司Swakop訂立 購買協議以購買天然鈾資 源,而與此相關的其他税 項由本集團承擔。
		All tro	nsactions were conducted with terms mutually			所有え	S易乃根據與交易方
Mining Con	npany Lin	agreed	d with the counter parties.		R		協議進行。

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## 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

Details of connected transactions of the Company are disclosed in the "Directors' Report" section to the annual report.

The Group entered into a facility letter with CGNPC Huasheng (as lender), pursuant to which the Company can borrow from CGNPC Huasheng for operation capital within of total borrowing amounting to USD310,000,000 (2020: USD610,000,000) from time to time within 3 years from the first withdrawal. As at 31 December 2021, there was unused borrowing facilities amounting to USD279,500,000 (2020: USD493,394,000).

### 34. 關聯人士交易(續)

(a) *(續)* 

本公司關連交易詳情於年 報「董事會報告」中披露。

本公司與中廣核華盛(作為 貸款人)訂立貸款協定, 據此,本公司自首次提 款日起的三年內,在總 借款額310,000,000美元 (2020年:610,000,000美元 (2020年:610,000,000美元 (2020年:610,000,000美元 元)內,可不時向中廣核 華盛借入資金用於經營資 金週轉。於2021年12月 31日,未動用借款融資達 279,500,000美元(2020 年:493,394,000美元)。

#### (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors of the Company during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 is as follows: 於截至2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度本公司董事 之酬金如下:

主要管理人員之報酬

(b)

				2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
0	Short-term benefits	短期福利		2,174	2,174
F	Post-employment benefits	離職後福利		-	-
				2,174	2,174
- 					
∄т	he remuneration of directors of	of the Company and		本公司董	事及主要行政人
k	key executives was determined by the remuneration		員之酬金由薪酬委員會經		
С	committee having regard to the performance of		考慮個別	人士之表現及市	
	dividuals and market trends.			場趨勢釐疑	

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## 35. NOTES SUPPORTING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

35. 現金流量表附註

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

融資活動產生之負債對賬:

		Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from immediate holding company 應付一間中間控股 公司貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from a fellow subsidiary 應付一間同系附屬 公司之貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	4,259	-	904,289	1,054,458	1,866
Changes from financing cash flows:	來自融資現金流變動:					
Interest paid on loans from a fellow subsidiary	就來自一間同系 附屬公司貸款已付利息	(00 E0 /)				
Interest paid on loan from	的廣云可負款已內利忘 就來自直接控股公司	(22,584)	-	-	-	-
immediate holding company	貸款已付利息	(19,421)	-	_	_	_
Interest paid on bank borrowings	就銀行借款已付利息	(10,987)	-	-	_	-
Advance of loan from immediate	來自直接控股公司貸款墊款					
holding company		19,039	2,497,136	-	-	-
Repayment of loan to immediate	償還直接控股公司的貸款					
holding company		-	(96,939)	-	-	-
Repayment of loans to a fellow	償還一間同系附屬公司貸款					
subsidiary		-	-	(667,759)	-	-
Advance of bank borrowings	銀行借款墊款	-	-	-	(666,704)	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	-	-	-	-	(1,795)
Total changes from financing	來自融資活動現金流總變動					
activities		(33,953)	2,400,197	(667,759)	(666,704)	(1,795)
Other changes:	其他變動:					
Finance costs	融資成本	49,600	-	-	-	83
New lease recognised for the year	·年內簽訂新租賃	-	-	-	-	3,708
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	19,906	2,400,197	236,530	387,754	3,862
				$\sim$		

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## 35. NOTES SUPPORTING STATEMENT OF 35. 現金流量表附註(續)

		Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from immediate holding company 應付一間中間控股 公司貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from a fellow subsidiary 應付一間同系附屬 公司之貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	1,219	-	1,067,053	-	3,724
Changes from financing cash flows: Interest paid on loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自融資現金流變 動: 來自一間同系附屬 公司貸款已付利					
Interest paid on loan from	息 來自直接控股公司	(107)	-	-	-	-
immediate holding company Interest paid on bank		(36,100)	-	-	-	-
borrowings	息	(1,538)	-	-	-	-
Advance of loan from immediate holding company Repayment of loan to	來自直接控股公司 貸款墊款 償還直接控股公司	-	349,686	-	-	-
immediate holding company Advance of loans from a fellow	的貸款 來白一問同系附屬	-	(349,686)	-	-	-
subsidiary Repayment of loans to a fellow	公司貸款墊款	-	-	259,795	-	-
subsidiary	公司貸款	_	_	(422,559)	_	_
Advance of bank borrowings	銀行借款墊款	-	-	-	1,054,458	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	-	-	-	-	(1,962)
Total changes from financing activities	來自融資活動現金 流總變動	(37,745)	-	(162,764)	1,054,458	(1,962)
Other changes: Finance costs	其他變動: 融資成本	40,785	-	_	_	104
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年 12月31日	4,259	-	904,289	1,054,458	1,866

CASH FLOWS (Continued)

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### 36. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the borrowing of HK\$387,754,000 (2020: HK\$1,054,458,000) as set out in note 29 has incurred interest payable of approximately HK\$49,600,000 (2020: HK\$40,785,000).

### **37. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS**

#### The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$3,445,000 (2020: HK\$3,012,000). The Group's investment properties held for rental purposes and are expected to generate rental yields on approximately 6% (2020: 6%) on an ongoing basis.

The Group leases out investment property under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to three years. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

### 36. 主要非現金交易

於截至2021年12月31日止年度, 附註29所載借款387,754,000港元 (2020年:1,054,458,000港元)已 產生應付利息費用約49,600,000 港元(2020年:40,785,000港 元)。

### 37. 經營租賃承擔

### 本集團作為出租人

年 內 賺 取 之 物 業 租 金 收 入 為 3,445,000港元(2020年: 3,012,000港元)。本集團之投資物 業持作租賃用途及預期持續產生約 6%(2020年:6%)的租金收益率。

本集團根據經營租賃租出投資物 業。租賃的初始租期通常為一至三 年。租賃概不包括可變租賃付款。

於報告日期的不可撤銷經營租賃項 下未貼現租賃付款將由本集團於未 來期間按如下收取:

		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,495	3,564

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#### 38. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY 38. 按類別劃分的金融資產及 金融負債概要

Categories of financial instruments		金融工具的類別	
		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產		
(including bank balances and cash)	(包括銀行結存及現金)		
- Trade and other receivables	一應收賬款及其他應收款項	96,586	359,802
- Amount due from an intermediate	-應收一間中間控股公司款項		
holding company		2,392	2,323
<ul> <li>Amount due from a fellow</li> </ul>	一應收一間同系附屬公司款項		
subsidiary		20	19
– Bank balances and cash	一銀行結存及現金	81,293	1,174,508
		180,291	1,536,652
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
- Trade and other payables	-應付賬款及其他應付款項	1,103,368	158,289
– Loans from a fellow subsidiary	-來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款		904,289
– Loans from immediate holding	- 來自直接控股公司之貸款		
company		2,400,197	_
– Bank borrowings	一銀行借款	387,754	1,054,458
- Amount due to an intermediate	-應付一間中間控股公司款項		
holding company		1,117	874
- Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	<b>。</b> -應付同系附屬公司款項	2,188	1,135
		4,131,154	2,119,045

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments in the normal course of the Group's business are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

#### (a) Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverability of each individual trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECLs. The Group determines the ECLs on an individual basis for customer with significant balances by using an individual basis, estimated based on historical credit loss experience, as well as the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

### 39. 財務風險管理

在本集團日常業務過程中,本集團 來自金融工具的主要風險為信貸風 險、流動資金風險、利率風險及貨 幣風險。

(a) 信貸風險

因交易方未能履行責任而 令本集團蒙受財務虧損之 最高信貸風險乃來自綜合 財務狀況表所載列相關已 確認金融資產之賬面值。

為將信貸風險減至最低, 本集團管理層已委派一支 團隊確保跟進收回逾期債 項之情況。此外,本集 會的別應收馬款之可收 會的別應收馬款之可收回 作出足夠減值虧損。

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

For other receivables, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries included in bank balances and amount due from an intermediate holding company, the credit rating was categorised as "performing" as set out on page 273. Based on the financial position and good history of repayment of the fellow subsidiaries and intermediate holding company, the Group has assessed that the ECLs for these receivables and amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and intermediate holding company are not material under 12-month ECLs. Thus, no loss allowance provision was recognised during the respective period.

The credit risk on liquid funds other than those placed with fellow subsidiaries is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout the reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- internal credit rating;
- external credit rating;

### 39. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 信貸風險*(續)* 

存放於同系附屬公司以外 之流動資金之信貸風險有 限,原因為交易方均屬國 際信貸評級機構評為信譽 良好之銀行。

- 內部信用評級;
- 外部信用評級;

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### 39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the Group and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

#### The Group's exposure to credit risk

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has tasked its management to develop and maintain the Group's credit risk grading to categories exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The credit rating information is drawn from publicly available financial information and the Group's own trading records to rate its major customers and other debtors. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

### 39. 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) 信貸風險(續)
  - 業務狀況、財務狀 況和經濟環境中的 實際或預期重大不 利變化預期導致借 款人償還到期債務 的能力產生重大變 化;及
  - 借款人預期表現或 行為發生重大變 化,包括本集團內 借款人付款情況的 變化和借款人經營 業績的變化。

#### 本集團面臨的信貸風險

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

**信貸風險**(續) 本集團面臨的信貸風險(續) 本集團當前的信貸風險評 級框架包括以下各類:

39. 財務風險管理(續)

(a)

Category 類別	Description 描述	Basis for recognising ECLs 確認預期信貸 虧損的基準
Performing	For financial assets where there has low risk of default or has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 1)	12-month ECLs
良好	低違約風險或自初次確認後信貸風險未有重大增加及非信貸減值 的金融資產(參閱第一階段)	12個月預期信貸 虧損
Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)	Lifetime ECLs – not credit impaired
可疑	自初次確認後信貸風險已有重大增加及非信貸減值的金融資產 (參閱第二階段)	全期預期信貸虧損- 無信貸減值
Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3)	Lifetime ECLs – credit impaired
違約	當一項或多項事件對資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響時, 金融資產即評估為信貸減值(參閱第三階段)	全期預期信貸虧損- 出現信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off
撇銷	有跡象表明債務人陷入嚴重的財務困境,因而本集團收回款項的 希望渺茫	款項已被撇銷

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued) **39.**

## 9. 財務風險管理(續)

(a)

信貸風險(續)

### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades.

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續) 下表詳細列出了本集團金 融資產的信貸質素,以及 本集團信貸風險評級等級 的最大信貸風險敞口。

31 December 2021 2021年12月31日	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECLs 12個月或全期的預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HKD'000 千港元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HKD'000 千港元
Trade receivables 應收賬款	Note 附註	Lifetime ECLs (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法)	92,160	92,160
Deposits and other receivables 按金及其他應收款項	Performing 良好	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	4,426	4,426
Amount due from an intermediate holding company 應收一間中間控股公司	Performing 良好	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	2,392	2,392
款項 Amount due from a fellow subsidiary 應收一間同系附屬公司	Performing 良好	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	20	20
應收一间向系附屬公司 款項 Bank balances and cash 銀行結存及現金	良好 Performing 良好	12個月預期信貨虧損 12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	81,293	81,293

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### **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

39. 財務風險管理(續)

### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

(a) 信貸風險*(續)* 

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

		unded)	个不回回叫吗?	
			Gross	Net
	Internal	12-month or	carrying	carrying
31 December 2020	credit rating	lifetime ECLs	amount	amount
2020年12月31日	內部信貸評級	12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	賬面總值	賬面淨值
			HKD'000	HKD'000
			千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	Note	Lifetime ECLs (simplified approach)	351,810	351,810
<b></b> 態	附註	全期預期信貸虧損		
	111 HT	(簡化方法)		
Deposits and other	Performing	12-month ECLs	7,992	7,992
receivables				
安金及其他應收款項	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損		
mount due from an	Performing	12-month ECLs	2,323	2,323
intermediate holding				
company	÷ 17			
收一間中間控股公司	艮好	12個月預期信貸虧損		
款項				
mount due from a	Performing	12-month ECLs	19	19
fellow subsidiary				
應收一間同系附屬公司	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損		
款項				
Bank balances and	Performing	12-month ECLs	1,174,508	1,174,508
cash	> 17			
银行結存及現金	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損		
ote: For trade receivables	the Group has app	lied the simplified	附註: 就應收則	長款而言,本集團
approach in HKFRS				香港財務報告準則
lifetime ECLs. Except	-	-		) 簡化方法計量全
balances or credit-in expected credit losse				朝信貸虧損的虧損 余具有重大未結餘
matrix, grouped by a	,			<sup>家</sup> 真有重八不相談 資減值的債務外,
			1 0 - 1	

allowance has been made on trade receivables as the

amount involved is insignificant.

此類項目的預期信貸虧 損,並按應收賬款賬齡分 類。由於所涉金額並不重 大,故並無就應收賬款及

合約資產作出虧損撥備。

本集團採用撥備矩陣釐定

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in China (2020: Germany), which accounted for 100% (2020: 61%) of the total trade receivable as at 31 December 2021.

Besides, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 99.8% (2020: 18%) and 100% (2020: 80%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively within natural uranium trading segment.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of loans from a fellow subsidiary and loans from immediate holding company and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

### 39. 財務風險管理(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續)

本集團按地區計的信貸風 險集中地主要為中國(2020 年:德國),佔2021年12月 31日之應收賬款總額100% (2020年:61%)。

此外,本集團應收賬款 總額中99.8%(2020年: 18%)及100%(2020年: 80%)分別應收本集團天然 鈾貿易業務分部的最大客 戶及五大客戶的款項,從 而面臨信貸風險集中的情 況。

#### (b) 流動資金風險



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### **39.** FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b)

39. 財務風險管理(續)

\*

包括應計利息

Liquidity risk (Continued,	)		(k	) 流動資	<b>資金風險</b> (續)	
		Repayable on demand or	More than 1 year but	More than 2 years but	Total undiscounted	Carrying
		within 1 year 按要求或	less than 2 years 超過一年	less than 5 years 超過兩年	cash flows 總未貼現	amount
		於一年內償還	但少於兩年	但少於五年	現金流量	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2021	於 <b>2021年12月31</b> 日					
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債					
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	1,103,368	-	-	1,103,368	1,103,368
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	236,950	-	-	236,950	236,530
Loans from immediate holding company	來自直接控股公司之貸款	2,428,580	-	-	2,428,580	2,400,197
Bank borrowings*	銀行借款*	5,327	390,746	-	396,073	387,754
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	應付一間中間控股公司款項	1,117	-	-	1,117	1,117
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	2,188	-	-	2,188	2,188
		3,777,530	390,746	-	4,168,276	4,131,154
Leases liabilities	租賃負債	1,761	1,761	703	4,225	3,862

include accrued interest

cash flows 超過一年 At 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日 Non-derivative financial liabilities 非衍生金融負債 Trade and other payables 應付賬款及其他應付款項 158,289 158,289 158,289 \_ \_ Loans from a fellow subsidiary 來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款 394,538 548.598 943,136 904.289 -銀行借款 Bank borrowings 668,668 387,754 1,056,422 1,054,458 \_ Amount due to an intermediate holding company 應付一間中間控股公司款項 874 874 874 \_ \_ Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries 應付同系附屬公司款項 1,135 1,135 1,135 --1,223,504 548,598 387,754 2,159,856 2,119,045 租賃負債 468 Leases liabilities 916 741 2,125 1,866

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Fair value

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to their immediate or short-term maturities.

### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate loans from a fellow subsidiary. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate bank borrowings, bank balances, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and loans from immediate holding company included in bank balances and cash. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary actions when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for nonderivative instruments including bank balances and cash and loan from immediate hold company at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points (2020: 50 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points (2020: 50 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2021 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$12,348,000 (2020: HK\$5,658,000).

### 39. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險(續)

公允值

本公司董事認為,按攤銷 成本在綜合財務報表列賬 之金融資產及金融負債之 賬面值與其公允值相若, 此乃由於其即時或於短期 內到期。

(c) 利率風險

#### 敏感度分析

倘利率上升/下跌50個基點(2020年:50個基點), 而所有其他可變因素維持 不變,則本集團於截至 2021年12月31日止年度之 除税後溢利會減少/增加 約12,348,000港元(2020 年:5,658,000港元)。

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from rental income and purchases by the Group in currencies other than the entities' functional currencies. Approximately 100% (2020: 100%) of the Group's rental income are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group's entity. In addition, certain portion of trade and other receivables, amount due from an intermediate holding company, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, amounts due to an intermediate holding company and fellow subsidiaries are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

The following table shows the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised monetary assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

### 39. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 貨幣風險

本集團面對交易貨幣風 險。有關風險源自租金收 入及本集團以該等實體的 功能貨幣以外之貨幣進 行採購。本集團約100% (2020年:100%)的租金收 入以集團實體之功能貨幣 以外之貨幣列值。此外, 若干部分應收賬款及其他 應收款項、應收一間中間 控股公司款項、銀行結 存及現金、應付賬款及其 他應付款項以及應付一間 中間控股公司及同系附屬 公司款項,乃以實體之相 關功能貨幣以外之貨幣結 質。

下表顯示本集團於報告期 末因已確認貨幣資產或負 債以與實體相關功能貨幣 以外之貨幣結算產生之風 險。

Presented in: 列示為		2021 2021年 USD'000 千美元	2020 2020年 USD'000 千美元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產	21	5,851	17,578	12,481	22,507	89,382
Liabilities		-	-	(4,748)	(4,703)	(903)	(2,138)

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. 本集團現時並無外幣對沖 政策。然而,管理層監察 外匯風險,並於有需要時 考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

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### **39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

### (d) Currency risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the currency risk of RMB, USD and HK\$.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity (i) to a 5% and 0.5% increase or decrease in HK\$ against the RMB and USD respectively for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020. 5% and 0.5% are the sensitivity rates used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represent management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% or 0.5% (2020: 5% or 0.5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where the respective functional currency strengthen 5% or 0.5% (2020: 5% or 0.5%) against the relevant currency. For a 5% or 0.5% (2020: 5% or 0.5%) weakening of the respective functional currency against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

### 39. 財務風險管理(續)

## (d) 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

本集團主要面對人民幣、 美元及港元貨幣風險。

下表詳列本集團(i)截至2021 年及2020年12月31日止年 度對港元分別兑人民幣及 美元升值或貶值5%及0.5% 之敏感度。該敏感度比率 (5%及0.5%)為向主要管理 人員就外匯風險作內部報 告時採用之敏感度,代表 管理層就外匯匯率可能產 生之合理變動所作評估。

敏感度分析僅包括尚未結 算之外幣計值貨幣項目及 於報告期末就外幣匯率之 5%或0.5%(2020年:5% 或0.5%)變動作出之換算 整。下文之正數顯不備 至。下文之正數顯不備 指 5%或0.5%(2020年: 5%或0.5%)所導致除税後 溢利之升幅關貨幣貶值5% 或0.5%(2020年:5%或 0.5%),將會對溢利構成 相反之等額影響。

Presented in: 列示為		2021 2021年 USD'000 千美元	2020 2020年 USD'000 千美元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit or loss	溢利或虧損	5% (1)	5% (219)	5% (485)	~5% (293)	0.5% (90)	5% (364)

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

管理層認為,由於年結日 之風險並無反映年內風 險,故敏感度分析並不代 表固有外匯風險。

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### 40. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes loans from a fellow subsidiary and loans from immediate holding company, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves. The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and take appropriate actions to adjust the Group's capital structure.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

### 40. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團 旗下實體能夠持續經營業務,並透 過更完善平衡債務及權益,以為股 東帶來最大回報。本集團整體策略 與去年維持不變。

本集團之資本結構包括淨負債(包 括應收一間同系附屬公司貸款及來 自直接控股公司之貸款),扣除現 金及現金等值項目以及本公司擁有 人應佔權益(當中包括已發行股本 及儲備)。本公司董事定期檢討資 本結構。作為檢討其中一環,本公 司董事考慮資本成本及與各類資本 相關的風險,並就此採取適當行動 調整本集團資本結構。

與業內其他公司做法一致,本集團 以資本負債比率監察資本。該比率 以淨負債除以資本總額計算。淨負 債按借貸總額減現金及現金等值項 目計算。資本總額按綜合財務狀況 表所列的權益加上淨負債計算。

於2021年及2020年12月31日的資 本負債比率如下:

			December 月31日
		2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net debt Total equity	淨負債 權益總額	2,943,188 2,155,223	784,239 2,027,060
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	136.56%	38.69%

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

### 41. ACQUISITION OF AN ASSOCIATE

Pursuant to the sales and purchase agreement dated 22 April 2021 entered into between Kazatomprom and CGNM UK, CGNM UK agreed to acquire Ortalyk at a consideration of USD435,071,181 (equivalent to approximately HK\$3,374,011,000) ("Consideration"). The transaction was completed on 30 July 2021. Following the completion of the acquisition, the Company held 49% of the equity interest in Ortalyk. Ortalyk is accounted for as an associate of the Company which exercises significant influence in Ortalyk after the acquisition.

The Group's share of the net fair value of Ortalyk's identifiable assets and liabilities was approximately USD79,823,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$619,037,000) as at the acquisition date. Goodwill of approximately HK\$2,754,974,000 relating to Ortalyk is included in the carrying amount of the interest in Ortalyk on acquisition.

Details of the transaction are set out in the Company's announcement dated 22 April 2021, 30 June 2021, 12 July 2021 and 22 July 2021 and the circular of the Company dated 25 May 2021.

The fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities of Ortalyk at acquisition date were accessed by Asia-Pacific Consulting and Appraisal Limited, an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group.

Acquisition-related costs amounting to approximately HK\$5,634,000 have been recognised as administrative expenses in the year ended 31 December 2021.

### 42. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the directors on 25 March 2022.

### 41. 收購一間聯營公司

根據哈原工與CGNM UK訂立日期 為2021年4月22日的買賣協議, CGNM UK同意以435,071,181美 元(相等於約3,374,011,000港元) 代價(「代價」)收購奧公司。有關交 易已於2021年7月30日完成。收購 完成後,本公司持有奧公司49%股 權。奧公司入賬為本公司的一間聯 營公司,本公司於收購後對奧公司 行使重大影響力。

於收購日期,本集團應佔奧公司 可識別資產及負債的公平值淨值 約為79,823,000美元(相等於約 619,037,000港元)。與奧公司有關 的商譽約2,754,974,000港元已於 收購時計入奧公司權益的賬面值。

交易詳情載於本公司日期為2021 年4月22日、2021年6月30日、 2021年7月12日及2021年7月22日 的公告及本公司日期為2021年5月 25日的通函。

亞太評估諮詢有限公司(與本集團 並無關連的獨立合資格專業估值 師)於收購日期評估奧公司的可識 別資產及負債公平值。

收購相關成本約為5,634,000港元 已確認為截至2021年12月31日止 年度的行政開支。

### 42. 批准財務報表

本公司董事於2022年3月25日批准 及授權刊發財務報表。

# Particulars of Major Properties as at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日的主要物業詳情

## **PROPERTIES HELD FOR INVESTMENT**

## 持作投資之物業

Location	位置	Type of properties	Lease term
		物業種類	租賃期限
Rooms 2906-2910 & 2912, 29/F,	中國北京市	Office premises	Medium-term lease
Shi Ao International Centre,	朝陽區	辦公室	中期租賃
No. 101 Shaoyaoju Beili,	芍藥居北里101號		
Chaoyang District,	世奧國際中心		
Beijing, PRC	29樓2906-2910及2912室		



In this annual report (excluding the "Independent Auditor's Report"), unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

於本年度報告內(不包括「獨立核數師報告」),除文義另有所指外,以下詞匯應具有如下含義:

"associates" 「聯系人」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules. 具有上市規則所賦予之涵義。	
"Articles of Association" 「章程細則」	指	the articles of association of the Company. 本公司組織章程細則。	
"Audit Committee" 「審核委員會」	指	the audit committee of the Board. 董事會審核委員會。	
"Beijing Sino-Kazakh"		Beijing Sino-Kazakh Uranium Resources Investment Company Limited* (北京中哈鈾資源投資有限公司), a limited liability company incorporated in the PRC and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the	
「北京中哈鈾」	指	Company. 北京中哈鈾資源投資有限公司,於中國註冊成立的有限責任公司, 為本公司全資附屬公司。	
"Board" 「董事會」	指	the board of Directors of the Company. 本公司董事會。	
"CAD" or "CA\$" 「加元」或「CA\$」	指	Canadian dollars, the lawful currency of Canada. 加拿大元,加拿大之法定貨幣。	
"Canada" 「加拿大」	指	Canada, a country in the northern part of North America. 加拿大,為一個位於北美洲北部的國家。	
"Central Mynkuduk Deposit"		the central plot of Mynkuduk deposit in South-Kazakhstan region	
「中礦」	指	Kazakhstan, which is owned and operated by Ortalyk. 由奧公司擁有及經營,位於哈薩克斯坦南哈薩克斯坦地區的門庫杜 克鈾礦的中央地塊。	
"CGN" or "CGNPC"		China General Nuclear Power Corporation* (中國廣核集團有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and the sole	
「中廣核」或「中廣核集團公司」	指	shareholder of CGNPC-URC. 中國廣核集團有限公司,於中國成立之有限責任公司,為中廣核鈾 業發展之唯一股東。	
"CGN Finance"		CGN Finance Co., Ltd* (中廣核財務有限責任公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and a subsidiary of CGNPC.	
「中廣核財務」	指	中廣核財務有限責任公司,於中國成立之有限責任公司,中廣核附 屬公司。	
"CGN Global"		CGN Global Uranium Ltd, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with limited liability and a subsidiary of the Company	
「中廣核國際銷售公司」	指	Company. 中廣核國際鈾產品銷售有限公司,一間根據英格蘭及威爾士法律註 冊成立的有限公司,本公司之附屬公司。	
"CGN Group" 「中廣核集團」	指	CGNPC and its subsidiaries. 中廣核集團公司及其附屬公司。	
"CGNM UK"		CGNM UK Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom,	
[CGNM UK]	指	with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. CGNM UK Limited,於英國註冊成立的有限責任公司,並為本公司 的全資附屬公司。	

"CGNPC Huasheng"		CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited (中廣核華盛投資有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of CGNPC.
「中廣核華盛」	指	中廣核華盛投資有限公司,於香港註冊成立之公司,為中廣核集團 公司之全資附屬公司。
"CGNPC-URC"		CGNPC Uranium Resources Co., Ltd.* (中廣核鈾業發展有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and the sole
「中廣核鈾業發展」	指	shareholder of the China Uranium Development. 中廣核鈾業發展有限公司,於中國成立之有限責任公司,為中國鈾 業發展之唯一股東。
"CGNPC-URC Group" 「中廣核鈾業發展集團」	指	CGNPC-URC and its subsidiaries (other than member of the Group) 中廣核鈾業發展及其除本集團成員外的其他下屬公司。
"China Uranium Development"		China Uranium Development Company Limited (中國鈾業發展有限 公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and the Controlling
「中國鈾業發展」	指	Shareholder of the Company. 中國鈾業發展有限公司,於香港成立之公司,本公司之控股股東。
"Company", "CGN Mining" or "we"		CGN Mining Company Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.
「本公司」、「中廣核礦業」或「我們」	指	中廣核礦業有限公司*(CGN Minig Company Limited),於開曼群島註 冊成立之有限責任公司,其股份於聯交所主板上市。
"Controlling Shareholder" 「控股股東」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules. 具有上市規則賦予之含義。
"Corporate Governance Code" 「企業管治守則」	指	Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, as currently in force, but, for the purpose of this report, excluding such amendment that only applies to financial year commencing on or after 1 January 2022. 現時生效之上市規則附錄十四所列的企業管治守則,惟就本報告而
		言,不包括只適用於自2022年1月1日或之後開始財政年度之修訂。
"Czech Republic" 「捷克共和國」	指	the Czech Republic, an inland country in Central Europe. 捷克共和國,位於中歐的一個內陸國家。
"Director(s)" 「董事」	指	the director(s) of the Company. 本公司董事。
"ED(s)" 「執行董事」	指	executive Directors of the Company. 本公司執行董事。
"EU"		European Union, a political and economic union of 27 member states that are located primarily in Europe.
「歐盟」	指	為包含主要位於歐洲的27個成員國在內的政治及經濟聯盟。
"Financial Services Framework Agreement"		the financial services framework agreement dated 14 June 2019 entered into among the Company, CGN Finance and CGNPC Huasheng.
「財務服務框架協議」	指	本公司、中廣核財務與中廣核華盛訂立日期為2019年6月14日之金融 服務框架協議。

"Fission" 「Fission公司」	指	Fission Uranium Corp., a Canadian-based resource company of which ordinary shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FCU", the OTCQX market place in the US under the symbol "FCUUF" and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol "2FU" a company owned as to 14.34% by the Company as at 31 December 2021. Fission Uranium Corp., 一家以加拿大為基地之資源公司,其中普通 股以代號[FCU]於多倫多交易所、以代號[FCUUF]於美國OTCQX交 易市場及以代號[2FU]於法蘭克福證券交易所上市。本公司於2021 年12月31日持有Fission公司14.34%權益。
"Fourteenth Five-year Plan"		中12月31日符有FISSION公可14.34%推册。 The fourteenth five-year plan for the national economic and social
, 「十四五」	指	development of the PRC, which covers 2021 to 2025. 中國國家經濟和社會發展的第十四個五年,涵蓋2021至2025年。
"Group" 「本集團」或「集團」	指	the Company and its subsidiaries. 本公司及其附屬公司。
"HK\$" or "HKD" [港元]	指	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong. 香港之法定貨幣。
"HKASs" 「香港會計準則」	指	the Hong Kong Accounting Standards issued by HKICPA. 由香港會計師公會頒佈之香港會計準則。
"HKFRSs" 「香港財務報告準則」	指	the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by HKICPA. 由香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則。
"HKICPA" 「香港會計師公會」	指	the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 香港會計師公會。
"Hong Kong" and "HKSAR" 「香港」或「香港特別行政區」	指	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China. 中華人民共和國香港特別行政區。
"INED(s)" 「獨立非執行董事」	指	independent non-executive Directors of the Company. 本公司獨立非執行董事。
"Irkol Mine"	Ц	the Irkol mine located in the Kyzylorzhinsk area, 20 kilometres from
		the town of Chiili, Kazakhstan with limited liability, which is owned and operated by Semizbay-U.
「伊礦」	指	伊爾克利礦山,位於哈薩克斯坦Chilli鎮20公里處之Kyzylorzhinsk地區之Irkol礦山,由謝公司擁有及管理。
"Kazakhstan" 「哈薩克斯坦」	指	The Republic of Kazakhstan. 哈薩克斯坦共和國。
"Kazatomprom"		Joint Stock Company "National Atomic Company "Kazatomprom", a joint stock company established according to the laws of Kazakhstan with limited liability, which holds 51% equity interest of Semizbay-U
「哈原工」	指	and Ortalyk. 指哈薩克斯坦國家原子能公司*(Joint Stock Company National Atomic Company "Kazatomprom"),一家根據哈薩克斯坦法律成立 的有限公司,持有謝公司和奧公司51%權益。
"kWh" [kWh]	指	kilowatt hour. 千瓦小時。
"lb" [lb]	指	pound. 磅。

"Listing Rules" 「上市規則」	指	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. 香港聯合證券交易所有限公司證券上市規則。
"Mauritius" 「毛里求斯」	指	the Republic of Mauritius, is an island nation in the Indian Ocean. 毛里求斯共和國,為印度洋島國。
"Model Code"		the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.
「標準守則」	指	上市規則附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則。
"MWe" 「MWe」	指	megawalts of electricity. 兆瓦電力。
"NED(s)" 「非執行董事」	指	non-executive Directors of the Company. 本公司非執行董事。
"Nomination Committee" 「提名委員會」	指	the nomination committee of the Board. 董事會提名委員會。
"Ortalyk" 「奧公司」	指	Mining Company "ORTALYK" LLP, a legal entity established in the form of a limited liability partnership in Kazakhstan, with the Company holding 49% of its equity interest through its wholly-owned subsidiary and recognised as an associate of the Company. 奥爾塔雷克礦業有限合伙企業*(Mining Company "ORTALYK" LLP), 為於哈薩克斯坦以有限責任合夥企業形式成立的法律實體,本公司
		通過全資附屬公司持股49%,並確認為本公司一間聯營公司。
"PLS Project"		Patterson Lake South project, Fission's primary and wholly-owned asset.
「PLS項目」	指	Patterson Lake South項目,為Fission公司之主要及全資擁有資產。
"PRC" or "China" 「中國」	指	The People's Republic of China. 中華人民共和國。
"Remuneration Committee" 「薪酬委員會」	指	the remuneration committee of the Board. 董事會薪酬委員會。
"Reporting Period" 「報告期」	指	From 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. 2021年1月1日至2021年12月31日期間。
"RMB" 「人民幣」	指	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC. 人民幣,中國之法定貨幣。
"Sales Framework Agreements"		the framework agreement dated 14 June 2019 and entered into between the Company and CGNPC-URC in relation to the sale of natural uranium by the Group to CGNPC-URC Group.
「銷售框架協議」	指	本公司與中廣核鈾業發展訂立之日期為2019年6月14日之框架協議, 內容有關本集團向中廣核鈾業發展集團銷售天然鈾。
"Semizbay Mine"		the Semizbay mine located in the Valihanov District of Akmoltnsk
「謝礦」	指	Oblast in Kazakhstan, which is owned and operated by Semizbay-U. 謝米茲拜伊礦山,位於哈薩克斯坦Akmoltnsk Oblast之Valihanov區, 由謝公司擁有及管理。

"Semizbay-U" 「謝公司」	指	Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership, a limited liability partnership established in Kazakhstan, with the Company holding 49% of its equity interest through its wholly-owned subsidiary and recognised as a joint venture of the Company. 謝米茲拜伊有限合夥企業*(Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership), 於哈薩克斯坦成立之有限責任合夥企業,為本公司合營企業,本公 司透過全資附屬公司持有其49%權益。
"share(s)"		ordinary share(s) in the Company with a nominal value of HK\$0.01
「股份」	指	each. 本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股。
"Shareholder(s)" 「股東」	指	holder(s) of the share(s). 股份持有人。
"Sprott"	指	The Sprott Asset Management LP, a global leader in precious metals and real assets investments. Sprott資產管理信託,於貴金屬及實物資產投資領域全球領導者。
"Stock Exchange" 「聯交所」	指	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. 香港聯合交易所有限公司。
"subsidiary(s)" 「附屬公司」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules. 具有上市規則所賦予之含義。
"Swakop" 「斯科公司」	指	Swakop Uranium (PTY) Ltd., a company incorporated in Namibia and a subsidiary of CGNPC-URC. 中廣核鈾業斯科有限公司*,一間於納米比亞註冊成立的公司及中廣 核鈾業發展的子公司。
"Tenge" 「堅戈」	指	Tenge, the lawful currency of Kazakhstan. 堅戈,哈薩克斯坦的法定貨幣。
"tU" 「tU」	指	tons of elemental Uranium. 噸金屬鈾。
"U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> "		Triuranium octoxide, a compound of uranium present as an olive green to black, odorless solid, which is one of the more popular forms of yellowcake and is transported between mills and refineries in such
[U <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub> ]	指	form. 八氧化三鈾,一種鈾的化合物,呈橄欖綠至黑色,無味的固體。其 為更受歡迎的黃餅形式之一,並以該形式在工廠及煉油廠之間運 輸。
"UK" 「英國」	指	the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. 大不列顛及北愛爾蘭聯合王國。
"US" 「美國」	指	the United States of America. 美利堅合眾國。
"USD" or "US\$" [美元]或[US\$]	指	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the US. 美元,美國之法定貨幣。
"UxC"		UxC, LLC, one of the leading providers of uranium prices and an independent third party.
[UxC]	指	UxC LLC,為鈾價格的領先提供者之一,並為獨立第三方。
"Zhalpak Deposit" 「扎礦」	指	the uranium deposit located in Sozak district, Kazakhstan, which is owned and operated by Ortalyk. 奥公司擁有及經營位於哈薩克斯坦索扎克地區的鈾礦。



