

## 中廣核礦業有限公司 CGN Mining Company Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
 (於開曼群島注冊成立之有限公司)
 (Stock Code 股份代號: 01164)



# 2020 年度報告 Annual Report

## Contents 目錄

		Page 頁碼
Corporate Information	公司資料	2
Financial Highlights	財務摘要	5
Chairman's Statement	主席致辭	6
Chief Executive Officer's Statement	首席執行官致辭	10
Management Discussion and Analysis	管理層討論及分析	14
Corporate Governance Report	企業管治報告	44
Directors' Report	董事會報告	75
Enterprise Environmental, Social and Governance Report	企業環境、社會及管治報告	93
Independent Auditor's Report	獨立核數師報告	137
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	綜合損益及其他全面收益表	144
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	綜合財務狀況表	146
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	綜合權益變動表	148
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	綜合現金流量表	151
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	綜合財務報表附註	153
Particulars of Major Properties as at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日的主要物業詳情	279
Definitions	釋義	280

## Corporate Information 公司資料

## **ABOUT CGN MINING**

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands and listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 01164). The principal activities are the development and trade of natural uranium resources used by nuclear energy enterprises, with a view to be one of the top suppliers of natural uranium resources for nuclear power plants.

## 關於中廣核礦業

本公司註冊地為開曼群島,為一家在聯交 所主板上市的公司(股票代號:01164), 本集團主要從事天然鈾資源的開發與貿 易,旨在成為核電站天然鈾資源的主要供 應商之一。

# Corporate Information

公司資料

## DIRECTORS

#### **Chairman and Non-executive Director**

Yu Zhiping

#### **Executive Directors**

An Junjing (chief executive officer) Chen Deshao

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Sun Xu Yin Xiong

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Qiu Xianhong Gao Pei Ji Lee Kwok Tung Louis

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Qiu Xianhong (chairman) Sun Xu Lee Kwok Tung Louis

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Qiu Xianhong (chairman) Yu Zhiping An Junjing Gao Pei Ji Lee Kwok Tung Louis

## NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Yu Zhiping (chairman) An Junjing Qiu Xianhong Gao Pei Ji Lee Kwok Tung Louis

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Zheng Xiaowei

### AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Chen Deshao Zheng Xiaowei

## 董事

**主席暨非執行董事** 余志平

**執行董事** 安軍靖(首席執行官) 陳德邵

#### 非執行董事

孫旭 殷雄

#### 獨立非執行董事

邱先洪 高培基 李國棟

## 審核委員會

邱先洪(主席) 孫旭 李國棟

## 薪酬委員會

邱先洪(主席) 余志平 安軍靖 高培基 李國棟

## 提名委員會

余志平(主席) 安軍靖 邱先洪 高培基 李國棟

## 公司秘書

鄭曉衛

授權代表

陳德邵 鄭曉衛

# **Corporate Information**

公司資料

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1903,19/F, China Resources Building No. 26 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

### **CORPORATE WEBSITE**

www.cgnmc.com

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

## AUDITOR

**BDO** Limited

### CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301-04, 33/F Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road North Point, Hong Kong

## SHARE LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

## **STOCK CODE**

01164

## 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### 香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港灣仔 港灣道26號 華潤大廈19樓1903室

## 公司網址

www.cgnmc.com

## 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

## 核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

## 開曼群島股份登記及過戶總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

## 香港股份登記及過戶分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港北角 英皇道338號 華懋貿易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

## 股份上市

香港聯合交易所有限公司

**股份代號** 01164 財務摘要

## **OPERATING RESULTS** 業績

		For the year ended 31 December 截至 12 月 31 日止年度					
		2020 2020 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 2018 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 2017 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 2016 年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Continuing operations Revenue	<b>持續性業務</b> 營業額	2,862,226	2,076,688	1,625,974	372,790	707,749	
Operating profit Finance costs	經營溢利 融資成本	220,855 (40,889)	196,638 (20,466)	172,623 (32,110)	67,746	469,513 (5,601)	
Profit before taxation Income tax expense	除税前溢利 所得税支出	179,966 (24,749)	176,172 (16,163)	140,513 (18,447)	67,746 (15,668)	463,912 (74,782)	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	155,217	160,009	122,066	52,078	389,130	
Profit attributable to : Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列人士應佔溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	155,217 -	160,009 _	122,066 -	52,078 -	389,130 -	
		155,217	160,009	122,066	52,078	389,130	

## FINANCIAL POSITION 財務狀況

		As at 31 December 於 12 月 31 日					
		2020 2020 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 2018 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 2017 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 2016 年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總值	4,187,787 (2,160,727)	3,095,366 (1,151,125)	2,674,507 (810,089)	1,911,275 (120,520)	1,886,549 (69,990)	
		2,027,060	1,944,241	1,864,418	1,790,755	1,816,559	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人 應佔權益 非控股權益	2,027,060	1,944,241 _	1,864,418 _	1,790,755 _	1,816,559 -	
		2,027,060	1,944,241	1,864,418	1,790,755	1,816,559	

#### Dear Shareholders,

In 2020, the sudden outbreak of the epidemic has brought different impact to many countries and regions and all walks of life in the world, including China. Under the overall depressed economic environment, the uranium industry has shown good toughness and stability on the demand side due to the characteristic of rigid demand of its downstream electricity market. On the other hand, due to the impact of the epidemic, the global production capacity of uranium mining shrunk, with a decrease in supply and continuous consumption of excess inventories. In the past year, the price of natural uranium generally showed an upward trend, and international natural uranium trade has become more active.

In 2020, we achieved sound results despite of the impact of the epidemic. Firstly, in terms of the promotion of the New Kazakhstan Uranium Project, we overcame various obstacles and gradually worked out the details, and ultimately reached a framework agreement near the end of 2020 with the project completion time being locked, representing a substantial step forward. Secondly, in terms of the operation of existing projects, through close attention and strict supervision to the production and operation of Semizbay-U, we ensured that it still completed the annual production plan under the epidemic situation, and secured our investment income; and Fission completed the management reorganization in 2020, then put forward a new medium to long term plan, and successfully raised approximately CA\$24.07 million, secured the continuous operation of the company and subsequent development of projects. Finally, in terms of the sales of natural uranium, in order to prevent possible losses caused by changes in the international situation, CGN Global took the initiative to reduce its inventories risk, actively grasped the market opportunity of natural uranium price recovery and achieved a significant increase in profits compared with 2019.

#### 各位股東,

2020年,突如其來的疫情給全球包括中國 在內的許多國家和地區以及各行各業帶來 不同程度的衝擊。在整體頹靡的經濟環境 下,鈾礦行業因其下游電力市場的剛需特 性,需求端表現出較好的韌性和穩定性。 另一方面,受疫情影響,全球鈾礦產能萎 縮,供應減少,過剩庫存持續消納,過去 一年天然鈾價總體呈上漲態勢,國際天然 鈾貿易活躍度提升。

2020年,雖受到疫情不同程度的影響, 我們依然取得了較好的成績。首先,在哈 新鈾礦項目推進方面,我們克服了種種障 礙,逐步敲定各項細節,最終在2020年 臨近尾聲達成框架協議,鎖定項目交割時 點,邁出實質的一步。其次,在現有項目 運營方面,我們通過對謝公司生產運營的 密切關注及嚴格督促,保證了其在疫情下 依舊完成全年生產計劃及確保了我們的投 資收益;Fission公司則在2020年完成了管 理層改組,隨之提出了新的中長期規劃, 並順利融資約2,407萬加元,有力保障了 公司持續運營及後續項目開發。最後,在 天然鈾銷售方面,為防控因國際形勢變化 可能帶來的損失,中廣核國際銷售公司主 動減少風險庫存,同時積極把握住天然鈾 價回升的市場機會,實現溢利較2019年大 幅增長。

6

In the past five years, we have grown from scratch and hacked our way through difficulties. We have begun to gradually emerge and grow into a specialized and stable company in the field of natural uranium. We have achieved "three expansions":

Firstly, we expanded our equity assets and gradually built the resource pipeline. In 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of 49% equity interests in Semizbay-U, and by adhering to the goal of "stabilizing production and reducing cost", ensured that Semizbay-U maintained lowest production costs among the mines in production worldwide through governance control and close coordination with the despatched team. We further enhanced exchanges and cooperation with Kazakhstan partner and successfully signed a series of framework agreements and principle agreements in 2015 and 2016 to lock the new acquisition project of uranium mines, and we made substantial progress in the project during the "Thirteenth Five-year" as mentioned above. Furthermore, in order to ameliorate the resource pipeline, we also tried to invest in high-grade uranium resource projects in the exploration stage, and sought the potential value growth by securing the off-take rights of future products. In 2016, the Company completed the acquisition of 19.99% equity interests in Fission, a company listed in Canada, and became its largest shareholder. The released pre-feasibility study report showed that its PSL project has great potential of exploration and high economic value.

Secondly, we expanded our business scale and created our own trading brand. Thanks to the long-term demand of the Controlling Shareholders for natural uranium products, the Company has always had stable sales channels for its trade business, which has brought us stable profits, but the over-concentration of customers has also brought risks to our operations. In order to grasp the market opportunities, broaden customer channels, open up the international market and build our own trading brand, we completed the acquisition of CGN Global in early 2019, which effectively improved the Group's overall natural uranium trade structure, significantly increased trade revenue and brought more space for the subsequent growth of the financial performance of the Group. 過往五年,我們從無到有、披荊斬棘,開 始嶄露頭角,成長為一家於天然鈾領域專 而穩的公司,並實現了「三個擴大」:

一是擴大權益資產,逐步構建資源梯隊。 公司於2015年完成了對謝公司49%股權的 收購,通過治理管控及與前方派駐團隊緊 密協同,圍繞[穩生產、降成本]的目標, 確保了謝公司生產成本持續保持在全球在 產礦山前列。我們進一步增進與哈方的交 流合作,成功在2015年及2016年簽署一 系列框架協議及原則性協議,鎖定新的鈾 礦收購項目。如上所述,項目在「十三五」 期間取得實質進展。此外,為完善資源梯 隊,我們亦嘗試投資勘查階段的高品位鈾 資源項目,並通過鎖定未來產品包銷權 益,謀求潛在增長價值。公司於2016年完 成對加拿大上市公司Fission的19.99%股 權收購,成為其第一大股東,其已經發佈 的預可研報告顯示出旗下的PSL項目具有 極佳的開發潛力和經濟價值。

二是擴大業務規模,打造自有貿易品牌。 一直以來,得益於控股股東對天然鈾產 品的長期需求,公司的貿易業務始終擁有 穩定的銷售渠道,此雖為我們帶來穩定收 益,但客戶過於集中也給公司經營帶來風 險。為把握市場機遇,拓寬客戶渠道,開 拓國際市場,同時打造我們自身的貿易品 牌,我們在2019年初完成對中廣核國際 銷售公司的收購,此舉有效地改善了集團 整體的天然鈾貿易結構,貿易收入大幅增 長,並給後續集團業績增長帶來更多空 間。

Thirdly, we expanded the capital scale and optimized the shareholding structure. In order to continuously develop and optimize corporate governance, we have also been seeking the participation of strategic investors to obtain more development funds and grow stronger together. In 2016, Fosun Group joined us through its subsidiary, which not only brought us strong financial support but also experience in management and operations. Although we still have a long way to become "strong enough", we can see that through five years of operation, the Company's assets exceeded HK\$4 billion by the end of 2020, nearly doubling from the beginning of 2015. At present, the Company is on an upward path of development, and the strength accumulated during the "Thirteenth Five-year" will be released gradually.

There is no doubt that the "Thirteenth Five-year" is a five-year of struggling and growing for us, and the oncoming "Fourteenth Fiveyear" will be a five-year of development and quality improvement, which will be even more challenging for us. We will further develop along the path of "investment, financing, production and marketing" to realize a virtuous circle based on the existing business. In terms of investment, we will still focus on high-quality mine resources worldwide, and explore the best investment opportunities and steadily control more uranium resources and form a reasonable pipeline of projects in production, projects under construction, senior and primary projects; meanwhile, we intend to ensure the implementation of the target projects through various forms of financing. Besides, we will continue to stably operate the existing and new projects in production to ensure obtaining investment income and natural uranium off-take volume smoothly, which is also the basis for the Company's sustainable and sound operation. In addition to trading with major Shareholder, the team will rely on the brands of CGN Global and CGN to further build international sales capacity, and at the time of strictly controlling risks, improve the profitability of international trade and accumulate market influence by constantly trying and exploring new sales models.

三是擴大資本規模,優化股權結構。為持 續發展及優化公司治理,我們也一直在尋 求戰略投資者的加入,以期獲得更多發展 資金並携手並進。2016年復星集團通過 旗下子公司加入了我們,除了資金外還給 公司帶來了值得借鑒的管理和運營經驗。 儘管我們距離「足夠強大」還有很長的路要 走,但可以看到通過五年的經營,公司 資產規模在2020年底超過40億港元,較 2015年初接近翻了一番,且目前公司正處 於發展的上行通道,「十三五」期間積累的 力量也將逐漸釋放。

毫無疑問,「十三五」於我們是奮力拼搏壯 大的五年,而接下來的[十四五]是發展和 提質並進的五年,對於我們更是挑戰。在 現有業務的基礎上我們將沿著「投、融、 產、銷」道路進一步發展,以期實現良性 循環。投資方面,我們將依然著眼於世界 範圍內的優質礦山資源,發掘最優質的投 資機會,穩步控制更多的鈾資源,形成合 理的在產、在建、高級和初級項目梯隊; 與此同時,擬通過多種形式的融資來保障 目標項目的落地;除此之外,將繼續穩定 運營好現有及新增的在產項目,確保投資 收益及天然鈾包銷量的順利獲得,這也是 公司持續穩健經營的基礎;銷售方面,在 繼續做好與大股東的貿易外,團隊將依託 中廣核國際銷售公司及中廣核的品牌進一 步打造國際銷售能力,在嚴格把控風險的 同時,通過不斷嘗試及探索新銷售模式, 提升國際貿易盈利水平,積累市場影響 力。

2021 is a crucial year, while facing the ever-changing environment, we will be more proactive in seizing opportunities. It's our first priority to push forward the completion of the New Kazakhstan Uranium Project as planned, and subsequently, we will focus more on the production and operation and cost control of Ortalyk. We believe that based on the cooperation experience with Kazatomprom in the two mine projects, namely Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine, for many years, the New Kazakhstan Uranium Project will also bring us sound returns. For other potential projects, we will make great efforts to seek new breakthroughs in 2021.

The complex and ever-changing environment would leave few enterprises unscathed, and hard work and realistic operation are the only way to survive and grow stronger. In the past, we had developed from scratch and grown from the small to the big. Thanks to constant persistence and cultivation, we have achieved today's results. As China's nuclear power is developing rapidly, and the international uranium price is expected to rise steadily in the future, it is generally estimated that we are still in a period of strategic opportunities with great potential. We will respond to the risk of the epidemic with greater confidence, determination and calm than ever before, and will lay a solid foundation, strive to improve the quality of development and risk resistance capacity, and continue to create greater value for our Shareholders. 2021年至關重要,面對更為多變的環境, 我們將更加主動出擊把握機遇。推進哈新 鈾礦項目按既定計劃交割乃是眼前第一要 務,隨後我們也將傾注更多的關注於奧公 司的生產經營及成本控制,相信基於與哈 原工在謝、伊兩礦項目多年的良好合作經 驗,哈新鈾礦項目亦會給我們帶來穩健的 回報。而對於其他具潛力項目,我們將全 力以赴,尋求2021年有新的突破。

在複雜多變的大環境下,沒有幾家企業可 以獨善其身,唯有埋頭苦幹,踏實經營方 是安身立命、發展壯大的不二法寶。過去 我們的發展經歷了從無到有,從小到大, 正是因為持續的堅守和耕耘才有了我們今 天的成績。中國核電發展正當時,而國際 鈾價未來有望穩定回升,總體上判斷我們 仍處於大有可為的戰略機遇期。我們將比 以往更自信、堅定,沉著應對疫情風險, 打好基礎,著力提升發展質量和抗風險能 力,繼續為各位股東創造更大的價值。

Chairman of the Board Yu Zhiping

Beijing, 31 March 2021

*董事會主席* **余志平** 

北京,2021年3月31日

## Chief Executive Officer's Statement 首席執行官致辭

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the management, I present the annual results of the Company for 2020. During the Reporting Period, the main results were as follows:

- Sales of 4,756tU natural uranium (2019: 3,696tU), of which off-take based on equity interest amounted to 588tU (2019: 588tU); and 4,168tU of International trading (2019: 3,108tU);
- Revenue amounted to HK\$2,862 million (2019: HK\$2,077 million);
- The weighted average settlement price was US\$29.8/lb (2019: US\$27.8/lb) and the weighted average selling cost was US\$27.79/lb (2019: US\$25.9/lb);
- Profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$155 million (2019: HK\$160 million). Basic earnings per Share was HK2.35 cents (2019: HK2.42 cents).

In 2020, the COVID-19 epidemic has exposed the fragility of the global natural uranium supply and demand market. As affected by the market downturn, a large number of mines in production have been shut down due to economic reasons and entered a state of production suspension with maintenance. Due to the impact of the epidemic, the production capacity of mines has been reduced again, resulting in a sharp drop in global natural uranium production in 2020, falling to the lowest level in the past 10 years. The continued sluggish natural uranium production is in sharp contrast with the continuous and stable development of nuclear power, which has triggered market concerns about sustained and stable supply in the medium and long term. The price of uranium rose rapidly, and the spot index increased from US\$24/lb to US\$34/lb. However, there are still few suspended mines to resume production.

各位股東,

本人謹代表管理層向各位股東呈上本公司 2020年度業績,於報告期內,本公司主要 業績如下:

- 銷售天然鈾4,756tU(2019年: 3,696tU),其中權益包銷588tU (2019年:588tU)。國際銷售 4,168tU(2019年:3,108tU);
- 營業額為2,862百萬港元(2019年: 2,077百萬港元);
- 加權平均交收價格為29.8美元/磅
   (2019年:27.8美元/磅),加權平
   均銷售成本為27.79美元/磅(2019年:25.9美元/磅);
- 本公司擁有人應佔溢利為155百萬港 元(2019年:160百萬港元),每股 基本盈利2.35港仙(2019年:2.42港 仙)。

2020年,新冠疫情暴露了全球天然鈾供求 市場的脆弱。受市場低迷影響,大量在產 礦山因經濟性原因陸續關停,進入停產維 護狀態。受疫情影響,在產礦山再次調減 產能,導致2020年全球天然鈾產量鋭減, 跌至近10年來的最低水平。持續低迷的天 然鈾產量與核電持續和穩定的發展形成鮮 明對比,引發市場對中長期持續穩定供應 的擔憂,鈾價快速上漲,現貨指數一度由 24美元/磅上漲至34美元/磅,但仍鮮有 停產礦山復產。

## Chief Executive Officer's Statement 首席執行官致辭

Faced with the spread of the epidemic and the violently fluctuating market, CGN Mining took the initiative and overcame difficulties to minimize the impact of the epidemic on the Group and completed various operation tasks well. As the chief executive officer, I would like to thank all Shareholders for their resolute support and valuable trust as well as the dedicated hard work of all employees. I will now summarize the main work performance of CGN Mining in 2020 and outline the main tasks going forward.

In 2020, the Company was mainly committed to the following works: firstly, property managed inventory assets and reduced the impact of the epidemic on the Company's production and exploration projects to ensure the Company's off-take volume based on equity interest will not be affected; secondly, we strived to make substantial progress of the acquisition project in the in-situ leachable sandstonetype uranium mines in production in Kazakhstan; thirdly, we seized the opportunity in market fluctuations to expand the scale and profits of the Company's international natural uranium trade; fourthly, we continued to strengthen the core capability construction.

### **Uranium Project in Production**

During the Reporting Period, Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine, owned by Semizbay-U had completed their annual production tasks. Affected by the COVID-19 epidemic and the production reduction measures of Kazatomprom, Semizbay-U's annual natural uranium production volume was 733tU, representing a decrease of 24% as compared with that of 2019. However, benefited from the rising uranium prices, stringent cost control measures and the continued depreciation of tenge, Semizbay-U's gross profit has recorded an increase. This has laid a solid foundation for Semizbay-U to further release its performance after resumption of the 1,200tU production capacity. 面對蔓延的疫情、劇烈波動的市場,中廣 核礦業主動出擊、迎難而上,最大限度降 低疫情對本集團的影響,較好的完成了各 項經營任務。作為首席執行官,我要感謝 各位股東對我們的堅定支持與寶貴信任, 感謝廣大員工的無私奉獻和辛勤付出。以 下我將總結中廣核礦業於2020年度的主要 工作成績,並概述後續的主要工作計劃。

2020年公司主要致力於以下工作,第一, 做好存量資產經營,降低疫情對公司在 產、在勘項目的影響,保證公司權益包銷 量不受影響;第二,全力推進哈薩克斯坦 可地浸砂岩型在產鈾礦併購項目取得實質 性進展;第三,把握市場波動機會,擴大 公司國際天然鈾貿易規模及利潤;第四, 持續加強核心能力建設。

### 在產鈾礦項目

報告期內,謝公司旗下謝礦及伊礦均按計 劃完成了全年生產任務。受新冠疫情和哈 原工減產措施影響,謝公司年度天然鈾產 量為733tU,較2019年下降24%。但受益 於鈾價上漲、嚴格的成本控制措施以及堅 戈持續貶值,謝公司毛利不減反增。這為 謝公司恢復1,200tU產能後,進一步釋放 業績打下了堅實的基礎。

## Chief Executive Officer's Statement 首席執行官致辭

### **Uranium Project in Exploration**

In 2020, Fission overcame difficulties and completed two rounds of financings, raised approximately CAD24.07 million, which secured the financial resources for the feasibility study of the ongoing PLS project. According to UxC's global undeveloped project cost analysis report, the PLS project is one of the most competitive project in cost. Fission is now promoting the feasibility study of PLS project. After being put into operation, the PLS project is expected to fill the lost production capacity of decommissioned mines and meet the continuous and steady growth of natural uranium demand from global nuclear power owners.

# Merger and Acqusition Project for New Uranium Mines in Production

During the Reporting Period, the Company carried out supplementary due diligence on the target uranium mine, gained an in-depth understanding of the target company and mine. In addition, through conducting multiple rounds of negotiations with Kazatomprom, the Company has reached an intention in principle with Kazatomprom on the completion of the New Kazakhstan Uranium Project before 30 June 2021 and the Company's off-take volume based on equity interest will grow significantly upon completion of the delivery.

### **Natural Uranium Trade**

Stimulated by the news of the suspension of production at Cigar Lake Mine in Canada and the announcement of production reduction by Kazatomprom, the spot price of natural uranium rebounded significantly during the year. CGN Global seized the market opportunity to expand sales and delivered 10.8 million pounds of natural uranium, representing an increase of 34% as compared with that of 2019, and achieved sales revenue of US\$313.90 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 44%, which became a new driving force for the Company's performance growth during the year.

### 在勘鈾礦項目

2020年,Fission公司克服困難,完成兩次 融資,融得約2,407萬加元,為正在推進 的PLS項目可行性研究工作提供了資金保 障。根據UXC全球待開發項目成本分析報 告,PLS項目是最具有成本競爭優勢的項 目之一。FIssion公司正在全力推進PLS項 目可行性研究工作。該項目投產後有望填 補退役礦山失去的產能,滿足全球核電業 主持續及穩定增長的天然鈾需求。

### 在產新鈾礦併購項目

報告期內本公司對標的鈾礦進行了補充盡 職調查,對目標公司及礦山情形有了更深 入的瞭解。此外,經過與哈原工進行多輪 談判,本公司已與哈原工就2021年6月30 日前完成哈新鈾礦項目交割達成原則性意 向,交割完成後,公司權益包銷量將大幅 增長。

## 天然鈾貿易

在加拿大雪茄湖礦山停產以及哈原工宣佈 減產的消息刺激下,本年度天然鈾現貨價 格出現了較大反彈,中廣核國際銷售公司 順勢抓住市場時機,擴大市場銷售量,共 交付天然鈾10.8百萬磅,較2019年增長 34%,實現銷售收入313.90百萬美元,同 比增長44%,成為本年度公司業績增長的 新動力。

### **Core Capability Construction**

In terms of the operation and management, the Company has introduced digitization measures during the year to enhance the decision-making efficiency and risk prevention and control capabilities. In addition, during the epidemic outbreak, the Company insisted on nurturing investor relations, optimizing the communication channels for interaction with investors, and enhancing our communication with the market. The Company has been included in many indexes such as Solactive and North Shore, entering the vision of global uranium resource investors.

2021 will be a fast growing year for CGN Mining. As nuclear power plays an increasingly key role in the global process of carbon neutralization of energy, natural uranium will release an increasingly broad market demand. We believe that the Company's value will be further revealed in the future. We will also live up to the expectations of Shareholders and the public, constantly cultivate in the natural uranium market and share with investors the dividends in the recovery process of natural uranium.

### 核心能力建設

在經營管理方面,本年度公司引入數字化 手段,以提高決策效率及風險防控能力。 此外,公司在疫情期間堅持深耕投資者關 係,優化與投資者互動的溝通渠道,增進 我們與市場的溝通交流,公司已被納入 Solactive及North Shore等多個指數,進入 全球鈾資源投資者視野。

2021年是將是中廣核礦業迅猛發展的一年。隨著核電在全球實現能源碳中和的進程中扮演越來越重要的角色,天然鈾將釋放越來越廣闊的市場需求。相信未來公司的價值將進一步得到彰顯。我們亦將不負股東及公眾的期望,持續深耕天然鈾市場,與投資者分享天然鈾復蘇進程中的紅利。

Chief Executive Officer
An Junjing

Beijing, 31 March 2021

*首席執行官* **安軍靖** 

北京·2021年3月31日

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in natural uranium investment and trading. As of 31 December 2020, the Company held 49% equity interest and off-take rights of products in Semizbay-U, 16.74% equity interest in Fission, as well as wholly-owned subsidiaries Beijing Sino-Kazakh, CGN Global and CGNM UK Ltd..

In 2020, the Group achieved revenue of HK\$2,862 million and profits attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$155 million.

#### Analysis of business environment

#### The nuclear power market and its development

According to data released by International Atomic Energy Agency, there were 443 nuclear power units in operation worldwide by the end of 2020, with a total installed capacity of 393,080MWe, and nuclear power units in operation and under construction are scattered in 32 countries and regions. In 2020, there were five newly grid-connected units worldwide, with a total installed capacity of 5,521MWe; four units with a total installed capacity of 4,473MWe commenced construction; and six closed units with a total installed capacity showed an increasing trend, and the focus of global nuclear power generation is shifting from traditional nuclear power countries to emerging economies.

### 業務回顧

本集團主要從事天然鈾資源投資及貿易。 截至2020年12月31日,本公司持有謝公 司49%的股權及產品包銷權,Fission公司 16.74%的股權,以及擁有全資子公司北 京中哈鈾,中廣核國際銷售公司及中廣核 礦業英國有限公司\*(CGNM UK Ltd.)。

2020年本集團實現營業額2,862百萬港 元,本公司擁有人應佔溢利155百萬港 元。

#### 經營環境分析

#### 核電市場與行業發展

根據國際原子能機構(International Atomic Energy Agency)發佈的數據,於2020年 底,全球在運核電機組443台,總裝機容 量393,080MWe,在運在建核電機組分佈 在32個國家和地區。2020全球新併網機 組5台,總裝機容量5,521MWe;新開工 機組4台,總裝機容量4,473MWe;關停 機組6台,總裝機容量5,165MWe。全球 總淨裝機容量呈現增加態勢,且全球核電 發電的重心正在從傳統核電大國轉向新興 經濟體。 Newly grid-connected units, units commenced construction, and closed units around the world in 2020

**2020**年全球核電機組的新併網、新開工和 關停情況

	New	ly Grid-conne 新併網機 Installed			Units	commenced construc 新開工建設 Installed	tion		(	Closed Units 關停機組 Installed	
No.	Name	Capacity	Country	No.	Name	Capacity	Country	No.	Name	Capacity	Country
		裝機容量				裝機容量				裝機容量	
序號	名稱	(MWe)	國家	序號	名稱	(MWe)	國家	序號	名稱	(MWe)	國家
1.	BARAKAH-1	1,345	United Arab Emirates	6.	AKKUYU-2	1,114	Turkey	10.	DUANE APNOLD-1	601	United States
	BARAKAH-1	1,345	阿聯酋		AKKUYU-2	1,114	土耳其		DUANE APNOLD-1	601	美國
2.	BELARUSIAN-1	1,110	Republic of Belarus	7.	SANAO-1	1,117	China	11.	FESSENHEIM-1	880	France
	BELARUSIAN-1	1,110	白俄羅斯		三澳-1	1,117	中國		FESSENHEIM-1	880	法國
3.	FUQING-5	1,000	China	8.	TAIPINGLING-2	1,116	China	12.	FESSENHEIM-2	880	France
	福清-5	1,000	中國		太平嶺-2	1,116	中國		FESSENHEIM-2	880	法國
4.	LENINGRAD2-2	1,066	Russia	9.	ZHANGZHOU-2	1,126	China	13.	INDIAN POINT-2	998	United States
	LENINGRAD2-2	1,066	俄羅斯		漳州-2	1,126	中國		INDIAN POINT-2	998	美國
5.	TIANWAN-5	1,000	China					14.	LENINGGRAD-2	925	Russia
	田灣-5	1,000	中國						LENINGGRAD-2	925	俄羅斯
								15.	RINGHALS-1	881	Sweden
									RINGHALS-1	881	瑞典
Note:	1. Data	source: In	ternational Atomic E	Energy	Agency		註:	1.	數據來源:國	國際能源機	構
			in the name colum power unit project.	in rep	resents the unit	serial number		2.	名稱欄「−數 機組號碼。	字」代表該	核電站項目
The c	letails of alob	al nucle	ar power units	in the	e short to me	edium term	中短期	相全球	求核電機組具體	豊情況,如	下:
	s follows:						1 / 1/	, , <u> </u>		21137207	
•	-		ear power unit er generation in			connected	•		羅斯列於格勒 2020年10月份		
•	The first nu	uclear po	ower unit in Be	larus	was conne	cted to the	•	白信	我羅斯首台核	電站在2	020年1
	-		2020, and the mpleted in the			ts unit 2 is			分併網,2號 22年中期完成		設計劃方
•	Akkuyu nuo Besides, u	clear pov nit 1 hac	0, Turkey ann ver plant had o I obtained cons ut into operatic	btair struc	ied construc tion permit ir	tion permit.	•	尤村 證	耳其於2020年 亥電廠3號機維 : 另外1號機維 午可,預計將在	且獲得了 目在2018	建造許可 年獲得建

- Ringhals-1 unit in Sweden was officially retired from service in December 2020, and the remaining unit 3 and unit 4 are expected to operate for more than 20 years.
- Affected by cheap natural gas and new energy, the nuclear power units in operation in the US were at a competitive disadvantage in the open power market, but the enterprises also applied to its government to extend the life cycle of nuclear power units in the states where the power market was regulated. The US will continue to invest in research and development of advanced nuclear energy technology to maintain the leading position in nuclear energy technology. The US Senate and the House of Representatives passed the Nuclear Energy Leadership Act (NELA) in July and September 2020, respectively, which required the Department of Energy to provide support for the development and construction of new and advanced reactors, provide nuclear fuel supply, cultivate nuclear energy talents, support the federal agencies to sign long-term power purchase agreements, and create the commercial environment for new reactors. Furthermore, two nuclear power plants in the US are expected to put into production in 2021 and 2022.
- Germany, being the most concrete country which announced its nuclear abandoning attitude among major nuclear power countries, still has six nuclear power units in operation and plans to close them all by the end of 2022.
- France is still the country with the highest proportion of nuclear power in the world, with 56 nuclear power units currently in operation, providing approximately 70% of power supply of the country, and with an EPR unit under construction, which is expected to be loaded in 2022. According to its Energy Transition Law for Green Growth, enacted in 2015, it aims to reduce the proportion of nuclear power to 50% by 2035.

- 瑞典Ringhals-1號機組在2020年12 月正式退役,剩餘的3號和4號機組 有望運營超過20年。
- 受到廉價天然氣和新能源的衝擊, 美國在運核電機組在開放的電力市 場區域競爭處於劣勢,但在電力市 場管制州的核電企業仍在繼續提交 核電機組的延壽申請。美國依然將 對先進核能技術研發進行投入,以 保持核能技術領先。美國參、眾兩 院分別於2020年7月和9月通過了 《核能領導法案》(NELA),該法案 要求能源部為新的先進反應堆研發 建設提供支持,提供核燃料供應、 培養核能人才,支持聯邦機構簽署 長期購電協議,並為新反應堆創造 商業環境。此外,美國有兩台核 電站預計將在2021年和2022年投 產。
- 德國是主要核電國家中最明確棄核
   的國家,目前還剩下6個在運營的
   核電機組,並計劃在2022年底前
   關閉全部核電站。
- 法國依然是全球核電佔比最高的國 家,目前有56台核電機組在運營, 提供全國大約70%的電力供應;另 有一台EPR機組在建,預計2022年 裝料。根據其在2015年發佈的《能 源轉型綠色增長法案》,計劃到 2035年將核電比例降至50%。



By the end of 2020, 9 nuclear power units in Japan have been restarted, all of which are pressurized water reactors, and 18 nuclear power units were still under review for restarting operation. In October 2020, the Japanese government announced that it planned to achieve carbon neutrality by 2050. In view of 88% of its current energy supply coming from fossil fuels and almost all of them relying on imports, coupled with the electricity power shortage in the winter of 2020, the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry of Japan believes that the development of nuclear energy is crucial.

#### In China

According to data released by the China Nuclear Energy Association, there were 49 nuclear power units in operation in China (excluding Taiwan Region of the PRC) with a rated installed capacity of 51,027 MWe as of 31 December 2020. In 2020, the total power generation of the country was 7,417,040 million kWh, and the total power generation from nuclear power units was 366,243 million kWh, accounting for 4.94% of the total power generation of the country. Power generation by nuclear power units in 2020 represented a yearon-year increase of 5.02% compared with 2019 and the cumulative on-grid power generation was 342,854 million kWh, representing a year-on-year increase of 4.89% compared with 2019. 至2020年底,日本已經有9個核電 機組重啟,均為壓水堆,仍有18 個核電機組在重啟運行的審查過程 中。2020年10月,日本政府宣佈 計劃在2050年前實現碳中和,限 於其當前88%的能源供應來自化石 燃料,而且幾乎全部依靠進口,加 之2020年冬季出現電力短缺,日 本經濟產業省認為發展核能至關重 要。

#### 中國地區

根據中國核能行業協會發佈的數據,截至 2020年12月31日,中國在運核電機組共 49台(統計數據不包括中國台灣地區),額 定裝機容量為51,027MWe。2020年全國 總發電量為7,417,040百萬kWh,核電機 組總發電量為366,243百萬kWh,佔全國 總發電量的4.94%。2020年核電機組總發 電量較2019年同比上升5.02%,累計上網 電量為342,854百萬kWh,較2019年同比 上升4.89%。



Growth of Installed Capacity of Nuclear Power in China from 2009 to 2020 2009-2020年中國核電裝機規模增長情況

Major events in China's nuclear power industry during the Reporting Period:

- On 10 August, Tianwan Unit 5 was successfully connected to the grid for power generation.
- On 2 September, the State Council approved the Hainan Changjiang Phase II project and the San'ao Nuclear Power Phase I project.
- On 4 September, the construction of Zhangzhou Unit 2 in Fujian Province commenced.
- On 15 October, the construction of Taipingling Unit 2 in Huizhou, Guangdong Province commenced.
- On 27 November, the world's first nuclear reactor of "Hualong One"-Unit 5 of Fuqing nuclear power plant was connected to the grid for the first time.
- On 28 November, the first overseas nuclear reactor of "Hualong One"-Unit 2 of Karachi nuclear power plant in Pakistan started loading.
- On 31 December, Unit 1 of San'ao nuclear power plant in Zhejiang Province began pouring the first tank of concrete on the nuclear island and officially commenced the construction.

#### Global natural uranium market and industry development

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, major natural uranium producers in the world announced to reduce or suspend production in 2020, such as, Cameco Corp. announced to suspend the production of Cigar Lake uranium mine in March (subsequently resumed in September and suspended again in December due to the intensification of the COVID-19 epidemic) and the uranium mines of Kazatomprom implemented a three-month production reduction; besides, the production of major uranium mines such as Husab and Rossing uranium mines in Namibia was also affected by different extents. The output of natural uranium was approximately 47,000tU in 2020, representing a decrease of 17% as compared with 2019, which is the lowest point since 2008, accounting for only 69% of the global natural uranium demand in the year.

報告期內中國核電行業重要事項:

- 8月10日,田灣5號機組成功並網 發電。
- 9月2日,國務院核准海南昌江二期 工程和三澳核電一期工程。
- 9月4日,福建漳州2號機組開工建 設。
- 10月15日,廣東惠州太平嶺2號機 組開工建設。
- 11月27日,「華龍一號」全球首 堆一福清核電廠5號機組首次併 網。
- 11月28日、「華龍一號」海外首 堆-巴基斯坦卡拉奇核電廠2號機 組開始裝料。
- 12月31日,浙江三澳核電廠1號機 組開始澆築核島第一罐混凝土,正 式開工建造。

#### 全球天然鈾市場與行業發展

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受新冠疫情影響,2020年全球主要天然 鈾生產商宣佈不同程度的減產或停產,如 Cameco Corp.在3月宣佈暫停雪茄湖鈾礦 生產(後於9月重啟,12月因新冠疫情加 劇再次停產),哈原工旗下鈾礦實施3個月 減產;此外,納米比亞的湖山及羅辛鈾礦 等大型鈾礦山生產也受到不同程度影響。 2020年天然鈾產量約47,000tU,較2019 年下降17%,為2008年以來的最低點,僅 佔本年全球天然鈾需求的69%。

Affected by the suspension of production of Cigar Lake uranium mine in March, the trading volume of natural uranium spot trading surged between late March and April, and the single-month trading volume in April broke the historical record. Spot prices increased from US\$24/lb to US\$26/lb at the beginning of the year to US\$34/ Ib at the end of May, which is the highest point of the year. Spot prices declined gently to below US\$30/lb after June, but recovered to US\$30/lb by the end of the year. According to data released by UxC, the global spot trading volume of natural uranium was 35,503tU in 2020, representing an increase of 43% as compared with 2019, with average trading size decreased and the trading frequency increased. It was observed that natural uranium producers sought procurement opportunities in the spot market after they reduced their production capacity and the activities of natural uranium traders and financial investors increased dramatically, while the direct procurement demand from nuclear power plants owners remained pent-up and delayed.

In 2020, the long-term trading volume of natural uranium was approximately 21,560tU, representing a decrease of approximately 42% as compared with 2019. According to the data from UxC, the long-term price fluctuated between US\$31/lb to US\$33/lb in 2020, while according to the data from TradeTech Inc., the long-term price fluctuated between US\$33/lb to US\$39/lb in 2020.

受雪茄湖鈾礦3月宣佈停產影響,天然鈾 現貨交易量在3月下旬到4月廳升,4月單 月交易量打破了歷史記錄。現貨價格則從 年初的24至26美元/磅,一直漲至5月底 的34美元/磅,為年內最高點。6月以後 現貨價格平緩下滑至30美元/磅以下,但 到年底重新回升到30美元/磅。根據UxC 發佈的數據,2020年全球天然鈾現貨交易 量為35,503tU,較2019年增長43%。平均 單筆交易規模降低,交易頻次擴大。可以 看到,礦山企業降低產能後尋求現貨市場 採購機會,天然鈾貿易商及金融投資者活 躍度大幅升高,而核電業主的直接採購需 求仍處於被壓抑和延誤。

2020年天然鈾長期貿易量約為21,560噸 鈾,較2019年下降約42%。據UxC發佈 數據,2020年長期價格在31至33美元/ 磅之間波動,而據TradeTech Inc.發佈數 據,2020年長期價格在33至39美元/磅 間波動。



#### **BUSINESS PERFORMANCE AND ANALYSIS**

#### Uranium mines under production – production of Semizbay-U

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine reduced its production volume to 299tU and 434tU, both completed its annual production plan, but the total production was decreased by 24% as compared with 2019. However, based on the foundation of good cooperation between the two parties for years and active communication, the Company kept its natural uranium off-take amount of 588tU from Semizbay-U in 2020.

During the Reporting Period, Semizbay Mine developed four new blocks with 326 boreholes drilled and approximately 409tU developed reserves expanded; and Irkol Mine developed five new blocks with 333 boreholes drilled and approximately 435tU developed reserves expanded. The total exploration expenses of Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine were 3 billion tenge (approximately HK\$55.06 million).

As at 31 December 2020, the uranium reserves of Semizbay-U were as follows:

## 業務表現及分析 *在產鈾礦-謝公司生產情況*

受新冠疫情影響,謝礦和伊礦減產至 299tU及434tU,均完成年度生產計劃, 但總產量較2019年減少24%。基於兩方多 年良好的合作基礎及積極的溝通,本公司 於2020年仍然從謝公司獲得了588tU的天 然鈾包銷量。

報告期內,謝礦共開拓4個新塊段,施工 鑽孔326個,新增開拓儲量約為409tU; 伊礦共開拓5個新塊段,施工鑽孔333個, 新增開拓儲量約為435tU。謝、伊兩座鈾 礦山勘探總支出30億堅戈(約5,506萬港 元)。

於2020年12月31日,謝公司旗下的謝礦 和伊礦儲量情況如下:

		Semizbay Mine 謝礦	<b>Irkol Mine</b> 伊礦
Reserves 儲量	Average Grade 平均品位	0.055%	0.0422%
<u> </u> 第111	tU 噸鈾	10,120	15,234

#### Uranium mine project pending for development – operation and project exploration by Fission

There were changes in Fission's management in 2020. The former chief operating officer Mr. Ross McElroy has been promoted as the chief executive officer, new management and technical team have been engaged and a new company development plan has been formulated to meet the need in promoting the PLS project to the development phase, which mainly comprises:

- (1) Putting forward the development path of Fission, promoting the development of the PLS Project by strengthening operation team and obtaining financial resources, and continuously improve the image of the company.
- (2) Evaluating potential financing pathway of Fission. To implement the new development plan, Fission conducted two rounds of financing in 2020 with proceeds of CA\$24.07 million (approximately US\$19.26 million), which secured the financial resources for commencement of infill drilling and other works.
- (3) Formulating a new 6-year (2021 to 2026) development plan for the PLS Project, where the total expenditure is approximately US\$56 million, including US\$12.40 million for infill drilling, US\$27.20 million for feasibility studies, and US\$16.30 million for licenses and permits and social impacts. Approximately US\$41.50 million are urgently needed in 2021 and 2022 for feasibility studies and environmental assessments.

During the Reporting Period, Fission had not carried out any exploration activity.

### 待開發鈾礦-Fission公司經營及項目勘 探情況

2020年Fission公司的管理層進行了調整, 原首席運營官Ross McElroy先生升任首席 執行官,並聘請了新的管理和技術團隊, 制定了公司新的發展規劃以應對將PLS項 目推動到開發階段的需要,主要內容為:

- (1) 提出Fission公司發展的主要途徑, 通過完善運營團隊和籌集資金推 動PLS項目開發,不斷改善公司形 家。
- (2) 探討Fission公司融資路徑。為實現 新的發展規劃,Fission公司在2020 年實施了兩輪融資,共募集資金 2,407萬加元(約19.26百萬美元), 為加密鑽探和其他工作開展提供了 資金保障。
- (3) 制定了PLS項目新的未來6年(2021 至2026)開發計劃,計劃總支出約 為56百萬美元,包括加密鑽探12.4 百萬美元,可行性研究工作27.2百 萬美元,以及證照許可和社會影響 費用16.3百萬美元。其中2021年和 2022年急需開展可行性研究和環評 資金約41.5百萬美元。

報告期內,Fission公司未開展勘探活動。

#### Natural uranium trading business

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group achieved revenue of HK\$2,859 million from natural uranium trading, increased by 38% as compared to 2019. Trading revenue from sales of natural uranium products from mines owned by Semizbay-U was HK\$425 million, representing an increase of 12.5% compared to 2019 (2019: HK\$377 million).

During the Reporting Period, CGN Global sold a total 4,168tU and realised trading revenue of approximately HK\$2,434 million, with realised profit of approximately HK\$60 million. Although the price of natural uranium in 2020 was still at the low point in the historical cycle and face to face communication with customers was impracticable due to the epidemic in 2020, CGN Global made an active effort to grasp the opportunities and still realised significant improvement in operating performance compared to 2019.

As of 31 December 2020, the Group held 3,142tU of natural uranium (approximately 8.17 million pounds of  $U_3O_8$ ), with a weighed average cost of US\$27.90 per pound of  $U_3O_8$ , and had 5,096tU of natural uranium sales contracted but not delivered (approximately 13.25 million pounds of  $U_3O_8$ ), with a weighed average selling price of US\$32.28 per pound of  $U_3O_8$ .

#### Acquisitions of New Uranium Projects

The New Kazakhstan Uranium Project has been the primary task of the Company in recent years. During the Reporting Period, the Company had completed a round of supplemental due diligence and launched multiple rounds of negotiations with its Kazakhstan partner. The Company has reached an intention with Kazatomprom in principle to complete the transaction by 30 June 2021.

#### 天然鈾貿易業務

截至2020年12月31日止年度,本集團實 現天然鈾貿易額2,859百萬港元,較2019 年增加38%。來自謝公司自有礦山的天然 鈾銷售額為425百萬港元,較2019年上漲 12.5%(2019年:377百萬港元)。

報告期內,中廣核國際銷售公司共銷售 4,168tU,實現銷售收入約2,434百萬港 元,溢利約60百萬港元。儘管2020年天 然鈾價格仍處於歷史周期低谷期,且受疫 情影響無法與客戶進行面對面溝通,但中 廣核國際銷售公司通過積極運作,抓住市 場機遇,依然實現了經營業績較2019年大 幅增長。

截至2020年12月31日,本集團持有天然 鈾3,142tU(約817萬磅U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>),加權平均 成本為27.90美元/磅U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>,已簽訂但未 交付的天然鈾銷售量5,096tU(約1,325萬 磅U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>),加權平均售價為32.28美元/磅 U<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>。

#### 新鈾資源項目併購

哈新鈾礦項目為本公司近年來的重點工作。報告期內,本公司完成了一輪補充盡 職調查並與哈方合作夥伴展開了多輪談判 磋商。本公司與哈原工已就2021年6月30 日前完成項目交割達成原則性意向。

#### **Maintenance of Investor Relationship**

Investor relationship management met new challenges in 2020. To enhance its communications with Shareholders and the capital market, during the Reporting Period, the Company improved its investor relationship management through online communication, systematically optimised its information disclosure, market promotion and industry research, and achieved satisfactory results.

#### 投資者關係維護

2020年對投資者關係管理提出了新的挑 戰。為增進與股東及資本市場的交流,報 告期內,本公司通過線上渠道加強投資者 關係管理,對信息披露、市場宣傳、行業 研究等方面系統性地進行了優化,取得滿 意結果。

#### Relative Performance of Share Price of CGN Mining (01164.HK), HSI and the Spot Price of Natural Uranium from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 中廣核礦業(01164.HK)與恒生指數及天然鈾現貨價格的全年相對表現 2020年1月1日-2020年12月31日



Source of spot price index of natural uranium: UxC 天然鈾現貨價格指數來源: UxC

During the Reporting Period, the Company made several attempts to broaden its channels of direct communication and liaison with Shareholders. The key tasks during the year 2020 were as follows: 報告期內,本公司在拓寬與股東的直接溝 通與聯絡的渠道方面做了諸多嘗試及努 力,2020年全年重點工作如下:

Channels	Key points
渠道	要點
Annual general meeting	<ul> <li>Approved 8 ordinary resolutions on 18 June</li> </ul>
股東周年大會	6月18日批准8項普通決議案
Annual results presentation and interim	• On 27 March, the annual results conference was held
results presentation	via telephone under the chairmanship of BOCI
年度業績發佈會及中期業績發佈會	3月27日在中銀國際的主持下通過電話會召開年度業
	績發佈會
	• On 26 August, with the support of Essence Securities,
	the interim results conference was held through
	Tencent conference and Futu live broadcast
	8月26日在安信證券的支持下通過騰訊會議和富途直
	播的方式召開中期業績發佈會
Investor seminars and roadshows	<ul> <li>117 seminars and roadshows</li> </ul>
communication	117場研討會及路演
投資者研討會及路演溝通	
Increase in natural uranium industry index	North Shore Global Uranium Mining ETF increased its
fund holdings	holdings in the Company by 41.63 million shares. The
天然鈾行業指數基金增持	Global X Uranium ETF re-incorporated the Company
	into its constituent stocks.
	North Shore Global Uranium Mining ETF增持本公司股
	票41.63百萬股。Global X Uranium ETF重新將本公司
	納入其成分股。
Company awards	The Company received the best "Energy and     Descures a listed Company " and "Descures"
公司獎項	Resources Listed Company" and "Best CEO" awards
	from Golden Hong Kong Stock. 本公司榮獲金港股最佳「能源與資源上市公司」和「最佳
	半公司宋復金沧版取住  能源映頁源上甲公司] 和I 取住 CEO] 獎項。
	OLOJ哭俎。

# Management Discussion and Analysis

# 管理層討論及分析

Channels 渠道	Key points 要點				
Regular reports and announcements 定期報告及公告	<ul> <li>Released 13 announcements and 2 regular reports throughout the year 全年發佈13份公告及2份定期報告</li> <li>Including 3 voluntary disclosure announcemnets 其中3份自願披露公告</li> </ul>				
公司網站	<ul> <li>Company news and industry information 公司動態及行業資訊</li> </ul>				
Company websites (http://www.cgnmc.com/)	<ul> <li>Policies and codes 政策及守則</li> <li>Financial information and investors' contact 財務資料及投資者聯絡方式</li> <li>Briefing information for analysts 分析師簡報資料</li> </ul>				
Official Company We Media channel 公司官方自媒體渠道	<ul> <li>The official Wechat account, the corporate accounts on Futu, Flush and Xueqiu.com, and the investor relations WeChat applet have been created</li> </ul>				
	已經開通官方微信號,富途、同花順及雪球網企業賬號,以及投資者關係微信小程序				
<b>Official Company e-mail</b> 公司官方郵箱	• ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn				
Receives investor enquiries and feedback					

接收投資者諮詢及意見反饋

#### **BUSINESS PROSPECTS**

#### **BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT OUTLOOK**

#### Nuclear power market forecast

Low-carbon has never been more widely recognized in the world like it is today. On 22 September 2020, the Chinese President Xi Jinping announced at the 75th session of the United Nations General Assembly that "China will scale up its nationally determined contributions and adopt more vigorous policies and measures, strive to peak carbon dioxide emissions before 2030, and achieve carbon neutrality before 2060". Countries such as Japan, South Korea, and Canada successively announced in 2020 the plan for realization of carbon neutrality. In January 2021, the President of the US, Biden, announced the return to the Paris Agreement. The US and European Union jointly announced that they would achieve carbon neutrality by 2050 in March 2021. According to a research report issued by the International Energy Agency, nuclear power accounted for 18% of the total power generation among developed economies in 2018, which was the largest low-carbon energy sourcre, contributed nearly half of the low-carbon power in the past half century and was an important contributor to the global energy transition. However, emerging economies are expected to succeed the developed countries as the main players in vigorously developing nuclear power in the future.

On 5 March 2021, the Chinese Premier Li Kegiang proposed in government report: Promote clean and efficient use of coal, vigorously develop new energy, and actively and orderly develop nuclear power under the premise of ensuring safety. This is the first time in the past ten years that the word "actively" was used in mentioning the development to nuclear power in Chinese government's work report. According to the estimation of the China's Annual Development and Outlook of Nuclear Energy (2020) published by the China Nuclear Energy Industry Association, the future position of nuclear energy in China's energy structure will be clearer, and the pace of nuclear power construction is expected to be stabilized. China's nuclear power construction is expected to continue steadily at a rate of 6 to 8 units per year during the "14th Five-Year" and mid- to longterm periods and it is estimated that China's nuclear power installed capacity in operation will reach 70 million kW by 2025 with 30 million kW under construction. The total installed nuclear power capacity in operation and under construction will reach 200 million kW by 2035.

### 業務展望

#### 經營環境展望

#### 核電市場形勢研判

低碳從未像今天這樣獲得世界更廣泛的共 識。2020年9月22日,中國國家主席習近 平在第75屆聯合國大會上表示「中國將提 高國家自主貢獻力度,採取更加有力的政 策和措施,二氧化碳排放力爭於2030年前 達到峰值,爭取2060年前實現碳中和」。 2020年,日本、韓國、加拿大相繼宣佈了 碳中和規劃實現表。2021年1月美國總統 拜登宣佈重返《巴黎協定》。2021年3月, 美國與歐盟聯合宣佈不遲於2050年實現 碳中和。國際能源署發佈的研究報告指 出,2018年核電佔發達經濟體發電總量 的18%,是最大的低碳電力來源。核電在 過去的半個世紀中貢獻了近一半的低碳電 力,是全球能源轉型的重要貢獻者。而在 未來,新興經濟體有望接替發達國家成為 大力發展核電的主要選手。

2021年3月5日,中國國務院總理李克強 在政府報告中提出:推動煤炭清潔高效 利用,大力發展新能源,在確保安全的前 提下積極有序發展核電。這是近十年來, 中國政府工作報告在提及發展核電時首 次用「積極」一詞來表述。根據中國核能行 業協會發佈的《中國核能年度發展與展望 (2020)》預測,未來核能在中國能源結構 中的定位將更為明確,核電建設節奏有望 趨於穩定,中國核電建設有望在「十四五」 及中長期期間按照每年6至8台持續穩步推 進。預計到2025年,中國在運核電裝機將 達到70百萬kW,在建30百萬kW。到2035 年,在運和在建核電裝機容量合計達到2 億kW。

We believe that nuclear power, with its advantages of zero carbon emission, fearless of climate changes and its capability of being base load, will play an increasingly important role in the worldwide carbon neutrality movement.

#### Natural uranium market forecast

As the COVID-19 epidemic rebounded at the end of 2020 in Canada and Kazakhstan, major producers of uranium in the world, certain natural uranium mines stopped production. Moreover, the industry has been starved of capital investment for years, and there were no new uranium projects receiving sufficient capital for development in the market, which means that it will be difficult for new projects to form new production capacity rapidly even if natural uranium prices rise in the short term. Therefore, although the global supply of natural uranium is expected to recover in 2021 as compared with 2020, it is unlikely to recover to the level before the outbreak of the epidemic, and the market demand will continue to exceed production and the inventory of natural uranium will be further consumed.

Meanwhile, both newly constructed nuclear power plants in global emerging economies and the demand brought by the expiration and renewal of long-term trade contracts signed historically will bring more mid- to long-term procurement demands by nuclear power plants owners and enhance recovery impetus to the natural uranium market in 2021.

#### **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT OUTLOOK**

#### **Operation Management of Semizbay-U**

Faced with the situation that Semizbay-U was forced to reduce production under the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, the Company will actively participate in its governance through its board of directors in 2021 to ensure the completion of its annual production plan and product sales tasks so as to achieve annual profit targets. The field team will strengthen the supervision of the implementation on the annual production, operation plan and the annual budget to ensure that the enterprise's business objectives are achieved under the premise of safe production. Moreover, in 2021, Semizbay-U will continue to promote innovation in mineral production and new technology, optimize the construction of digitalized mines and improve the standard of automated management. Meanwhile, in order to promote the sustainable development of Semizbay-U, the Company will continue to promote the enhancement of its resources/ reserves in 2021. 核電以其零碳排放,無懼氣候變化,可作 為基礎負荷的優勢,我們相信在全球碳中 和的背景下,將發揮越來越重要的作用。

#### 天然鈾市場形勢研判

世界主要產鈾國加拿大和哈薩克斯坦的新 冠疫情在2020年末出現反撲,導致部分天 然鈾礦山停產。此外,行業內由於多年以 來持續缺乏資本性投資,市場上沒有新的 鈾礦項目得到充分的投資並開發,這意味 著即使天然鈾價格短期上漲,也難有新項 目迅速形成新產能。因此儘管預計2021年 全球天然鈾供應將較2020年有所回升,但 很難恢復到疫情爆發前的水平,市場需求 量大於生產量的局面還將持續,導致市場 天然鈾庫存被進一步消耗。

與此同時,全球新興經濟體新建核電站以及因歷史簽署的長週期貿易合同的到期續 簽,都將使核電站業主產生更大的中長期 天然鈾採購需求,增強2021年的天然鈾市 場復甦動力。

#### 經營發展展望

#### 謝公司經營

面對新冠疫情影響,謝公司被迫減產的情況,2021年本公司將通過董事會積極參與 謝公司治理,確保謝公司完成年度生產計 劃和產品銷售任務,實現年度利潤指標。 外派團隊將加強監督年度生產、經營計劃 及年度預算的執行情況,保證企業在安全 生產的前提下完成生產經營目標。此外, 2021年謝公司將繼續推動礦山生產新技 術、新工藝的創新工作,完善礦山數字化 建設,提高自動化管理水平。同時,為促 進謝公司的可持續發展,2021年本公司將 繼續推進謝公司資源/儲量提升工作。

#### Management and Control on Fission

In respect of Fission, the Company mainly relies on participation in its board of directors to involve in its major decision-making and exert influence, while continuously deepen the technical support for the PLS project and enhancing regular technical exchange. In 2021, the Company will support Fission in completing the winter and summer exploration programs as scheduled and finishing the upgrade of part of the R780E and R840W areas of the PLS project from inferred level to indicated level so as to extend the designed life of mines. The Company also plans to hire a local technical personnel to participate in the field work of Fission in Canada to increase technical management for the PLS project and enhance collaboration efficiency.

#### Active Expansion of Trading Business

The Group will strengthen its business dealings with end customers, such as global nuclear power plants owners, actively participate in international market bidding, deepen its analysis of market conditions and counterparties' behaviors, seize market opportunities, develop new business models and actively explore new trading opportunities to ensure the achievement of annual trade targets.

#### Acquisition of New Uranium Resources Projects

The Company is optimistic about the continuous growing trend of natural uranium demand brought by the long-term stable development of global nuclear power. Given the current price of natural uranium is still at the low point in the historical cycle, the Company will seize this historical opportunity and take the investment and acquisition of high-quality uranium resources as its lifeline of development. In 2021, the Company will strive to implement the relevant completion work on New Kazakhstan Uranium Project in the first half of the year on the one hand, and will seek for potential uranium resource investment opportunities in major uraniumproducing regions such as Central Asia and Africa on the other hand, and start to build a sustainable development resources pipeline of "exploration+in-production". Furthermore, the Company will seek for establishing strategic cooperative relationships with internationally renowned uranium producers and traders to study the feasibility of joint development of uranium projects in various modes.

#### Fission公司的管控

對於Fission公司,本公司主要依託董事會 參與其重大事項決策來施加影響,同時不 斷深化對PLS項目的技術支持,加強定期 技術交流。2021年,本公司將支持Fission 公司按計劃完成冬季和夏季勘探計劃,完 成將PLS項目R780E地段部分和R840W地 段推斷級資源量提升為控制級資源量的工 作,以延長礦山設計壽命,並計劃在加拿 大本地招聘技術人員參加Fission公司的現 場工作,以加強對PLS項目的技術管理, 提高協同效率。

#### 積極開拓貿易業務

本集團將加強與全球核電站業主等終端客 戶的業務往來,積極參與國際市場競標, 加深對市場行情、交易對手行為分析,緊 抓市場機會,開發新的業務模式,積極開 拓新的貿易業務機會,確保年度貿易目標 的實現。

#### 新鈾資源項目併購

公司看好全球核電穩定發展所帶來天然鈾 需求持續增長態勢,考慮到當前天然鈾價 格仍處歷史週期的低谷,公司將抓住歷史 機遇,將優質鈾資源的投資併購工作作為 公司發展的生命線。2021年,公司一方 面將在上半年做好哈新鈾礦項目的交割相 關工作,另一方面將在中亞、非洲等主要 產鈾區域尋找潛在鈾資源投資機遇,及著 手建立「勘探+在產」的可持續資源發展梯 隊。同時,本公司將尋求與國際知名鈾生 產商及貿易商建立戰略合作關係,研究以 多種模式携手開發鈾礦項目的可行性。

#### **RISK IDENTIFICATION AND MANAGEMENT**

The comprehensive risk management system of the Company functioned effectively in 2020 with all risks under monitor and no significant risk incident happened. The major work completed including:

- a. Implementing of dynamic risk management mechanism. The middle and senior management of the Company were requested to rate the annual risk list to identify major risks scientifically. The major risks were tracked, monitored and were reported to the management and the Board regularly, utilising the dynamic monitoring of major risks. The risk list has been timely identified and updated based on business progress so as to determine the trend of risk as well as update and implement corresponding response measures.
- b. Establishing risk management information system. The risk management efficiency has been improved by utilising the informatization and visualization of risk management tracking.
- c. Managing major specific risks of the Company well and to optimise the risk management of subsidiaries and companies with shareholding interests. To deal with the major risks which may bring material impacts to the Company such as changes in the international political environment and the spread of epidemic, the Company has established a specific research mechanism and implemented weekly tracking, realizing dynamic risk monitoring.

Upon systematic analysis, the Company is subject to the following two main risks in 2021:

#### 風險識別及管理

2020年公司全面風險管理體系運轉正常, 各項風險均處於密切監控中,未發生重大 風險事件,完成的主要工作包括:

- a. 落實風險動態管理機制。組織公司 中高層對年度風險清單進行打分, 以科學識別重大風險;定期跟蹤監 控重大風險,在公司總裁辦公會月 度例會上通報風險進展及向董事會 報告:根據業務進展及時更新風險 清單,判定風險趨勢,更新並落實 風險應對措施。
- 建立風險管理信息系統。實現了風 險管理跟蹤的信息化及可視化,提 高了風險管理效率。
- c. 做好公司重大專項風險管理,優化 下屬公司及參股公司風險管理。針 對可能給公司帶來重大不利影響的 重大風險如國際政治環境變化及新 冠疫情傳播,本公司建立起專項的 研究機制,並實施周跟踪,實現對 風險的動態監控。

經過系統性分析,公司在2021年主要面臨 以下兩項風險:

#### International natural uranium trade risks

Affected by the COVID-19 epidemic, CGN Global still faces challenges in securing contracts with nuclear power plants owners for the sale of natural uranium and in identifying trade opportunities. To reduce the risk of natural uranium trade, the Company will sort out and optimize the authorization mechanism for exposure (i.e. purchase of natural uranium without the sales customers secured). Leveraging on the market opportunities, the Company will actively expand trade business in Europe and other regions, explore new business models such as the trade of UF6 (intermediate product in the production of nuclear fuel), and strive to achieve the annual target of the trade business. We will also vigorously develop the global natural uranium market, increase the proportion of sales to overseas customers, and try to win the bid of more sales to international nuclear power plants owners.

#### Production and operation risk of Semizbay-U

As the COVID-19 epidemic in Kazakhstan has not been effectively controlled and is not expected to end in the short term, Semizbay-U will face challenges in achieving its annual production and profit targets. To this end, the Company will assist Kazatomprom to carry out the epidemic prevention and production works on the mining site, continuously conduct nucleic acid test by all the staff before work, strictly prevent cluster infection, and strive to ensure that the mine production and operation will not be affected in the year. We will monitor the production progress of the two mines on a daily basis to ensure the timely completion of development tasks and ensure the progress of acidification and pipeline connection; and increase the number of drilling rigs as appropriate to improve the production efficiency of the two mines.

#### 國際天然鈾貿易風險

受新冠疫情影響,中廣核國際銷售公司在 推進與核電業主銷售天然鈾合同的簽署、 尋找貿易機會等方面仍面臨挑戰。為降低 天然鈾貿易風險,本公司將梳理優化敞口 (即採購天然鈾時未鎖定銷售客戶)授權機 制。抓住市場機遇,積極拓寬歐洲等區域 貿易業務,探索UF6(核燃料生產過程中的 中間產品)貿易等新業務模式,爭取實現 年度貿易業務目標。大力拓展全球天然鈾 市場,提升面向海外用戶銷售比例,並爭 取中標更多國際核電業主銷售。

#### 謝公司生產經營風險

哈薩克斯坦的新冠疫情尚未得到有效控 制,預計短期難以結束,謝公司實現年度 產量和利潤目標將面臨挑戰。為此,本公 司將協助哈原工開展礦場現場的防疫和生 產工作,持續進行員工上工前核酸檢測, 嚴防礦山聚集性傳染,力爭全年礦山生產 經營不受影響。我們將按日監控兩礦生產 進度,保障按時完成開拓任務,保證酸 化、管道連接進度;適當增加鑽機數量, 提升兩礦生產效率。

### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND ANALYSIS

Financial performance reflects the operation performance of the Group throughout the year. By paying attention to changes in financial indicators, business development of the Group can be comprehensively understood.

## 財務表現及分析

財務業績及狀況概覽

財務表現能反映本集團全年運營情況,通 過關注財務指標變動,將能全面瞭解本集 團的業務發展狀況。

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS AND POSITION**

Najor Financial Indicators		主要財務指標	
		2020 2020年	2019 2019年
Drefitability indicators	<u> </u>		
Profitability indicators	<b>盈利能力指標</b> 毛利率(%) <sup>1</sup>	7.08	6.93
Gross profit margin (%) <sup>1</sup>			199.14
EBITDA (HK\$ million) <sup>2</sup>	EBITDA (百萬港元) <sup>2</sup>	222.78	
EBITDA/Revenue ratio (%) <sup>3</sup>	EBITDA/營業額比率(%) <sup>3</sup>	7.78	9.59
Net profit margin (%) <sup>4</sup>	淨溢利率(%) <sup>4</sup>	5.42	7.71
Operation ability indicators	營運能力指標		
Trade receivables cycle – average	應收賬款週期-平均(天)⁵		
(Days) <sup>5</sup>		30	17
Inventory cycle – average (Days)6	存貨週期-平均(天)。	218	200
Investment return indicators	投資回報指標		
Return on equity (%) <sup>7</sup>	權益回報率(%)7	7.82	8.40
Profit attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔溢利與		
Company to revenue ratio (%) <sup>8</sup>	營業額比率(%) <sup>8</sup>	5.42	7.7
Return on assets (%) <sup>9</sup>	資產回報率(%) <sup>9</sup>	4.26	5.55
Repayment ability indicators	償債能力指標		
Bank balances and cash (HK\$ million)	銀行結存及現金(百萬港元)	1,174.51	676.79
Net tangible assets (HK\$ million) <sup>10</sup>	有形資產淨值(百萬港元)10	2,025.08	1,940.41
Gearing ratio (%) <sup>11</sup>	資本負債比率(%) <sup>11</sup>	106.59	59.21

Notes:
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附註:

1.	Difference between revenue and cost of sales divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.	1.	營業額與銷售成本之差除以營業額再乘以 100%。
2.	The sum of profit before tax, finance costs, depreciation of right-of-use assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment, if any.	2.	除税前溢利、融資成本、使用權資產折舊及 物業、廠房及設備折舊(如有)之和。
3.	The sum of profit before tax, finance costs, depreciation of right-of use assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment, if any, divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.	3.	除税前溢利、融資成本、使用權資產折舊及 物業、廠房及設備折舊(如有)之和除以營業 額再乘以100%。
4.	Profit for the year divided by revenue multiplied by 100%.	4.	本年度溢利除以營業額再乘以100%。
5.	Average receivables (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) divided by average daily sales (i.e revenue divided by 360 days).	5.	平均應收賬款(即報告期初期末算術平均值) 除以平均日銷售額(即營業額除以360天)。

- 6. Average inventories (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) divided by average daily costs of sales (i.e costs of sales divided by 360 days).
- 7. Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company divided by total average equity (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) multiplied by 100%.
- 8 Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company divided by the revenue multiplied by 100%.
- 9 Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company divided by total average assets (i.e the arithmetic average of the beginning and the end of the Reporting Period) multiplied by 100%.
- 10. Total equity less intangible assets, net.
- 11. Total debt divided by total equity multiplied by 100%.

### **Financial results**

The profit of the Group was HK\$155 million in 2020, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3% as compared to that of HK\$160 million in 2019.

- 平均存省(即報告期初期末算術平均值)除以 平均日銷售成本(即銷售成本除以360天)。
- 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利除以平均權益 總額(即報告期初期末算術平均值)再乘以 100%。
- 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利除以營業額再乘 以100%。
- 本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利除以平均資產 9 總額(即報告期初期末算術平均值)再乘以 100% •
- 10. 權益總值減去無形資產的淨值。
- 債務總額除以權益總值再乘以100%。 11.

### 財務業績

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本集團2020年度溢利為155百萬港元,較 2019年的160百萬港元同比下降3%。

REVENUE 營業額					
		For the ye 31 Dec 截至12月3	ember	Movements 變動	Percentage Change 變動百分比
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ Decrease 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ Decrease 增加/減少 %
Natural uranium trading Property investment	天然鈾貿易 物業投資	2,859,214 3,012	2,073,449 3,239	785,765 (227)	38 (7)
Total revenue	總營業額	2,862,226	2,076,688	785,538	38

The revenue of the Group was HK\$2,862 million in 2020, representing an increase of 38% as compared to that of HK\$2,077 million in 2019, primarily because CGN Global aggressively expanded the global market and achieved a significant increase in sales volume and trading revenue of natural uranium as compared with the corresponding period in 2019.

本集團2020年營業額為2,862百萬港元, 較2019年的2,077百萬港元增加38%,主 要原因為中廣核國際銷售公司大力開拓國 際市場,天然鈾銷售量和銷售收入較2019 年同期有大幅增長。

Cost of sales 銷售成本 銷售成本					
		For the ye 31 Dec 截至12月3	ember	Movements 變動	Percentage Change 變動百分比
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ Decrease 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ Decrease 增加/減少 %
Natural uranium trading cost Property investment	天然鈾貿易成本 物業投資	2,659,460	1,932,783 –	726,677 –	38 -
Total cost of sales	銷售成本合計	2,659,460	1,932,783	726,677	38

The cost of sales of the Group was HK\$2,659 million in 2020, representing an increase of 38% as compared to that of HK\$1,933 million in 2019, which is in line with the increase percentage of revenue primarily due to CGN Global aggressively expanded the global market.

#### Gross profit and gross profit margin of natural uranium trading

Due to impact from the increase on the sales volume of CGN Global, the Group recorded a gross profit of natural uranium trading of HK\$200 million in 2020, representing an increase of 42% as compared to that of HK\$141 million in 2019, and the gross profit margin of natural uranium trading remained stable at 7%.

#### Other operating income

The other operating income of the Group was HK\$9 million in 2020, representing a decrease of 54% as compared to that of HK\$20 million in 2019, mainly due to the significant decrease in the amount of daily average fund deposited through optimising the internal utilisation of financial resources of the Company by lending to its subsidiary, CGN Global, and together with the decrease of market interest rate, resulting in the significant decrease in interest income.

#### Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses of the Group was HK\$10 million in 2020, representing an increase of 38% as compared to that of HK\$8 million in 2019, mainly due to the increase of storage expenses of natural uranium inventories.

本集團2020年銷售成本為2,659百萬港 元,較2019年的1,933百萬港元增加 38%,與營業額增長幅度相近,主要原 因為中廣核國際銷售公司大力開拓國際市 場。

#### 天然鈾貿易毛利及毛利率

受中廣核國際銷售公司銷售量增加的影響,本集團2020年實現天然鈾貿易毛利 200百萬港元,較2019年的141百萬港 元增加42%,天然鈾貿易毛利率維持在 7%。

#### 其他經營收入

本集團2020年其他經營收入為9百萬元港 元,較2019年的20百萬港元減少54%, 主要原因是本公司將自有資金提供給其子 公司中廣核國際銷售公司使用以提升自有 資金使用效益,從而導致日均存款資金額 下降,且受市場利率下降影響,綜合導致 利息收入大幅下降。

#### 銷售及分銷費用

本集團2020年銷售及分銷費用為10百 萬港元,較2019年的8百萬港元增加了 38%,主要原因是天然鈾存貨倉儲費用增 加。

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses of the Group was HK\$38 million in 2020, representing an increase of 1% as compared to that of HK\$37 million in 2019. Although the Group expanded its business actively during the Reporting Period, benefited from the overall strengthened cost management, administrative expenses only increased slightly.

#### Share of results of a joint venture

The joint venture of the Company is Semizbay-U. The share of results of a joint venture was HK\$71 million in 2020, representing an increase of 9% as compared to that of HK\$65 million in 2019, mainly due to the increase of selling price of natural uranium during the Reporting Period.

#### Share of results of an associate

The associate of the Company is Fission. The share of loss of an associate was HK\$15 million, which includes share of loss for the Reporting Period of HK\$10 million, loss on deemed disposal of HK\$64 million and the reversal of long-term investment impairment of HK\$59 million.

During the Reporting Period, Fission issued 79,163,474 ordinary shares under subscription of new shares by investors, 1,684,231 ordinary shares in lieu of payment of interest, 10,000,000 ordinary shares upon exercise of warrants and 243,852 ordinary shares as director remuneration. As a result, the equity interests in Fission held by the Company as at 31 December 2020 decreased to 16.74% (31 December 2019: 19.88%).

#### **Finance costs**

The finance costs of the Group was HK\$41 million in 2020, representing an increase of 100% as compared to that of HK\$20 million in 2019, mainly due to the addition of external borrowings by CGN Global for business expansion.

#### Income tax expenses

Income tax expense of the Group was HK\$25 million in 2020, representing an increase of 53% as compared to that of HK\$16 million in 2019, mainly due to the increase in gross profit of natural uranium trade.

#### 行政開支

本集團2020年行政開支為38百萬港元, 較2019年的37百萬港元增加了1%,儘管 本集團報告期內積極進行業務拓展,但受 益於總體成本管控增強,行政開支僅小幅 增加。

#### 應佔一間合營企業業績

本公司的合營公司為謝公司,本公司2020 年應佔合營公司業績為溢利71百萬港元, 較2019年的65百萬港元增加9%,主要原 因是報告期內天然鈾銷售價格上升。

#### 應佔一間聯營公司業績

本公司的聯營公司為Fission公司。本公司 應佔聯營公司虧損15百萬港元,包括報告 期內應佔虧損10百萬港元,視同處置虧損 64百萬港元和長期投資減值回撥59百萬港 元。

報告期內,Fission公司向認購新普通股的 投資者發行了79,163,474股普通股,以 股代息發行了1,684,231股普通股,因期 權行權發行了10,000,000股普通股,及 向其董事發行了243,852股普通股作為薪 酬一部分。因此,本公司於2020年12月 31日持有Fission公司的權益比例下降至 16.74%(2019年12月31日:19.88%)。

#### 融資成本

本集團2020年融資成本為41百萬港元, 較2019年的20百萬港元上升100%,主要 原因是中廣核國際銷售公司為拓展業務增 加了外部借款。

#### 所得税支出

本集團2020年所得税支出為25百萬港 元,較2019年的16百萬港元上升53%, 主要原因是天然鈾貿易毛利上升。

#### Profit for the year

The profit of the Group was HK\$155 million in 2020, representing a slight decrease of 3% as compared to that of HK\$160 million in 2019.

### FINANCIAL POSITION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Total assets**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total assets were HK\$4,188 million, representing an increase of 35% as compared to HK\$3,095 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the significant increase in natural uranium inventories, trade receivables and bank balances and cash as compared with the corresponding period in 2019.

#### **Total liabilities**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total liabilities were HK\$2,161 million, representing an increase of 88% as compared to HK\$1,151 million on 31 December 2019, mainly due to the external bank loan newly drawdown by CGN Global for business expansion during the Reporting Period.

#### Net current assets

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's net current assets were HK\$2,100 million, representing an increase of 19% as compared to HK\$1,766 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the significant increase in natural uranium inventories, trade receivables and bank balances and cash as compared with the corresponding period in 2019.

#### 年度溢利

本集團2020年年度溢利為155百萬港元, 較2019年的160百萬港元略微減少3%。

#### 財務狀況及分析

#### 資產總值

於2020年12月31日,本集團資產總值為 4,188百萬港元,較2019年12月31日的 3,095百萬港元增加35%,主要原因是天 然鈾存貨、應收賬款和銀行結存及現金較 2019年同期大幅增長。

#### 負債總值

於2020年12月31日,本集團負債總值為 2,161百萬港元,較2019年12月31日的 1,151百萬港元增加88%,主要原因是中 廣核國際銷售公司為拓展業務於報告期內 從銀行提取了新的外部借款。

#### 流動資產淨值

於2020年12月31日,本集團流動資產淨 值為2,100百萬港元,較2019年12月31日 的1,766百萬港元增加19%,主要原因是 天然鈾存貨、應收賬款和銀行結存及現金 較2019年同期大幅增加。
# Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

		As at 31 December 於12月31日		Movements 變動 Increase/	Percentage Change 變動百分比 Increase/
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	(Decrease) 增加/(減少) HK\$'000 千港元	<b>(Decrease)</b> 增加/(減少) %
Inventories Trade and other receivables Amount due from an intermediate holding company	存貨 應收賬款及其他應收款項 應收一間中間控股公司款項	1,767,335 363,176 2,323	1,441,980 126,706 3,875	325,355 236,470 (1,552)	23 186 (40)
Amount due from a fellow subsidiary Income tax recoverable Bank balances and cash	應收一間同系附屬公司款項 可收回所得税款 銀行結存及現金	2,323 19 6,678 1,174,508	1,737 676,793	(1,332) 19 4,941 497,715	(40) N/A 不適用 284 74
Total current assets	流動資產總值	3,314,039	2,251,091	1,062,948	47

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total current assets were HK\$3,314 million, representing an increase of 47% as compared to HK\$2,251 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the significant increase in natural uranium inventories, trade receivables and bank balances and cash as compared with the corresponding period in 2019.

As at 31 December 2020, the aggregate amount of bank balances and cash of the Group was HK\$1,175 million (31 December 2019: HK\$677 million), among which, approximately 9% (31 December 2019: 32%) was denominated in HKD, approximately 90% (31 December 2019: 67%) was denominated in USD, approximately 1% (31 December 2019: 1%) was denominated in RMB. 於2020年12月31日,本集團流動資產總 值為3,314百萬港元,較2019年12月31日 的2,251百萬港元增長47%。主要原因是 天然鈾存貨、應收賬款和銀行結存及現金 較2019年同期大幅增長。

於2020年12月31日,本集團擁有的銀行 結餘及現金共計1,175百萬港元(2019年 12月31日:677百萬港元),其中約9% (2019年12月31日:32%)為港元,約 90%(2019年12月31日:67%)為美元,約 約1%(2019年12月31日:1%)為人民 幣。

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any bank deposits and cash pledged to any banks (31 December 2019: Nil). The proportion of current assets of the Group over total assets was 79% (31 December 2019: 73%), and the proportion of bank balances and cash over total assets was 28% (31 December 2019: 22%). 於2020年12月31日,本集團沒有任何銀 行結存及現金抵押給銀行(2019年12月 31日:無)。本集團流動資產佔總資產的 比例為79%(2019年12月31日:73%), 銀行結存及現金佔總資產的比例為28% (2019年12月31日:22%)。

非流動資產

		As at 31 D 於12月 2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元		Movements 變動 Increase/ (Decrease) 增加/(減少) HK\$'000 千港元	Percentage Change 變動百分比 Increase/ (Decrease) 增加/(減少) %
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment properties Interest in a joint venture Interest in an associate Rental deposits	物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 投資物業 於一間合營企業之權益 於一間聯營公司之權益 租賃按金	622 1,977 52,623 264,956 553,570 –	160 3,836 48,595 237,775 553,522 387	462 (1,859) 4,028 27,181 48 (387)	289 (48) 8 11 - (100)
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	873,748	844,275	29,473	3

Non-current assets

As at 31 December 2020, the total non-current assets of the Group were HK\$874 million, representing an increase of 3% as compared to HK\$844 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the increase in interest in a joint venture.

於2020年12月31日,本集團非流動資產 總值為874百萬港元,較2019年12月31日 的844百萬港元增加3%,主要原因是於一 間合營企業之權益的增長。

Current liabilities	nt liabilities 流動負債				
		As at 31 I 於12月		Movements 變動 Increase/	Percentage Change 變動百分比 Increase/
		2020	2019	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
		<b>2020</b> 年	2019年	增加/(減少)	增加/(減少)
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	千港元	千港元	
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	158,289	36,382	121,907	335
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	370,693	422,559	(51,866)	(12)
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	666,704	-	666,704	N/A不適用
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	704	1,703	(999)	(59)
Amount due to an intermediate	應付一間中間控股公司款項				
holding company		874	8,373	(7,499)	(90)
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	-	5,513	(5,513)	(100)
Amounts due to fellow	應付同系附屬公司款項				
subsidiaries		1,135	1,421	(286)	(20)
Income tax payable	應付所得税款	15,848	9,555	6,293	66
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值	1,214,247	485,506	728,741	150

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total current liabilities were HK\$1,214 million, representing an increase of 150% as compared to HK\$486 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the external bank loan drawdown by CGN Global for business expansion during the Reporting Period.

於2020年12月31日,本集團流動負債總 值為1,214百萬港元,較2019年12月31日 的486百萬港元增加150%,主要原因是中 廣核國際銷售公司為拓展業務於報告期內 從銀行提取了新的外部借款。

Non-current liabilities	on-current liabilities 非流動負債				
		As at 31 [ 於12月	December ]31日	Movements 變動 Increase/	Percentage Change 變動百分比 Increase/
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	Httrease/ Decrease 増加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Hicrease/ Decrease 増加/減少 %
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債 	23,968	19,104	4,864	25
Loans from a fellow subsidiary Bank borrowings Lease liabilities	來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款 銀行借款 租賃負債	533,596 387,754 1,162	644,494 - 2,021	(110,898) 387,754 (859)	(17) N/A不適用 (43)
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值	946,480	665,619	280,861	42

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's total non-current liabilities were HK\$946 million, representing an increase of 42% as compared to HK\$666 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the external bank loan drawdown by CGN Global for business expansion during the Reporting Period.

於2020年12月31日,本集團非流動負債 總值為946百萬港元,較2019年12月31日 的666百萬港元增加42%,主要原因是中 廣核國際銷售公司為拓展業務於報告期內 從銀行提取了新的外部借款。

네티 >~< 시슈 슈프

Total equity 權益總額					
		As at 31 D 於12月		Movements 變動	Percentage Change 變動百分比
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ Decrease 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ Decrease 增加/減少 %
Share capital Reserves	股本儲備	66,007 1,961,053	66,007 1,878,234	- 82,819	- 4
Total equity	權益總值	2,027,060	1,944,241	82,819	4

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As at 31 December 2020, total equity of the Group amounted to HK\$2,027 million, representing an increase of 4% as compared to HK\$1,944 million as at 31 December 2019, mainly due to the increase of profit during the Reporting Period.

The Group's gearing ratio (total debt divided by total equity multiplied by 100%) was 107% (2019: 59%).

## Assets and investments

The Group did not conduct any significant equity investment, major acquisition or disposal during the Reporting Period.

## **Investment direction**

According to the business positioning and development strategy of the Group, the main investment direction of the Group remains to be acquiring competitive overseas uranium resource projects with low cost. The Group will carry out relevant investment activities as and when appropriate, to laid the foundation of further development of the Group.

## **Financial capital**

#### **Capital structure**

As at 31 December 2020, the Company had a total of 6,600,682,645 ordinary shares in issue (31 December 2019: 6,600,682,645 ordinary shares) ordinary shares, and the market capitalization of the Company was approximately HK\$2,376 million (31 December 2019: HK\$2,013 million).

### Liquidity risk and financial resources

The Company adheres to prudent capital and treasury policy and goals. During the Reporting Period, the Company's operating fund was mainly from the cash generated from operating activities and external borrowings. The capital requirements of the Company mainly come from the possible acquisition expenses of acquiring natural uranium resources and funds for operation. 於2020年12月31日,本集團權益總值為 2,027百萬港元,較2019年12月31日的 1,944百萬港元增加4%,主要原因是報告 期內溢利增加。

本集團資本負債比率(債務總額/權益 總值再乘以100%)為107%(2019年: 59%)。

### 資產與投資

本集團於報告期內未進行重大股權投資、 重大收購或出售。

## 投資方向

根據本集團業務定位和發展戰略,後續仍 以併購有競爭力的低成本海外鈾資源項目 為主要投資方向,並將適時開展相關投資 活動,為集團進一步發展奠定基礎。

## 財務資本

### 股本結構

於2020年12月31日,本公司共發行普 通股6,600,682,645股(2019年12月31 日:6,600,682,645股普通股),市值約為 2,376百萬港元(2019年12月31日:2,013 百萬港元)。

### 流動性風險和財務資源

本公司採納了謹慎的資金與庫務政策及目 標。報告期間,運營所需的資金主要來自 經營活動與外部借款現金。本公司現金需 求主要包括為收購天然鈾資源而可能發生 的併購開支以及運營的資金需求。

The Group has sufficient financial resources for daily operation and business and does not have seasonal borrowing demands. If any suitable acquisition opportunity arises in the future, the Group will raise funds from diverse financing channels.

The Company's financing capacity is affected by multiple external and internal factors. To obtain financing on more favourable terms, the Company must understand the external financing environment and adopt a reasonable financing model and strategies based on its structure of assets and liabilities.

The Company pays close attention to financial market trends, actively considers its responses to internal and external financial risks, formulates reasonable models and strategies to ensure the safety and economic efficiency of financing, and takes strict management measures for debt risks to prevent exposure to related risks and to facilitate the financial health and development of the core business.

## **Financing model**

Given the complex and ever-changing financial market, the Company has been exploring diverse financing methods and strives to establish a financing model with combination of short-, medium-and long-term capital, merged direct and indirect financing and multiple financing channels to ensure the protection of a stable fund. In the process of debt financing, the Company has taken a balanced approach to between cost and safety. The Company is committed to the pursuit of a competitive financing cost rather than the lowest one to ensure the security of financing and the quality of service received.

For projects with large capital expenditures and sound expected returns, the Company will prudently consider using equity financing to balance risks and enhance Shareholder value. 本集團有足夠財務資源應對日常經營業務 所需,且沒有季節性的借款需求。若未來 有合適的併購機會,本集團將利用多元化 的融資渠道籌集資金。

本公司融資能力取決於外部和內部多種因 素,為實現以更有利條件取得融資的目 標,公司需要了解外部融資環境,並基於 自身的資產負債結構而採取合理的融資模 式及策略。

本公司一直密切關注金融市場走向,積極 考慮如何應對來自內外部的金融風險,制 定合理的融資模式和策略,確保公司融資 安全性和經濟性,並採取嚴謹的債務風險 管理措施防範公司面臨的相關風險,以促 進公司的財務健康及核心業務發展。

## 融資模式

在複雜多變的金融市場環境下,本公司一 直探索多元化的融資方式,努力建立短、 中、長期資金相互搭配、直接融資與間接 融資相結合、多種渠道並舉的融資模式, 為公司提供穩健的資金保障。在債務融資 過程中,本公司始終遵循成本和安全兼 顧的原則。公司致力追求具有競爭力的融 資成本,卻並不以最低的融資成本為唯一 目標,以免損害融資安全及接受的服務質 量。

對於具備良好收益預算的大額資本性開支 項目,公司會謹慎地考慮採用股權融資平 衡風險,增進股東價值。

## FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's development comes with various financial risks, such as debt risks and exchange rate risks.

#### **Risk management of debt**

As at 31 December 2020, the bank borrowings (drawdown during the year 2020) were US\$136 million, denominated in USD with floating interest rate and were unsecured and interest bearing ranging from 0.78% to 1.47% per annum. Borrowings from a fellow subsidiary of the Company (drawdown during the year 2018 and 2019) were US\$117 million, denominated in USD with fixed interest rate and were unsecured and interest bearing ranging from 3.2% to 4.6% per annum.

To manage liquidity risk, the Company closely monitors the cash, cash equivalents and unutilised credit to ensure sufficient liquidity for operation and to reduce the effects of cash flow volatility. The Company's management also keeps an eye on external borrowing to ensure a sufficiency of available borrowing credit. As at 31 December 2020, the Group has undrawn borrowing credit of US\$857 million, which can be utilised to provide sufficient cash for the Group's operation and to reduce the impact of cash flow volatility.

### Exchange rate risk

The Company's functional currency is US\$. During the Reporting Period, the Group's sale and purchase of products were mainly settled in US\$ and RMB (2019: US\$ and RMB), while its cash was mainly denominated in US\$ and HK\$ (2019: US\$ and HK\$). Daily expenses including administrative expenses, sales and distribution expenses, were mainly settled in US\$, HK\$ and RMB (2019: US\$, HK\$ and RMB). The Group was not subject to any material exchange rate risk during the Reporting Period.

For exchange rate risk management, the Company aims to control cost rather than profitability. In 2020, the Group had no forward foreign exchange contracts, interests or currency swaps or other financial derivatives for hedging purposes, and experienced no significant difficulty or impact on its operation or liquidity due to exchange rate fluctuation.

## 財務風險管理

本集團業務發展伴隨著各類財務風險,如 債務風險、匯率風險等。

### 債務風險管理

於2020年12月31日,銀行借款(於2020年 提款)為136百萬美元,該等浮息貸款為無 抵押及年利率介乎0.78%至1.47%。來自 一間同系附屬公司的借款(於2018和2019 年提款)為117百萬美元,該等定息貸款為 無抵押及年利率介乎3.2%至4.6%。

為管理流動資金風險,本公司嚴密監控現 金及現金等價物以及未動用的授信水平, 以確保能夠為公司經營及減少現金流波動 影響提供充足的現金支持。公司管理層監 控對外借款情況,以確保有足夠未運用 的借款信用額度。於2020年12月31日, 本集團擁有857百萬美元未提取的授信額 度,可為集團經營提供充足的現金支持及 降低現金流波動影響。

## 匯率風險

本公司的功能性貨幣為美元,報告期內, 本集團的產品銷售及採購都主要以美元及 人民幣結算(2019年:美元及人民幣)計 算,所持有的資金都主要以美元及港元計 算(2019年:美元及港元),本公司日常經 營開支,包括行政開支、銷售及分銷費用 主要以美元、港元及人民幣(2019年:美 元、港元及人民幣)結算。本報告期間本 集團並無承受重大外匯風險。

對於匯率風險管理,公司給終以控制成本 而不是以盈利為目標。於2020年,本集團 並無任何遠期外匯合同、利息或貨幣掉期 或其他對沖用途之金融衍生工具,且本集 團並未因匯率波動而於其營運或流動資金 上遭受任何重大困難或影響。

## **CONTINGENCY EVENTS**

#### **External guarantees**

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any external guarantee (2019: Nil). The guarantee provided by the Company to CGN Global was US\$180 million (2019: Nil) and US\$136 million (2019: Nil) was utilised. The Company did not allow subsidiaries to provide any form of guarantee to any entities or individuals without the approval of the Company.

## Pledge of assets

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not pledge any of its assets (2019: Nil).

#### **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 December 2019: Nil).

#### Legal proceedings

The Company confirms that there was no significant litigation, and that it was nor aware of any pending or threatened litigation against it, which had or could have a material and adverse effect on its financial condition or operation during the Reporting Period.

## **CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Details of changes in accounting policies as required under the applicable accounting standard are explained in note 2 and 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## 或然事項

## 對外擔保

報告期內,本集團並無對外擔保(2019年 度:無)。公司對中廣核國際銷售公司提 供擔保額為180百萬美元(2019年:無), 其中136百萬美元(2019年:無)已提用。 本公司不允許附屬公司在未經本公司批准 的前提下,為任何單位或個人提供任何形 式的擔保。

### 資產抵押

報告期內,本集團並無資產抵押(2019年 度:無)。

## 或然負債

於2020年12月31日,本集團並無重大或 然負債(2019年12月31日:無)。

#### 法律訴訟

本公司確認於報告期內,無面臨任何重大 訴訟,且並不知悉任何未決或面臨威脅的 訴訟已經或可能會對本公司財務狀況或經 營造成重大不利影響。

## 會計政策調整

根據適用的會計準則要求調整的會計政策 詳情已列於綜合財務報表附註2及4。

The Company is committed to establishing and fulfilling a good corporate governance practice and procedures, for ensuring a quality Board, sound internal control, and transparency and accountability to all Shareholders in order to enhance credibility and reputation of the Company. We firmly believe that good corporate governance practice can earn the trust of Shareholders as well as other stakeholders, and most importantly, preserve the long-term interests of the Shareholders.

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Chairman and Non-executive Director**

Mr. Yu Zhiping ("Mr. Yu"), aged 57, joined the Group in August 2011 and is currently the chairman of the Board and serving as the chairman of CGNPC-URC. Mr. Yu joined Guangdong Nuclear Joint Venture in 1989 and served as the deputy director(presiding) of the generation scheduling division of the production department since 1998. He subsequently joined CGNPC and served as the planned statistics manager of the development planning department, the secretary general of the financial and economic affairs committee, the director of the research centre and the general manager of the strategic planning department from November 2000 to September 2009. Mr. Yu served as the managing director of CGNPC-URC from September 2009 to January 2018 and as the general manager of the nuclear fuel division of CGNPC from February 2017 to January 2018. Mr. Yu graduated with a Bachelor's degree in engineering mechanics from Huazhong University of Science and Technology in 1985 and was accredited as a senior engineer by CGNPC in 1995. He has over 30 years of experience in corporate management and nuclear fuel system operation.

本公司致力於制定及履行良好的企業管治 常規及程序,以確保高素質的董事會、健 全的內部監控,以及對股東的透明度及問 責性,以提升本公司的公信力及聲譽。我 們堅信良好的企業管治常規可贏得股東以 及其他持股者的信任,及最重要的是,可 維護股東的長遠利益。

## 董事簡介

### 主席兼非執行董事

**余志平先生**(「余先生」),57歲,於2011 年8月加入本集團,現擔任本公司董事會 主席,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展董事長。 余先生於1989年加入廣東核電合營,自 1998年起擔任生產發電部規劃處副處長 (主持工作)。自2000年7月起至2009年9 月期間先後擔任中廣核集團公司發展計劃 部計劃統計經理、財經委員會秘書長、 研究中心主任和戰略規劃部總經理。自 2009年9月起至2018年1月期間擔任中廣 核鈾業發展董事總經理,並自2016年2月 至2018年1月期間兼任中廣核集團公司核 燃料事業部總經理。余先生1985年畢業於 華中科技大學並獲得工程力學專業學士學 位, 並於1995年獲中廣核集團公司高級工 程師職稱。彼擁有超過30年的公司管理和 核燃料體系運作實操經驗。

44

## **Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer**

Mr. An Junjing ("Mr. An"), aged 47, joined the Group in January 2018 and is currently an ED and the chief executive officer of the Company and serving as the managing director of the CGNPC-URC and the chairman of Swakop. Mr. An joined Guangdong Nuclear Joint Venture in July 1996 and successively served as the head of the general training division and assistant to director of the training centre of Daya Bay Nuclear Operation Management Co., Ltd.\* (大亞 灣核電運營管理有限責任公司) and the deputy general manager of Fangchenggang branch from March 2003 to December 2011. Mr. An served as the manager of production department and subsequently as the assistant to general manager of Guangxi Fangchenggang Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.\* (廣西防城港核電有限公司) from December 2011 to May 2014. Mr. An served as the deputy director of the office of the board and director of the research office of CGNPC from May 2014 to February 2016. He served as the deputy general manager of the(presiding) system management department of CGNPC from February 2016 to January 2018. Mr. An graduated with a Bachelor's degree in engineering in nuclear and thermal energy utilization from Tsinghua University in July 1996 and subsequently obtained a Master's degree in engineering in nuclear and nuclear engineering from Shanghai Jiao Tong University in June 2009. Mr. An was accredited as a senior engineer by CGNPC in 2009.

### 執行董事兼首席執行官

**安軍靖先生**(「安先生」),47歲,於2018 年1月加入本集團,現任本公司執行董事 及首席執行官,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展 董事總經理及斯科公司董事長。安先生於 1996年7月加入廣東核電合營並於2003 年3月至2011年12月期間先後擔任大亞灣 核電運營管理有限責任公司綜合培訓處處 長、培訓中心主任助理兼綜合培訓處處長 及防城港分公司副總經理等職務。安先生 於2011年12月至2014年5月期間先後擔 任廣西防城港核電有限公司生產部經理及 總經理助理,並於2014年5月至2016年2 月期間擔任中廣核集團公司董事會辦公室 副主任及研究室主任。彼自2016年2月至 2018年1月擔任中廣核集團公司體系管理 部副總經理(主持工作)。安先生於1996年 7月畢業於清華大學並獲得核能及熱能利 用專業工學學士學位,並隨後於2009年6 月獲得上海交通大學的核能及核技術工程 專業工程碩士學位。安先生於2009年獲中 廣核集團公司高級工程師職稱。

## **Executive Director**

Mr. Chen Deshao ("Mr. Chen"), aged 46, is currently an ED and the chief financial officer of the Company and serving as the chief accountant of CGNPC-URC. Mr. Chen also serves as a director of certain subsidiaries of CGNPC-URC, including China Uranium Development, Swakop Uranium, etc. Mr. Chen served as the deputy manager of the finance department of the materials trading centre of Anhui Materials Corporation\* (安徽物資集團公司) from July 1996 to December 2001. He subsequently joined Guangdong Daya Bay Nuclear Power Services Group Co., Ltd.\* (廣東大亞灣核電服務集團 有限公司) in December 2001. Mr. Chen successively held positions of head of finance department, manager of budget management, deputy director of budget department and director of budget department of CGNPC from May 2007 to July 2013. He served as an assistant manager of the finance department of China Nuclear Power Engineering Co., Ltd.\* (中廣核工程有限公司) from July 2013 to June 2014 and the manager of the finance department of CGNPC-URC from June 2014 to January 2018. Mr. Chen graduated with a Bachelor of economics degree in accounting from Anhui Finance\* (安 徽財資學院) and Trade College in June 1996 and a Master's degree in accounting from Xiamen University in 2012. Mr. Chen obtained the senior accountant title of the PRC in 2008 and was accredited as a non-practicing member of China Institute of Certified Public Accountants in 2009. He has over 24 years of financial management experience.

## **Non-executive Director**

**Mr. Sun Xu** ("Mr. Sun"), aged 55, joined the Group in November 2018 and is currently a NED of the Company and serving as the director of CGNPC-URC, CGN Energy International Holdings Co., Limited (\*中國廣核能源國際控股有限公司) and CGN Intellectual Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd (\*中廣核智能科技(深圳)有限公司), respectively. Mr. Sun joined Guangdong Nuclear Power Joint Venture in June 1990 and served in management positions at various group members of CGN Group. Since January 2011, Mr. Sun served as a full-time director of CGN Group and has been a full-time director and a member of various professional committees to various group companies in nuclear power, nuclear fuel, new energy and other industries. Mr. Sun graduated from the Asia International Open University (Macau)(\*亞洲(澳門)國際公開大學(AIOU)) in April 2001 with a Master's degree in business administration. Mr. Sun was accredited as a senior economist by CGNPC in September 2014.

## 執行董事

**陳德邵先生**(「陳先生」):46歲,現任本 公司執行董事及首席財務官,同時擔任中 廣核鈾業發展總會計師。陳先生同時還擔 任中廣核鈾業發展的若干附屬公司(包括 中國鈾業發展及斯科公司等)的董事。陳 先生自1996年7月至2001年12月期間擔 任安徽物資集團公司的物資貿易中心財務 部副經理。彼隨後於2001年12月加入廣 東大亞灣核電服務集團有限公司。陳先生 於2007年5月至2013年7月期間,先後擔 任中廣核集團公司財務部主管、預算管理 經理、預算處副處長及預算處處長。彼於 2013年7月至2014年6月期間擔任中廣核 工程有限公司財務部經理助理並於2014年 6月至2018年1月擔任中廣核鈾業發展財 務部經理。陳先生於1996年6月畢業於安 徽財貿學院並獲得會計學專業經濟學學士 學位,於2012年獲得廈門大學頒發的會計 專業碩士學位。陳先生於2008年獲得中國 高級會計師職稱,並於2009年取得中國註 冊會計師協會非執業會員資格。彼擁有逾 24年財務管理經驗。

#### 非執行董事

**孫旭先生**(「孫先生」),55歲,於2018年 11月加入本集團,現任本公司非執行董 事,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展、中廣核能 源國際控股有限公司及中廣核智能科技 (深圳)有限公司董事。孫先生於1990年6 月加入廣東核電合營,在中國廣核集團多 家成員企業從事經營管理崗位,於2011年 1月起擔任中國廣核集團專職董事,歷任 核電、核燃料、新能源和其他產業多家成 員企業專職董事及相關專業委員會委員。 孫先生於2001年4月畢業於澳門國際公 開大學(AIOU)並獲工商管理(MBA)碩士學 位,孫先生於2014年9月獲中廣核集團公 司認定為高級經濟師。

### **Non-executive Director**

Mr. Yin Xiong ("Mr. Yin"), aged 55, is currently a NED director of the Company and the director of CGNPC-UPC, and has been serving as a full-time director of CGN Group since April 2018. Mr. Yin joined CGN Group in September 2011, prior to which he held various management positions in China National Nuclear Corporation(中國 核工業總公司) and government bureaux in Sanva, Hainan Province in the PRC. After joining CGN Group, he successively served as the responsible person of some important departments and/or senior management of CGNPC, Daya Bay Nuclear Power Operation and Management Co., Ltd.(廣東大亞灣核電服務(集團)有限公司) and Yangijang Nuclear Power Co., Ltd.(陽江核電有限公司). From January 2016 to April 2017, Mr. Yin served as an executive director and general manager of Shenzhen Nengzhihui Power Sales Co., Ltd.(深 圳市能之匯電力銷售有限公司), Which is an electricity sales company of CGN Group. Mr. Yin received a Bachelor's degree of science in nuclear physics and nuclear technology from Lanzhou University in July 1986 and a Master's degree of science in July 1988. In May 2008, Mr. Yin received his Ph.D. degree of management in business administration from Grenoble School of Business in France. Mr. Yin was accredited as a researcher-level senior engineer by CGNPC in December 2010.

#### Independent Non-executive Director

**Mr. Qiu Xianhong** ("Mr. Qiu"), aged 58, is currently an INED of the Company on August 2011. Mr. Qiu possess the qualification as a Certified Public Accountant in the PRC and a senior accountant of the PRC. Mr. Qiu also served as an executive director of Beijing Furun Tianming Financial Consultant Co., Ltd\* (北京輔潤天明財務 顧問有限公司). Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Qiu was a partner of Beijing QQCPA Accounting Firm, the deputy head of the financial department and assets management department of China Packaging Corporation\* (中國包裝總公司), the finance controller and the vice secretary general to China Institute of Strategy and Management, independent non-executive director of Qinhuangdao Tolilan Heavy Industry Co., Ltd., and the deputy director of finance department of preceding National Patent Bureau\* (國家專利局). Mr. Qiu graduated with a Bachelor's degree in financial accounting from Jiangxi University of Finance and Economics.

## 非執行董事

**殷雄先生**(「殷先生」),55歲,於2018年 11月加入本集團,現任本公司非執行董 事及中廣核鈾業發展董事,自2017年4月 起至今擔任中國廣核集團成員公司專職董 事。殷先生於2011年9月加入中國廣核集 團,此前曾在中國核工業總公司及海南省 三亞市政府機關擔任管理職務。加入中國 廣核集團後,殷先生曾先後在中廣核集團 公司、大亞灣核電運營管理有限責任公 司、陽江核電有限公司等擔任重要部門負 責人及高級管理人員,並在2016年1月至 2017年4月期間擔任深圳市能之匯電力銷 售有限公司的執行董事兼總經理。殷先生 於1986年7月獲蘭州大學原子核物理與核 技術專業理學學士學位,並於1988年7月 獲此專業理學碩士學位。此外,殷先生於 2008年5月獲法國格勒諾貝爾商學院工商 管理專業管理學博士學位,並於2010年 12月獲中廣核集團公司認定為研究員級高 級工程師。

### 獨立非執行董事

**邱先洪先生**(「邱先生」),58歲,於2011年 8月加入本集團,現任本公司獨立非執行 董事。彼具有中國註冊會計師資格、高級 會計師職稱。邱先生同時擔任北京輔潤天 明財務顧問有限公司執行董事。加入本公 司前,邱先生曾擔任北京全企國際會計師 事務所有限責任公司合夥人、中國包裝總 公司財務部副主任、資產管理部副主任、 中國戰略與管理研究會財務總監兼副秘書 長、秦皇島天業聯通重工股份有限公司獨 立董事和原國家專利局財務處副處長。邱 先生畢業於江西財經大學,獲得學士學位 (財務會計)。

#### Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Gao Pei Ji ("Mr. Gao"), aged 74, joined the Group in August 2014 and is currently an INED of the Company. Mr. Gao also serves as an independent non-executive director of CITIC Resources Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01205). Mr. Gao was a deputy director of C & C Law Office in Beijing, a leading law firm in China, between 1984 and 1993. Mr. Gao became a partner of Clifford Chance, a leading international law firm, between 1993 and 2007. Following his retirement in 2007, he became a PRC legal consultant to Clifford Chance, Hong Kong office. Mr. Gao has extensive and diversified experience in a broad area of legal practices, including banking and finance, direct investment (both inbound and outbound from the perspective of the PRC) in the areas of energy, natural resource and petrochemical projects. Mr. Gao has been involved in the development of nuclear power projects since 1985, including the development of Daya Bay nuclear power project, the incorporation of the operating company for Daya Bay and Lingao nuclear power plants and the development of the Taishan nuclear power project (applying third generation technology). Mr. Gao holds a LLM degree from the Law School of University of California, Berkeley. He has been admitted to practice law in the PRC since 1984.

## Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis ("Mr. Lee"), aged 53, joined the Group as an INED in August 2014. Mr. Lee was admitted as a Certified Practising Accountant of the CPA Australia in June 1996 and a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") in October 1999. Mr. Lee is currently a Fellow Certified Practising Accountant of the CPA Australia and a Fellow Certified Public Accountant of HKICPA. Mr. Lee has accumulated and possessed extensive experience with unlisted groups, listed groups and professional firms in finance, accounting and auditing since 1993. Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive director of Windmill Group Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01850), Redsun Properties Group Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01996), Fusen Pharmaceutical Company Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01652), TUS International Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 00872), ZonBong Landscape Envirnomental Limited (listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange with stock code 01855). Mr. Lee graduated with a Bachelor's of Economics degree from Macquarie University in Australia in 1992.

## 獨立非執行董事

高培基先生(「高先生」),74歲,於2014 年8月加入本集團,現任本公司獨立非執 行董事。高先生同時擔任中信資源控股有 限公司(於聯交所主板上市,股份代號: 01205)之獨立非執行董事。高先生自1984 年至1993年期間擔任中國領先律師事務所 北京中信律師事務所副主任;於1993年至 2007年期間擔任國際領先律師事務所高 偉紳律師事務所的合夥人;於2007年退休 後,彼成為高偉紳律師事務所香港辦事處 的中國法律顧問。高先生在廣泛的法律實 務領域擁有豐富及多元化的經驗,包括銀 行及融資領域、及於能源、自然資源、石 油化工項目領域的直接投資經驗(包括中 國境內外投資)。彼自1985年起一直參與 核電項目的開發與建設,包括開發大亞灣 核電站項目、大亞灣與嶺澳等核電站的運 營公司的設立及臺山核電項目(採用第三 代核技術)的開發建設。彼持有加州伯克 萊大學法學院的碩士學位。彼自1984年起 獲得中國律師資格。

## 獨立非執行董事

李國棟先生(「李先生」),53歲,於2014年 8月加入本集團,現任本公司獨立非執行 董事。李先生自1996年6月成為澳洲會計 師公會執業會計師並自1999年10月成為 香港會計師公會執業會計師,現為澳洲註 冊會計師公會及香港註冊會計師公會資深 會員。李先生自1993年起積累並擁有大量 的於非上市集團、上市集團及專業機構從 事財務、會計及審計工作的經驗。李先生 目前亦為海鑫集團有限公司(於聯交所主 板上市,股份代號:01850)、弘陽地產集 團有限公司(於聯交所主板上市,股份代 號:01996)、福森藥業有限公司(於聯交 所主板上市,股份代號:01652)、啟迪國 際有限公司(於聯交所主板上市,股份代 號:00872)及中邦園林環境股份有限公司 (於聯交所主板上市,股份代號:01855) 獨立非執行董事。李先生於1992年畢業於 澳洲麥克理大學,取得經濟學學士學位。

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Mr. He Fei ("Mr. He"), aged 43, is currently the vice president of the Company and serving as the vice general manager of CGNPC-URC and the director of Swakop, Energy Metal Ltd, China Uranium Development, CGN Global, CGNM UK LTD etc. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. He held a position in the department of international cooperation of the State Commission of Science, Technology and Industry for National Defence, and was then appointed to the French Atomic Energy Commission; and served successively as the secretary of the general manager department of the general office, secretary to the chairman of the board, senior manager for business of Beijing business unit and director of the business liaison office of the general office of CGNPC.Mr. He graduated from the International Relations College\* (國際關係學院) with a Bachelor's degree of arts in English in 2000 and obtained a Master's of law degree in civil and commercial law from Renmin University of China\* (中國人民大學) in 2009. Mr. He has worked in the nuclear power industry for an extensive period and developed extensive understanding of the domestic and international nuclear power industry, and has rich corporate management experience.

Ms. Zheng Xiaowei ("Ms. Zheng"), aged 54, is currently the general counsel and company secretary of the Company and serving as the general counsel and secretary of board of directors of CGNPC-URC. Ms. Zheng has served as the project manager of the Hong Kong High Technology Development Management Company Limited\* (香 港高科技發展管理有限公司). She joined CGNPC in March 1999 and subsequently worked in the finance department and development planning department. Ms. Zheng served as the manager of planning and finance department, financial representative and secretary of the board of directors of Galaxy Captek Co., Ltd.\* (北京銀河創新公司, a subsidiary of CGN Group) from October 2002 to August 2006. She served as the director of investment and legal department of CGNPC-URC from August 2006 to October 2010 and was re-designated to general counsel and secretary of board of directors of CGNPC-URC from October 2010 to now. Ms. Zheng graduated from Zhejiang University (浙江大學) with a Bachelor's degree of engineering in industrial automation in 1988 and obtained a Master's of science degree in science and technology information from China Defense Science and Technology Information Center (中國國防科技信息中 心) in 1992. Ms. Zheng possesses the qualification certificate for accounting of the PRC and the Enterprise Legal Adviser Qualification Certificate of the PRC\* (中國企業法律顧問執業資格), and has extensive experience in financial management, corporate governance and legal affairs management.

## 高級管理人員簡介

**何飛先生**(「何先生」),43歲,現任本公司 副總裁,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展副總經 理及斯科公司、澳大利亞能源金屬有限公 司\* (Energy Metal Ltd)、中國鈾業發展、 中廣核國際銷售公司及中廣核礦業英國有 限公司\*(CGNM UK LTD)等公司的董事。 加入本公司前,何先生曾於國防科工委國 際合作司挂職及委派至法國原子能委員 會;曾先後出任中廣核集團公司辦公廳秘 書處總經理部秘書、董事長秘書、北京工 作部業務高級經理、辦公廳業務聯絡處處 長。何先生2000年畢業於國際關係學院英 文專業,獲文學學士學位,2009年獲中國 人民大學民商法學專業法學碩士學位。何 先生長期從事於核電行業,對該行業有全 面瞭解,積累了豐富的企業管理經驗。

**鄭曉衛女士**(「鄭女士」),54歲,現任本 公司總法律顧問兼公司秘書,同時擔任中 廣核鈾業發展總法律顧問兼董事會秘書。 鄭女士曾任香港高科技發展管理有限公司 項目經理,於1999年3月加入中廣核集團 公司,先後任職於財務部和發展計劃部。 2002年10月至2006年8月,鄭女十擔仟中 廣核集團下屬公司北京銀河創新公司計劃 財務部經理、財務負責人及董事會秘書。 2006年8月至2010年10月,彼擔任中廣 核鈾業發展投資與法律部總監,2010年 10月至今,擔任中廣核鈾業發展總法律顧 問兼董事會秘書。鄭女士1988年畢業於 浙江大學工業自動化專業,獲工學學士學 位;於1992年獲中國國防科技信息中心科 技情報專業理學碩士學位。鄭女士擁有中 國會計師資格以及中國企業法律顧問執業 資格,具有豐富的項目投資與財務管理經 驗、公司治理及法律事務管理經驗。

**Mr. Zhou Rongsheng** ([Mr.Zhou]), aged 50, is currently the assistant president of the Company and serving as the assistant general manager of CGNPC-URC. Prior to joining the CGN Group, Mr. Zhou was ever a lecture and an associate professor of school of nuclear science and engineer, an associate professor and head of education and training centre of school of mechanical engineering of Shanghai Jiao Tong University. Mr. Zhou joined CGN Group in September 2010, and successively served as nuclear fuel manager of technology and production management department , head of nuclear fuel management division of technology research and development department of CGNPC, and head of nuclear fuel management division of asset operation department of CGN Power Co., Ltd. Mr. Zhou joined CGNPC-URC in January 2016 and acted as the general manager assistant since then. Mr. Zhou graduated from Anhui Education Colleage\*(安徽教育學院)with a Bachelor's degree of chemistry in 1995 and obtained a Master's degree of nuclear fuel cycle and material from Nuclear Power Institute of China in 1998 and obtained a Ph.D. degree of nuclear fuel cycle from the same school in 2002.

**周榮生先生**(「周先生」),50歲,現任本 公司總裁助理,同時擔任中廣核鈾業發展 總經理助理。加入中廣核集團前,周先生 曾是上海交通大學核科學與工程學院講師 及副教授,機械與動力工程學院副教授兼 教與培訓中心主任,後於2010年9月加入 中廣核集團,先後擔任中廣核集團公司科 技與生產管理部核燃料經理、科技研發部 核燃料管理處處長,中國廣核電力股份有 限公司資產經營部核燃料管理處處長等 職務。彼於2016年1月加入中廣核鈾業發 展,出任總經理助理至今。周先生於1995 年畢業於安徽教育學院化學專業獲學士學 位;於1998年畢業於中國核動力研究設計 學院獲核燃料循環與材料專業碩士學位, 並於2002年獲得該校核燃料循環專業博士 學位。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

During the Reporting Period, the Company's corporate governance policy adopted and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code.

## 企業管治

本公司於報告期內已採納並遵守企業管治 守則的全部守則條文。



## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the standards of securities transactions by the Directors. All Directors have confirmed, following specific enquiries made, that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code regarding Directors' securities transactions during the Reporting Period.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition and role

The Board of the Company currently comprises eight Directors, including two EDs, three NEDs and three INEDs. The composition of the Board is based on a comprehensive consideration of the Directors' professional skills, working background and qualification. It shows the differentiated and diverse arrangement of Directors. As at the date of this report, the members of the Board are as follows:

## 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則為董事進行證券交 易的標準。經向所有董事作出特定查詢 後,所有董事均確認彼等於報告期內已遵 守標準守則。

## 董事會

## 組成及角色

本公司董事會現由8名董事組成,包括2名 執行董事、3名非執行董事及3名獨立非執 行董事。董事會的組成基於董事的專業技 能、職業背景及資格等多方面綜合考慮, 體現了董事差異化及多元化的安排。於報 告日期,董事會成員如下:

Directors	董事	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會
Eds	執行董事			
Mr. An Junjing (chief executive officer)	安軍靖先生(首席執行官)	М		М
Mr. Chen Deshao	陳德邵先生			
NEDs	非執行董事			
Mr. Yu Zhiping (chairman)	余志平先生(主席)	М		С
Mr. Sun Xu	孫旭先生		М	
Mr. Yin Xiong	殷雄先生			
INEDs	獨立非執行董事			
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪先生	С	С	Μ
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	高培基先生	М		М
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	Μ	Μ	Μ
C – Chairman of the relevant Board cor M – Member of the relevant Board corr			董事委員會的主席 董事委員會的成員	
The biographical details of ea	ach Director are set out in the	e section 各董事	的履歷詳情載於本	年報「董事簡介」

"Biographies of Directors" of this annual report.

節

The Board is responsible for formulating the overall strategy and policy of the Group and ensures there are sufficient capital and management resources for the implementation of relevant strategies and the completeness of the financial and internal control systems, and the compliance of business operation with relevant legal requirements. All members of the Board have fulfilled their duties and act in the best interest of the Group and Shareholders. Unless otherwise disclosed in this annual report, to the knowledge of the Company, there was no financial, business, family and other material/ related relationship among members of the Board.

All Directors should comply with Rule 3.08(d) of the Listing Rules at all times to avoid actual and potential conflict of interest and duties. In each meeting of the Board and special committees of the Board (the "Meetings"), Directors are required to declare if they have any interest in the matters being considered in the Meetings. If a Director or any of his associates have material interests in the matters to be considered/ approved, the Director will not be counted as the quorum and will not vote at the meeting. The Director may not be present during the discussion on related matters.

Pursuant to Article 108 of the Articles of Association of the Company and the Corporate Governance Code, all Directors are required to retire from office by rotation once every three years. The Board complies with Rules 3.10 (1) & (2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules in relation to the appointment of at least three INEDs, which represents at least one-third of the Board, and one of the INEDs has appropriate professional qualifications in accounting or related financial management expertise.

In accordance with the requirements of code provision C.2.1, the Directors have conducted a review of the overall effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Group and concluded that all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management are effective.

董事會負責制定本集團整體策略及政策, 以確保有足夠的資金和管理資源來保障 相關策略的執行、財務和內部監控系統的 完善性以及業務運作符合相關法律規定。 董事會成員均勤勉盡責,以本集團及股東 的最佳利益行事。除本年報內另有披露者 外,據公司所知,董事會成員之間沒有任 何財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關 係。

全體董事於任何時候均須遵守上市規則第 3.08(d)條以避免實際及潛在利益和職責衝 突。董事需在每次董事會及董事會委員會 會議(「該等會議」)上申報是否於該等會議 考慮事項中擁有利益。如果一名董事或其 任何聯繫人於將要考慮/審議的事項中擁 有重大利益,該名董事不會被計入法定參 會人數及於會上投票,且可能需在討論有 關事項時避席。

根據本公司章程細則第108條及企業管 治守則規定,所有董事均須每3年輪流告 退。董事會根據上市規則第3.10(1)及(2) 和第3.10A條規定,訂明本公司須最少委 任三名獨立非執行董事,獨立非執行董事 人數須滿足至少佔董事會成員三分之一的 比例,且其中一名獨立非執行董事須具備 適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理經 驗。

按照企業管治守則第C.2.1段的要求,董 事已對本集團的內部監控系統的整體有效 性進行檢討,結論為所有重大控制點,包 括財務、營運、遵例控制與風險管理均有 效。

### Responsibilities of the Board

As the decision-making body of the Company, the Board takes charge of the corporate governance function. The major responsibilities of the Board include the tasks stated below. The Board may delegate the responsibilities to other committees as it thinks fit:

- (a) to review the Company's policies, programs and procedures and make recommendations as necessary from time to time;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices to ensure compliance with the legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to oversee the implementation of any code of conduct and/ or business ethics of the Company to ensure the Company's compliance with the relevant rules and regulations, including but not limited to the Listing Rules and the Takeovers Code;
- to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report;
- (f) to form any committee(s) or panels, appoint members thereto, delegate at any time and from time to time to any person or committee(s) or panel(s), any of its powers and functions conferred on it, review and approve the reports of the committee(s) and panel(s), review their performance and revise their composition and terms of reference as appropriate;
- (g) to oversee all matters and to formulate policies in relation to the Company's internal control, succession plans, remuneration and compensation for Directors and employees, risk management, corporate governance and corporate social responsibility, and to supervise the implementation of such policies conducted by the Company's management;

## 董事會職責

董事會作為公司的決策機構,就公司治理 負有責任和義務。董事會的職責主要包括 以下職責,在認為合適的情況下,董事會 可能轉授其他委員會以履行相關職責:

- (a) 檢討本公司的制度、計劃及程序, 並於有需要時提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司的制度及常規做 法,以確保遵守法律及監管規定;
- (d) 監督本公司對於任何操守守則及/ 或經營道德標準的執行,以確保本 公司遵守有關的規則及規例,包括 但不限於上市規則及收購守則;
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則及於企業管治報告內作出披露的情況;
- (f) 成立任何委員會或小組委員會、委任該等委員會的成員,並在任何時候及不時向任何人士或委員會委以該等委員會的權力及職能;審閱及批准該等委員會及小組委員會的報告;審閱彼等履行職務的表現;以及於適當情況下修改其組成及職權範圍;
- (g) 監督與本公司的內部監控、繼任計劃、董事與僱員的薪酬及酬金、風險管理、企業管治與企業社會責任有關的所有事宜及制定有關政策,以及監督本公司的管理層實施該等政策的情況;

- (h) investigate any significant instances of non-compliance or potential non-compliance of the Company; and
- to do any such things to enable the Board to discharge its obligations and responsibilities.

Major work performed by the Board in relation to its corporate governance function in 2020 includes:

- reviewing and approving the Board's major work plan of 2020 (including summary of the Board report of 2019);
- reviewing and approving the comprehensive risk management report of 2020 (including summary of risk management situation of 2019);
- reviewing and approving the internal audit plan of 2020 (including summary of the internal work plan of 2019);
- reviewing and approving the internal control evaluation report of 2019;
- 5. reviewing the interim report on the implementation of comprehensive risk management of 2020;
- reviewing the interim report on the implementation of internal audit of 2020;
- 7. reviewing and approving the Board meeting plan of 2021.

- (h) 調查本公司任何重大不遵例或可能 的不遵例情況;及
- (i) 作出任何事情以讓董事會履行其職務及責任。

董事會於2020年年度有關企業管治功能的 主要工作包括:

- 審批2020年度董事會重點工作 計劃(含2019年度董事會報告總 結);
- 審批2020年度全面風險管理報
  告(含2019年度風險管理情況總
  結);
- 審批2020年度內審工作計劃(含 2019年度內審工作總結);
- 4. 審批2019年度內控評價報告;

5.

6.

- 審閱2020年度全面風險管理執行 情況中期報告;
- 審閱2020年度內部審計執行情況 中期報告;
- 7. 審批2021年度董事會會議計劃。

## **APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS**

All Directors, including the chairman and the chief executive officer, are required to retire from office by rotation once every three years and are subject to re-election by Shareholders at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles of Association and the Corporate Governance Code. The Articles of Association of the Company provides details in relation to the procedures of election and appointment of the Directors.

Besides, pursuant to article 112 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Directors appointed to fill casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next general meeting after their appointment, and shall be subject to re-election at general meetings.

All Directors will enter into a director service contract with the Company immediately after their appointment for a term of two years and subject to retirement and re-election of at least once every three years. The contract sets out the details of the duties and obligations of Directors. All Directors understand they have joint responsibility towards all Shareholders in terms of the operation, business and development of the Company. They are required to fulfill Directors' duties according to the director service contract and relevant laws and regulations. All Directors confirm that they provide sufficient time and effort in company affairs, express their views cautiously and diligently and fulfill their Directors' duties.

## **Directors' Interests**

As recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of part XV of the SFO, none of the Directors held Shares of the Company or associated companies as at 31 December 2020.

### 董事的委任及重選

包括主席及首席執行官在內的所有董事均 須根據公司章程細則及企業管治守則的規 定,每三年輪流退任一次,並可於股東週 年大會上經股東重選。公司章程細則中詳 細規定了董事選聘的程序。

另外,公司章程細則第112條規定,獲委 任填補臨時空缺的董事任期將只至其獲委 任後的下一屆股東大會為止,其後須經股 東大會重選。

所有董事獲委任後均會立即與公司簽署董 事服務合約為期兩年並至少每三年退任及 重選一次,合約中詳細列明董事責任和義 務。全體董事均理解他們對全體股東就公 司的運營、業務及發展負有共同的責任, 並須按照董事服務合約及相關法律法規履 行董事職責。所有董事均確保投入足夠時 間及精力處理公司事務,謹慎勤勉表達意 見,確保董事責任的履行。

## 董事權益

根據香港《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第352 條規定備存的登記冊所載,各董事於2020 年12月31日概無持有本公司及關連公司的 股份。

## **Directors' Training and Continuous Professional Development**

Newly appointed Directors will receive an introduction package related to the laws in relation to directors of a listed company and their duties, which covers the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director.

Pursuant to code provision A.6.5, directors should participate in continuous professional development training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company encourages all Directors to participate in continuous professional development to ensure better fulfillment of Directors' duties and contribution to the Company's development. During the Reporting Period, all Directors participated in continuous professional development by attending internal training, seminar or forum. Furthermore, attending training seminars or reading materials is also beneficial to continuous professional development.

In 2020, a summary of training taken by the Directors is set out as follows:

#### 董事培訓及持續專業發展

獲委任的新董事將收到有關上市公司董事 及擔任董事職務的法律及有關其職責文件 介紹,內容涵蓋董事的法定及監管責任。

根據守則條文第A.6.5條規定,董事應參 與持續專業發展訓練,以發展及更新其知 識與技巧。公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專 業發展,以確保董事職責的更好履行及為 公司的發展出謀獻策。於報告期內,所有 董事已通過參與內部培訓、研討會或論壇 等方式參與持續專業發展。此外,出席培 訓講座或閱讀材料亦有助於持續專業發 展。

於2020年,董事參與培訓概況如下:

Dire	ectors	董事		Type of training 培訓種類
EDs	5	執行董事		
Mr.	An Junjing	安軍靖先生		a,b
Mr.	Chen Deshao	陳德邵先生		a,b
NED	Ds	非執行董事		
Mr.	Yu Zhiping	余志平先生		a,b
Mr.	Sun Xu	孫旭先生		a,b
Mr.	Yin Xiong	殷雄先生		a,b
INE	Ds	獨立非執行董事		
Mr.	Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪先生		a,b
Mr.	Gao Pei Ji	高培基先生		a,b
Mr.	Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生		a,b
a.		/via video: on 20 November 2020, the rectors, the topic was Depth Analysis of	a.	出席/視頻參加培訓講座,本公司於2020年 11月20日舉辦董事專項培訓,主題為逆全球 化趨勢深度分析。
b.	Reading training materials relevant to Listing Rules or to the Directors' duties a	the Company's business, updates on and obligations.	b.	閱讀與本公司業務、上市規則更新或與董事 職務及職責有關的培訓資料。

## CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

According to the Corporate Governance Code A.2.1, the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer should not be performed by the same individual. During the Reporting Period, the chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company were Mr. Yu Zhiping and Mr. An Junjing, respectively. The Chairman is responsible for ensuring that the Board performs its duties properly under good corporate governance practices and procedures; the chief executive officer is responsible for managing the affairs of the Group with the support of the EDs and management team, including executing the major strategies and measures adopted by the Board.

### NEDS

NEDs, including INEDs, are experienced individuals from different industries and backgrounds. At least one of them possesses the appropriate accounting qualifications and related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. Based on the expertise and experience of each of the Director, the Directors assumes related responsibilities to provide independent judgment and advise on the Company's management. The number of NEDs representing more than half of the Board members, which helps the Company to make objective and independent judgment and decision. The advice of NEDs shall be considered as major advice, in case where there are potential conflicts of interest on the matter.

The initial term of appointment of each NED is two years and is subject to retirement and re-election as required by the Articles of Association, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party to the other.

The Company has received from each INED the annual confirmation of independence in compliance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. After taking into consider of the factors set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Company is of the view that all the INEDs are independent.

## 主席及首席執行官

根據企業管治守則第A.2.1條規定,董事 會主席及首席執行官的職務應該由不同人 士擔任。報告期內,本公司董事會主席與 首席執行官分別由余志平先生及安軍靖先 生擔任,主席負責確保董事會在良好的企 業管治慣例及程序下妥善地履行職務;首 席執行官則負責在執行董事及管理層隊伍 支持下,管理本集團事務,包括執行董事 會採納的主要策略及措施。

### 非執行董事

本公司非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 為來自不同行業及背景的資深人士,其中 至少一名擁有上市規則規定的適當會計及 相關財務管理專長。各位董事憑藉各自的 專長及經驗承擔有關職責就公司的管理提 供獨立判斷及意見。非執行董事的人數佔 董事會的人數一半以上,能幫助公司做出 客觀獨立的判斷和決策,且在就有關事項 存在潛在利益衝突時,非執行董事意見將 作為主要參考決策意見。

各非執行董事的初始委任期限為兩年,惟 需根據組織章程細則退任及應選連任,期 滿後繼續生效直至其中一方向另外一方發 出不少於三個月之書面通知終止服務合約 為止。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事按上市規 則第3.13條要求作出年度獨立性確認。經 考慮上市規則第3.13條所述的因素,本公 司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Zheng Xiaowei ("Ms. Zheng") has been appointed as joint company secretary of the Company since 1 June 2014. The role of the company secretary is to support the chairman of the Board, the Board and relevant committees, to ensure smooth communications and timely transmission of information. At the same time, the company secretary plays an important role such as to ensure the Board meetings are convened in accordance with laws and regulations, and the Board's decisions are executed correctly. The company secretary is also an important communication bridge between the Company and Shareholders, and assists the Board to perform its responsibility to Shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules.

In accordance with the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Ms. Zheng has received no less than 15 hours professional training during the Reporting Period.

### **BOARD PROCESS AND ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS**

There are at least four regular Board meetings held every year, and ad hoc Board meeting is convened when necessary. In addition to written resolutions, Directors participated in the meetings either in person, by proxy or through electronic means of communications. Board members have full access to the business development of the Company at the meetings at regular interval.

At least 14 days' notices of all regular Board meetings were given to all Directors, who were given an opportunity to add matters in the agenda for discussion. The finalised agenda and accompanying board papers were sent to all Directors at least three days prior to the meetings.

## 公司秘書

鄭曉衛女士(「鄭女士」)自2014年6月1日 起獲委任為本公司聯席公司秘書。公司秘 書負責支持董事會主席、董事會及相關委 員會,以保證溝通的順暢及信息的及時傳 遞。同時,公司秘書在確保董事會合法合 規召開及董事會決策得到準確執行方面發 揮著重要作用。公司秘書亦是公司與股東 間的重要溝通橋樑,並協助董事會按照上 市規則的要求履行對股東的責任。

根據上市規則第3.29條,鄭女士於報告期 內已接受不少於15個小時的專業訓練。

## 董事會程序及會議出席情況

董事會每年至少召開4次定期董事會會議 及於需要時召開專題董事會會議。除透過 書面決議案參與決策外,董事亦通過親自 出席或委任代表出席或以電子通訊方式參 與會議。董事會成員可於會議上定期全面 獲悉公司業務發展狀況。

所有定期董事會會議均已向所有董事發出 最少14日的通知,讓董事有機會在議程中 加入事項以供討論。落實後的議程及相關 的董事會文件於會議召開前最少3日發送 至所有董事。

During the Reporting Period, there were five Board meetings held by the Company in total. The attendance of each Director at the Board meeting and relevant committee meetings are as follows: 於報告期內,本公司共召開5次董事會, 各董事出席董事會會議及相關委員會會議 的情況如下:

		Number of n		ed/Number of me	etings held
			出席次數/會	會議舉行次數	
Name	Position	Board Meeting	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee
姓名	職位	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會
Mr. Yu Zhiping	NED, chairman of both the Board and nomination committee and member of the remuneration committee	5/5	N/A	0/0	1/
余志平先生	非執行董事、董事會主席、提名委員會主席及 薪酬委員會委員	5/5	不適用	0/0	1/
Mr. An Junjing	ED and member of both the nomination committee and remuneration committee	4/5	N/A	N/A	1/
安軍靖先生	執行董事、提名委員會委員及薪酬委員會委員	4/5	不適用	不適用	1/
Vr. Chen Deshao	ED	5/5	N/A	0/0	N/
陳德邵先生	執行董事	5/5	不適用	0/0	不適用
VIr. Sun Xu	NED and member of the audit committee	5/5	4/4	N/A	N/
孫旭先生	非執行董事及審核委員會委員	5/5	4/4	不適用	不適用
VIr. Yin Xiong	NED	5/5	N/A	N/A	N/
設雄先生	非執行董事	5/5	不適用	不適用	不適用
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	INED, chairman of both the audit committee and the remuneration committee and member of	5/5	4/4	0/0	1/
邱先洪先生	the nomination committee 獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席、 薪酬委員會主席及提名委員會委員	5/5	4/4	0/0	1/
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	INED, member of both the remuneration committee	5/5	N/A	0/0	1/
高培基先生	獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會委員及提名委員	5/5	三- 不適用	0/0	1/

		Number of meetings attended/Number of meetings held 出席次數/會議舉行次數			etings held
Name	Position	Board Meeting	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee
姓名	職位	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	INED, member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination	5/5	4/4	0/0	1/1
李國棟先生	committee 獨立非執行董事、審核委員會委員、 薪酬委員會委員及提名委員會委員	5/5	4/4	0/0	1/1

Should a potential conflict of interest involving a controlling Shareholder or a Director arise, the matter would be considered and approved in a physical meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by written resolution. Other Directors and INEDs with no material conflict of interest would be present at the relevant meetings.

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors and officers liability insurance in respect of potential legal action against Directors.

## **DELEGATION AND WORK DONE BY THE BOARD**

The Board provides leadership and oversees the Group's business management, strategic decisions, performance and affairs.

The Board has formulated a clear written policy that delineates matters reserved for Board approval of the Group. The reserved matters include, among other things:

- 1. the business development and planning;
- 2. corporate policies;
- 3. financial planning;
- 4. investment planning;
- 5. annual budget;

若有控股股東或董事存在可能的利益衝 突,有關事宜將以會議形式進行審議批 准,而非以書面決議處理。不存在重大利 益衝突的其他董事及獨立非執行董事將出 席有關董事會會議。

公司已就其董事可能會面臨的法律行動作 適當的董事及高級管理人員責任保險投保 安排。

## 董事會權力轉授及已完成工作

董事會領導公司運作並監察本集團的業務 管理、策略決定、表現及事務。

董事會已制定清晰的書面政策,清楚列載 本集團需董事會預先批准的事宜。特別需 要董事會預先批准的事宜包括:

- 1. 業務發展及規劃;
- 2. 公司政策;
- 3. 財務規劃;
- 4. 投資規劃;
- 5. 年度預算;

- 6. major disposals and acquisitions;
- 7. major connected transactions;
- appointment of Directors, company secretary and other senior management;
- 9. other significant operational and financial matters.

In addition to work relating to corporate governance function, other major work performed by the Board during the Reporting Period includes:

- considering, reviewing and approving the annual results of 2019, annual report and matters relating to the annual general meeting;
- reviewing and approving the 2020 business plan (including the 2019 implementation report);
- reviewing and approving the 2020 budget planning (including the 2019 budget implementation report);
- reviewing and approving organizational adjustment and staff planning of 2020;
- 5. reviewing the (continuing) connected transactions execution report of 2019;
- 6. considering the appointment of the auditor of 2020 and determination of their remuneration;
- reviewing and approving the medium and long term investment strategy of Fission;
- 8. reviewing the preparation of the business plan of 2021;
- 9. reviewing the development path during "Fourteenth Five-year";
- 10. review the dividend plan of 2020.

The day-to-day operation and management of the Group is delegated to the senior management. Certain authorities are also granted to relevant Board committee, the granted authorities and responsibilities are reviewed by the Board from time to time.

- 6. 主要出售及收購事宜;
- 7. 主要關連交易;
- 董事、公司秘書及其他高級管理層 之委任;
- 9. 其他重大經營及財務事宜。

除與企業管治功能有關的工作外,報告期 內董事會開展的主要工作包括:

- 審議及審批2019年年度業績、年 報及股東周年大會相關事宜;
- 審批2020年度經營計劃(含2019年 度執行情況報告);
  - 審批2020年度預算(含2019年度預 算執行情況報告);

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- 審批組織機構調整和2020年度人 員編製方案;
- 審閱2019年(持續)關連交易執行 情況報告;
- 審議聘請2020年度審計師確定酬 金事項;
- 審批Fission公司中長期投資策略研 討;
- 8. 審閱2021年經營計劃編製思路;
- 9. 審閲「十四五」發展思路。
- 10. 審議2020年度分紅方案。

董事會將本集團日常營運及管理的權力轉 授予高級管理層,並將部分權限授權予相 關董事會委員會,授權職能及職責由董事 會不定期進行檢討。

## **BOARD COMMITTEES**

There are three committees under the Board of the Company, which are the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee, with its terms of reference established. Each specific committee performs on specific area, provides comments and recommendations to the Board for consideration.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee is delegated by the Board to exercise its specific rights within the ambit of the terms of reference.

As at 31 December 2020, the audit committee of the Company comprised a NED, namely Mr. Sun Xu, and two INEDs, namely Mr. Qiu Xianhong (chairman) and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis.

The function of the audit committee is to assist the Board in providing an independent review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems of the Group, and oversee the audit process. The audit committee also serves as a focal point for communication, among Directors, the external auditors, and the management as regards financial reporting, internal control and the auditing.

Major work performed by the audit committee during the Reporting Period includes:

- 1. hearing the 2019 audit report by the auditor;
- 2. considering the annual report and the first draft of result announcement;
- considering the 2020 internal audit plan (including the 2019 internal audit summary);
- 4. considering the 2019 internal control evaluation report;
- considering the interim report on the implementation of comprehensive risk management in 2020 (including the summary of 2019 comprehensive risk management);

## 董事委員會

本公司董事會下設有三個委員會,分別為 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會, 並已制定其職權範圍,各專門委員會就特 定範疇履職,提出意見及建議供董事會決 策參考。

## 審核委員會

審核委員會在董事會授權範圍內行使特定 權利。

於2020年12月31日,本公司審核委員會 由1名非執行董事孫旭先生、2名獨立非執 行董事邱先洪先生(主席)及李國棟先生組 成。

審核委員會的職責為協助董事會對本集團 的財務申報程序、內部監控及風險管理 系統的有效性進行獨立檢討,監督審計程 序。同時,審核委員會就財務申報、內部 監控及審計事宜充當董事、外聘核數師及 管理層之間的溝通橋樑。

報告期內審核委員會的主要工作包括:

- 聽取審計師關於2019年度審計工 作事宜的彙報;
  - 審議年報及業績公告初稿事宜;

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- 審議2020年度內審計劃(含2019年 度內審工作總結);
- 4. 審議2019年度內控評價報告;
  - 審議2020年度全面風險管理報 告(含2019年度全面風險管理總 結);

- 6. considering the change of auditor;
- reviewing the 2020 interim results and matters relating to interim report;
- 8. considering the interim report on the implementation of comprehensive risk management report of 2020;
- 9. considering the interim report on internal audit work conducted in 2020.

During the Reporting Period, the Board had no disagreement with the audit committee's view on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors.

## **Internal Control**

The Board has overall responsibility for setting up and maintaining effective internal control system and for reviewing its effectiveness, to safeguard the Group's assets and Shareholders' interest. The management of the Company at each level assesses on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system by performing reviews. Internal control department reports to the audit committee once a year on key findings regarding internal controls. Audit committee, in turn, communicates any material issues regarding internal control system to the Board.

As of 31 December 2020, the audit committee conducted a review on the effectiveness of the internal control system, and no serious deficiencies were identified. Therefore, the Board considered that the internal control systems of the Group are effective, and complied with the provisions of the Corporate Governance Code.

- 6. 審議審計師更換事宜;
  - 審閱2020年中期業績及中期報告 相關事宜:
  - 審議2020年度全面風險管理執行 情况中期報告;
- 審議2020年度內部審計執行情況 中期報告。

報告期內,董事會與審核委員會在外聘核 數師的甄選、委任、辭任或罷任方面並無 分歧意見。

## 內部監控

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董事會整體負責建立與維持公司內部監控 體系的有效性,並不斷檢討其效力以保障 本集團的資產及股東的利益。公司各級管 理層通過對內部監控系統的檢討來評估內 部監控系統的充足性和有效性。內部監控 部門每年度向審核委員會彙報一次有關內 部監控的主要調查結果,審核委員會向董 事會彙報有關內部監控系統中存在的重大 事項和問題。

截至2020年12月31日止,審核委員會已 檢討內部監控系統的有效性,並無發現任 何嚴重不足。因此,董事會認為本集團的 內部監控系統有效且符合企業管治守則的 守則條文。



## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The remuneration committee is delegated by the Board to exercise its specific rights within the ambit of the terms of reference.

As at 31 December 2020, the remuneration committee of the Company comprised one NED, namely Mr. Yu Zhiping, one ED, namely Mr. An Junjing and three INEDs, namely, Mr. Qiu Xianhong (chairman), Mr. Gao Pei Ji and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis.

The function of the remuneration committee is basically to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of all remuneration of EDs, NEDs and senior management and review the remuneration packages of the EDs and senior management with reference to the corporate goals and objectives.

No Directors' remuneration adjustment was made during the Reporting Period.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5, the annual remuneration of the members of the senior management (excluding the Directors) by band during the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

## 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會在董事會授權範圍內行使特定 權利。

於2020年12月31日,本公司薪酬委員會 由一名非執行董事余志平先生,一名執行 董事安軍靖先生以及三名獨立非執行董事 邱先洪先生(主席)、高培基先生及李國棟 先生組成。

薪酬委員會的職責為就公司執行董事、非 執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構 向董事會提出建議,並參考公司方針及目 標檢討全體執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬 組合。

報告期內未有董事薪酬調整事項。

根據企業管治守則第 B.1.5條,高級管理 層成員(不包括董事)於截至2020年12月 31日止年度的年度薪酬在下列範圍內:

Remuneration band (HK\$) 薪酬範圍(港元)	2020 2020年 Number of Individuals 人數	2019 2019年 Number of Individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零至1,000,000港元	3	2

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the 5 highest paid individuals are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情,載 於綜合財務報表附註15。

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee is delegated by the Board to exercise its specific rights within the ambit of terms of reference.

As at 31 December 2020, the nomination committee comprised one NED, namely Mr. Yu Zhiping (chairman), one ED, namely Mr. An Junjing and three INEDs, namely Mr. Qiu Xianhong, Mr. Gao Pei Ji and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis.

The function of the nomination committee is to review and formulate the nomination procedure as regards the appointment, re-appointment and removal of Directors; review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations or any proposed changes to the Board to implement the corporate strategy; and make recommendation to the Board on candidates for appointment as Directors. The nomination committee follows rigorous selection procedure in choosing the right person as a member of the Board. Various criteria such as appropriate professional knowledge, experience, skills and possible contribution of the candidate will be considered.

During the Reporting Period, major work performed by the nomination committee includes:

- recommending the retirement and re-election of Directors at the annual general meeting;
- 2. assessing the independence of INEDs.

### **Board Diversity policy**

The Board adopted the "Board Diversity Policy". The Company recognises the merits of Board diversity and sees the edge of Board diversity in driving competitiveness. In making up the Board's composition, the Board considers various skills, regional and industry experience, background, gender and other attributes of the members of the Board. All appointments of the Board are based on the talent, skill and experience of the individual, as well as gender diversity, so as to meet the operational needs.

## 提名委員會

提名委員會在董事會授權範圍內行使特定 權利。

於2020年12月31日,提名委員會由一名 非執行董事余志平先生(主席)、一名執行 董事安軍靖先生及三名獨立非執行董事邱 先洪先生、高培基先生及李國棟先生組 成。

提名委員會的職責為審閱及制定有關董事 委任、重新委任及罷免的提名程序;檢討 董事會的架構、人數及組成並向董事會提 出建議或提出任何變動計劃,以配合公司 策略;向董事會就董事委任推薦人選。提 名委員會按照嚴謹的篩選程序選擇合適人 士為董事會成員。在考慮提名人選時,提 名委員會將考慮各方因素,包括適當的專 業知識、經驗、技能及可能付出的貢獻。

報告期內,提名委員會的主要工作包括:

- 推薦股東週年大會退任重選董事人 選;
- 2. 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

## 董事多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策。本 公司認可董事會成員多元化的優點,並已 看到董事會成員多元化在提高競爭力方面 的優勢。在董事會成員的組成上,董事會 將考慮董事會成員的不同技能、區域和行 業經驗、背景、性別以及其他特點。所有 董事會任命均基於才幹、技能、經驗以及 性別差異等,以適應工作需要。

As at 31 December 2020, the Board composition can fulfill the diversity requirements on skills, background, and regional and industry experience. While there still exists improvement space for gender diversity, and it is the goal for the Company in the next stage.

# DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group. In preparing the financial statements, the HKFRSs have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been used and applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made. The Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The Company's auditor, BDO Limited, acknowledged its reporting responsibilities pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code. The auditor's responsibilities are set out in the independent auditor's report.

## AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the Reporting Period, the remuneration paid by the Company to the auditor, BDO Limited and its affiliate company, is set out as follows: 截至2020年12月31日,董事會構成已滿 足技能、背景、地域及行業等多元化的要 求。但在性別多元化方面仍有改進空間, 亦為本公司後續目標。

#### 董事及核數師對財務報表應負的責任

董事確認其對於編製本集團財務報表應負 的責任。公司在編製財務報表時,已採 用香港財務報告準則、使用適當的會計政 策並貫徹地應用,並已作出合理和審慎的 判斷與估計。董事會並不知悉任何或可能 對本集團持續經營的能力構成重大疑問的 事件或情況有關的任何重大不明朗因素存 在。因此,董事會於編製財務報表時已持 續採用持續經營基準。

本公司的核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務 所有限公司確認其根據企業管治守則應負 的報告責任。核數師的職責載於獨立核數 師報告內。

## 核數師酬金

報告期內,本公司支付給核數師香港立信 德豪會計師事務所有限公司的酬金載列如 下:

Services rendered	所提供的服務	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付的費用 <b>(HK\$'000)</b> (千港元)
Audit services	審核服務	1,285
Non-audit services	非審核服務	579

The significant amount of fee incurred for non-audit services arose from review of interim results, consultation service on continuing connected transactions and consultation service on acquisition projects. 非審核服務所產生的重大費用來自中期審 関服務,持續關連交易諮詢服務及收購項 目諮詢服務。

## SHAREHOLDERS AND SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

In order to ensure that all Shareholders of the Company enjoy equal status and effective exercise of their own rights, the Company convenes general meetings every year in accordance with the Articles of Association. During the Reporting Period, one general meeting was held, namely the annual general meeting, on 18 June 2020. The attendance of each Director is set out as follows:

## 股東和股東大會

為保障本公司所有股東享有平等地位並有 效地行使自身的權利,本公司根據章程細 則的規定每年召開股東大會。報告期內, 本公司舉行了一次股東大會,為2020年6 月18日舉行的股東週年大會。董事出席股 東大會情況如下:

Name	姓名	Number of meeting sattended/ Number of meetings held 出席次數/ 會議舉行次數
Mr. Yu Zhiping	余志平先生	1/1
Mr. An Junjing	安軍靖先生	0/1
Mr. Chen Deshao	陳德邵先生	1/1
Mr. Sun Xu	孫旭先生	1/1
Mr. Yin Xiong	殷雄先生	1/1
Mr. Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪先生	1/1
Mr. Gao Pei Ji	高培基先生	1/1
Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟先生	1/1

## SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

### Right to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles of Association, on the requisition of one or more Shareholders at the date of deposit of the requisition holding not less than one-tenth of the paid-up share capital of the Company having the right to vote at general meetings, the Directors are obliged to proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Directors or the company secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting and deposited at the registered office of the Company in Cayman Islands and/or the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong. The requisitionists must state the purposes of the meeting and sign the requisition letter.

## 股東權利

署。

## 要求召開股東特別大會的權利

根據公司章程細則第64條規定,如於提出 要求當日,持有不少於有權於股東大會上 投票的本公司繳足股本十分之一的一名或 多名公司股東提出要求,董事可召開本公 司的股東特別大會。

該等要求召開股東特別大會的要求須以書 面形式向董事或公司秘書發出,並送達 本公司於開曼群島的註冊辦事處及/或位 於香港的主要營業地點。提出要求的人士 須在要求函件中説明開會的目的並進行簽

If the Directors do not convene a meeting within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may convene a meeting, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

### Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders have the right to put enquiries to the Board. All enquiries may be made in writing and sent to the attention of the company secretary, Ms. Zheng Xiaowei, in one of the following ways:

- By post: CGN Mining Company Limited Rm 1903 19/F, China Resources Building No. 26 Harbour Road Wanchai, Hong Kong
- 2. By facsimile: (852) 2116 4031
- 3. By email: ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn

### Voting by poll

Pursuant to Rule 13.39 of the Listing Rules and article 72 of the Articles of Association of the Company, any votes of the Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll, except where the chairman decides to allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter to be voted by a show of hands.

### Procedures to put forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholders who would like to put forward proposals at a general meeting shall follow the procedures below:

On the requisition in writing of either: i) any number of Shareholder of the Company representing not less than one-fortieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or ii) not less than 50 Shareholders, the Company shall, at the expense of the requisitionists: 如董事未能於接獲要求日期起計21日內召 開會議,要求召開會議的人士可自行召開 該大會,並且公司應為要求召開會議的人 報銷因董事會未能召開該會議而產生的所 有合理費用。

#### 向董事會提出查詢的權利

股東有權向董事會提出查詢。所有查詢可 以書面形式提出,並以下列任何一種方式 送呈公司秘書鄭曉衛女士收啟:

- 郵遞:中廣核礦業有限公司 香港灣仔港灣道26號 華潤大廈19樓 1903室
- 2. 傳真:(852)21164031
- 3. 電郵:ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn

## 以點票方式進行投票

根據上市規則第13.39條及公司章程細則 第72條規定,股東於股東大會上作出的任 何投票必須以點票方式進行,惟經主席允 許且僅有關程序及行政事宜的決議案可以 以舉手方式進行表決。

### 於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

擬於股東大會上提呈建議的股東須遵從以 下程序:

於i)持有代表不少於提出要求當日有權在 該要求所相關的大會上投票的所有股東總 投票權四十分之一票數的任何本公司股數 目:或ii)不少於50名股東以書面提出要求 時,本公司須作出以下事項,產生的支出 將由提出要求的人士承擔:

- a) circulate to Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be proposed and is intended to be proposed at that meeting;
- b) circulate to Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

The requisition must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company in Cayman Islands and/or the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary not less than 6 weeks before the general meeting, in case of a requisition requires notice of a resolution, or not less than 1 week before the general meeting for any other requisition.

### **Change in Constitutional Documents**

During the Reporting Period, there is no significant change in the constitutional documents of the Company.

#### **Risk management and internal control**

#### Comprehensive risk management

The Company has initially established a relatively comprehensive risk management system. With reference to relevant risk management requirements of the "Risk Management — Principles and Guidelines" of ISO31000:2009 standard and the Corporate Governance Code, the Company effectively identified, tracked and controlled the risks. It also strictly implemented the Comprehensive Risk Management Policy. Meanwhile, the Company classified the overall risk business into four levels, namely major operating risk, non-investment specific risk, project investment risk and general risk, and clearly defined risk management department and business departments were responsible for their relevant duties within risk management to ensure the efficient operation of the system.

- a) 向有權接收下屆股東週年大會通告
  的本公司股東發出可能於大會上正
  式提呈或擬提呈的任何決議案:
- b) 向有權接收任何股東大會通告的股 東發出不多於一千字數的陳述,內 容有關該大會將提呈的任何決議案 所述的事情或將於該大會上處理的 事務。

有關要求須由提出要求的人士簽署,並於 股東大會前不少於六個星期(如為需要發 出決議案通知的要求)或股東大會前不少 於一星期(如為任何其他要求)送達本公司 於開曼群島的註冊辦事處及/或位於香港 的主要營業地點由公司秘書收啟。

## 章程文件變動

報告期內,本公司章程文件概無任何重大 變動。

#### 風險管理與內控

### 全面風險管理

本公司已基本建立起較為完善的全面風險 管理體系,以ISO31000:2009標準《風險 管理一原則及指引》及企業管治守則有關 風險管理的要求作為重要參考,對風險進 行有效識別、跟蹤及控制,嚴格落實《全 面風險管理制度》,並將全面風險業務劃 分為重大經營風險、非投資類專項風險、 項目投資風險、一般風險四個層次,並了 建立相區分的風險管理流程。董事會、管 理層、風險管理部門及業務部門根據其於 風險管理中承擔的職責開展工作,確保公 司風險管理體系有效運作。

### Interal audit

During the Reporting Period, according to the internal audit plan approved by the Board, the internal audit department carried out relevant audit work such as corporate governance audit, risk management assessment and internal control assessment of overseas companies. Among them, the internal control assessment project was entrusted to a professional advisory body, for a comprehensive evaluation of the integrity and execution effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company. By implementing specialized audit and risk management reviews and internal control assessments, regular management advices were provided to the Board to effectively prevent and monitor the risks inherent in the operation and management of the Company in the relevant areas, which has played an active role in the internal audit in risk prevention and control and in ensuring the legal and compliance of the Company.

At the same time, the internal audit department of the Company, as the lead department for investigation responsibility for violations of business operations, has regularly confirmed with various functional departments and affiliated companies every quarter, and established a complete notification and monitoring mechanism. During the year, no clues or problems were found for investigating responsibility for illegal operations and investments. The establishment of a sound system of investment accountability for non-compliance of the Company provides further protection to the Company's asset safety and legal compliance operations.

The Company regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information as set out in the information disclosure policy which contains the detailed procedures to ensure that inside information could be identified timely and remain confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is effectively and consistently made.

## 內部審計

報告期內,根據董事會批准的內部審計計 劃,內審部開展了境外公司治理審計、風 險管理評價、內部控制評價等相關審計工 作。其中,內控評價項目委託給專業諮詢 機構,對公司內控體系健全性和執行有效 性進行了全面梳理評價。通過實施專項 計及風險管理評價和內控評價,並定期向 董事會提供管理建議,有效防範和監控了 公司相關領域運作與管理中存在的風險, 發揮了內部審計在風險防控和健全內控方 面的積極作用,確保了公司的合法合規經 營。

同時,本公司內審部作為違規經營投資責 任追究工作牽頭部門,每季度與各職能部 門和下屬公司定期確認,建立了完善的通 報和監控機制,本年度未發現違規經營投 資責任追究的線索或問題。通過建立健全 公司違規經營投資責任追究體系,為公司 資產安全和合法合規經營提供了進一步保 障。

本公司按列示於公司信息披露制度中的詳 細流程就內幕信息進行處理及發佈,以確 保內幕信息被及時識別並確保有關內幕信 息於獲得適當批准前保持保密,有關信息 將以有效及一致的方式進行發佈。
## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **Human Capital**

We have built up an excellent team of management and professional talents, with the guidance and value of treasuring, caring for and optimizing talents to support the sustainable development of the Company.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had 15 employees, among which 7 in Hong Kong, 3 in Kazakhstan and 5 in UK. For further information about staff remuneration, please refer to the relevant contents in notes 14 and 15 of the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Talents**

Employee composition

### 人力資本

人才隊伍

為保障公司的持續健康發展,我們以重視 人才、愛護人才、提升人才的指導思想和 價值觀念,打造了一支優秀的管理和專業 人才隊伍。

於2020年12月31日,本集團共有15名僱 員,其中7名駐於香港,3名駐於哈薩克斯 坦,5名駐於英國。有關僱員薪金詳情, 請參考綜合財務報表附註14及15有關內 容。



## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

#### Professional qualifications

Among the existing workforce, employees holding middle-level and above represented 73%.

#### **Employment Mechanism**

#### Path of development

The Company cares growth and career development of each employee, and has set two paths of career development, namely the management and the professional technical path, and has established the switch mechanism between the two paths. Staff can freely choose from the two career development paths and show their talents. Meanwhile, the Company provides guidance to staff to set up their personal career development plan, so as to help them to make rapid career growth.

#### Internal talent market

For better use of the ability and expertise of each employee, the Company established the internal talent market. The vacancies will first be filled by internal talents, through which the aspiration of individual employees can be better realized and optimized the allocation of internal human resources, thus to accomplish the development of both the Company and employees.

#### **Evaluation System**

In order to ensure the Company's objectives could be effectively implemented, we have established both incentive and restraint mechanisms, and tends to guide employees' conducts by way of continuous communication, feedback and improvement. The Company established a complete performance management system by following the steps of communication, coaching, tracking and assessment during the formulation and implementation of the performance plan, so as to reach the expected performance results, and promotes the co-development of the Company and employees.

#### 專業資格

現有員工隊伍中,持有中級及以上專業資格的員工佔比73%。

#### 用人機制

#### 發展通道

公司注重員工的成長和職業發展。公司設 有管理和專業技術兩個職業發展通道,並 建立了兩個通道的轉換機制,員工可以在 兩條職業發展通道上自由發展,充分發揮 每一位員工的專長。與此同時,公司指導 員工制定個人職業發展規劃,幫助員工快 速成長。

#### *內部人才市場*

為了更好的發揮每位員工的能力和專長, 公司建立了內部人才市場,空缺崗位優先 通過內部人才市場補員,更好的實現員工 個人發展訴求,優化內部人力資源配置, 實現企業與員工共同發展。

#### 考核制度

為有效落實公司目標,建立公司激勵與約 束機制,通過持續的溝通、反饋、改進, 引導員工工作行為。公司建立完善的績效 管理體系,通過績效計劃制定、績效計劃 執行過程中進行溝通、輔導、跟蹤及評 估,達成預期績效結果,促進公司和員工 共同發展。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **Cultivating talents**

The Company adheres to the concept of "cultivating prioritizes training", follows the principle of "authorized employment, training for all employees and lifelong education" by absorbing the experience of international talent training, and formulate the rolling plans and supporting systems for key positions, forming a standardized and efficient independent talent training system.

#### **Training resources**

With close combination of its business needs, the Company fully utilises its own advantages and has established a comprehensive training system for all employees, covering management cadres, key positions and internationalized talent pools. At the same time, relying on the extensive training resources of CGN Group, we have shared more than 1,000 online courses of the Group, allowing employees to learn and to have on-the-job training at any time on demand, effectively meeting the rapid development and talent training needs of the Company.

#### **Remuneration system**

Combined with the characteristics of the industry, the Company constructed a competitive remuneration system which appeals to quality talents and motivates employees effectively. The remuneration system reflects the value of positions and individual contribution and encourages long-term service of employees, jointly striving for continuous growth and sustainable development of the Company and sharing the results of corporate development. Remuneration is mainly composed of monthly salary, performance bonus, over-time pay, allowance and subsidy and benefits.

#### 人才培養

本公司堅持「培養人,而不僅僅是培訓人」 的核心理念,通過吸收借鑒國際化人才培 養經驗,明確「授權上崗、全員培訓、終 身教育」的基本原則,制定了關鍵崗位人 才培養滾動計劃與配套制度,形成了規範 高效的自主化人才培養體系。

#### 培訓資源

本公司緊密結合業務需求,充分發揮自身 優勢,建立了完善的全員培訓資源體系, 覆蓋管理幹部、專業技術人員與國際化人 才儲備;同時依託中廣核集團的豐富培訓 師資,共享集團千餘門網絡課程,實現了 隨時隨需員工自主學習與在崗培訓,有效 滿足了公司快速發展與人才培養需求。

#### 薪酬體系

為有效吸引高素質人才,激發員工潛能, 公司結合行業特點,搭建了富有競爭力 的薪酬體系。薪酬體系著重體現崗位價值 和個人貢獻,鼓勵員工長期為企業服務, 共同致力於企業的不斷成長和可持續性發 展,同時共享企業發展所帶來的成果。薪 酬主要由月薪、績效獎金、加班工資、津 補貼和福利構成。

The Board is pleased to present the Directors' report and audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 as follows.

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The Company is mainly engaged in properties investment, trading of natural uranium and other trading. The principal businesses of our subsidiaries include trading of natural uranium and investment of natural uranium resources. An analysis of the Group's business for the year is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

The head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong is located in Room 1903,19/F, China Resources Building, No. 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

#### EARNINGS AND DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

The earnings of the Group for the year of 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 144 and 145 of the annual report.

The Board recommended a payment of final cash dividend of HK0.5 cent per share for the year 2020 to Shareholders as at the record date for payment of dividend (2019: HK1 cent per share).

#### **ANNUAL RESULTS**

Details of the Group's business performance for the year of 2020 and its analysis are set out in the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" to this annual report.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, pursuant to which allowing Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst to retain adequate reserves for future growth. The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the laws of the Cayman Islands, the Articles of Association and any applicable laws, rules and regulations. 董事會欣然呈交本集團截至2020年12月 31日年度董事會報告及經審核綜合財務報 表。

#### 主要業務及分析

本公司主要從事物業投資、天然鈾貿易及 其他投資。附屬公司的主要業務為天然鈾 貿易及天然鈾資源投資。本集團本年度業 務分析載於綜合財務報表附註6。

#### 香港主要營業點

本公司於香港的辦事處及主要營業地點為 香港灣仔港灣道26號華潤大廈19樓1903 室。

#### 盈利及股息派發

本集團2020年度盈利詳細載於本年報第 144及145頁的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表。

董事會建議派發2020年末期現金股息每股 0.5港仙予股息支付記錄日期的股東(2019 年:1港仙/股)。

#### 年度業績

本集團2020年度業績表現和分析詳細載於 本年報「管理層討論與分析」章節。

#### 股息政策

本公司已經採納股息政策,據此,可讓股 東分享本公司溢利的同時保留充足儲備供 未來增長所用。本公司宣派及派付股息亦 須受開曼群島法例、章程細則及任何適用 法例、規則及規例規限。

The Directors may from time to time determine and pay to the Shareholders such interim dividends as it considers appropriate. The Board may also recommend the payment of final dividends which are required to be approved by Shareholders in general meetings.

The ratio of final dividend distribution for the end of the year is based on the various factors such as business performance of the Company, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain long-term business growth and shall be not less than 20% of distributable profits of continuing business.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group during the period, the Group's exposure to potential risks and uncertainties, significant events after the end of the reporting date, business prospects, financial performance and relevant analysis, together with compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" to this annual report.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group are set out in notes 16 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the major subsidiaries held by the Company are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

During the Reporting Period, the Company did not issue or hold any convertible bonds or has any convertible bonds outstanding.

董事會可不時釐定並向股東派付其認為合 適的中期股息。董事會亦可建議派付末期 股息,惟須經股東於股東大會上批准。

末期股息分配比例是基於本公司年度業績 表現等各方面因素考慮包括未來現金承擔 及投資需求以維持業務之長期增長,以不 低於當年持續性業務可供分配溢利的20% 為準。

#### 業務回顧

本集團於期內之業務回顧、本集團可能面 對的風險及不確定因素、結算日後重大事 項、業務展望、財務表現及分析及於本集 團有重大影響的相關法律及法規遵守情況 等已詳細載於本年報「管理層討論與分析」 章節。

#### 物業、廠房及設備及投資物業

本集團的物業、廠房及設備及投資物業的 變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註16及 18。

#### 附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註34。

#### 股本

本公司股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註30。

#### 可換股債券

報告期內,本公司未發行任何可換股債 券,或有任何未贖回可換股債券。

#### DIRECTORS

During the Reporting Period and as at the date of this report, Directors of the Company are as followed:

#### **ED**s

Mr. An Junjing Mr. Chen Deshao

#### **NEDs**

Mr. Yu Zhiping Mr. Sun Xu Mr. Yin Xiong

#### **INEDs**

Mr. Qiu Xianhong Mr. Gao Pei Ji Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis

In accordance with Article 112 of the Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at the meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such general meeting.

In accordance with Article 108 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Yin Xiong, Mr. Gao Pei Ji and Mr. Lee Kwok Tung Louis will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting, but are eligible for re-election.

#### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

There is no service contract, which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), in respect of the Directors who are proposed and offered for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

#### 董事

本公司報告期內及截至本報告日期之董事 構成如下:

#### 執行董事

安軍靖先生 陳德邵先生

#### 非執行董事

余志平先生 孫旭先生 殷雄先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

邱先洪先生 高培基先生 李國棟先生

根據章程細則第112條規定,獲委任填補 臨時空缺的任何董事或額外獲委任加入董 事會的董事任期將只至本公司下屆股東大 會,屆時將合資格在大會上獲重選連任, 而被釐定將於該股東大會上輪流告退的董 事人選或數目不應計算在內。

根據章程細則第108條規定,殷雄先生、 高培基先生及李國棟先生將於即將舉行的 股東週年大會上輪流告退,但符合資格將 膺選連任。

#### 董事服務合約

所有擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選 連任的董事概無與本公司訂立,於一年內 須作出賠款(法定補償除外)方可終止的服 務合約。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS, TRANSACTIONS AND ARRANGEMENT

Save for the transactions set out under "Connected Transactions", there were no any other contract, transaction or agreement of significance of the Group in which a Director of the Company or an entity connected with a director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, subsisting during or at the end of Reporting Period.

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance coverage for the Directors and senior management.

#### **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS**

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 44 to 48 of the annual report.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately HK\$729 million.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

#### 董事於合約、交易及安排的權 益

除於「關連交易」中列明的交易外,本集團 未有在報告期期間或結束時仍然或曾經生 效,且本公司董事或與該董事有關連的實 體於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大 合約、交易及安排。

#### 董事的彌償保證

根據章程細則規定,每位董事就履行其職 務或職責或有關其他事情而蒙受或招致任 何損失或責任,均有權獲得公司以其資產 賠償。本公司已為董事及高級管理層安排 適當的責任保險。

#### 董事簡介

董事簡介詳情載於本報告第44至48頁。

#### 可分派儲備

於2020年12月31日,本公司可供分派儲 備為約729百萬港元。

#### 優先購買權

章程細則無有關優先購買權的條文,而開 曼群島法例沒有對該等權利實施限制。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司的上 市股份

本公司及其附屬公司於報告期內並無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "2010 Share Option Scheme") at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 2 June 2010. The 2010 Share Option Scheme has been expired on 1 June 2020. No other share option has been granted since the adoption of the 2010 Share Option Scheme.

#### The 2010 Share Option Scheme

The following disclosure is a summary of the 2010 Share Option Scheme as required by chapter 17 of the Listing Rules:

#### (1) Purpose:

The purpose of the 2010 Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants (as defined below) as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Company and/or any of the subsidiaries.

#### (2) Participants:

The eligible participants of the 2010 Share Option Scheme to whom option(s) may be granted by the Board shall include any employees, NEDs, Directors, suppliers, customers, advisors, consultants, joint venture partners and any shareholders of any members of the Group or any invested entities or any holders of any securities issued by any members of the Group or any invested entities.

# (3) Total number of shares available for issue under the 2010 Share Option Scheme and percentage of issued share capital at the date of approval of the share option scheme:

The number of shares which can be issued is 155,105,699 shares, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of approval of the 2010 Share Option Scheme.

#### (4) Maximum entitlement of each participant:

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the 2010 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including exercised, canceled and outstanding options) to each eligible participant in any 12-month period must not exceed one percent (1%) of the then total issued share capital of the Company.

#### 購股權計劃

本公司於2010年6月2日舉行的股東週年 大會上採納一項購股權計劃(「2010年購股 權計劃」),有效期為10年,已於2020年 6月1日到期。於採納2010年購股權計劃 後,並無授出任何購股權。

#### 2010年購股權計劃

以下為根據上市規則第17章披露的2010 年購股權計劃概要:

#### (1) 目的:

2010年購股權計劃之目的為使本 公司可向合資格參與者(定義見下 文)授出購股權,作為鼓勵及獎賞 彼等對本公司及/或任何下屬公司 作出的貢獻。

#### (2) 參與者:

可獲董事會授予購股權之2010年 購股權計劃合資格參與者包括本集 團任何成員公司或任何被投資實體 之僱員、非執行董事、董事、供貨 商、客戶、顧問、諮詢人、合營企 業夥伴及任何股東或本集團任何成 員公司或任何被投資實體所發行任 何證券之任何持有人。

(3) 根據2010年購股權計劃可發行 的股份總數及其所佔於購股權計 劃批准當日已發行股本百分比:

> 可發行的股份數目為155,105,699 股,相等於本公司於2010年購 股權計劃批准當日已發行股本約 10%。

#### (4) 各參與者可享有的最高配額:

在任何12個月期間內每名合資格參 與者根據2010年購股權計劃及本 公司任何其他購股權計劃獲授的購 股權(包括已行使、已註銷及尚未 行使的購股權)予以行使時,已發 行及將予發行的股份總數,不得超 過本公司當時已發行股本總額的百 分之一(1%)。

## (5) The periods within which the shares must be taken up under an option:

An option shall be exercisable in whole or in part and in accordance with the terms of the 2010 Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Board to each grantee, which period may commence on the day on which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not later than ten (10) years commencing from the date the Board makes an offer of the grant of an option subject to the provisions for early termination thereof.

## (6) The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised:

Unless the Directors otherwise determine and state in the offer of the grant of options to an eligible participant, there is no minimum period for which an option granted under the 2010 Share Option Scheme must be held before it can be exercised.

# (7) The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments of calls must or may be made or loans for such purpose must be paid:

An offer of grant of an option may be accepted by an eligible participant within twenty-eight (28) days from the date of the offer of grant of the option. A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the offer of grant of an option.

#### (8) The basis of determining the exercise price:

Subject to the adjustment made in accordance with the terms of the 2010 Share Option Scheme, the exercise price in respect of any particular option shall be such price as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of making the offer of grant of an option (which shall be stated in the letter containing the offer of grant of an option) but in any case the exercise price must be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares.

#### (9) The remaining life:

The 2010 Share Option Scheme valid for a period of 10 years commencing on 2 June 2010 and has expired. No new share option can be granted under the 2010 Share Option Scheme.

購股權可按照2010年購股權計劃 的條款於董事會決定並已知會各承 授人之期間內任何時間全部或部分 行使,該期間可自授出購股權要約 提出當日開始,惟在任何情況下不 得遲於董事會授予購股權建議當日 起計十(10)年終止(惟可根據該計 劃條款而提早終止)。

#### (6) 行使購股權前規定的最短持有期:

除非董事另有決定並於向合資格參與者提出授予購股權要約時表明, 否則根據2010年購股權計劃授出 購股權毋須先行持有一段最短期限 始能行使。

#### (7) 申請認購或接納購股權時應付的金 額,以及付款或通知付款或償還購 股權貸款的期限:

合資格參與者須於授出購股權要約 提出當日起計二十八(28)日內接納 獲授的購股權要約,而接納獲授購 股權要約時須支付代價1.00港元。

#### (8) 行使價的釐定基準:

受限於按2010年購股權計劃條款 作出的調整,任何特定購股權的行 使價應為董事會於提出授出購股權 要約時全權酌情釐定價格(其須於 授出的購股權要約函件內訂明), 惟在任何情況下行使價必須最少為 下列三者中的最高者:(i)股份於授 出購股權要約當日(須為交易日)的 收市價(以聯交所每日報價表所載 者為準):(ii)股份於緊接授出購股 權要約日期前五(5)個營業日的平均 收市價(以聯交所每日報價表所載 者為準);及(iii)股份面值。

#### 尚餘有效期:

(9)

2010年購股權計劃有效期為自 2010年6月2日起10年,現已完 結。在2010年購股權計畫下,不 能再授予新的購股權。

#### **RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES**

Details of the retirement benefit schemes are set out in notes 14 and 15 of the consolidated financial statements.

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.cgnmc.com

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS**

#### (a) The Directors' and chief executives' interests and short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation

As at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors, the chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (as defined in the part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to divisions 7 and 8 of part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### (b) Substantial Shareholders' interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares of the Company

As at 31 December 2020, according to the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO and so far as is known to, or can be ascertained after reasonable enquiry by the Directors, the following persons/entities, other than a Director or chief executive of the Company, had an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

#### 退休福利計劃

退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 14及15。

#### 公司網站

www.cgnmc.com

#### 權益披露

#### (a) 董事及行政首席執行官於本公司或 任何相聯法團的股份、相關股份及 債券中的權益及淡倉

於2020年12月31日,本公司董事 及行政首席執行官並無於本公司及 其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債 權證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司 及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據 證券及期貨條例有關條文其被當作 或視作擁有的權益及淡倉),或根 據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須 記錄於該條所指登記冊的權益及淡 倉;或根據標準守則需知會本公司 及聯交所之權益及淡倉。

#### (b) 主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份 中的權益及淡倉

於2020年12月31日,按本公司根 據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存 置的登記冊,就董事在作出合理查 詢後所知或確認,下列人士/實體 (不包括本公司董事或行政首席執 行官)於本公司股份、相關股份及 債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司 披露的權益或淡倉:

Name of Substantial Shareholder	Capacity	Number of Shares (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of Shareholding (Note 1)
主要股東名稱	身份	股份數目 (附註1)	概約持股 百分比 (附註1)
Substantial Shareholders 主要股東			
CGNPC (Notes 2, 3, 4 & 5) 中廣核集團公司(附註2、3、4及5)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	4,467,887,558(L)	67.69%(L)
CGNPC-URC (Notes 2, 4 & 6) 中廣核鈾業發展(附註2、4及6)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	4,288,695,652(L)	64.97%(L)
China Uranium (Notes 7) 中國鈾業發展(附註7)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	4,288,695,652(L)	64.97%(L)
Other Shareholders 其他股東			
Hong Kong Xinmao (Note 8) 香港鑫茂(附註8)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Hainan Mining (Note 8) 海南礦業(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Shanghai Fosun Industrial Investment Co., Ltd. (Note 8) 上海復星產業投資有限公司(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Shanghai Fosun High Technology (Group) Co., Ltd. (Note 8) 上海復星高科技(集團)有限公司(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Fosun International Limited (Note 8) 復星國際有限公司(附註8)	文ロム回催血 Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Fosun Holdings Limited (Note 8) 復星控股有限公司(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Fosun International Holdings Ltd. (Note 8) 復星國際控股有限公司(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Guo Guangchang (Note 8) 郭廣昌(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
Hainan Haigang Group Co., Ltd. (Note 8) 海南海鋼集團有限公司(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)
State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of Hainan Province (Note 8) 海南省政府國有資產監督管理委員會(附註8)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	659,400,000(L)	9.99%(L)

#### Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes long position.
- CGNPC held the entire equity interest in CGNPC-URC Development, and CGNPC-URC Development held the entire issued share capital of China Uranium Development. Accordingly, each of CGNPC and CGNPC-URC Development was deemed to be interested in the interest held by China Uranium Development.
- CGNPC was also interested in 179,191,906 Shares in other wholly-owned subsidiaries.
- The long position included (i) 4,278,695,652 Shares held by China Uranium Development; and (ii) the interests in 10,000,000 Shares pledged by a third party.
- Mr. Yin Xiong, Mr. Sun Xu and Mr. Yu Zhiping, NEDs, are also employees of CGNPC.
- Mr. Yu Zhiping, Mr. Yin Xiong and Mr. Sun Xi, NEDs, and Mr. An Junjing, an ED, are also directors of CGNPC-URC. Mr. An Junjing and Mr. Chen Deshao, EDs, are also employees of CGNPC-URC.
- 7. Mr. Chen Deshao, an ED, is also a director of China Uranium Development.
- 8. According to the information provided by Guo Guangchang and the Stateowned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of Hainan Province ("Hainan SASAC"), Hainan Mining was the sole shareholder of Hong Kong Xinmao, and Hong Kong Xinmao was the beneficial owner of 659,400,000 Shares. Hainan Mining was owned as to 35% by Hainan Haigang Group Co., Ltd. ("Hainan Haigang") and 54% by Shanghai Fosun High Technology (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Fosun High Technology") (including 18% directly held by Fosun High Technology and 36% held by its wholly-owned subsidiary, Shanghai Fosun Industrial Investment Co., Ltd. ("Fosun High Technology was whollyowned by Hainan SASAC. Fosun High Technology was wholly-owned by Fosun International Limited and Fosun International Limited was owned as to 71.51% by Fosun Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fosun International Holdings Ltd., which was held as to 85.29% by Guo Guangchang.

Accordingly, each of Hainan Mining, Hainan Haigang, Hainan SASAC, Fosun Industrial, Fosun High Technology, Fosun International Limited, Fosun Holdings Limited, Fosun International Holdings Ltd. and Guo Guangchang is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Hong Kong Xingmao.

#### 附註:

2

3

4.

5

6

7.

8

- 1. (L)代表好倉
  - 中廣核集團公司持有中廣核鈾業發展的全部 股本權益,而中廣核鈾業發展持有中國鈾業 發展的全部已發行股本。因此,中廣核集團 公司及中廣核鈾業發展各自被視為擁有中國 鈾業發展所持的權益。
  - 中廣核集團公司亦於其他全資附屬公司持有 的179,191,906股股份中擁有權益。
  - 該 好 倉 包 括 (i) 中 國 鈾 業 發 展 持 有 的 4,278,695,652股股份:及(ii)一名第三方抵押 的10,000,000股股份的抵押權益。
  - 非執行董事殷雄先生、孫旭先生及余志平先 生亦是中廣核集團公司的僱員。
  - 非執行董事余志平先生、殷雄先生及孫旭先 生,及執行董事安軍靖先生亦是中廣核鈾業 發展的董事,而執行董事安軍靖先生及陳德 邵先生亦是中廣核鈾業發展的僱員。
  - 執行董事陳德邵先生亦是中國鈾業發展的董 事。
  - 根據郭廣昌及海南省政府國有資產監督管 理委員會(「海南國資委」)提供的資料,海南 礦業是香港鑫茂的唯一股東,而香港鑫茂 為659,400,000股股份的實益擁有人。海南 礦業由海南海鋼集團有限公司(「海南海鋼」) 持有35%及由上海復星高科技(集團)有限公 司(「復星高科技」)持有54%(包括復星高科 技直接持有的18%及其全資附屬公司上海 復星產業投資有限公司(「復星產業」))持有的 36%)。海南海鋼由海南國資委全資擁有。 復星高科技由復星國際有限公司全資擁有, 而復星國際存限公司的全資附屬公司)擁 有71.51%,復星國際控股有限公司由郭廣昌 持有85.29%。

因此,海南礦業、海南海鋼、海南國資委、 復星產業、復星高科技、復星國際有限公 司、復星控股有限公司、復星國際控股有限 公司及郭廣昌各自被視為於香港鑫茂持有的 股份中擁有權益。

Save as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any person as of 31 December 2020 who had an interest or short position in the Shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

## RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

Save as disclosed in this annual report, none of the Company, or any of its holding companies or subsidiaries, or any fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement enables the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations as defined in the SFO or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

#### **Continuing connected transactions**

The Company entered into the following continuing connected transactions with the connected persons as defined in the Listing Rules, and transactions have been conducted in accordance with the agreed terms. Details of the continuing connected transactions conducted during the Reporting Period are set out as below:

除上文所披露外,截至2020年12月31 日,董事並不知悉有任何人士於本公司股 份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披 露的權益或淡倉。

#### 購買本公司證券的權利

除本年報內所披露者外,本公司、或其任 何控股公司或附屬公司、或其任何同系 附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,以使本公司 董事或最高行政人員或彼等各自的聯繫人 (定義見上市規則)擁有任何認購本公司或 其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例) 證券的權利或以購買本公司或任何其他法 人團體的股份或債權證的方式而獲得利益 的權利。

#### 關連交易

#### 持續關連交易

本公司與上市規則定義的關連人士已訂立 下列持續關連交易協議,並按協議條款開 展交易。報告期內持續關連交易的執行情 況如下:

No.	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、	Transaction party of the Group	Counterparty	Nature of transaction and description	Pricing basis	Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、
編號	圆藏石碑 、 日期及現有期限	本集團交易方	關連交易對方	交易性質及情況	定價基礎	中反工校、 實際交易金額
1	The Sales Framework Agreement entered on 14 June 2019, with a term from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022	The Company	(Controlling	uranium to CGNPC- URC Group by the	Group and relevant members of CGNPC-URC Group on normal commercial terms, with reference to the arithmetic average prices of the long-term price indicators published by UxC and TradeTech in the second month prior to the	HK\$1,960,000,000/ HK\$424,913,000
1	《銷售框架協議》於 2019年6月14日訂 立·有效期:2020 年1月1日至2022年 12月31日	本公司	中廣核鈾業發 展(本公司控 股股東)	本集團出售天然鈾予中 廣核鈾業發展集團。	delivery month, subject to a floor price and a ceiling price. 天然鈾每磅價格按正常商業條款參考UxC及TradeTech於 交付月份前第二個月的長期價格指標的算術平均價,並經 本集團與中廣核鈾業集團相關成員公司之間的公平磋商後 釐定,但設有保底價及封頂價。	1,960,000,000港元/ 424,913,000港元

No.	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、	Transaction party of the Group		Nature of transaction and description	Pricing basis	Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、
編號	日期及現有期限	本集團交易方	關連交易對方	交易性質及情況	定價基礎	實際交易金額
2	The Financial Services Framework Agreement entered on 14 June 2019, with a term from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022	The Company	and CGNPC Huasheng (subsidiaries of the ultimate Controlling	up and maintain RMB and foreign currency deposit accounts with CGN Finance and place deposit. The Group shall also authorise the Group's accounts at third party commercial banks outside the PRC to be linked as a participant account to a cash pooling master	Deposit services: The interest payable by CGN Finance to the Group shall not be lower than (i) the interest rates for the same type and term of deposit offered by China's big four commercial banks to the Group and (ii) the interest rates for the same type and term of deposit provided by CGN Finance to the other PRC subsidiaries of the CGN Group. The interest payable by CGNPC Huasheng to the Group shall be equal to or higher than (i) the interest rate for similar type of deposit offered by CGNPC Huasheng to other members of the CGN Group; and (ii) the interest rate for similar type of deposit as quoted by other independent commercial banks in Hong Kong (such as Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited and Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited) from time to time.	Deposit cap: US\$500,000,000 Highest daily deposit: US\$159,203,000
				CGNPC Huasheng may provide settlement and similar services to the	Settlement services: The fees charged by CGN Finance for the provision of settlement services shall be in accordance with the fees standards prescribed by the People's Bank of China or China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission in respect of such services. If no such fees standard is available, the service fees shall be determined on normal commercial terms and not higher than (i) the fees charged by China's Big-Four Commercial Banks in the PRC for the same type of financial services; and (ii) the fees charged by CGN Finance for the provision of similar type of financial services to the other PRC subsidiaries within the CGN Group. The fees charged by CGNPC Huasheng shall be (i) equal to or lower than the settlement and similar services fees charged by CGNPC Huasheng to other members of the CGN Group in settlement services arrangements; and (ii) equal to or lower than the settlement and similar services fees charged by other commercial banks in Hong Kong (such as Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited and Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited) from time to time for settlement and similar services provided.	Settlement service cap: US\$300,000 No settlement service fee has been charged.

No.	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、	Transaction party of the Group	Counterparty	Nature of transaction and description	Pricing basis	Annual cap, actua transaction amouni 年度上限、
艑號	日期及現有期限	本集團交易方	關連交易對方	交易性質及情況	定價基礎	實際交易金額
				Finance and CGNPC Huasheng may grant loans and other facilities to the Group, including but not limited to loan	Loans and other facilities: CGN Finance and CGNPC Huasheng may grant loans and other facilities, including but not limited to loan financing, credit line, bill acceptance, and note discounting services, to the Group from time to time subject to compliance with the applicable laws and regulatory requirements. The terms and conditions of such deposits shall be determined after arm's length negotiations between (i) the Group and (ii) CGN Finance or CGNPC Huasheng, as the case may be, including the amount to be deposited, term of the deposit, the applicable interest rate, interest payment method and time of payment, etc, which shall be determined upon each deposits.	N/A
2	《財務服務框架協 議》於2019年6月 14日立,有效期: 2020年1月1日至 2022年12月31日	本公司	中廣核財務及 中廣核華盛 (本股股東之附 屬公司	本立存團第作中池本餘總金藏橫核華盛保戶中之本餘總金藏橫於一一之人並之為嚴之之。 臺、大學一人並之業。 一人並之業。 一人並之業。 一人並之於銀賬持戶賬集。 一個的其一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個	存置存款:中廣核財務應付於本集團之利率將不低於(1)中 國四大商業銀行就同期同類存款向本集團提供的利率:及 (2)中廣核財務就同期同類存款向中廣核集團旗下其他中國 附屬公司提供的利率。中廣核華盛應付本集團之利率將等 於或高於(1)中廣核華盛就類似存款向中廣核集團旗下其他 成員公司提供之利率:及(2)香港其他獨立商業銀行(如中 國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司及中國銀行(香港)有限公司) 就相類似存款不時公布之利率。	存款上限: 500,000,000美元 最高單日存款: 159,203,000美元,
				中廣核財務及中廣核華 盛可不時向本集團提供 結算及其他類似服務。	結算服務:中廣核財務提供結算服務的費用須按照中國人 民銀行或中國銀行保險監督管理委員會就有關服務所公布 的標準費用收取。如無有關標準費用,則服務費用須按一 般商業條款而釐定,且不高於(1)中國四大商業銀行就同類 服務所收取的費用;及(2)中廣核財務就提供類似服務向中 廣核集團的其他中國附屬公司所收取的費用。中廣核華盛 所收取的費用須等於或低於(1)中廣核華盛向中廣核集團旗 下其他成員公司提供類似結算服務所收取之費用;及(2)香 港其他商業銀行(如中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司及中國 銀行(香港)有限公司)不時說報之結算及類似服務費用。	結算服務費上限: 300,000美元 且未被收取結算服務 費。
				中廣核財務及中廣核華 盛可不時向本集團授出 貸款及其他融資,包括 但不限於貸款融資、信 貸額度、票據承擔及票 據貼現服務。	貸款及其他融資:中廣核財務及中廣核華盛可不時在符合 使用法律及法規規定的前提下,向本集團授出貸款及其他 融資,包括但不限於貸款融資、信貸額度、票據承擔及票 據貼現服務。該等貸款及其他融資之利率將按正常商業條 款釐定,且不得高於(1)中國四大商業銀行就同期同類的貸 款向本集團所報的貸款利率;及(2)中廣核財務於同期就同 類貸款向中廣核集團旗下其他成員公司收取的貸款利率。	不適用

No.	Name of agreement, date and existing term 協議名稱、	Transaction party of the Group	Counterparty	Nature of transaction and description	Pricing basis	Annual cap, actual transaction amount 年度上限、
艑號	日期及現有期限	本集團交易方	關連交易對方	交易性質及情況	定價基礎	實際交易金額
3	Tenancy Agreement entered on 9 May 2019, with a term from 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2021	, 0	(Controlling Shareholder of	leases 29/F, Block A, Shi'ao International Center, 101 Shaoyaoyu North Lane, Chaoyang	The annual rent of RMB3,000,000 (tax inclusive) as stipulated in the Tenancy Agreement, which in turn was determined after taking into account: (i) the then market rentals and management fees payable for similar properties; and (ii) the demand and supply of similar properties on the market.	RMB3,000,000/ RMB3,000,000
3	租賃協議於2019年 5月9日訂立,有效 期:2019年1月1日 至2021年12月31日	北京中哈鈾	中廣核鈾業發 展(本公司控 股股東)		租賃協議規定的每年租金為300萬元人民幣(含税),有關 租金為考慮()類似物業當時市場租金及管理費;及(i)類似 物業於市場上的供求後釐定。	3,000,000元人民幣/ 3,000,000元人民幣

#### Annual review of continuing connected transactions

The INEDs of the Company have reviewed and confirmed the continuing connected transactions set out above are:

- 1. in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- 2. on normal commercial terms or better; and
- 3. entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

The external auditor of the Company has also reviewed these continuing connected transactions and confirmed to the Board that these transactions:

- 1. have been approved by the Board;
- have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreement governing the transactions;
- are in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group (if the transactions involve provision of goods or services by the Group); and
- 4. have not exceeded the relevant annual caps disclosed in previous announcements.

The Board acknowledged the receipt of the auditors' confirmation letter dated 31 March 2021 which confirms the matters as required by Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

#### Subsisting connected transaction entered in previous year

#### Sale and purchase agreement of Husab uranium concentrates

CGN Global, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the sale and purchase agreement of Husab uranium concentrates with Swakop, a fellow subsidiary of Controlling Shareholder of the Company, on 14 June 2019, pursuant to which CGN Global shall buy and Swakop shall sell 1.55 million lbs of Husab Uranium Concentrates, which shall be delivered in batches over a period of seven years from 2019 in accordance with the stipulated delivery schedule.

#### 持續關連交易的年度審閲

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上述的持續 關連交易,並確認該等持續關連交易為:

- 1. 屬於本集團一般及日常業務範圍;
- 2. 按正常或更佳的商業條款進行;及
- 根據監管該等交易的相關協議,按 公平合理及符合本公司股東整體利 益的條款訂立。
- 本公司外聘核數師已審閱該等持續關連交 易,並向董事會確認該等交易:
- 1. 已獲董事會批准;

2.

- 已根據監管該等交易的相關協議訂 立;
- 符合本集團的定價政策(如該等交 易涉及本集團提供商品或服務);
   及
- 未超逾之前的公布中披露的相關年 度上限。

董事會確認收到核數師於2021年3月31日 發出的確認書以確認上市規則第14A.56條 所規定的事宜。

#### 此前年度簽訂的仍在執行的關連交易

#### 湖山天然鈾買賣協議

本公司之全資附屬公司中廣核國際銷售公司,與本公司控股股東之同系附屬公司斯 科公司於2019年6月14日訂立湖山天然鈾 買賣協議,據此中廣核國際銷售公司將購 買及斯科公司將出售1.55百萬磅湖山天然 鈾,並按訂明的交付計劃,在2019年起的 七年內分批交付。

#### NOTIFIABLE TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Reporting Period, except for above announced continuing connected transactions, the Company has not carried out other notifiable transactions and connected transactions that needed to be disclosed.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Group entered into certain transactions with "related parties" as defined under the applicable accounting standards. A summary of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during Reporting Period is contained in note 35 to consolidated financial statements.

Save for (i) purchases of natural uranium resources from Semizbay-U and (ii) dividend income received from Semizbay-U, which do not constitute connected transaction of the Company, all the other related party transactions constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company, among which all such transactions are fully exempted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions, as the case may be, save for (i) sales of natural uranium resources to China Uranium Development (a subsidiary of CGNPC-URC), (ii) interest income from CGNPC Huasheng, (iii) Interest income from CGN Finance; (iv) rental income from CGNPC-URC, and (v) purchases of natural uranium resources from Swakop.

The disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules have been complied in respect of the non-fully exempted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the announcements of the Company dated 9 May 2019, 14 May 2019 and 14 June 2019 and the circular of the Company dated 9 September 2019.

#### 需予披露交易及關連交易

期內,除上述持續關連交易外,本公司未 有需予披露的交易及需要披露的關連交 易。

#### 關聯方交易

本集團與根據會計準則定義的「關聯方」訂 立若干交易。本集團於報告期內進行的關 聯方交易概要載於綜合財務報表附註35。

除(i)向謝公司購買天然鈾資源及(ii)從謝公 司收到的股息收入不構成本公司的關連交 易外,所有其他相關交易均構成本公司的 關連交易或持續關連交易,其中全部均為 全面豁免的關連交易或持續關連交易(視 情況而定),惟(i)向中國鈾業發展(中廣核 鈾業發展的附屬公司)出售天然鈾資源; (ii)從中廣核華盛收到的利息收入;(iii)從中 廣核財務收到的利息收入;(v)從中廣核鈾 業發展收到的租金收入;及(v)向斯科公司 購買天然鈾資源除外。

本公司日期為2019年5月9日、2019年5月 14日及2019年6月14日的公告及本公司日 期為2019年9月9日的通函中,已就未獲 全面豁免的關連交易或持續關連交易遵守 了上市規則第14A章的披露規定。

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentages of purchases and sales attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers for the Reporting Period are as follows:

#### Purchases

#### Sales

- the largest supplier: 12% five largest suppliers: 51%
- the largest customer: 15% five largest customers: 56%

China Uranium Development, the controlling shareholder, is the largest customer of the Group for the Reporting Period. Mr. An Junjing, an ED and the chief executive officer of the Company, Mr. Chen Deshao, an ED and the chief financial officer of the Company, Mr. Yu Zhiping, a NED and chairman of the Company, Mr. Sun Xu, a NED, Mr. Yin Xiong, a NED, were the directors and/or the senior management of CGNPC-URC, the holding Company of China Uranium Development, at different times during 2020. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the above major suppliers or customers of the Group.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

During the Reporting Period, the Company (as service receiver) and CGNPC-URC entered into "Shared Administrative Services Agreement" for providing shared administrative services to the Company by CGNPC-URC.

#### CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Save as disclosed in this report, there were no contracts of significance or material contracts on provision of services between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Company's Controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

報告期內,本集團主要供貨商及客戶所佔 購買及銷售之百分比如下:

購買	銷售
一最大供貨商:12%	-最大客戶:15%
一五大供貨商:51%	-五大客戶:56%

本集團報告期內的最大客戶為控股股東中 國鈾業發展。本公司執行董事兼首席執 行官安軍靖先生,執行董事兼首席財務官 陳德邵先生,非執行董事兼主席余志平先 生,非執行董事孫旭先生,非執行董事殷 雄先生均在2020年不同時間為中國鈾業發 展之母公司中廣核鈾業發展董事及/或高 級管理層。除上述披露外,並無董事、其 聯繫人士或任何按董事所知悉擁有本公司 股本5%以上的股東於上述主要供貨商或 客戶擁有權益。

#### 管理合約

報告期內,本公司(作為享有服務方)與中 廣核鈾業發展就後者向前者提供行政共享 服務訂立《共享行政服務協議》。

#### 與控股股東或其附屬公司之重 要合同

除本報告披露者外,報告期內概無本公司 或其任何附屬公司與本公司之控股股東或 其他任何附屬公司訂立重要合同或訂立提 供服務之重大合同。

#### **OTHERS**

#### **Environmental Protection**

The Company, as a green energy affiliate, pays high attention to environmental protection. We vigorously promotes environmental protection by promoting green, energy saving and environmental protection concept, such as advocating the green office, encouraging the replacement of paper document with electronic document, the use of double-sided printing and eco-friendly appliances, etc. At the same time, the Company also organizes irregular tree planting activities for employees and promote the use of public transportation or walking instead of driving by publicity activities, etc.

#### **Relationship with Suppliers and Customers**

During the period under review, the Company maintained a good relationship with its suppliers and customers.

#### **Social Participation**

The Company actively participates in social charity, encourages and organizes employees to participate in the "Love" activities such as helping and visiting people in need.

#### **Equal Opportunity and Diversity**

The Company respects and treats every employee the same, and promotes equal opportunity and policy of diversification regardless of age, sex or marital status.

#### **Compliance with laws and regulations**

As of 31 December 2020 and thereafter and up to the date of this report, to the knowledge of the Directors, the Group complied in all material aspects with applicable laws, rules and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Reporting Period, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had an interest in a business which competes or likely to compete, either directly or indirectly with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

#### 其他

#### 環境保護

本公司作為與綠色能源相關的企業,十分 重視環境保護。本公司大力提倡保護環 境,倡導綠色、節能及環保理念。包括在 日常工作中大力倡導綠色辦公,鼓勵使用 電子文件替代紙質文件、文件雙面打印及 複印及裝置環保節能的電器等。同時,本 公司亦不定期組織員工參與植樹活動及提 倡以搭乘公共交通工具或者步行替代駕車 出行的宣傳活動等。

#### 與供應商及客戶的關係

於回顧期內,本公司與供應商及客戶之間 保持良好關係。

#### 社會參與

公司積極參與社會慈善,鼓勵並組織員工 參與「獻愛心」活動如幫助和探訪有需要人 士。

#### 平等機會與多元化

本公司尊重及平等對待每一位員工,並提 倡機會平等及不分年齡、性別、婚姻狀況 等的多元化政策。

#### 遵守法律及法規

截至2020年12月31日及直至本報告之日 起,據董事所知,本集團在所有重大方面 均遵守相關法律、規則及法規。

#### 董事於競爭業務的權益

報告期內,本公司董事及彼等各自聯繫人 士(定義見上市規則)概無直接或間接在與 本集團業務構成或可能構成任何競爭的業 務中擁有任何權益。

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

During the Reporting Period, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreement.

#### DONATIONS

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not make charitable donations.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available and to the best knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's issued shares has been held by the public throughout the Reporting Period and thereafter up to the date of this announcement, in compliance with the requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been audited by BDO Limited who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Given SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited had been serving as the auditors of the Company for over ten years, the Audit Committee considered that a new accounting firm should be engaged as the auditors of the Company as a good corporate governance practice. As a result, SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited did not stand for reappointment upon retirement as the auditors of the Company at the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 June 2020 and BDO Limited has been appointed as the auditors of the Company in succession of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 June 2020.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

No special matters need to be brought to the attention of Shareholders after the reporting day.

By Order of the Board **Yu Zhiping** *Chairman* 

Hong Kong, 31 March 2021

報告期內,本公司並無訂立任何股票掛鈎 協議。

#### 慈善捐款

報告期內,本集團未進行慈善捐贈。

#### 公眾持股量

於報告期內及之後直至本公告日期,根據 本公司得悉的公開資料及董事所知,本公 司至少25%已發行股份被公眾股東持有, 符合上市規則要求。

#### 核數師

截至2020年12月31日止年度的綜合財務 報表已經由香港立信德豪會計師事務所有 限公司審核。香港立信德豪會計師事務所 有限公司將任滿告退,惟合資格並會於應 屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

鑒於信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司已擔任本公司核數師超過十年,審核委員會認為作為良好的企業管治常規,應委任新的會計師事務所為本公司核數師。因此,信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司於本公司於2020年6月18日舉行的股東週年大會結束時退任後,不再膺選連任,而香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司於2020年6月18日舉行的本公司股東週年大會上獲委任為本公司核數師,繼任信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司的職務。

#### 報告日後事項

香港,2021年3月31日

承董事會命

*主席* 余志平

報告日後無特別事項需提請股東垂注。

#### **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

This environmental, social and governance report (the "Report") discloses the practices and performance of the Group in environmental, social and governance issues in the past year. The Report is in compliance with the "comply or explain" provisions of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") and contains all recommended disclosures in the Guide.

#### **REPORTING SCOPE**

This Report covers the Group's main operating sites including the UK office and the Hong Kong office, and Semizbay-U in Kazakhstan, in which the Company holds a 49% equity interest, as well as the two mines under its management, Semizbay Mine and Irkol Mine (the "Mines"). Although Semizbay-U is not a subsidiary of the Company and its Mines are not directly operated by the Group, staff of the Group have been sent to participate in its management and control. In view of its significant impact on the Company's operation and ESG performance, it is included in the scope of this report.

The reporting period is from 1 January to 31 December 2020, the same as the financial period of the annual report.

#### **REPORTING PRINCIPLES**

The Report follows the ESG Reporting Guide and applies the following principles:

Materiality: In order to identify and assess material issues affecting stakeholders, we conduct materiality assessment surveys through a series of communication activities with stakeholders to determine factors that have a material impact on the sustainable development of the Group.

Quantitative: The Group makes records and estimates of quantitative data and compares them with past performance data where feasible. To ensure the accuracy of environmental KPIs, the Group has commissioned an external consultant to conduct carbon assessment, and adopted relevant national and international standards including the guidelines issued by the National Development and Reform Commission, ISO 14064-1, and Greenhouse Gas Protocol. The quantitative information on social KPIs in the Report comes from the statistical records of relevant departments of the Group.

#### 關於本報告

本環境、社會及管治報告(「本報告」)披露 了本集團於過去一年在環境、社會及管治 議題方面的行動與表現。本報告乃遵守 《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「ESG報告 指引」)載列的所有「不遵守就解釋」條文, 並根據指引中的所有建議披露作匯報。

#### 匯報範圍

本報告的內容涵蓋集團的英國辦公室及香 港辦公室等主要營運地點,以及本公司於 哈薩克斯坦擁有49%權益的謝公司及旗下 的謝礦及伊礦(下稱「礦場」)。雖謝公司並 非本公司子公司而其旗下礦場非由本集團 直接運營,但本集團有派員參與其管控。 鑒於謝公司對本公司的經營及ESG表現有 相當影響力,故納入本報告範圍。

報告期為二零二零年一月一日至十二月 三十一日,與年報的財政期間相同。

#### 匯報原則

本報告依循ESG報告指引,應用以下原 則:

重要性:為識別及評估對業務有關人士有 影響的重大事宜,我們還透過多項與業務 有關人士的溝通活動,進行實質性評估調 查,以釐定對本集團可持續發展有重大影 響的因素。

量化:本集團對量化資料作出紀錄及估 算,並在可行情況下與過往績效比較。為 確保環境關鍵績效指標的準確性,本集團 已委託外部顧問進行碳評估,當中採納中 華人民共和國國家發展和改革委員會發佈 的指南、ISO 14064-1和溫室氣體盤查議 定書等國家及國際標準。本報告中社會關 鍵績效指標的量化資料則來自本集團的相 關部門的統計記錄。

Balance: The information and cases herein are mainly sourced from the Group's statistical reports, relevant documents and communications for 2020. The Group undertakes that there are no misrepresentations and misleading statements in the Report, and accept responsibility for the authenticity, accuracy and completeness of the content herein. The information about the Mines herein is sourced from local operators, and the Group has made truthful disclosures based on the documents and information provided by them.

Consistency: We follow the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for reporting. Where there are any changes in the future that may affect the comparison with previous reports, the Group will add notes to the corresponding content of the report.

#### FEEDBACK

We welcome comments from stakeholders on our environmental, social and governance measures and performance. Please send us your suggestions or opinions via email at ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn

#### ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE STATEMENT OF THE BOARD

The Group has been committed to becoming a world-class nuclear fuel supplier that provides safe, economical and reliable nuclear fuel products and services for nuclear power plants. The Group strives to create a more prosperous and sustainable society, and hopes to bring long-term benefits to the society while pursuing good business performance and sustained growth. The Board takes full responsibility for the sustainable development of the Group and leads the Group to fulfil its social responsibility. We also perform sustainability risk management and maintain communication with stakeholders to ensure that our development meets the expectations of stakeholders. The Board is in overall charge of developing the Group's environmental, social and governance strategies and reports, as well as monitoring and managing ESG-related risks. The Report has also been confirmed and approved by the Board. 平衡性:本報告的資料和案例主要來源於 二零二零年度集團內部的統計、相關文 檔及溝通文件。本集團承諾本報告不存在 任何虛假記載及誤導性陳述,並對內容真 實性、準確性和完整性負責。而本報告中 所載列有關礦場的內容均由當地營運商提 供,本集團亦按照所提供的文件及資料作 如實披露。

一致性:我們遵循「香港聯交所環境、社 會及管治報告指引」進行匯報。未來若有 任何可能影響與過往報告作比較的變更, 本集團會於報告相應內容加入註解。

#### 意見反饋

本集團歡迎各持份者就我們的環境、社會 及管治方法及表現提供意見,請以電子郵 件(ir.cgnmc@cgnpc.com.cn)提供您的建議 或與我們分享您的意見。

#### 董事會的環境、社會及管治聲 明

本集團一直致力於成為國際一流的核燃料 供應商,為核電站提供安全、經濟、可 靠的核燃料產品和服務,努力締造更繁榮 和可持續發展的社會,冀能在爭取業務表 現和持續增長的同時,亦能為社會帶來長 遠裨益。董事會肩負起本集團可持續發展 事宜的全部責任,帶領本集團實踐社會費 任。我們亦會維持可持續發展風險管理及 與持份者的溝通,確保其發展方向合乎各 持份者期望。本集團的董事會全面負責本 集團的環境、社會及管治策略和報告,以 及監察和管理環境、社會及管治相關風 險。本報告亦已獲董事會確認及批准。

In order for the Group to fulfil its vision of corporate social responsibility, we have developed a set of core values of corporate social responsibility, including "undertaking responsibility", "rigorous and practical", "innovation", "customer-oriented" and "creating value".

#### **Undertaking Responsibility**

We believe that building a sustainable future for the earth leads to the responsible growth of our business. Accordingly, the Board takes ultimate responsibility for sustainable development of the Group. The Board is tasked with formulating policies and strategies, and ensuring environmental, social and governance risks are integrated into the Group's risk management mechanisms and long-term business plans. the Company has established a sound comprehensive risk management system to effectively identify, track and control risks with reference to the ISO31000:2009 standard "Risk Management-Principles and Guidelines" and the requirements of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices on risk management. We strictly implement the Comprehensive Risk Management Measures, and have set up separate risk management procedures for comprehensive risk management. The Board, the management, the risk management department and business departments perform their respective duties for risk management to ensure that the Group's risk management system is running efficiently. We have established a risk management and internal control system.

#### **Rigorous and practical**

At the operational level, our business units and departments keep track of our operational performance and ensure compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. We also engage external professional consultants to comprehensively review the soundness and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and market value management systems. By conducting special audits, risk management assessment and internal control evaluation, and regularly providing management recommendations to the Board, the audit department effectively prevents and monitors relevant risks that exist in the operations and management of the Group, played the positive role of internal audit in risk prevention and control and internal control, and ensured the operational compliance of the Group. 為本集團實踐其企業社會責任願景,我們 訂了一套企業社會責任的核心價值,包括 「責任擔當」、「嚴謹務實」、「創新進取」、 「客戶導向」、「價值創造」等。

#### 責任擔當

我們認為,為地球創造可持續未來,業務 才能得以負責任地增長。故此,董事會對 集團的可持續發展肩負全面責任,負責制 定各項政策及策略,並確保可持續發展的 風險獲納入集團的風險管理機制及長遠的 業務計劃中。本公司已建立完善的全面風 險管理體系,以ISO31000:2009標準《風 險管理-原則及指引》及企業管治守則重 有關風險管理的要求作為重要參考,對風 險進行有效識別、跟踪及控制,嚴格落實 《全面風險管理制度》,並將全面風險業建 立相區分的風險管理流程。董事會、管理 層、風險管理部門及業務部門根據其於風 險管理中承擔的職責開展工作,確保集團 風險管理體系有效運作。我們已設立風險 管理及內部監控系統。

#### 嚴謹務實

營運層面方面,業務單位及部門持續追蹤 營運表現及確保遵循所有適用的法律與規 例。營運層面方面,業務單位及部門持續 追蹤營運表現及確保遵循所有適用的法律 與規例。我們亦會委託外部的專業顧問, 對集團風險管理及市值管理的體系健全 性和執行有效性進行了全面梳理評價。通 實施專項審計及風險管理評價和內控評 價,並定期向董事會提供管理建議,有效 防範和監控了集團相關領域運作與管理中 存在的風險,發揮了內部審計在風險防控 和健全內控方面的積極作用,確保了集團 的合法合規經營。

#### Innovation

We constantly look for ways to improve our business, and introduce innovative environmental management projects to reduce pollution and save natural resources. A large wastewater recycling system has been built to save annual industrial water consumption of the Mines by 10%. In addition, the Mines have installed solar heat exchangers for indoor heating and built photovoltaic power stations to meet their daily lighting needs with solar energy, saving approximately 5% of electricity consumption. These measures reduce carbon emissions and energy consumption.

#### **Customer oriented**

We strive to deliver products and services that attain the highest levels of safety and quality. The Group has formulated strict quality and safety policies providing clear basis for all its operations, so as to enhance the quality and efficiency of work.

#### **Creating value**

In the context of deepening reform of the industry, the Group is restructuring its employee training programmes. It is crucial for us to ensure that our employees can develop and improve their skills in their career. In addition to our employees, we also care about community development. In the past year, the Group contributed to community development in different fields through cultural and educational support and other activities.

Looking forward, the Group will continue to improve its internal control system, incorporate the requirements for strengthening internal control into the management procedure documents, and strengthen supervision over the implementation of various measures of the Group to prevent internal control risks. The Group is studying how to establish a sound long-term incentive and restraint mechanism to link the growth of employees with the development of the Group, so as to encourage employees to make maximum contribution to the Group, stimulate the vitality of the Group as a whole, and promote its high-quality development.

#### 創新進取

我們不斷尋找提升業務的方法,亦不斷引 入不同的創新環境管理項目,以減少污染 及節約天然資源。過去,礦場採用了大型 的的廢水循環再用系統,有效為礦場節省 每年10%的工業用水,另外,礦場亦安裝 了太陽能熱交換器為室內供暖,建造了光 伏電站,採用太陽能發電為礦場提供日常 照明,約節省5%的耗電量,從而減少碳 排放及能源消耗。

#### 客戶導向

我們竭誠以最高的安全水平和質量水平為 客戶提供產品和服務。集團制定了嚴謹的 品質政策及安全政策,使其各項事務的運 作都有明確依據可以遵循,以此提升工作 的質量及效率。

#### 價值創造

在行業深化改革的背景下,本集團將其僱 員培訓計劃進行整合。確保員工能夠在 職業生涯中發展及提高技能對我們至關重 要。除了員工外,我們亦十分關心社區發 展,在過去一年,集團不斷支持文化教育 等活動,並身體力行,為不同領域的社區 發展不遺餘力。

展望未來,本集團將繼續完善內部控制制 度,將強化內部控制要求落實在管理程 序文件,並加強對集團各項制度執行的監 督,防範企業內部控制風險。本集團正研 究建立健全長效激勵約束機制,將員工的 成長與集團發展聯繫起來,以鼓勵員工最 大程度的為集團做貢獻,並激發整體企業 活力,推動集團高質量發展。

#### STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group understands that listening to stakeholders' opinions and effectively and continuously responding to and addressing their concerns are indispensable for its business plan and development and the fulfilment of its corporate social responsibility. As such, we endeavour to get a deep understanding of the concerns of different stakeholders, and build a relationship of mutual trust and mutual benefit with them to promote sustainable development.

The Group endeavours to adopt the opinions of stakeholders (including shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers, regulators and the public) through constructive communication and protect their rights and interests, so as to determine the Group's long-term development direction and maintain close relations with stakeholders. The Group regularly disclose its operating performance and project progress on the Group's website (www.cgnmc.com) and the information disclosure website designated by the Stock Exchange (HKEXnews: www.hkexnews.hk). In addition, when receiving inquiries from investors, the Group will promptly get in touch with them and invite them to visit the Group or attend teleconferences where the Group will answer their questions to help them understand its operating information. Meanwhile, the Group holds roadshows in various forms such as results presentations to introduce the latest information of the Group from time to time and invites investor representatives, potential investors and analysts to attend the roadshows.

#### 持份者參與及重要性評估

本集團明白聆聽持份者意見,以及有效地 和持績地回應及關注他們的問題是集團計 劃發展業務及履行企業社會責任的一個不 可或缺的環節。因此,我們深入瞭解不同 持份者關注的事項;與他們建立互信互惠 的關係,從而推動可持續發展。

本集團努力通過建設性的溝通方式採納持 份者(包括股東、客戶、員工、供應商、 監管機構和社會公眾)的意見及保障彼等 權益,以確定本集團的長期發展方向及與 其保持密切的關係。本集團定期於集團網 站(www.cgnmc.com)及聯交所指定資訊披 露網站(披露易:www.hkexnews.hk)中定 期披露本集團的經營情況及項目進展。此 外,當收到投資者查詢時本集團將及時與 投資者取得聯繫,並通過邀請投資者親臨 集團或透過電話會議等形式助其瞭解集團 經營資訊及解答疑問;同時本集團亦不定 期舉辦業績發佈會等形式的路演,邀請部 分投資者或潛在投資者及分析師參加,以 介紹本集團最新情況。

The Group communicates with stakeholders in the following ways:

本集團與持份者的溝通方式如下:

Major stakeholders	Communication methods
主要持份者	溝通方式
Investors	Maintain close, transparent and efficient communication with shareholders through regular investor meetings, annual general meetings, emails, investor relations hotline and investor mailbox and announcements.
投資者	通過定期投資者會議、股東週年大會、電郵、投資者關係熱線及投資 者信箱及公告等形式,與持份者保持緊密、透明及高效溝通。
Customers	Establish a department and delicated person to deal with needs of
	customer and give timely response to problems raised.
客戶	設專門部門及專人對口客戶需求並及時對出現的問題給予反饋。
Employees	Develop measures for employment and employee benefits, and
	strengthen employees' awareness of occupational safety and health through training.
員工	制定僱傭及員工福利制度,透過培訓加強員工對職業安全及健康之意 識。
Suppliers	Carry out open and transparent procurement through emails,
	meetings, review and evaluation process to achieve mutual benefit
	and win-win results with suppliers.
供應商	透過電郵、會議、審核及評估流程,達致公開透明的採購政策,與供 應商互利共贏。

After internal communication, we identified the following aspects as the key areas having significant impact on the Group's sustainable development: 經過內部溝通後,我們識別出以下的項目 為對本集團可持續發展有重大影響的方 面:

Environmental 環境方面	Socia 社會方	
<ul> <li>Pollution Control</li> <li>污染控制</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Equal Employment 平等僱傭</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supply Chain Management 供應鍵管理</li> </ul>
Making Good Use of Resources	Occupational Health and Safety	Quality Products
善用資源	職業健康與安全	優質產品
<ul> <li>Promoting Green Operations</li> <li>推動綠色營運</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Training and Development 培訓發展</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Corporate Governance 企業治理</li> </ul>
•	Protection of Rights and Interests	Giving Back to Society
	權益保障	回饋社區

#### A. Environmental

#### 1. Emissions

The Group is committed to environmental protection and sustainable development in a drive to fulfil its social responsibility as a corporate citizen. To achieve a better green life, we have formulated a series of measures to reduce environmental impact, control exhaust and greenhouse gas emissions and discharge to water and land, reduce the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, so as to honour our continued commitment to environmental protection.

For emission and waste management, the Group aims to fully comply with the regulatory requirements and strictly abide by all applicable environmental laws and regulations, such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China. During the Reporting Period, the Group had no violation of any relevant regulations.

### 環境

Α.

1. 排放物

集團的排放及廢物管理以 完全符合法規要求為目 標,嚴格遵守所有適用的 環保法例和法規,例如《中 華人民共和國環境保護 法》,報告期內並未有違規 的情況。 The Group undertakes to reduce the impact of its business operations on neighbouring areas. Due to our business characteristics, none of our offices has a significant amount of exhaust emissions. However, we require all offices and the Mines to strictly abide by local regulations on exhaust emissions. The Mines have each obtained an exhaust emission permit issued by Kazakhstan's environmental protection authority, and regularly conduct exhaust emission tests to ensure that the exhaust emissions do not exceed the emission limits stipulated by relevant laws and regulations. The air pollutants emitted by the Group mainly come from fuel consumption during operations and by vehicles. It is crucial to implement emission control measures to reduce environmental impact and protect the health of employees. We gradually upgrade machinery and transportation equipment to replace diesel and gasoline with natural gas. This move can lower the consumption of diesel and gasoline and reduce the emissions of sulphur dioxide and other exhaust gases and carbon dioxide caused by the combustion of diesel and gasoline. During the Reporting Period, the gasoline-fuelled administrative vehicles at the headquarters of the Mines were converted to run on natural gas.

The annual emissions of gas fuel at the Mines and vehicles are as follows:

集團承諾減少業務營運對 臨近地區的影響,由於業 務特性,我們旗下的各營 運辦公室均沒有重大的廢 氣排放,但是我們要求及 礦場均嚴格遵從當地有關 廢氣排放的法例。礦場亦 已取得哈薩克斯坦政府環 保部門所發出的廢氣排放 許可,並定期進行廢氣排 放檢測,以確保廢氣排放 量不超出相關的法律法規 規定排放達標。集團排放 之空氣污染物主要來自 營運過程中及車輛產生之 燃料消耗。實施排放控制 措施以減低環境影響及保 護僱員健康至關重要。我 們續步升級機械及運輸設 備,以天然氣代替柴油或 汽油作燃料,減少柴油及 汽油的消耗之餘,亦能有 效減少由燃燒柴油及汽油 所導致二氧化硫等的廢氣 排放及二氧化碳排放,在 報告期間,礦場總部的行 政汽車由汽油改裝成天然 氣。

礦場的氣體燃料及車輛年 排放數據如下:

Pollutants 污染物	<b>Unit</b> 單位	Air pollutant emissions 廢氣污染物排放量	
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) 氮氧化物(NOx)	kg 千克	4,087.69	
Sulphur Dioxide (SOx) 硫氧化物(SOx)	kg 千克	4.46	
Particulate Matter (PM) 顆粒(PM)	kg 千克	309.08	
			4

It is an indisputable fact that global warming is getting worse and worse. To solve such problems as environmental pollution and greenhouse effect, the world is focusing on developing clean energy. The Group and the Mines are also involved in this effort by mining natural uranium to provide a key fuel for the nuclear energy industry. Yet, in the course of operations, we inevitably generate some greenhouse gas emissions. As a responsible enterprise, we have formulated a series of regulations and rules in accordance with relevant local laws and regulations to reduce emissions.

To reduce emissions, the Group has adopted and implemented a series of measures:

- We provide, and encourage employees to use, video and telephone conference systems to reduce the frequency of business travel and the greenhouse gas emissions caused by transportation;
- We have developed a regional procurement policy to give preference to local suppliers, so as to reduce energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions resulting from additional transportation; and
- We give priority to the use of eco-friendly equipment, such as choosing variable frequency air conditioning, using refrigerants with less damage to the ozone layer, and replacing gas stoves with induction cookers.

針對減少產生排放物,本 集團採納及實踐一系列的 措施:

- 我們提供並鼓勵員 工使用視頻及電話 會議系統,以減少 商旅出差及其相關 交通運輸引致的溫 室氣體排放;
  - 制訂了關於區域性 採購的政策,盡可 能選用本地供應 商,以減少因額外 的運輸過程而增加 的能源消耗及溫室 氣體的排放;及
  - 優先選用較環保的 設備,例如:可變 頻空調設備及使用 減低損壞臭氧層的 冷媒;改用電磁爐 具,以取代使用煤 氣的設備

The greenhouse gas emissions of the Group are as follows :

集團的溫室氣體排放量如 下:

	enhouse gas ssion category	Unit	UK an Hong Kong Office	
	氣體排放類別	單位	英國及香港辦公室	
in	enhouse gas emissions total ,室氣體排放量	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent 公噸二氧化碳當量	18.93	18,414.20
Dire	ct emissions (Scope 1)	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	0	2,435.02
直接	排放(範圍一)	公噸二氧化碳當量		
	gy-related indirect nissions (Scope 2)	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent	18.93	15,979.17
能源	間接排放(範圍二)	公噸二氧化碳當量		
Note:	Environmental KPIs issued IPCC Guidelines for Nationa	I on the Reporting Guidance on by the Stock Exchange, 2006 al Greenhouse Gas Inventories, port, and latest grid emission	é t	計算乃基於聯交所所發佈 的環境關鍵績效指標報告 指引、二零零六年IPCC 國家溫室氣體清單指南、 PCC第五次評估報告、最 新電網排放因子:
		from stationary combustion of irect combustion of diesel from	ł	範圍1包括柴的固定燃燒 排放、柴油的移動源直接 然燒排放;以及
	Scope 2 includes indirect en power.	ergy emissions from purchased		範圍2包括購買電力的能 原間接排放。
Solid	waste disposal		固廢處理	里
W/o h	ave introduced sove	ral waste emission or	为今 理	地減低生產過程中
		control measures to		廢棄物產生量,確

discharge reduction and control measures to reasonably reduce the amount of waste generated in the production process and ensure effective management of temporary waste storage. All offices and Mines are closely tracking of laws and regulations and other requirements published by local governments as well as actual conditions, and actively and scientifically sort, collect, and store waste within the Group. 為合理地減低生產過程中 產生的廢棄物產生量,確 保廢棄物的暫存管理工作 有效對動廠。各辦公室 例針對廠。各辦公室及 管均注律的該當當 時的法律法,積極將 和實際情況,積極將 和實的廢棄物科學地分 類、收集、存放。 The solid waste generated in UK and Hong Kong offices mainly consists of three types: non-recyclable domestic waste, recyclable domestic waste (cartons, papers, waste metal, waste plastic bags, glass, etc.), and hazardous waste (waste batteries, waste toner cartridges, waste ink cartridges and other toxic and hazardous waste). Recyclable wastes will be reused as much as possible in day-to-day office operations, or disposed by waste recycling stations. Hazardous wastes will be stored separately and passed to external agencies or returned to the manufacturer(s) for disposal, and shall not be discarded randomly in order to prevent re-contamination. Non-reusable domestic wastes produced from the Hong Kong office's operation are under centralised management by property management personnel of the office building, and will be transported to a waste transfer station for classification, and then transported to the site designated by the municipal sanitation department for disposal. Those produced from United Kingdom's office operation will be delivered to waste collection station of the office building by cleaning workers and then arranged for collection and treatment by the municipal government.

Due to our business characteristics, none of our offices generates a significant amount of hazardous waste. Nevertheless, we actively promote the Mines to, in strict accordance with local environmental laws and regulations, transfer the hazardous waste generated in the production process, such as lead-containing accumulators and batteries, waste oil, and waste chemical reagents, to qualified agencies for recycling and disposal. In addition, in order to reduce the generation of waste, the Mines also collect, classify, and arrange recycling of non-hazardous waste such as plastic glass and metal to encourage recycling. For example, the Mines collect iron-containing solid waste and put it in leaching solution pools to help extract more natural uranium, thus reducing waste and increasing output; and engage qualified processing companies to recover, process and recycle hazardous waste such as waste oil and drilling fluid.

英國及香港辦公區產生的 固體廢棄物主要由三部分 組成:不可回收的生活廢 棄物,可回收的生活廢棄 物(紙箱、紙張、廢金屬、 廢塑料包裝袋、玻璃等), 有害廢棄物(廢電池、廢 硒鼓、廢墨盒等有毒有害 垃圾)。對有可回收利用 價值的廢棄物,則盡量再 次利用到日常辦公室營運 工作中,或交由廢品回收 站處理。有害廢棄物單獨 存放集中外委處理或返回 廠家,不隨意棄置,防止 再次污染。對於辦公中產 生的不可再利用的生活廢 棄物,香港辦公室會交由 大廈物業人員統一管理, 運送到垃圾中轉站分類處 置,並集中運送到市政環 衛部門指定地點處理;而 英國辦公室則會交由清潔 工運送到辦公樓的垃圾收 集處,由市政府安排收集 處理。

由於業務特性,我們旗下 的各營運辦公室均沒有重 大的有害廢棄物產生,但 是我們積極推動礦場嚴格 按照當地的環保法例對生 產過程中產生的有害廢棄 物,如含鉛的蓄電瓶和電 池、廢油、廢棄的化學試 劑等轉交相關的合資格處 理商進行回收處置。另一 方面,為減少廢棄物的產 生,礦場亦積極對塑膠玻 璃、金屬等無害廢棄物進 行分類收集及安排回收以 鼓勵回收再造,例如:礦 場會收集含鐵的固體廢棄 物,再放進溶浸液池以協 助提取更多的天然鈾,減 少浪費並有助增加產量; 另外,亦會聘請合資格處 理商對廢油、鑽井液等有 害廢棄物安排回收並經加 工處理後,再循環使用。

The amounts of hazardous and non-hazardous waste generated by the Group are as follows :

集團的有害及無害廢棄物 產生量如下:

Waste category 廢棄物類別	Unit M 單位	ines in Kazakhstan 哈薩克斯坦礦場
Hazardous waste 有害廢棄物 Non-hazardous waste	tonnes 公噸 tonnes	3.40 34.90
無害廢棄物	公噸	

#### 2. Use of Resources

Climate change is a huge and complex challenge we are facing nowadays. The Company deeply understands that all companies have the responsibility to protect the environment. Due to our business characteristics, our offices do not need to use any packaging materials in the course of operations. The transportation and packaging of nuclear materials in the Mines are carried out according to international safety standards and the highest specifications, so as to prevent any leakage and ensure public safety.

We advocate the use of energy-saving, efficient and environmentally-friendly construction equipment, machinery and office appliances recommended by the state and the industry, and give preference to such equipment with an aim to gradually improve energy efficiency. Meanwhile, we keep ourselves updated on the latest environmental news to optimise the existing services, so as to reduce environmental pollution.

#### 2. 資源使用

During the year, the Group implemented the following energy-saving measures to control power consumption:

年內,本集團實行以下的 節能措施以控制耗電量:

#### Energy-saving measures 節能措施

The Mines: 礦場:

- Conduct electricity consumption management in the mine areas, and turn off lighting in warehouses and dormitories when no one is there; power consumption shall not exceed the average at full-load production;
- 對礦區施行量化用電管理,倉庫或宿舍無人時會關閉
   照明;用電不超過全負荷生產的平均用電量;
- Set production schedule for continuous production and make reasonable production plans for the Mines to prevent uneven power consumption and minimise wastage of power arising from machine idling;
- 礦區處於連續生產作業,按生產計劃,合理安排生產 計劃,避免用電不均,避免機器空轉而導致不必要的 耗電;
- Review power consumption on a regular basis, and assess and inspect those departments and workshops with abnormal power consumption to ensure reasonable power consumption;
- 定期評估電耗,對電耗異常的部門車間進行評估檢查,確保用電合理;
- prohibits the use of incandescent lamps in the Mines, and installs and uses energy-saving LED lighting systems to replace the original lightings;
- 礦山禁止使用白熾燈,並安裝和使用節能的LED照明
   系統取代原有照明燈具;
- For indoor heating, solar heat exchangers have been installed to replace traditional fossil fuels through heat exchange principles, thus reducing carbon emissions and energy consumption; and
- 安裝了太陽能熱交換器為室內供暖,利用熱交換原理 取代以傳統石化燃料提供熱能,以減少碳排放及能源 消耗;及
- Photovoltaic power stations have been built to meet the daily lighting needs of the Mine, which is expected to save 5% of power consumption.
- 建造了光伏電站,採用太陽能發電為礦場提供日常照
   明,預計可節省5%的耗電量。

Energy-saving measures 節能措施

UK Office and Hong Kong Office: 英國辦公室及香港辦公室:

- Turn off the air conditioning and lighting equipment immediately after leaving the office/conference room and other rooms. Put up a "Save Energy" label at the exit of each room as a reminder;
- 在辦公室/會議室等房間使用完畢後,應立即關掉空 調及照明設備。並在房間出口貼上「節約能源」標貼以 作提示。
- Turn off excessive lighting in places that are very bright. Keep the indoor temperature at 25℃;
- 在光線過強的地方,應減除過量的照明設備。保持室 內溫度在25℃;
- Wear light clothes in hot months to minimise the need for air conditioning;
- 在炎熱的月份穿着輕便的服裝,盡量減低對空調的需求;
- Turn off computers and unnecessary lighting during non-working hours or when leaving the workplace to reduce power consumption;
- 在非辦公時間或需要離開工作間時,應將電腦及不必 要的照明關掉,以減少耗電量;
- Activate the lock or sleep mode of computer through the "power management" function when needed;
- 按個別情況,應透過「電能管理」功能使電腦進入靜止 或休眠設定模式;
- Turn off unnecessary servers at night, Saturday afternoon and public holidays; and
- 在夜間、星期六下午和公眾假期,關掉並非必需的侍服器;及
- Use energy-saving lighting fixtures, such as LED lighting, to achieve higher energy efficiency.
- 盡量使用節能的照明燈具,如發光二極管(LED),以達 至較高能源效益。

The total energy consumption of the Group is as follows:

集團的總耗能如下:

Energy type 能源種類	Unit 單位	UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室	
Total energy consumption 總能源耗量	thousand kWh 千個千瓦時	21.54	31,886.81
Total energy consumption intensity	thousand kWh/person	1.13	1,678.25
總能源耗量密度	千個千瓦時/人		
Direct energy consumption	thousand kWh	N/A	9,059.42
直接能源耗量	千個千瓦時	不適用	
Direct energy consumption intensity	thousand kWh/person	N/A	476.81
直接能源耗量密度	千個千瓦時/人	不適用	
Indirect energy consumption 間接能源耗量	thousand kWh 千個千瓦時	21.54	22,827.39
Indirect energy consumption intensity	thousand kWh/person	1.13	1,201.44
間接能源耗量密度	千個千瓦時/人		
Note: The unit of energy data is conv lower heat value;	verted into kWh based on the		源數據參考較低熱值換 為千瓦時;
Direct energy consumption rep and	presents diesel consumption;		接能源耗量為柴油耗 ;及
Indirect energy consumption rep	presents power consumption.	間	接能源耗量為電力耗 。
The water used in all of the offices of the Group is mainly sourced from municipal pipelines. Although the operating offices of the Group do not have difficulty in sourcing water in their daily operations, we still persistently reduce the water resources used in business operations and instruct the operating offices and the Mines to strictly control the discharge and treatment of sewage and strengthen the management of water resources, with a view of "saving water and using it wisely". All of our operating sites and the Mines implement a variety of water management measures, including:

- Promote the concept of water conservation to employees, and put up the "Save Water" label in appropriate places to remind employees to reduce water use in daily operations and turn off the faucet immediately after using it, so as to reduce unnecessary waste and achieve the purpose of water conservation;
- Regularly inspect water use areas in the Mines sites, strengthen the daily maintenance management of water equipment, and regularly maintain water supply facilities such as water pipes and hoses to reduce hidden leakage and prevent water waste caused by facility damage;

- 我們積極向員工 推行節約用水的 概念,於適當地方 貼上「節約用水」標 語,提醒中減少用 水,注意別水龍頭, 減少不必要的浪 費,以達至節約用 水的目的;
  - 定期在礦場園區對 用水區域進行巡 查,加強用水設備 日常維修管理,設備 不喉水管等供水設 施定期進行保養, 以減及防止因設施 損壞導致水浪費;

- A large sewage recycling system was built where sewage generated in production will be transported to a biological purification station for purification and disinfection, and then be reused in garden irrigation, equipment cleaning and production. The system can save 10% of industrial water for the Mines each year;
- Optimize work procedures and introduce advanced alternative materials and equipment, and calculate the amount of wastewater generated each year and estimate future wastewater generation;
- The domestic wastewater of the hydrometallurgy workshop is transferred to the septic tank after chlorination, transported to a biological purification pool through plastic pipeline for purification, and then reused; and
- Arrange reasonable use of water based on production plan, and conduct assessment of water consumption on a regular basis to develop more effective water-conservation plans and measures, thereby reducing unnecessary waste.

The total water consumption of the Mines is as follows:

- 優化工作程序和配 置先進的可替代材 料和設備,以及每 年核算廢水的生成 量並對將來廢水生 成進行預估;
- 水冶車間的生活廢 水氯化後送往化糞 池,廢水經塑料管 線輸送到生物進化 池進行淨化,然後 再次利用;及
- 按生產計劃合理安 排用水及定期評估 用水量,以制定更 有效的節水方案及 措施,從而減少不 必要的浪費。

礦場的總耗水量如下:

	<b>Unit</b> 單位	Μ	lines in Kazakhstan 哈薩克斯坦礦場
Water consumption 耗水量	m³ 立方米		104,544.00
Water consumption intensity 耗水量密度	m³/person 立方米/人		5,502.32
lote: The water consumed in the HK and UK offices is immaterial and is provided by the property management and there is no record for the water consumption of both offices.		註:	香港和英國辦事處的用水 不多,且由物業管理部門 提供,沒有兩個辦事處的 用水量記錄。

#### 3. Environment and natural resources

The Group actively integrates environmental protection responsibility into its daily operations. We will continue to examine feasible strategies and measures for energy conservation and look for more opportunities for energy conservation and carbon reduction. The Group also encourages its subsidiaries and the Mines to comply with the relevant state's green economy policy to reduce the consumption of the environment and natural resources.

The success of environmental management relies on the support and cooperation of employees. As such, the Group and the Mines provide environmental protection education to employees, encourage them to practise energy conservation and environmental protection in every aspect of work and life, and advocate the conservation of water, electricity, paper and office supplies. Employees are also organised to take environmental protection training courses and examinations on a regular basis to enhance their awareness of environmental protection. We also encourage employees to participate in environmental protection activities organized by various organizations from time to time to enhance employees' understanding of environmental protection and environmental management. Moreover, we inform employees of energy savings through environmental protection signs displayed at prominent location of the operating sites, such as well sites, hydrometallurgy workshops, office area and computers.

In order to undertake its responsibility as a corporate citizen, the Group promotes green operations and works on all aspects of its operations to reduce environmental damage. Our operating offices and the Mines have a safety and environmental management department to take charge of inspecting and supervising the environmental protection and management of the Mines.

#### 3. 環境及天然資源

集團積極將環境保護的責 任融入到日常經營行為 中,我們會持續檢視節約 能源的可行策略和措施, 並尋。場團亦鼓勵旗下公 開及優濟政策,以減低對 環境及自然資源的消耗。

環保管理的成功,有賴於 員工的支持和配合。因 此,本集團及礦場積極向 員工推行環保教育,鼓勵 節能環保從工作生活細節 做起,提倡節約用水、用 電及用紙,節約使用辦公 用品,並會對員工定期進 行環保培訓和考試,以增 強他們的環保意識。我們 亦不時主動鼓勵員工參與 不同機構所舉辦的環保活 動,以提升員工對保護環 境和環保管理的理念。另 外,於營運地點當眼處如 井場、水冶車間、辦公區 及電腦上張貼環保標誌, 提醒員工節約能源。

為承擔企業公民的責任, 集團提倡線色營運,在營 運各個細節著手,致力減 少對環境的損害。我們各 個營運辦公室及碼場門, 員檢查和監督礦山的環境 保護和治理工作。 In terms of conservation, it is strictly forbidden to hunt and kill animals in the Mines and the surrounding areas, and vehicles of the Mines and external contractors are prohibited from entering the vegetation area outside the Mines.

Without the permission of the government, the Mines shall not destroy or transplant plant species protected by the state; the explored mining areas will be reclaimed with surface vegetation to restore the original ecological environment and reduce the damage caused to the environment. In addition, as to the procurement of materials, we give preference to materials that have a relatively low impact on the environment. For example, the Mines use casing pipes made of non-toxic polyethylene and polyvinyl chloride for well completion to prevent pollution of the underground environment.

We have put in place green office measures for office operations, including: attaching a power saving sign to each power control device; setting the air conditioning system to keep the office room temperature at 25°C; building an auxiliary office automation (OA) system to reduce the use of paper for application submission; and implementing paperless office by using email communication at work as much as possible to reduce paper consumption. We also conduct internal communication from time to time to strengthen the implementation of these measures. Moreover, as for purchasing stationery items and equipment, it is the Group's on-going task to encourage green procurement strategies. For instance, prioritizing to the use of refrigerators and other electrical appliances with energy efficiency labels, using various environmentally friendly materials such as reusable ink cartridges, recycled papers and second-handed furniture, so as to avoid consumption of excessive resources.

在保育方面,礦場內一率 嚴格禁止捕殺礦區及周邊 的動物及禁止礦山和外部 承包商的車輛駛入礦區以 外的植被區域。

我們為辦公室營運訂立綠 色辦公室措施,包括:在 各電源空制位置貼上節約 用電的提醒標示;設定空 調系統,保持辦公室室內 為25℃;建立辦公OA輔 助系統,減少紙張流轉申 請; 實施無紙化辦公, 在 工作溝通中儘量以電郵溝 通,减少用紙。我們亦不 定期進行內部溝通,以加 強落實該措施。此外,在 採購辦公室文儀用品及設 備方面,集團一直鼓勵推 動綠色採購策略,例如優 先選用獲得能源效益標籤 的雪櫃及其他電器;及採 用多樣的環保物料,如環 保墨盒、環保紙及二手傢 私等,以避免過度的資源 消耗。

#### 4. Climate Change

The Group has always been concerned about climate change issues. For this reason, the Group strives to take the best measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from business operations and combat climate change. In order to cope with unexpected extreme weather such as severe cold or typhoon, the Mines have formulated emergency response plans for extreme and severe weather. For example, the Mines provide heating for employees in the northern mining area where it is often very cold in winter; equip dressing rooms with sauna to help outdoor workers guickly recover their body temperature; and set up observation stations in the mining areas to provide necessary support for outdoor workers. In case of severe weather such as typhoon, rainstorm and extreme heat. managers need to mobilise staff and take preventive measures, and schedule employees' commuting to and from work in accordance with relevant regulations, so as to ensure the safety of employees. The Group also takes advice from local government departments and develops relevant protective measures to avoid physical damage as much as possible.

#### 4. 氣候變化

集團一百關注氣候變化議 題,為此本集團力求採取 最佳措施,減少業務營運 所帶來的溫室氣體排放, 對抗氣候變化。為應對突 如其來的極端天氣如嚴寒 或颱風等,礦場亦已制定 有關極端及惡劣天氣的緊 急應對方案,例如在北部 礦區冬天時常出現嚴寒, 為員工提供暖氣;而更衣 室配用桑拿房,幫助室外 作業工人迅速恢復體溫; 礦區設有觀察站點,可 為礦區室外作業工人提供 必要支持。當萬一遇上颱 風、暴雨及酷熱等惡劣天 氣,管理人員更需調動人 手和採取預防措施,並合 規地安排僱員的上下班, 以保障員工安全;本集團 亦會參照當地政府部門的 建議,制定好相應的保護 措施,盡可能避免受到實 體性損壞。

#### B. Social

#### 1. Employment

Employees are the most valuable asset of the Group. We protect the rights and interests of employees, care for their health and safety, improve their working conditions, and explore better career development opportunities for them. As an employer that advocates equal opportunities and cares about employees, the Group and the Mines uphold the principles of "fairness, openness, and employee-position matching" for recruitment management. According to such principles, we only focus on whether each applicant's capabilities and qualifications fit the requirements of the relevant position during recruitment. The Group respects employees' personal freedom, protects their personal privacy, establishes a diverse culture, and has zero tolerance for any discrimination against employees based on race, colour, age, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, pregnancy, belief or marital status.

The Group and the Mines have always entered into employment contracts with employees in accordance with employment laws of the regions in which we operate, specifying the rights and obligations between the Group and employees, so as to create the stable and sustainable employment. We have established specific measures for dismissal and compensation. If an employee seriously misbehaves in the course of work and causes damage to the interests of the Group, the Group and the Mines may terminate his/her employment contract in accordance with the relevant employment laws and request compensation from him/her according to law.

## 社會 *1. 僱傭*

Β.

僱員是集團最寶貴的資 產。我們保護僱員的權利 和利益,關愛其健康和安 全,改善其工作條件,並 為僱員探索更好的事業發 展機會。作為一個提倡機 會平等及關心員工的僱 主,本集團及礦場的崗位 聘任管理制度中均以「公正 公開、人崗匹配」為招聘原 則,依照該原則,我們在 招聘員工時只強調應徵者 的個人能力資歷是否適合 職位所定的要求。本集團 尊重員工的個人自由,建 立多元文化,包融不同人 種、膚色、年齡、性別、 性取向、種族、殘疾、懷 孕、信仰或婚姻狀況的員 工,絕不容忍姑息任何歧 視,尊重員工的個人自 由,保護員工個人私隱。

The Group adhere to the management philosophy of "setting post-specific salaries and adjusting salaries for job changes", and have developed a comprehensive annual salary review mechanism. According to its annual total salary budget, the Company formulates a salary adjustment plan as appropriate based on the benchmarking against similar positions in the market and the performance appraisal grades of employees for the previous year to provide employees with fair and competitive compensation packages.

We have a set of management policies for promotion and transfer of employees. The transfer or promotion of an employee's position is suggested based on business needs, and an appraisal will be conducted on the performance of such employee. The appraisal result will be reviewed by the human resources department and approved by the chief executive officer. Career progression of an employee is determined based on the performance in its results and works and the qualification of individual. We encourage employee development and give priority to internal selection for hiring talents under the same conditions.

Providing employees with generous benefits can help a company attract and retain talents. As such, the Group provides employees with medical insurance, maternity leave for women and paternity leave for men; the Mines offer holiday allowances and maternity leave subsidies to care about the lives of employees, and provide employees with maternity leave of up to three years and one month of paid leave in accordance with local labour laws. The Group understands that the cohesion of employees is a key driving force for corporate development, and good communication channels with employees serve as a cornerstone of the Group's operations. As such, the Group welcomes and values employees' opinion. Employees can express their suggestions to the Group at any time through suggestion box, email, telephone, and social media.

We always value the physical and mental health of employees and support them to enjoy living a full life in their spare time. The Group has set up a 24hour psychological counselling hotline service for employees and issued them Happy-feeling cards. The Company also provides anti-stress training to stimulate employees' awareness of stress management and expand their physical and mental resources, so as to reduce the impact of stress on themselves and the Company and help them manage stress more effectively. In addition, the Group's employee handbook stipulates that employees are not encouraged to work overtime in order to ensure that they have enough rest time.

The Group strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations on remuneration and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare, such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China; the Employment Ordinance and the Employees' Compensation Ordinance in Hong Kong; and the Equal Opportunities Employment Policy, the Equality Act 2010 in the United Kingdoms. There was no violation during the Reporting Period.

本集團嚴格遵守有關薪酬 及解僱、招聘及晉升、工 作時數、假期、平等機 會、多元化、反歧視以及 其他待遇及福利的相關法 律及規例,例如《中華人民 共和國勞動法》、《中華人 民共和國勞動合同法》、 《中華人民共和國社會保 險法》;香港地區的《僱 傭條例》、《僱傭補償條 例》;以及英國的《Equal **Opportunities Employment** Policy, the Equality Act 2010》等法律法規,報告期 內並未有違規情況。

The number of employees of the Group by category is as follows:

集團按不同類別劃分的僱 員人數如下:

<b>Category</b> 分類		UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室	<b>Mines in Kazakhstan</b> 哈薩克斯坦礦場
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	10	468
Female	女性	5	49
By employment type	按僱傭類型劃分		
Full-time	全職	15	517
Part-time	兼職	0	0
Apprentices and interns	學徒和實習生	0	0
Contract <sup>Note 1</sup>	合約 <sup>註1</sup>	0	45
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
Under 25	25歲以下	0	139
25 to 34	25至34歲	5	125
35 to 44	35至44歲	7	130
45 to 54	45至54歲	1	94
55 to 64	55至64歲	2	29
65 or above	65歲或以上	0	
By region	按地區劃分		
The PRC	中國	0	0
Hong Kong	香港	7	0
Others	其他	8	517
Note 1: Contract employees are classified by employment the data classified by other	type, and are not included in	註	<ol> <li>合約員工僅在按僱傭類型 劃分的數據中呈列,並未 包括在以其他方式劃分的</li> </ol>

數據之內。

**116** CGN Mining Company Limited Annual Report 2020

The employee turnover rate of the Group by category is as follows:

集團按不同類別劃分的僱 員流失比率如下:

Category 分類		UK and Hong Kong Offices 英國及香港辦公室	Mines in Kazakhstan 哈薩克斯坦礦場
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	8%	5%
Female	女性	0%	12%
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
Under 25	25歲以下	0%	2%
25 to 34	25至34歲	17%	14%
35 to 44	35至44歲	0%	5%
45 to 54	45至54歲	0%	3%
55 to 64	55至64歲	0%	3%
65 or above	65歲或以上	0%	
By region	按地區劃分		
The PRC	中國	0%	0%
Hong Kong	香港	14%	6%
Others	其他	0%	6%

#### 2. Health and Safety

The Group and the Mines always put the safety of employees first. Accordingly, we have established a safety management system to ensure that employees can work in a safe working environment at all times. In order to implement the safety production policy of "safety first, prevention prioritized, and comprehensive governance", improve the Group's ability to cope with risks and prevent accidents, protect employees from occupational hazards during production and operations, and prevent occupational safety accidents and occupational diseases, the Group has developed management systems for safety management, accident prevention, emergency rescue, and occupational health of employees.

#### 2. 健康與安全

本集團及礦場一直把員工 的安全放在首位,為此, 建立了系統化的安全管理 制度,務求令員工時刻能 在安全的工作環境中作 業。為了貫徹落實[安全第 一、預防為主、綜合治理」 的安全生產方針,提高集 團應對風險和防範事故的 能力,保障員工在生產勞 動過程中不受職業病危害 因素的影響,預防職業安 全事故和職業病的發生, 本集團針對安全管理、事 故預防及應急救援預案及 員工職業健康等制訂管理 體系。

In order to improve its safety management, the Mines have set up a safety department to take charge of the safety affairs in the Mines. The safety department conducts safety inspections on the work sites on a weekly basis to review the Group's occupational health and safety performances, reports the existing risks and proposes relevant rectification measures, and supervises and tracks the progress of the rectification measures to further reduce the accident rate. There are one occupational health and safety specialist and two first-aiders to take care of the safety matters in UK office. Moreover, we conduct safety risks assessment on a yearly basis, and take immediate rectification actions for the problems appearing to minimize the safety risk of possible problems.

The Group recognizes that safety risk assessment of the production sites can effectively prevent accidents. As such, the Mines will conduct analysis and risk assessment of the working environment to identify the processes and areas with risks, and take appropriate corrective and preventive measures for operations that fail to comply with the internal occupational health and safety regulations. Based on the safety risk assessment results, the Mines have developed a number of specific safety measures, such as: provide sufficient personal protective equipment, like safety belts for aerial work, anti-dust and anti-harmful gas masks and acidproof overalls, and require that employees must wear these equipment when entering a workplace; arrange for motor vehicle safety inspectors to inspect the driving conditions of mineral vehicles and the health conditions of drivers in order to ensure the safe driving of vehicles; and test the operational status of relevant equipment and mineral vehicles on a regular basis. We are dedicated to promoting safety culture to ensure the occupational safety and health of employees. The Mines require all employees to receive safety training and pass a safety examination before taking up a job. In addition, the Mines also arrange a safety examination every two years so that employees can review and update their safety knowledge.

為提升礦場的安全管理水 準,礦場設立了安全部門 專青礦場內的安全事務, 安全部門會每週進行工 作場地的安全檢查,以 定期檢視集團的職業健 康及安全事務表現,並 匯報存在的風險和相應的 整改措施,更會對整改措 施的完成狀態進行監督及 追蹤,以進一步降低事故 發生率。在英國辦公室亦 安排了有一名職業健康安 全專員及兩名急救員負責 該區辦公室的安全事務。 另外,我們亦會每年進行 安全風險評估,如發現問 題,及時整改,以減少危 害安全的風險。

集團深明對生產區域進行 安全風險評估能有效預防 意外的發生,礦場會對工 作環境進行分析及風險評 估以識別出存在風險的工 序及範圍,並對未能符合 由內部編製的安全和職業 健康規定的操作採取相應 的糾正預防措施。透過安 全風險評估結果,礦場制 定了多項針對性的安全空 制措施,例如:提供充足 的個人防護裝備,如高空 作業安全帶、防粉塵和防 有害氣體口罩、防酸工作 服等,並嚴格規定進入工 作場地必須佩戴;機動車 安全檢查員對礦產車輛的 行駛狀況和駕駛員的健康 狀態進行巡查,確保車輛 安全行駛;並定期對有關 設備及礦產車輛進行運行 狀態測試。我們積極推動 安全文化,確保職工職業 健康安全,礦場規定所有 員工入職前必須經過安全 培訓和通過考核,此外, 還安排每兩年進行一次安 全考試,讓員工重溫及更 新安全知識。

The Mines are very concerned about the health of employees. Each year, the Group provides comprehensive physical examinations for employees, and invite medical experts to give health lectures to increase the health knowledge of employees. We are also concerned about employees' mental health. The Group and the Mines organized psychological awareness workshops for employees on a regular basis, in order to improve their social skills, emotion management skills and productivity. Meanwhile, as aforesaid we specifically purchased mental health consulting services that offered full mental support to employees with individual counselling over the phone.

The Group strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations on the provision of a safe working environment and protection of employees from occupational hazards, such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases. There was no violation during the period.

#### 3. Development and Training

To maintain the Group's competitiveness in the world of rapid development of technology, it is important that we keep our skills and knowledge up-to-date. Therefore, the Group heavily invests resources in the training and continuous education of employees and establishes an on-the-job training system. We encourage and promote the vocational and professional development of employees. Each year, we develop annual personal training plans for employees. Every employee will be arranged to take a series of job skills training courses every year based on his/ her annual training plan. The subjects of the courses are closely related to the actual work of the employee, which can help quickly improve his/her job skill in both theory and practice and thus continuously enhance his/her vocational and professional capabilities.

礦場十分關注員工的健康 狀況,每年定期為員工提 供全面的身體檢查,亦會 激請醫學專家到進行健康 講座, 增進員工的健康知 識。我們亦關心員工的心 靈健康,集團及礦場會定 期為員工舉辦心理健康講 座,以提昇他們的社交技 巧、情緒處理能力及生產 力;同時,如前述我們特 意採購心理健康諮詢服 務,員工可以通過電話諮 詢的形式獲得一對一的心 理輔導,以讓員工得到更 全面的情緒支援。

本集團嚴格遵守有關提供 安全工作環境及保障僱員 避免職業性危害的相關法 律及規例,例如《中華人民 共和國職業病防治法》,期 內並未有違規情況。

3. 發展及培訓

在科技發展日新月異的社 會中,我們堅信掌握最新 技能和新知識有助保持集 **围的競爭力**,因此本集團 積極投放資源於員工培訓 及持續教育及建立在職培 訓體系。我們鼓勵並推行 僱員職業化和專業化發 展,每年均為員工制定個 人年度培訓計劃,每位僱 員根據個人年度培訓計劃 每年都將被安排參加一系 列崗位技能培訓,培訓內 容與該雇員的實際工作緊 密結合,有助於從理論和 實踐兩方面快速提升僱員 的工作技能,進而持續提 升該僱員的職業化和專業 化水平。

In order to speed up the adaptation of new employees to the working environment and their integration into the Group's culture, new employees will receive shortterm induction training after joining the Group to learn about the Group's history, mission, corporate culture, and system and policy requirements. The Group will assign an induction mentor to each employee to help them to start their work smoothly as soon as possible. The Mines provide various training courses on professional skills and language skills for employees to equip themselves for work. The courses cover engineering design, instrumentation and software applications, and English and Kazakh learning. Since 2017, the Mine have carried out winter and summer camp learning programs every year for employees to acquire knowledge regarding lean production through a relaxed team learning model, thereby enhancing the professional management skills of employees and improve the operating efficiency of the Group.

The Group is well aware that it is extremely important to provide opportunities for the younger generation to give full play to their strengths and develop their careers. In order to broaden the horizons of young personnel, the Mines encourage them to receive continuing education and sign further study contracts with them to fund their study and retain their jobs. The Group matches its development needs with the career development goals of employees, and guides employees to realise their value and dreams in life by accumulating knowledge and upgrading skills, so that they can grow together with the Group.

為了讓新入職員工加快適 應工作環境及融入集團文 化,新僱員加入集團後, 將接受短期的入職培訓, 以瞭解集團的歷史、宗 旨、企業文化和政策制度 要求。集團會為僱員指派 一位入職導師,幫助僱員 能儘快順利開展工作。礦 場亦為員工提供各方面的 專業技能及語言技巧培訓 課程以裝備工作所需,課 程涵蓋工程設計、儀器及 軟件應用,亦提供英語和 哈薩克斯坦語等的課程。 礦場於2017年至今,每年 均開展冬季和夏季營學習 計劃,員工透過輕鬆的團 隊學習模式以獲得精益生 產的相關知識,提升員工 的專業管理技巧及提高集 團的營運效益。

The Group's percentage of employees trained by category and the average hours of training completed per employee are as follows:

集團按不同類別劃分的受 訓僱員百分比及每名僱員 完成受訓的平均時數如 下:

Category			Kong Offices 港辦公室 Average training hours of employees in each category (hours) 各類別員工的 平均培訓		Cazakhstan 新坦礦場 Average training hours of employees in each category (hours) 各類別員工的 平均培訓
分類		百分比(%)	時數(小時)	百分比 <b>(%)</b>	時數(小時)
<b>By gender</b> Male Female	<b>按性別劃分</b> 男性 女性	68% 32%	70.00 80.00	92% 8%	22.84 22.04
By employee type Senior management Middle management	<b>按僱員類別劃分</b> 高級管理層 中級管理層	5% 11%	70.00 0.00	3% 12%	43.00 37.76
Supervisor General employee	主管 一般員工	26% 58%	73.33 0.00	8% 77%	21.35 20.67

#### 4. Labour Standards

The Group has been committed to protecting its employees' rights and interests and creating a fair working environment for them. Therefore, the Group strictly prohibits the recruitment of child labour and illegal labour and the use of any forms of forced labour. The Group strictly complies with local laws in relation to employment, including the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China in the PRC; the Employment Ordinance and Employees' Compensation Ordinance in Hong Kong and the Equal Opportunities Employment Policy, the Equality Act 2010 in the UK. During the Reporting Period, there was no case of prosecution for violation of laws and regulations relating to the prevention of child labour or forced labour.

#### *4. 勞工準則*

本集團一百致力保障員工 權益,為員工建立一個公 平的工作環境。因此,本 集團絕對禁止任何僱用童 工及黑工的行為,及以任 何形式對員工實行強制勞 動的情況。集團嚴格遵從 當地的僱傭法例,包括《中 華人民共和國勞動法》、 《中華人民共和國勞動合同 法》、《中華人民共和國社 會保險法》;香港地區的 《僱傭條例》、《僱傭補償 條例》;以及英國的《Equal **Opportunities Employment** Policy, the Equality Act 2010》,報告期內未有因為 違反與防止童工或強迫勞 工相關的法例而被檢控的 個案。

The Group's employee handbook stipulates that employees are not encouraged to work overtime in order to guarantee that they have enough rest time. In addition, the Group has established the Measures for Employment and Labour Management of the Group, which clearly state that the requirements of national and local labour laws and regulations must be met. Before hiring any applicant, the Group will thoroughly check all kinds of documents and files related to the applicant's age, and take effective measures to verify his/her age, so as to ensure that the applicant reaches the legal working age. The employment contract of the Group states the rights and responsibilities of both parties to protect employees' legitimate rights and interests in accordance with the requirements of local laws and regulations. The Group ensures that all employees work on a voluntary basis and prohibits any form of indentured servitude, bonded labour, corporal punishment, imprisonment or threat of violence. In addition, we allow employees to exercise their freedom of association by participating in trade unions and collective bargaining, and to report any suspected misconduct or abuse through the Group's whistleblowing mechanism. The Mines also abide by the provisions of Kazakhstan's labour law concerning the prohibition of forced labour, including the prohibition of servitude, corporal punishment or threat of violence against employees, and appropriately arrange their working hours and workload.

The Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations on the prevention of child labour or forced labour, such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China. There was no violation during the Reporting Period.

本集團的員工手冊中訂明 不鼓勵員工加班,以確保 員工能擁有良好的作息時 間。另外,本集團亦建 立了《集團勞動用工管理 制度》,規章制度清楚列 明須符合當地的國家及地 方勞工法律法規要求。本 集團在聘用任何應徵者之 前會徹底檢查與應徵者年 齡相關的各類文件檔案, 並採取有效措施核實其年 齡,確保應徵者達到法定 勞動年齡。本集團的僱佣 合約符合當地法規要求, 列明雙方權責,保障員工 得到應有的權益,禁止任 何形式的強迫勞工,確保 所有員工都在自願的基礎 上工作,禁止使用任何勞 役或契約式勞工、體罰、 監禁,或暴力威脅。我們 亦允許員工可以通過參加 職工會和參與集體談判來 行使結社自由,亦可以透 過集團的舉報機制,通報 任何疑似的不當行為或虐 待事件。礦場亦按照哈薩 克斯坦勞動法中關於禁止 強制勞工的要求,包括禁 止對員工行使勞役、體罰 或暴力威迫,並合理安排 員工的工作時間和勞動強 度。

本集團嚴格遵守有關防止 童工或強制勞工的相關法 律及規例,例如《中華人民 共和國勞動法》,報告期內 並未有違規情況。

#### 5. Supply Chain Management

The steady development of the Group's business is dependent on the reliable support of its suppliers. Supplier is one of the major stakeholders who contributes to business value recreation, with tight bonding with the Group. The Group is also fully committed to building a good partnership with our suppliers. To promote closer relations and cooperation with suppliers, the Group has created the flexible procurement standards in order to cater different needs in our supply chain.

The Group is proud to provide excellent products and services to our customers. Working closely with a wide range of suppliers is key to our success. The Group established a sound supplier selection process to ensure potential suppliers and subcontractors engaging in fair competition and having equal opportunity. In addition, all materials and service contracts of the Mines shall be publicised and go through a tender process on the tender website of the National Welfare Fund Samruk-Kazyna of Kazakhstan. Prospective suppliers shall provide all necessary gualification documents on the website for review to ensure that the process is open, fair and impartial. The Mines also set up a bidding committee composed of employees or management from various departments to conducts final review and approval of tendering and bidding.

#### 5. 供應鏈管理

集團以致力為客戶提供優 質產品及服務為榮。我們 成功的其中一個關鍵是獲 得各類穩妥的供應商支 持。集團擁有完善的供應 商引進流程,並確保所有 潛在供應商及分包商均能 公平競爭及享有均等的機 會。此外,礦場所有的物 資和服務合同須經過哈薩 克斯坦薩姆魯克卡澤那基 金會的招標網站進行公示 和招投標工作,供應商在 網站上提供所有的資質文 件以供審核以確保過程公 開、公平及公正。礦場亦 設立招投標委員會,委員 會由各個部門的員工或管 理者組成,對招投標工作 進行最後的評審和審核。

The Group's purchasing department conducts quality inspections of suppliers' products from time to time to ensure the stable and sufficient supply of materials and goods at the agreed quality, time and price and other terms of service. The Mines have also established strict criteria for selection and performance assessment of suppliers, covering the advance level of suppliers' equipment and the reliability of their technical capabilities. The assessment criteria also cover environmental and safety issues, including assessing the energy consumption of suppliers' equipment, the impact of their production process on the environment, the extent to which the consumption of raw materials is reduced, and the safety of their equipment.

As a responsible corporate citizen, in addition to seriously taking two major issues of environmental protection and social responsibility, the Group and the Mines encourage suppliers and service contractors to join hands with us to help mitigating environmental and social impacts that induced by business operations. The Group urges them to promote environmental protection and social responsibilities in all aspects. We require our suppliers and contractors to comply with the Group's policies on environmental protection and occupational health and safety and strict corporate governance standards.

集團的採購部會不定期對 供應商產品進行品質檢 測,確保按照約定的質 量,時間,價格和其他服 務條款承諾,提供穩定充 足的物資和貨物。礦場亦 訂立了嚴謹的供應商評選 及表現評估的標準,評審 準則包括供應商設備的先 進程度,技術技能的可靠 性;而評審準則同時亦覆 蓋環保及安全的範疇,當 中包括評核供應商設備的 能耗、生產過程對環境的 影響、減少原材料消耗的 程度;還有設備的安全性 等。

We have formulated Supplier Qualification Assessment Questionnaire, and require suppliers to complete a self-assessment on environmental and social risks, in order to reduce environmental and social risks throughout our value chain. Furthermore, the Group has established stringent criteria for supplier selection and performance assessment. The criteria include supplier's equipment, reliability of their technical skills, environmental protection and the safety scope. Energy consumption of supplier's equipment, environmental impact of the production process and the level of reduction in raw material consumption are also considered. Moreover, equipment safety is also one of the criteria.

When purchasing materials and equipment, the Group will comprehensively consider their environmental performance. For example, when purchasing machines and lighting systems, we will give priority to more energy-efficient appliances on the basis of meeting the technical parameters, with a view to integrating the Group's environmental vision into all aspects of the supply chain.

The number of major suppliers of the Group by region is as follows:

我們制定了《供應商資格 評審調查問卷》,並要求 供應商進行環境及社會風 險自我評估,以期望減低 集團價值鏈的環境及社會 風險。另外集團訂立了嚴 謹的供應商表現評估的標 準,評審準則包括供應商 設備的先進程度,技術技 能的可靠性;而評審準則 同時亦覆蓋環保及安全的 範疇,當中包括評核供應 商設備的能耗、生產過程 對環境的影響、減少原材 料消耗的程度;還有設備 的安全性等。

本集團在採購物料及器具 時亦會綜合考慮其環保表 現,例如購置機器及照明 系統時在符合技術參數時 優先選用更具能源效益的 環展 境保護願景推展至供應鏈 各個層面。

集團按不同地區劃分的主 要供應商數目如下:

<b>Region</b> 地區		Number of suppliers 供應商數目
The PRC	中國	0
Hong Kong	香港	2
Others	其他	30

#### 6. Product Liability

The Group strictly abides by the relevant laws and regulations and industry quality standards to improve its quality management standards, protect the basic rights and interests of customers, and provide responsible products and services to customers, so as to achieve the "quality, environment and safety" goals of 100% customer satisfaction, zero complaints and zero accidents.

The Mines have obtained ISO 9001 Quality Management System certification to guarantee that the entire mining process is carried out in accordance with the international standards. This reflects the Group's commitment to operating its business with the highest quality standards. The management policies and quality standards under the quality management system framework have been fully promulgated and implemented across the Group.

In order to ensure the quality and reliability of the products provided, the Group will conduct sample analysis before delivery according to the customer's product standards. In addition, the Mines strictly stipulate that during the storage and transportation of products, all uranium containers must be sealed to the maximum extent possible to avoid leaking of radioactive materials and damage to the biosphere. In the course of transportation, it is required that the hazardous nature of uranium products must be clearly marked on the transportation vehicles for safety warning.

#### 6. 產品責任

集團嚴格遵守有關的法律 法規和行業的質量標準, 以提高質量管理水準,保 障客戶基本權益,為客戶 提供負責任的產品和服 務,務求達致百份百客戶 滿意度,零投訴,零事故 的品質環境安全目標。

The Group always focuses on customer satisfaction and we always apply it at each point of production. We are keen to raise the performance level of various aspects of the business. Moreover, as for complaints about quality issues, the Group will do its utmost to make improvements and resolve the issues concerned while analysing the causes to improve its performance in this regard.

The Mines have formulated a policy to prohibit all employees from disclosing information about customers who purchase natural uranium, and require employees to sign a confidentiality agreement to prevent the leakage of information. Confidential documents including customer's personal information shall be strictly managed and kept by a dedicated department. Employees are not allowed to access these documents without permission. In addition, the Group takes customer information security seriously. We strictly implement an information security management system, raise all employees' awareness of information security, constantly improve the information security measures, and encrypt and manage sensitive data to protect the interests of relevant parties.

We always attach great importance to and protect intellectual property. To create an environment for a fair competition, the Group has been completely following the standards and practices of the rights. The Group has established sound rules and regulations on intellectual property protection. We also organise education and training on intellectual property for employees to raise their awareness of intellectual property protection and establish the concepts of innovation, integrity and intellectual property protection.

礦場制定了政策禁止所有 員工向外界洩露購買天然 鈾的客戶資訊,並要求員 工簽署保密協議,防止資 料外洩。而客戶的個人資 料等機密文件必須受嚴格 管理,由專職部門保管儲 存。未經允許,員工不得 擅自利用。本集團同時注 重客戶資訊安全,透過嚴 格執行資訊安全管理體 系,提高所有員工的資訊 安全意識,不斷完善資訊 安全制度,對敏感資料加 密管理,以保障相關方的 利益。

The Group promotes the adoption of sound promotion and marketing practices, and any advertisement shall not make a description, claim or explanation that is inconsistent with the facts. We will also formulate our sales and promotional documents in accordance with the relevant laws and codes of practice to ensure that our promotional materials and advertising content are true, fair and reasonable, free from any misleading statements, so as to protect the interests of consumers. Given the specificity of product usage and quality measurement standards, the Mines' product publicity is basically consistent with the real information on the product concerned without any exaggeration or misrepresentation. The Group strictly abides by the laws and regulations on product health and safety, advertising, labelling, remedies and protection of intellectual property rights, and complies with the laws and regulations related to privacy issues, such as the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China. There was no violation during the period.

本集團鼓勵採用良好的宣 傳推廣手法,任何廣告不 得作出與事實不符的描 述、聲稱或説明。我們亦 會根據相關的法例和實務 守則的規定,制定我們的 銷售及宣傳文件,確保我 們推廣資料及廣告內容真 **實、公平和合理,不應有** 誤導成分,以保障消費者 的利益。由於產品的使用 途徑及品質衡量標準的單 一性,礦場對產品的宣傳 基本保持與產品本身資訊 一致,並不會涉及任何誇 大失實成分。本集團嚴格 遵守有關產品的健康與安 全、廣告、標籤、補救方 法以及保障知識產權的相 關法律及規例,同時遵守 有關私隱事宜的相關法律 及規例,例如《中華人民共 和國廣告法》,期內並未有 違規情況。

#### 7. Anti-Corruption

The Group has a strict anti-corruption policy which requires all employees to professionally and stringently comply with the Group's policies on conflicts of interest, code of conduct for business activities, and prevention of bribery and corruption. By creating a good corporate atmosphere and guiding and standardising the daily work behaviour of employees, we aim to maintain proper operations and management, prevent fraudulent activities that harm the interests of the Group, and improve work efficiency and effectiveness. The Group has developed an internal control system to manage anti-fraud investigation and publicity and employees' conflicts of interest. We strive to build a corporate culture of integrity and fairness by upholding the principles of honesty, fairness and transparency, undertaking responsibility, and having zero tolerance to corruption and fraud. We regularly organise anti-corruption training to enhance employees' awareness of business integrity.

#### 7. 反貪污

集團一百奉行嚴格的防止 **貪污政策**,訂明所有員工 必須專業地嚴格地遵守集 團於利益衝突、商務活動 行為規範、防止賄賂與貪 污等範疇所制訂之政策。 為營诰良好的企業氛圍, 引導和規範集團員工的日 常工作行為,以期達到維 護正常的經營管理秩序, 防範損害集團利益的舞弊 行為,提升工作效率和效 果的目的。本集團制訂了 內控管理體系管理反舞 弊調查及宣傳,以及員工 利益衝突。我們致力建立 廉潔公平的企業文化,持 守誠實、公平、透明及承 擔責任,絕不容忍貪污和 欺詐。我們會定期舉辦反 腐敗犯罪行為的培訓,以 加強員工對商業誠信的認 知。

In order to build a corporate culture of integrity and prevent corruption, the Mines have formulated anticorruption and anti-fraud policies which clearly defines that all violations of financial regulatory measures including money laundering, illegal provision of material rewards to individuals and enterprises, illegal receipt of material rewards from individuals are illegal acts of corruption. Specific preventive measures have also been developed to prevent corruption. The Mines organise open tendering and bidding in strict accordance with the procurement rules set by the National Welfare Fund Samruk-Kazyna of Kazakhstan to ensure the fairness and compliance of the relevant procedures. The procurement rules also stipulate that the tender notice and related information shall be published to material suppliers or service contractors on the designated media. Furthermore, the Group's internal service procurement shall go through a rigorous preapproval process, and a tiered approval system has been set up for bids and contracts with different amounts to ensure that the procurement procedures are closely monitored.

The Group strictly abides by the laws and regulations on the prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, such as the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China. There was no violation during the Reporting Period.

為建立廉潔的企業文化和 防止貪污舞弊行,礦場更 制定了反貪污和防止欺詐 政策,明確定義一切違反 金融監控措施包括洗黑 錢、非法向私人和企業提 供物質獎勵、非法收受私 人的物質獎勵均屬違法的 **貪污行為**,並制定針對性 的預防措施以杜絕貪污情 況的出現。礦場嚴格按照 哈薩克斯坦薩姆魯克卡 澤那基金會訂下的採購辦 法實行公開招標及投標, 確保相關程序公平合規進 行,採購辦法亦同時規定 必須向物資供應商或服務 承辦商於指定媒界發佈招 標告示及相關資訊。除此 之外,集團內部的服務採 購須經過嚴謹的前置審批 流程,而對不同額度的標 書及合約更設立分級別的 審批制度,確保採購程序 得到嚴密監管。

本集團嚴格遵守有關防止 賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑 錢的相關法律及規例,例 如《中華人民共和國反不正 當競爭法》,報告期內並未 有違規情況。

#### 8. Community Investment

The Group respects the diverse cultures and existing traditions of various regions, takes the expectations and opinions of community groups very seriously, and undertakes to respond to the opinions of community members in due course. In addition, the Group will support projects that benefit the needs of the community where feasible, and collaborate with groups with a common vision to win and maintain mutual trust with all stakeholders, with a view to continuously contributing to the long-term development of the community.

The Sites also actively participate in various educational, cultural and recreational activities, including donating books to schools established by local governments. During the New Year, the Mines organise their employees to visit neighbouring primary schools and provide students with New Year gifts and school supplies, and provide funding for the daily operating expenses of the local stadium. In addition, the Mines have donated urgently needed epidemic prevention supplies including breathing machine and mask for the community hospital and residents.

#### 8. 社區投資

## Index of Environmental, Social and Governance 聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告 **Reporting Guide of the Stock Exchange**

指引》索引

Α	Environmental 環境	Section 章節
Aspect A.1	Emissions	A1
方面A.1	排放物	
KPI A.1.1	Types of emissions and the respective emissions data	A1 No significant air emissions in all offices
指標A.1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據	A1各辦公室均無重大的廢氣 排放
KPI A.1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit Applicable volume, per facility).	A1
指標A.1.2	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及 (如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A.1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A1 No significant hazardous waste generation in all offices
指標A.1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量 單位、每項設施計算)。	A1各辦公室均無重大的有害 廢棄物生產
KPI A.1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A1 No significant non- hazardous waste generation in all offices
指標A.1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量 單位、每項設施計算)。	A1各辦公室均無重大的無害 廢棄物生產
KPI A.1.5	Description of the emission targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A1
指標A.1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
KPI A.1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and description of the waste reduction targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A1
指標A.1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標 及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
Aspect A.2	Use of Resources	A2
方面A.2	資源使用	
KPI A.2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A2
指標A.2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A.2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	A2
指標A.2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	

Α	Environmental 環境	Section 章節
KPI A.2.3	Description of the energy use efficiency targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A2
指標A.2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步 驟。	
KPI A.2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, and description of the water use efficiency targets set and the steps taken to achieve them.	A2
指標A.2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目 標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
KPI A.2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	A2
指標A.2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位 佔量。	
Aspect A.3 方面A.3	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源	A3
KPI A.3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	During the Reporting Period, there was no accident that had a significant impact on the environment and natural resources.
指標A.3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關 影響的行動。	報告期內未有對環境及天然 資源的重大影響的事故。
Aspect A.4 方面A.4	Climate Change 氣候變化	A4
KPI A.4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	A4
指標A.4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及 應對行動。	

1.1页1次顺大

В	Social	Section
	社會	章節
Aspect B.1	Employment	B1
方面B.1	僱傭	
KPI B.1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	B1
指標B.1.1	按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱 員總數。	
KPI B.1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	B1
指標B.1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	
Aspect B.2	Health and Safety	B2
方面B.2	健康與安全	
KPI B.2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of	There has been no case of
	the past three years including the reporting year.	death due to work in the past three years including the Reporting Period.
指標B.2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	包括報告期內的過去三年未
Ju  /, <b>D</b> .2.		有因工亡故事件。
KPI B.2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	During the Reporting Period,
		there were no lost days
		due to work injury.
指標B.2.2	因工傷損失工作日數。	報告期內並沒有任何因工傷 損失工作日數。
KPI B.2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures	B2
	adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	
指標B.2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方 法。	
Aspect B.3	Development and Training	B3
方面B.3	發展及培訓	
KPI B.3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	B3
指標B.3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱 員百分比。	
KPI B.3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category.	B3
指標B.3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	

В	Social	Section
	社會	章節
Aspect B.4	Labour Standards	B4
方面B.4	勞工準則	
KPI B.4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	B4
指標B.4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	
KPI B.4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	There was no violation during the Reporting Period.
指標B.4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	報告期內未有違規情況。
Aspect B.5	Supply Chain Management	B5
方面B.5	供應鏈管理	
KPI B.5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	B5
指標B.5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	
KPI B.5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how	B5
	they are implemented and monitored.	
指標B.5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數 目,以及相關執行及監察方法。	
KPI B.5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social	B5
	risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	
指標B.5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及	
	相關執行及監察方法。	
KPI B.5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally	B5
	preferable products and services when selecting suppliers,	
	and how they are implemented and monitored.	
指標B.5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相 關執行及監察方法。	
Aspect B.6	Product Responsibility	B6
方面B.6	產品責任	
KPI B.6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls	No products were subject
	for safety and health reasons.	to recalls for safety and health reasons during the
		Reporting Period.
指標B.6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分 比。	報告期內未有產品因安全與 健康理由而須回收。

В	Social 社會	Section 章節
KPI B.6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	No products were subject to recalls due to quality issues during the Reporting Period.
指標B.6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	報告期內並未有因品質問題 而須回收產品的情況。
KPI B.6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	B6
指標B.6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	
KPI B.6.4 指標B.6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	B6
KPI B.6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	B6
指標B.6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	
Aspect B.7 方面B.7	Anti-corruption 反貪污	B7
KPI B.7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases.	There were no corruption cases during the Reporting Period.
指標B.7.1	於報告期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的 數目及訴訟結果。	報告期內未有貪污訴訟案 件。
KPI B.7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Β7
指標B.7.2 KPI B.7.3	描述防範措施及舉報程式,以及相關執行及監察方法。 Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and	B7
	staff.	
指標B.7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	
Aspect B.8 方面B.8	Community Investment 社區投資	B8
KPI B.8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental	B8
指標B.8.1	concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體 育)。	
KPI B.8.2 指標B.8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	B8
	A	

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

獨立核數師報告



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#### TO THE MEMBERS OF CGN MINING COMPANY LIMITED (中廣核礦業有限公司)

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CGN Mining Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 144 to 278, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致中廣核礦業有限公司 全體股東 (於問品群島註冊成立之有)

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

### 意見

我們已審核載於第144至278頁之中廣核 礦業有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,該等 綜合財務報表包括於2020年12月31日的 綜合財務狀況表,及截至該日止年度之綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動 表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表 附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已按照香港 會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香 港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴集 團於2020年12月31日之財務狀況及其截 至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金 流量,並已按香港《公司條例》之披露規定 妥為編製。

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審核準則(「香港審核準則」)進行審核。我 們於該等準則項下的責任在本報告「核數 師對審核綜合財務報表之責任」一節中詳 述。我們獨立於 貴集團並根據香港會計 師公會之職業會計師道德守則(「守則」)履 行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得 的審核憑證是充足和適當地為我們的審核 意見提供基礎。

# **Independent Auditor's Report** 獨立核數師報告

### **OTHER MATTER**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 26 March 2020.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

# IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON THE INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

Refer to note 20 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in notes 4(c) and 4(p).

#### The key audit matter

The Group has 16.74% interest in an associate, Fission Uranium Corp. which is a listed company in Canada. As at 31 December 2020, the interest in an associate held by the Group is approximately HK\$553,570,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the associate has incurred loss in operation. Following a review of the business, the outlook for the industry and the market conditions, as the uranium price and the Canadian dollar were in fluctuation, there is a risk of impairment in respect of the interest in an associate; management has carried out the impairment assessment on the interest in an associate.

We considered this a key audit matter because this involves a significant degree of management judgement in respect of the valuation methods and assumptions for the estimation of the recoverable amount of the interest in the associate.

# How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures were designed to review the management's assessment of the indicators of impairment and understand and assess the reasonableness of the methods and assumptions used in the valuation model to estimate the recoverable amount of the associate.

We have discussed and assessed the indicators of possible impairment with the management and the component auditor and, where such indicators were identified, assessed the management's impairment testing.

We have assessed the valuation methodology and compared significant inputs to third party sources. We have also understood and assessed the key assumptions and critical judgement used by the management based on our knowledge of the business and industry.

## 其他事項

貴集團截至2019年12月31日止年度的綜 合財務報表乃由另一名核數師審核,彼於 2020年3月26日就該等報表發表無修訂意 見。

### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項

貴集團擁有一間聯營

公司Fission Uranium

Corp. 16.74%權益,

Fission Uranium Corp.

為一間於加拿大上市的

公司。於2020年12月

31日, 貴集團持有

該間聯營公司的權益約

於截至2020年12月

31日止年度,聯營

公司業務產生虧損。

於回顧業務、行業前

景和市況後,由於鈾

價格及加拿大元匯率

波動,因此存在對聯

營公司權益減值的風

險;管理層對聯營公

司的權益進行了減值

由於估算聯營公司權

益可收回金額的估值

方法及假設涉及管理

層的重大判斷,因此

我們判斷為關鍵審核

評估。

事項。

553,570,000港元。

根據我們的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為我 們審核本期綜合財務報表中最重要的事 項。我們在整體審核綜合財務報表和就此 形成意見時處理此等事項,而不會就此等 事項單獨發表意見。

## 一間聯營公司權益的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註20及附註4(c)和 4(p)的會計政策。

#### 我們的審核如何處理該 事項

\$我們旨在審查管理層對減值 有指標的評估,並對估 朝中用以估算聯營公司 的可收回金額而使用的方 法及假設的合理性進行了 解及評估。

我們已與管理層和組成部 分核數師討論及評估潛在 減值指標,並於識別有關 指標後,評估管理層的減 值測試。

我們已評估估值方法,並 與第三方資料來源的重要 輸入作比較。我們還基於 我們對業務及行業的知 識,對管理層所使用的關 鍵假設及重要判斷進行了 解及評估。

# IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT ON THE INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

Refer to note 19 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in notes 4(d) and 4(p).

#### The key audit matter

The Group has 49% interest in a joint venture, Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership. As at 31 December 2020, the interest in a joint venture held by the Group is approximately HK\$264,956,000.

Following a review of the business, the outlook for the industry and the market conditions, as the uranium price and Kazakhstani Tenge were in fluctuation, there is a risk of impairment in respect of the interest in a joint venture; management has carried out the impairment assessment on the interest in a joint venture.

We considered this a key audit matter because this involves a significant degree of management judgement in respect of the valuation methods and assumptions for the estimation of the recoverable amount of the interest in the joint venture.

# How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures were designed to review the management's assessment of the indicators of impairment and understand and assess the reasonableness of the methods and assumptions used in the valuation model to estimate the recoverable amount of the joint venture.

We have discussed and assessed the indicators of possible impairment with the management and the component auditors and, where such indicators were identified, assessed the management's impairment testing.

We have assessed the valuation methodology and compared significant inputs to third party sources. We have also understood and assessed the key assumptions and critical judgement used by the management based on our knowledge of the business and industry.

### 一間合營企業權益的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註19及附註4(d)和 4(p)的會計政策。

尘细的家坟如何虚理这

	我們的番核如何處埋該
關鍵審核事項	事項
貴集團擁有一間合營	我們旨在審查管理層對減
企業謝米茲拜伊有	值指標的評估,並對估值
限合夥企業49%權	模式中用以估算合營企業
益。於2020年12月31	的可收回金額使用的方法
日, 貴集團持有該	及假設的合理性進行了解
間合營企業的權益約	及評估。
264,956,000港元。	
於回顧業務、行業前	我們已與管理層和組成部
景和市況後,由於鈾	分核數師討論及評估潛在
價格及哈薩克斯坦堅	減值指標,並於識別有關
戈匯率波動,因此存	指標後,評估管理層的減
在對合營企業權益減	值測試。
值的風險;管理層對	
合營企業的權益進行	
了減值評估。	我們已評估估值方法,並
	與第三方資料來源的重要
	輸入作比較。我們還基於
由於估算合營企業權	我們對業務及行業的知
益可收回金額的估值	識,對管理層所使用的關
方法和假設涉及管理	鍵假設及重要判斷進行了
層的重大判斷,因此	解及評估。
我們判斷為關鍵審核	
事項。	

# OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

### 年報內其他資料

董事需為其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司年度報告內資料,但不包括綜 合財務報表及相關核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

審核綜合財務報表時,我們的責任為閱讀 其他資料,於此過程中,考慮其他資料是 否與綜合財務報表或我們於審核過程中所 瞭解的情況有重大抵觸,或者似乎有重大 錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工作,倘我 們認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述,我們須 報告該事實。於此方面,我們沒有任何報 告。

### 董事對綜合財務報表之責任

董事之責任乃按香港會計師公會頒佈的香 港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》披露規 定編製該等綜合財務報表,真實而公平地 呈列其內容以及進行董事認為必要之內部 監控,確保綜合財務報表之編製不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披 露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續 經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集 團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替 代方案。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。審核委員會協助董事履行就此承擔的

責任

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

## 核數師對審核綜合財務報表之 責任

我們的目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意 見的核數師報告。本報告按照委聘條款 僅向 閣下(作為一個整體)報告,除此之 外,本報告不作其他用途。我們概不就 本報告內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔責 任。

合理保證為高水平的保證,但不能保證按 照香港審核準則進行的審核總能發現重大 錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引 起,如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來可能 影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報 表所作出的經濟決定,則被視為重大錯誤 陳述。

根據香港審核準則進行審核時,我們運用 專業判斷,於整個審核過程中保持專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述 的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應 對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當 的審核憑證,作為我們提供意見的 基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽 造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕 於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因 欺詐而導致出現重大錯誤陳述的風 險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致出現 重大錯誤陳述的風險。
  - 瞭解與審核相關的內部控制,以設 計在有關情況下屬適當的審核程 序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控 制的有效性發表意見。
  - 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性 以及作出會計估計及相關披露的合 理性。

## **Independent Auditor's Report** 獨立核數師報告

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 總結 貴公司董事採用持續經營會 計基礎的適當性,並根據所獲取 的審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項 或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而 可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能 力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在 重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師 報告中提請注意綜合財務報表中的 相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則修訂我們的意見。我們的結論乃 基於截至核數師報告日止所取得的 審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況 可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營業 務。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方 式、結構及內容(包括披露)事項以 及綜合財務報表是否公平反映相關 交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財 務資料獲取充足適當的審核憑證, 以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我 們負責 貴集團審核的指導、監督 及執行。我們為審核意見承擔全部 責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通審核的計劃範圍及 時間以及重大審核發現等,其中包括我們 在審核中識別出內部控制的任何重大不足 之處。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,表明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 與彼等溝通所有被合理認為會影響我們獨 立性的關係及其他事項以及在適用的情況 下,為消除威脅而採取的防範措施。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. 從與董事溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些事 項對本期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數 師報告中闡釋該等事項,除非法律或規例 不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見 的情況下,若有合理預期於我們報告中註 明某事項造成的負面後果將超過其產生的 公眾利益,則本行決定不應在報告中註明 該事項。

## BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants Ng Wai Man Practising Certificate no. P05309

Hong Kong, 31 March 2021

### 香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 伍惠民 *執業證書編號: P05309*

香港,2021年3月31日


# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 综合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2020 2020 年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	7	2,862,226	2,076,688
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(2,659,460)	(1,932,783)
Gross profit	毛利		202,766	143,905
Other operating income	其他經營收入	8	9,496	20,497
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(10,453)	(7,573)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(37,593)	(37,251)
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公允值變動	18	855	272
Share of results of a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績		70,844	64,872
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績		(15,060)	11,916
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(40,889)	(20,466)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		179,966	176,172
Income tax expenses	所得税支出	10	(24,749)	(16,163)
Profit for the year attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔			
owners of the Company	年內溢利	11	155,217	160,009
Earnings per share	每股盈利	13		
– Basic	一基本		HK2.35 cents	HK2.42 cents
			<b>2.35</b> 港仙	2.42港仙
– Diluted	一攤薄		HK2.35 cents	HK2.42 cents
			<b>2.35</b> 港仙	2.42港仙

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 综合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	155,217	160,009
Other comprehensive (expenses)/	其他全面(開支)/收益:		
income:			
Items that may be subsequently	其後或可重新分類至損益		
reclassified to profit or loss:	的項目:		
Exchange differences on translation	換算附屬公司財務報表		
of financial statements of subsidiaries	產生之匯兑差異	5,430	(1,662)
Exchange differences on translation	換算一間合營企業財務報表		
of financial statements of a joint venture	產生之匯兑差異	(26,929)	(3,313)
Exchange differences on translation	換算一間聯營公司財務報表		
of financial statements of an associate	產生之匯兑差異	10,197	20,046
		(11,302)	15,071
Items that will not be reclassified	其後將不可重新分類至損益		
subsequently to profit or loss:	的項目:		
Gain on revaluation of property	物業重估收益	-	5,412
Income tax relating to items that will not be	有關其後將不會重新分類項目		
reclassified subsequently	的所得税	-	(1,353)
		-	4,059
Other comprehensive (expenses)/income	本年度其他全面(開支)/收益		
for the year		(11,302)	19,130
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	143,915	179,139



# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

			2020	2019
			2020年	2019年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	622	160
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	17(a)	1,977	3,836
Investment properties	投資物業	18	52,623	48,59
Interest in a joint venture	於一間合營企業之權益	19	264,956	237,77
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	20	553,570	553,522
Rental deposits	租賃按金		-	38
			873,748	844,275
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	1,767,335	1,441,980
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收			
	款項	22	363,176	126,706
Amount due from an intermediate	應收一間中間控股公司			
holding company	款項	23	2,323	3,87
Amount due from a fellow subsidiary	應收一間同系附屬公司			
	款項	24	19	
Income tax recoverable	可收回所得税款		6,678	1,737
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	25	1,174,508	676,793
			3,314,039	2,251,09 <sup>-</sup>
Total assets	資產總值		4,187,787	3,095,366
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款			
	項	26	158,289	36,382
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司			
	之貸款	27	370,693	422,559
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	28	666,704	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17(b)	704	1,703
Amount due to an intermediate holding	應付一間中間控股公司			
company	款項	23	874	8,373
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	29	-	5,513
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	24	1,135	1,42
Income tax payable	應付所得税款	A	15,848	9,55
			1,214,247	485,500
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		2,099,792	1,765,58

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities Loans from a fellow subsidiary	<b>非流動負債</b> 來自一間同系附屬公司			
	之貸款	27	533,596	644,494
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	28	387,754	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17(b)	1,162	2,021
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	31	23,968	19,104
			946,480	665,619
Net assets	資產淨值		2,027,060	1,944,241
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	66,007	66,007
Reserves	儲備		1,961,053	1,878,234
Total equity	權益總值		2,027,060	1,944,241

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors

經董事會批准及授權刊發

An Junjing 安軍靖 Director 董事 Chen Deshao 陳德邵 Director 董事



# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益								
		Share capital 股本	Share premium 股份 溢價	Properties revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備	Exchange translation reserve 匯兑 儲備	Share options reserve 購股權 儲備	Reserve fund 儲備 基金	Retained earnings 保留 盈利	Other reserve 其他 儲備	Total 總計
		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於 <b>2020</b> 年1月1日	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	(599,144)	154	27,583	886,259	(121,789)	1,944,241
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(expenses) for the year:	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益/(開支):	-	-		-	-		155,217		155,217
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation	換算附屬公司財務報表 產生之匯兑差額 換算一間合營企業財務報表		-	-	5,430	-	-	-	-	5,430
of financial statements of a joint venture Exchange differences on translation	產生之匯兑差額 換算一間聯營公司財務報表	-	-	-	(26,929)	-	-	-	-	(26,929)
of financial statements of an associate	產生之匯兑差額	-	-	-	10,197	-	-	-	-	10,197
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	年內全面收益/(開支)總額	-		-	(11,302)		-	155,217	-	143,915
Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 12) Share of other reserve of an associate	確認為分派的股息(附註12) 應佔一間聯營公司其他儲備	-	-	-	-	-	-	(66,007)	- 4,911	(66,007) 4,911
At 31 December 2020	於 <b>2020年12月31</b> 日	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	(610,446)	154	27,583	975,469	(116,878)	2,027,060

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

					Equity	attributable to c 本公司擁有	wners of the C i人應佔權益	lompany			
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份 溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Properties revaluation reserve 物業 重估儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Exchange translation reserve 匯兑 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Share options reserve 腸股權 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Reserve fund 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	Retained earnings 保留 盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(expenses)	<b>於2019年1月1日</b> 年內溢利 年內其他全面收益/(開支):	66,007 _	1,681,112 -	-	23,265 -	(614,215) -	154	27,583 -	759,253 160,009	(78,741) _	1,864,418 160,009
for the year: Gain on revaluation of property Income tax relating to items that will not be	物業重估收益 與其後將不會重新分類的項目	-	-	5,412	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,412
reclassified subsequently Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of subsidiaries Exchange differences on translation	相關的所得税 換算附屬公司財務報表 產生之匯兑差額 換算一間合營企業財務報表	-	-	(1,353) -	-	(1,662)	-	-	-	-	(1,353) (1,662)
of financial statements of a joint venture Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of an associate	操并 间口音近未的奶祝秋 產生之匯兑差額 換算一間聯營公司財務報表 產生之匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	(3,313) 20,046	-	-	-	-	(3,313) 20,046
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	-	-	4,059	_	15,071	-	-	160,009	-	179,139
Merger reserves arising from common control combination Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 12) Share of other reserve of an associate	共同控制合併產生的合併儲備 確認為分派的股息(附註12) 應佔一間聯營公司的其他儲備	- -	- -	- -	(23,265) _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- (33,003) -	(43,070) - 22	(66,335) (33,003) 22
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日	66,007	1,681,112	4,059	-	(599,144)	154	27,583	886,259	(121,789)	1,944,241

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 综合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### Notes:

- (a) Subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") have appropriated 10% of the profit to reserve fund. The reserve fund is required to be retained in the accounts of the subsidiaries for specific purposes.
- (b) The other reserve represents (i) the difference between the consideration of United States dollars ("USD") 133,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,030,899,000) and the aggregate paid-in capital of 北京中哈鈾資源投資 有限公司 (for identification purpose, in English, Beijing Sino-Kazakh Uranium Resources Investment Company Limited, referred to as "Beijing Sino-Kazakh") of Renminbi 823,770,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$944,534,000) acquired under business combinations under common control, (ii) the difference between the consideration of USD8,553,800 (equivalent to approximately HK\$66,335,000) and the aggregate paid-in capital of CGN Global Uranium Limited (the "CGN Global") of USD3,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$23,265,000) acquired under business combinations under common control and (iii) share of other reserve of an associate.

附註:

(a)

- 於中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立之附屬公司 須將溢利之10%撥入儲備基金。儲備基金須 保留於附屬公司之賬目內作特定用途。
- (b) 其他儲備指(i)根據共同控制下之業務合併收 購的代價133,000,000美元(「美元」)(約等於 1,030,899,000港元)與北京中哈鈾資源投資 有限公司(「北京中哈鈾」)實繳資本總額人民 幣823,770,000元(約等於944,534,000港元) 之間的差額・(ii)根據共同控制下業務合併收 購的代價8,553,800美元(約等於66,335,000 港元)與CGN Global Uranium Limited(「CGN Global」)實繳資本總額3,000,000美元(約等 於23,265,000港元)之間的差額及(iii)應佔一 間聯營公司的其他儲備。

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	179,966	176,172
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	63	772
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,859	1,732
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment loss	存貨(撥回減值)/減值虧損		
in respect of inventories		(1,768)	1,768
Changes in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公允值變動	(855)	(272)
Interest income	利息收入	(9,106)	(19,965)
Interest expenses on loan from immediate	來自直接控股公司貸款		
holding company	之利息開支	107	-
Interest expense on loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款之利息開支	35,896	20,352
Interest expenses on bank borrowings	銀行借款利息開支	4,782	-
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	104	114
Share of results from a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績	(70,844)	(64,872)
Share of results from an associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績	15,060	(11,916)
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital	營運資金變動前經營現金流量	155,264	103,885
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(323,587)	(740,448)
Increase in trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項		( - ) - )
	增加	(236,485)	(55,950)
Decrease in amount due from an intermediate	應收一間中間控股公司款項減少	()	(,)
holding company		1,552	1,500
Increase in amount due from a fellow subsidiary	應收一間同系附屬公司款項增加	(19)	-
Increase in trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項增加	118,867	5,627
(Decrease)/increase in amount due to	應付一間中間控股公司款項	,	
an intermediate holding company	(減少)/増加	(7,499)	2,241
Decrease in amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項減少	(5,513)	-
Decrease in amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項減少	(286)	(247)
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金	(297,706)	(683,392)
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税	(10,628)	_
People's Republic of China Enterprise Income Tax paid	已付中華人民共和國企業所得税	(760)	(1,766)
The United Kingdom Corporation Tax paid	已付英國企業税	(5,995)	(1,571)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額	(315,089)	(686,729)

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(524)	(82)
Interest income received	已收取利息收入	9,508	25,305
Dividend received from a joint venture	收取一間合營企業股息	16,734	14,490
Acquisition of a subsidiary under common control	根據共同控制收購一間附屬公司	-	(66,335)
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額	25,718	(26,622)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動		
Dividend paid	已付股息	(66,007)	(33,003)
Interest paid on loans from immediate holding company	就來自直接控股公司貸款已付利息	(107)	-
Interest paid on loans from a fellow subsidiary	就來自一間同系附屬公司貸款已付利息	(36,100)	(20,073)
Interest paid on bank borrowings	就銀行借款已付利息	(1,538)	-
Advance of loans from immediate holding company	來自直接控股公司貸款墊款	349,686	-
Repayment of loans to immediate holding company	償還直接控股公司的貸款	(349,686)	-
Advance of loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款	259,795	850,686
Repayment of loans to a fellow subsidiary	償還一間附屬公司貸款	(422,559)	(527,561)
Advance of bank borrowings	銀行借款墊款	1,054,458	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(1,962)	(1,958)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金淨額	785,980	268,091
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值項目增加/		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(減少)淨額	496,609	(445,260)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	年初現金及現金等值項目		
BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		676,793	1,123,056
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	1,106	(1,003)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	年末現金及現金等值項目		
OF THE YEAR		1,174,508	676,793

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 1. GENERAL

CGN Mining Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability. The shares of the Company are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its parent company is 中國鈾業發展有限公 司 (China Uranium Development Company Limited) ("China Uranium Development"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of 中廣核鈾業發展有限 公司 (CGNPC Uranium Resources Co. Ltd.) ("CGNPC-URC"), which is in turn a subsidiary of 中國廣核集團有限公司 (China General Nuclear Power Corporation) ("CGNPC"). CGNPC is the ultimate parent company of the Company. Both CGNPC-URC and CGNPC are state-owned enterprises established in the PRC.

The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section to the Annual Report.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to the "Group") are trading of natural uranium, property investment and other investments.

### 1. 一般資料

中廣核礦業有限公司(「本公司」)為 一家於開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免 有限公司。本公司股份於香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。 其母公司為中國鈾業發展有限公司。 (「中國鈾業發展有限公司,並為中國 (「中廣核鈾二,並為中廣 核鈾、一次。 發展」)的全資附屬公司,後者為中 國廣友,集團有限公司(「中廣核集團 公司」)的附屬公司。中廣核集團公 司為本公司的最終母公司。中廣核 軸業發展及中廣核集團公司均為於 中國成立的國有企業。

本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地 點於年報「公司資料」一節披露。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集 團」)之主要業務為天然鈾貿易、物 業投資及其他投資。



For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### (a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants has issued a number of new or amended HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendments to HKFRS 3, Definition of a Business
- Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8, Definition of Material
- Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

#### Amendments to HKFRS 3, Definition of a Business

The amendments clarify the definition of a business and introduce an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The election to apply the concentration test is made for each transaction. The concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. If the concentration test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business. If the concentration test is failed, the acquired set of activities and assets is further assessed based on the elements of a business.

### 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
 務報告準則

香港會計師公會已頒佈若 干於本集團當前會計期間 首次生效之新訂或經修訂 香港財務報告準則:

- 香港財務報告準則 第3號修訂本,業務 的定義
- 香港會計準則第1號
   及香港會計準則第8
   號修訂本,重大的
   定義
- 香港會計準則第39 號、香港財務報告 準則第7號及香港財 務報告準則第9號修 訂本,利率基準改 革

#### *香港財務報告準則第3號修* 訂本,業務的定義

修引允系務度資中組則足活集購根 管引允系務度資中組則足活集購根 之間活每試之單似足中及度一業 務中所產均。測產於相滿集動中的 業集估資易擇值識識度試並失 活要 之度測購否行所上產產。該務則資一 並,一業中總集一,滿列倘收將評

估。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8, Definition of Material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments also clarify that materiality depends on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole.

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The amendments modify specific hedge accounting requirements to allow hedge accounting to continue for affected hedges during the period of uncertainty before the hedged items or hedging instruments affected by the current interest rate benchmarks are amended as a result of the on-going interest rate benchmark reform.

The adoption of these new and amended HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.  採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財
 務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號及香港 會計準則第8號修訂本,重 大的定義

修訂本為重大提供新的定 義,列明「倘遺漏、錯誤陳 述或隱瞞資料可以合理預 期會影響一般用途財務報 表的主要用戶基於該開之 開、 一般用定報務報 、則該資料的財務報 大」。 修訂本亦 範圍內,重要性 取 決資料的性質或幅度(單 獨或與其他資料結合使 用)。

香港會計準則第39號、香 港財務報告準則第7號及香 港財務報告準則第9號修訂 本,利率基準改革

該等修訂本修改指定對沖 會計法的要求,允許受當 期利率基準影響的被對沖 項目或對沖工具因持續的 利率基準改革而修訂,於 不確定期間受影響之對沖 使用對沖會計法。

於本年度採納該等新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則 對本集團本年度及過往年 度的財務表現及狀況及/ 或此等綜合財務報表所載 之披露事項並無重大影 響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

> The following new or amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

> Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020), Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause<sup>5</sup>

> Amendments to HKAS 16, Proceeds before Intended Use<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework<sup>4</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>6</sup>

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則

本集團並無提前採納下列 與本集團綜合財務報表可 能相關之已頒佈但尚未生 效之新訂或經修訂香港財 務報告準則。本集團目前 計劃於該等變動生效當日 應用該等變動。

香港會計準則第1號修訂 本,負債分類為流動或 非流動及香港詮釋第5號 (2020年),財務報表之呈 列一借款人對載有按要求 償還條款之定期貸款之分 類<sup>5</sup>

香港會計準則第16號修訂 本,作擬定用途前之所得 款項<sup>3</sup>

香港會計準則第37號修訂 本,虧損性合約-履行合 約之成本<sup>3</sup>

香港財務報告準則第3號修 訂本,概念性框架之提述<sup>4</sup>

香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28號修 訂本,投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業之間的資產 出售或出資<sup>6</sup>

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### (Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 16, Covid-19 Related Rent Concession<sup>1</sup>

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 - 20203

- <sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.
- <sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- <sup>4</sup> Effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- <sup>5</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- <sup>6</sup> The amendments shall be applied prospectively to the sale or contribution of assets occurring in annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港會計準則第39號、香 港財務報告準則第4號、香 港財務報告準則第7號、香 港財務報告準則第9號及香 港財務報告準則第16號修 訂本,利率基準改革-第2 階段<sup>2</sup>

香港財務報告準則第16號 修訂本,2019新冠疫情相 關租金優惠<sup>1</sup>

香港財務報告準則2018年 至2020年之年度改進<sup>3</sup>

- 1 於2020年6月1日或之後開 始之年度期間生效。
- <sup>2</sup> 於2021年1月1日或之後開 始之年度期間生效。
- <sup>3</sup> 於2022年1月1日或之後開 始之年度期間生效。
- <sup>4</sup> 就收購日期為2022年1月1 日或之後開始的首個年度 期間開始或之後的業務合 併生效。

5 於2023年1月1日或之後開 始之年度期間生效。

該等修訂將按前瞻基準應 用於待定日期或之後開始 之年度期間發生的資產出 售或出資。

6

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020), Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

> The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability and explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period. The amendments also introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

> HK Int 5 (2020) was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 issued in August 2020. The revision to HK Int 5 (2020) updates the wordings in the interpretation to align with the Amendments to HKAS 1 with no change in conclusion and do not change the existing requirements.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the amendments and revision in the future will have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港會計準則第1號修訂 本,負債分類為流動或 非流動及香港詮釋第5號 (2020年),財務報表之呈 列-借款人對載有按要求償 還條款之定期貸款之分類

香港詮釋第5號(2020年)乃 因2020年8月頒佈的香港 會計準則第1號修訂本而修 訂。香港詮釋第5號(2020 年)修訂本更新詮釋中的用 字,以與香港會計準則第1 號修訂本保持一致,惟結 論並無變動,且現有規定 亦無變動。

本公司董事預計日後應用 該等修訂及修改不會對本 集團綜合財務報表造成任 何影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16, Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, is recognised in profit or loss.

The directors of the Company are currently assessing the impact that the application of the amendments will have on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g. direct labour and materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (e.g. the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

The directors of the Company are currently assessing the impact that the application of the amendments will have on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港會計準則第16號修訂 本,作擬定用途前之所得 款項

本公司董事現正評估應用 該等修訂對本集團綜合財 務報表之影響。

香港會計準則第37號修訂 本,虧損性合約一履行合 約之成本

該等修訂釐清「履行合約 之成本」包括「與合約直接 相關之成本」。與合約直 接相關之成本為履行合約 之增量成本(如直接勞工及 材料),或與履行合約直 相關之其他成本分配(如用 於履行合約之物業、廠房 及設備項目之折舊支出分 配)。

本公司董事現正評估應用 該等修訂對本集團綜合財 務報表之影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update HKFRS 3 so that it refers to the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 instead of the version issued in 2010. The amendments add to HKFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of HKAS 37, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, the acquirer applies HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第3號修 訂本,概念性框架之提述

該等修訂更新香港財務報 告準則第3號,致使其提述 2018年財務報告之經修訂 概念框架,而非2010年頒 佈之版本。該等修訂對香 港財務報告準則第3號增加 一項規定,就香港會計準 則第37號範圍內的責任而 言,收購方應用香港會計 準則第37號釐定於收購日 期是否因過往事件而存在 現有責任。就香港(國際財 務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋 第21號徵税範圍內的徵税 而言,收購方應用香港(國 際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號釐定產生支付 徵税負債的責任事件是否 已於收購日期前發生。該 等修訂亦增加一項明確聲 明,表明收購方並無確認 於業務合併中收購的或然 資產。

本公司董事預計日後應用 該等修訂不會對本集團綜 合財務報表造成任何影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. When the transaction with an associate or joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, any gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, any gains or losses resulting from the remeasurement of retained interest in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture) to fair value are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these amendments may have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in future periods should such transactions arise.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28號修 訂本,投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業之間的資產 出售或出資

該等修訂澄清投資者與其 聯營公司或合營企業之間 存在資產出售或出資的情 況。倘與聯營公司或合營 企業的交易採用權益法入 賬,則於損益確認因失去 對並無包含業務的附屬公 司的控制權而產生的任何 收益或虧損,惟僅以非相 關投資者於該聯營公司或 合營企業的權益為限。同 樣地,於損益內確認因重 新計量任何前附屬公司(已 成為聯營公司或合營企業) 之保留權益至公允值而產 生之任何收益或虧損,惟 僅以非相關投資者於新聯 營公司或合營企業之權益 為限。

本公司董事預計,倘相關 交易出現,應用該等修訂 可能會對未來期間的本集 團綜合財務報表造成影 響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

The amendments address issues that might affect financial reporting when a company replaces the old interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the interest rate benchmark reform (the "Reform"). The amendments complement those issued in November 2019 and relate to (a) changes to contractual cash flows in which an entity will not have to derecognise or adjust the carrying amount of financial instruments for changes required by the Reform, but will instead update the effective interest rate to reflect the change to the alternative benchmark rate; (b) hedge accounting in which an entity will not have to discontinue its hedge accounting solely because it makes changes required by the Reform, if the hedge meets other hedge accounting criteria; and (c) disclosures in which an entity will be required to disclose information about new risks arising from the Reform and how it manages the transition to alternative benchmark rates.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港會計準則第39號、香 港財務報告準則第4號、香 港財務報告準則第7號、香 港財務報告準則第9號及香 港財務報告準則第16號修 訂本,利率基準改革-第2 階段

該等修訂解決因利率基準 改革(「改革」)而導致公司 以替代基準利率代替舊利 率基準時可能影響財務報 告之問題。該等修訂對於 2019年11月頒佈之修訂 進行補充,內容有關:(a) 合約現金流量之變化,而 實體毋須就改革要求之變 動終止確認或調整金融工 具之賬面值,而是更新實 際利率以反映替代基準利 率之變動;(b)對沖會計 **處理**,倘對沖滿足其他對 沖會計標準,則實體毋須 僅因其作出改革所要求之 變更而中止其對沖會計處 理;及(c)披露,實體將 被要求披露有關改革產生 之新風險以及其如何管理 過渡至替代基準利率之資 料。

本公司董事預計日後應用 該等修訂不會對本集團綜 合財務報表造成任何影 響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Amendment to HKFRS 16, Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions

HKFRS 16 was amended to provide a practical expedient to lessees in accounting for rent concessions arising as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, by including an additional practical expedient in HKFRS 16 that permits entities to elect not to account for rent concessions as modifications. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of Covid-19 pandemic and only if all of the following criteria are satisfied:

- (a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) the reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- (c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

- 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)
  - (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號 修訂本,2019新冠疫情相 關租金優惠

香港財務報告準則第16號 已作出修訂,通過在香港 財務報告準則第16號中加 入一項額外的可行權宜加 入一項額外的可行權宜加 金優惠按修訂入聽選擇不將租 金優惠按修訂入賬,為承 租人就因2019新冠疫情和 產生的租金優惠入賬一行權 宜方法僅適用於因2019新 冠疫情而直接產生的租金 優惠,而且必須符合以下 所有準則:

- (a) 租賃付款的變動導
   致經修訂租賃代價
   與緊接變動前的租
   賃代價基本相同或
   更低;
- (b) 租賃付款的減少僅 影響原本於2021年 6月30日或之前到期 的付款;及
- (c) 租賃的其他條款及 條件並無任何實質 性變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Amendment to HKFRS 16, Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions (Continued)

Rent concessions that satisfy these criteria may be accounted for in accordance with this practical expedient, which means the lessee does not need to assess whether the rent concession meets the definition of lease modification. Lessees shall apply other requirements of HKFRS 16 in accounting for the rent concession.

Accounting for rent concessions as lease modifications would have resulted in the Group remeasuring the lease liability to reflect the revised consideration using a revised discount rate, with the effect of the change in the lease liability recorded against the right-of-use asset. By applying the practical expedient, the Group is not required to determine a revised discount rate and the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the amendments and revision in the future will have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

(b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第16號 修訂本,2019新冠疫情相 關租金優惠(續)

符合上述標準的租金優惠 可按照該可行權宜方法入 賬,即承租人無需評估租 金優惠是否符合租賃修訂 的定義。承租人應運用香 港財務報告準則第16號的 其他規定對租金優惠進行 會計處理。

本公司董事預計日後應用 該等修訂不會對本集團綜 合財務報表造成任何影 響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020

The annual improvements amends a number of standards, including:

- HKFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, which permit a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of HKFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to HKFRSs.
- HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which clarify the fees included in the '10 per cent' test in paragraph B3.3.6 of HKFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability, explaining that only fees paid or received between the entity and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on other's behalf are included.

 採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

> (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> > 香港財務報告準則2018年
> >  至2020年之年度改進
> >  年度改進修訂若干準則,
> >  包括:

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(Continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

> Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018 – 2020 (Continued)

- HKFRS 16, Leases, which amend Illustrative Example 13 to remove the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives are illustrated in that example.
- HKAS 41, Agriculture, which remove the requirement to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.  採納香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

> (b) 已頒佈但仍未生效之新訂 或經修訂香港財務報告準 則(續)

> > 香港財務報告準則2018年 至2020年之年度改進(續)

- 香港會計準則第41 號,農業,刪除關 於使用現值技術計 量生物資產的公允 值時不包括税收現 金流量之要求。

本公司董事預計日後應用 該等修訂不會對本集團綜 合財務報表造成任何影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for investment properties that are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currencies

The functional currency of the Company is USD. As the Company is listed in Hong Kong, the directors of the Company consider that it is appropriate to present the consolidated financial statements in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$").

#### 3. 編製基準

#### (a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據所有 香港財務報告準則、香港 會計準則(「香港會計準則」) 及詮釋(下文統稱為「香港財 務報告準則」)以及香港公司 條例之披露規定編製。此 外,綜合財務報表包括香 港聯合交易所有限公司證 券上市規則適用之披露規 定。

(b) 計量基準

綜合財務報表乃按歷史成 本基準編製,惟下文所載 會計政策所闡述投資物業 則按公允值計算。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

本公司的功能貨幣為美元。由於本公司乃於香港 上市,本公司董事認為以 港元(「港元」)呈列綜合財務 報表乃屬適宜。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

### 4. 主要會計政策

#### (a) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團 的財務報表。集團內公司 間所有交易、結餘及未變 現溢利已在編製綜合財務 報表時悉數抵銷。除非交 易提供證據顯示已轉讓資 產有所減值,否則未變現 虧損亦會撤銷,在此情況 下,虧損於損益確認。

於年內收購或出售的附屬 公司的業績,將由收購日 期起或直至出售日期止(如 適用)計入綜合全面收益表 內」動務報表將作出調整, 以使其會計政策與本集團 其他成員公司所採用者一 致。

當本集團喪失對附屬公司 之控制權時,出售收益或 虧損乃按(i)已收代價之公允 值及任何保留權益之公允 值之總額 :與(ii)附屬公司之 建設股負債之過往賬資產(包括商 之過往賬。如相關資產的 負債已出售,之前於其屬 公司之所有金額須按相同 基準入賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (i) power over the investee, (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and (iii) the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

De-facto control exists in situations where the Company has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee without holding the majority of the voting rights. In determining whether de-facto control exists, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including:

- the size of the Company's voting rights relative to both the size and dispersion of other parties who hold voting rights;
- substantive potential voting rights held by the Company and other parties who hold voting rights;
- other contractual arrangements; and
- historic patterns in voting attendance.

In the Company's statement of financial position, interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司能對其 行使控制權之被投資方。 倘達成以下三項條件,本 公司取得被投資方之控制 權:(i)有權控制投資對象, (ii)對來自投資對象之浮動回 報享有承擔或權利,以及 (iii)能運用對投資對象之權 力以影響其所得回報。倘 有事實及情況顯示任何有 關控制條件改變,則重新 評估有關控制權。

本公司毋須持有大多數投 票權的情況下,有實際能 力指導投資對象相關活 動,即屬存在實際控制 權。為確定是否存在實際 控制權,本公司需考慮所 有相關事實與情況,包 括:

- 本公司投票權數目 相對於其他持有投 票權人士之投票權 數目與分佈情況;
- 本公司與其他持有 投票權人士所持有 實際潛在投票權;
- 其他合約安排;及
- 投票出席人士之過 往模式。

於附屬公司之權益按成本 減減值虧損(如有)列入本公 司之財務狀況表。本公司 按已收及應收股息基準對 附屬公司之業績進行會計 處理。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions are eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred, they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other nonfinancial assets.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有 重大影響力的實體,且既 非附屬公司,亦非共同安 排。重大影響力指可參與 投資對象之財務及營運決 策但不是控制或共同控制 該等政策之權力。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Associates (Continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKFRS 9. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate are recognised on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest it that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

In the Company's statement of financial position, interest in an associate is carried at cost less impairment losses, if any. The results of an associate are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable during the year.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(c)

聯營公司(續) 本集團自投資不再為聯營 公司當日起終止採用權益 法。倘本集團保留於前聯 營公司之權益且該保留權 益為金融資產,則本集團 會於該日按公允值計量保 留權益,而該公允值則被 視為根據香港財務報告準 則第9號於初步確認時之 公允值。聯營公司於終止 採用權益法當日之賬面值 與出售聯營公司之任何保 留權益之公允值及任何所 得款項間之差額,會於釐 定出售該聯營公司之收益 或虧損時入賬。此外,確 認先前在其他全面收益就 該聯營公司確認之所有金 額,基準與該聯營公司已 直接出售相關資產或負債 所需基準相同。

於本公司財務狀況表中, 於聯營公司之權益按成本 減減值虧損(如有)列賬。 聯營公司之業績由本公司 按年內已收及應收股息入 賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

合營安排

(d)

### (d) Joint arrangements

The Group is a party to a joint arrangement where there is a contractual arrangement that confers joint control over the relevant activities of the arrangement to the Group and at least one other party. Joint control is assessed under the same principles as control over subsidiaries.

The Group classifies its interest in joint arrangements as joint venture where the Group has rights to only the net assets of the joint arrangement.

In assessing the classification of interest in joint arrangements, the Group considers:

- the structure of the joint arrangement;
- the legal form of joint arrangements structured through a separate vehicle;
- the contractual terms of the joint arrangement agreement; and
- any other facts and circumstances (including any other contractual arrangements).

The Group accounts for its interest in a joint venture in the same manner as interest in an associate (i.e. using the equity method - see note 4(c)).

The Company's interest in a joint venture is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. Results of a joint venture are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable. 當有合約安排賦予本集團 及至少一名其他訂約方對 相關活動之共同控制權 時,本集團為合營安排之 訂約方。共同控制乃根據 控制附屬公司之相同原則 予以評估。

倘若本集團僅對合營安排 之資產淨值擁有權利,本 集團將其於合營安排之權 益分類為合營企業。

於評估有關於合營安排之 權益之分類時,本集團會 考慮:

- 合營安排之架構;
- 透過獨立實體組織
   之合營安排之法定
   形式;
- 合營安排協議之合 約條款;及
- 任何其他事實及情況(包括任何其他合約安排)。

本集團採用與於一間聯營公司之權益相同的方法(即使用權益法一見附註4(c))將其於合營企業之權益列賬。

本公司於合營企業之權益 按成本減減值虧損(如有)列 賬。合營企業之業績由本 公司按年內已收及應收股 息入賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost or valuation net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	Over the shorter of the
	term of the lease or
	40 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of the
	term of the lease or
	5 years
Furniture, fixtures and	10% to 27%
equipment	

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備 物業、廠房及設備按成本 減累計折舊及累計減值虧

損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備的成本 包括其收購價及收購有關 項目直接分佔的成本。

只有在該項目相關的未來 經濟利益有可能流向本集 小且該項目成本能可 計量,後期成本能會 計量,後期成本方會計 入獨立資產(按適用者)。 置部分的賬有其他維 以及 保 資益內確認為開支。

物業、廠房及設備按直線 法於其估計可使用年期進 行折舊,以撇銷其成本或 估值(扣除預計剩餘價值)。 可使用年期、剩餘價值及 折舊方法於各報告期末加 以檢討及調整(如適用)。可 使用年期如下:

樓宇	按租賃年期或40
	年,以較短者
	為準
租賃物業裝	按租賃年期或5
修	年,以較短者
	為準
傢俬、裝置	10%至27%
及設備	

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

#### (f) Investment properties

Investment property is property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property, calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 倘資產賬面值高於其估計 可收回金額,則資產即時 撇減至其可收回金額。

> 出售物業、廠房及設備項 目的收益或虧損乃出售所 得款項淨額與其賬面值之 差額,並在出售時於損益 內確認。

#### (f) 投資物業

投資物業為持有作賺取租 金或資本增值或兩者兼 之物業,惟不會於日常業 務中持作出售、用作生產 或供應貨品或服務或作為 行政用途。投資物業於初 步確認時按成本計量,其 後按公允值於損益內確認 任何變動。

投資物業於出售時或當投 資物業於久無法使用及預 期無法通出售獲得未來 止確認有關物業所產生的 任何收益或虧損(按有關 數 低間的差額計算)於終 止確認該物業期間計入損 益。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (g) Government grant

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets (including property, plant and equipment) are recognised as deferred income in the statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other revenue, rather than reducing the related expense.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

#### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 政府補助

僅當合理保證本集團將遵 守政府補助的附帶條件且 將收到補助時,方會確認 政府補助。

作為開支或已產生虧損的 補償、或是以向本集 明時財務支持為目的而 獲得的政府補助,無未來 相關成本,於其可收取 間內於損益確認及確認為 開支。

按低於市場利率計息之政 府貸款利益被視為政府補 助,按已收所得款項與根 據當時市場利率計算之該 貸款公允值之差額計量。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases

#### The Group as a lessee

All leases are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term of less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is initially recognised at cost and would comprise:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability);
- (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產初步按成本確 認並將包括:

- (i) 初步計量租賃負債 的金額(見下文就租 賃負債入賬之會計 政策);
- (ii) 於開始日期或之前 作出的任何租賃付
   款減已收取的任何
   租賃獎勵;
- (iii) 承租人產生的任何 初步直接成本;及

(iv)

除非該等成本因生 產存貨而產生,否 則承租人根據租賃 條款及條件規定的 情況下分解及移除 相關資產時將產生 的估計成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

#### Right-of-use asset (Continued)

The Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-to-use at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date;
- (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (h) 租賃*(續)*

#### 使用權資產(續)

本集團採用成本模式計量 使用權資產。根據成本模 式,使用權資產乃按成本 減任何累計折舊及任何減 值虧損計量,並就租賃負 債的任何重新計量作出調 整。

#### 租賃負債

租賃負債按於租賃開始日 期未支付之租賃付款的現 值確認。租賃付款採用租 賃暗含的利率貼現(倘該利 率可輕易釐定)。倘該利 率無法輕易釐定,本集團 採用承租人的增量借款利 率。

下列於租賃開始日期未支 付的租賃期內就使用相關 資產權利支付的款項被視 為租賃付款:

- (i) 固定租賃付款減任何應收租賃優惠;
- (ii) 根據指數或租值釐 定的可變租賃付 款,初步採用於開 始日期的指數或租 值計量;
- (iii) 承租人根據剩餘價 值擔保預期將予支 付的款項;

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4.

(Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

- Lease liability (Continued)
- (iv) exercise price of a purchase option, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by:

- increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

**.** 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃*(續)* 

租賃負債(續)

- (iv) 倘承租人合理肯定 行使選擇權,則為 購買選擇權的行使 價;及
- (v) 倘租賃條款內有反 映本集團有行使終 止租賃的選擇權, 則以終止租賃而支 付的罰金。

於開始日期後,本集團透 過下列方式計量租賃負 債:

- (i) 增加賬面值以反映租賃負債之利息;
- (ii) 減少賬面值以反映
   作出之租賃付款;
   及
- (iii) 重新計量賬面值以 反映任何重估或租 賃修改,或反映經 修訂實質固定租賃 付款。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

#### Lease liability (Continued)

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the rightof-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

#### The Group as a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃*(續)* 

租賃負債(續)

倘本集團修訂其任何租約 的估計年期(如由於其重估 行使承租人延長或終止選 擇權的可能性),其調整租 賃負債之賬面值以反映於 經修訂年期作出的付款, 有關金額使用經修訂貼現 率貼現。倘取決於某個利 率或指數的未來租賃付款 的可變部分進行修訂,租 賃負債之賬面值作類似修 訂,惟貼現率保持不變除 外。於兩種情況下,對使 用權資產之賬面值作出等 額調整,而經修訂賬面值 於餘下(經修訂)租賃期內攤 銷。倘使用權資產之賬面 值調整至零,任何進一步 減少於損益確認。

#### 本集團作為承租人

凡租賃條款將擁有權的絕 大部分風險及回報轉移至 承租人的租賃,均分類為 融資租賃。所有其他租賃 則分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃產生的租金收入 乃於相關租賃期內按直線 基準於損益確認。磋商及 安排經營租賃初步產生之 直接成本計入租賃資產之 賬面值及於租賃期內按直 線法確認為開支。
For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (h) Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessor (Continued)

Any changes in the scope of the consideration for a lease that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease are accounted for as lease modifications. The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, recognising the remaining lease payments as income on a either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the remaining lease term.

### (i) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃*(續)* 

本集團作為承租人(續)

原租賃條款及條件之外的 租賃代價範圍的任何變動 入賬列為租賃修改。本集 團自修改生效之日起將經 營租賃的變更作為新租賃 入賬,於餘下租賃期內按 直線法或另一種系統化基 準確認為收益。

#### (i) 金融工具

(i) 金融資產

金融資產的所有常 規買賣於交易日(即 本集團承諾購買或 出售該資產之日)確 認。

按常規買賣指買賣 須於一般按市場規 則或慣例設定之期 間內交付資產之金 融資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Debt instruments

The Company classifies all of its debt instruments at amortised cost:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (i) 金融資產(續)

債務工具

本公司將其所有債 務工具按攤銷成本 分類:

攤回持流及產量以銷收虧中確中銷合有量利按。實成入損確認施約之僅息攤金際本、及認的之僅息攤融利計匯減。收。:金產支則銷資率量兑值任益減的付該成產法。收於何於何於人人。

#### 權益工具

於初次確認並非持 作買賣之股本投資 時,本集團可以不 可撤回地選擇於其 他全面收益中呈列 該投資之後續公允 值<br />

值<br />

働<br />

前<br />

前<br />

時<br />

日<br />

日<br> 按投資逐項作出。 按公允值計入其他 全面收益之股本投 省按公允佰計量。 股息收入於損益 表確認,除非股息 收入明確表示收回 部分投資成本。其 他收益及虧損淨額 於其他全面收益確 認,且不會重新分 類至損益。所有其 他股本工具分類為 按公允值計入損 益,倘公允值有 變,則股息及利息 收入於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECLs") on financial assets measured at amortised cost including rental deposits, trade and other receivables, amounts due from an intermediate holding company and bank balances. ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

 12-months ECLs: these are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and

• Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧損

> > 全貸於預所約之虧計虧之為對之期期虧金計有事預損預損最本信最。預損融年可件期。期時長集貸長。期:工期能產信於信考期團風合信為具內違生貸估貸慮間面險約

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECLs for trade receivables. The ECLs on these financial assets are estimated on an individual basis for customer with significant balances, estimated based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs, unless when there has a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECLs. The assessment of whether lifetime ECLs should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧 損(續)

本賬信融虧團經的算於素及及錢的無款貸資損過驗客,債、於預時評回。一認損的使的有戶須人體告方值了。預用信重作根的經日向,如調應預等信於虧結別適定環當括用。以期金貸集損餘估用因境前金)

就具量貸撥險大團貸應貸首約是所而與虧備自幅確虧確虧次的否有言12損,初增認損認損確可不相。個等除始加全。全,認能增加全。全,認能增加。主計信損風來集信否信自違險

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧
     損(續)

當信認時貸會付力及料集知定析資釐貸後及虧考出即具。團信量,料定風有當損慮過可理此過貸及並。融自大計,關成得據括經估性括愛約幅預本及本之支基驗得資前瞻,關成得支基驗得資前瞻

<sup>(</sup>ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

4.	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)			4.	主要會計政策(續)		
	(i)	Finar	ncial instruments (Continued)		(i)	金融	エ具(續)
		(ii)	Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)			<i>(ii)</i>	金融資產之減值虧 損(續)
			The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when:				當 出 現 以 下 情 況 時,本集團認為金 融資產信貸減值:
			• significant financial difficulty of the debtor;				<ul> <li>債務人出現 重大財務困 難;</li> </ul>
			• a breach of contract, such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;				<ul> <li>違反合約, 如違約或逾 期超過90 天;</li> </ul>
			• the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;				<ul> <li>本集團根據 其他情況下 不會考慮之 條款重組貸 款或墊款;</li> </ul>
			• it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or				<ul> <li>債務人可能 破產或進行 其他財務重 組;或</li> </ul>
			• the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.				<ul> <li>由於債務人 出現財務困 難,證券活 躍市場消 失。</li> </ul>

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non creditimpaired financial assets, interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧 損(續)

本集團於損益確認 所有金融工具之減 值收益或虧損,並 透過虧損撥備賬對 調整。

信貸減值金融資 減收入按金融資 產的難銷成本(即 續賬面值減虧損撥 備)計算。非信貸減 值金融資產的利息 算。

<sup>(</sup>ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(iii) Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

#### (iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (iii) 金融負債

所有金融負債其後 採用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。相 關利息開支於損益 確認。

收益或虧損於終止 確認負債時及於攤 銷過程中於損益確 認。

(iv) <u>實際利率法</u>

(v) 權益工具

本集團所發行權益 工具以扣減直接發 行成本後所收取的 所得款項記賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (i) Financial instruments (Continued)

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (i) 金融工具(續)
  - (vi) 終止確認

金融負債於相關合 約內訂明之責任解 除、註銷或屆滿時 終止確認。

凡本集團因重新磋 商金融負債條款而 向債權人發行本身 之權益工具以償付 全部或部分負債, 所發行之權益工具 即所付代價,乃按 該金融負債(或其部 分)於註銷當日之 公允值初始確認及 計量。倘所發行權 益工具之公允值無 法可靠地計量,則 會計量權益工具以 反映所註銷金融負 債之公允值。所註 銷金融負債(或其部 分)之賬面金額與所 付代價間之差額於 年內損益表確認。

**188** CGN Mining Company Limited Annual Report 2020

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (j) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (k) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added taxes or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 存貨

存貨初步按成本確認,其 後按成本與可變現淨值兩 者之較低者入賬。成本包 括所有採購成本、轉換成 本及使存貨達至目前地點 及狀態而產生的其他成 本。成本使用加權平均法 計算。可變現淨值指於一 般業務過程中的估計售價 減去完成估計成本及進行 銷售所需的估計成本。

#### (k) 收入確認

當貨品或服務控制權轉移 予客戶合約收入,而該金額 反映本集團預期就該等貨 品或服務有權獲之代取之 金額)。收入不包括增值税 或其他銷售税,並經扣除 任何貿易折扣。

視乎合約條款與適用於合約 約之法律,貨品或服務之 控制權可隨時間或於某一時間點轉移。倘本集團在 履約過程中符合下列條件,則貨品或服務之控制 權乃隨時間轉移:

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

#### (i) Sales of natural uranium

Customers obtain control of the natural uranium when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the natural uranium. There is generally only one performance obligation.

#### (ii) Rental income

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (k) 收入確認(續)
  - 提供客戶同步收到
     並消耗之所有利
     益;
  - 隨本集團履約創建
     或提升由客戶控制
     之資產;或
  - 並無產生對本集團 有 替 代 用 途 之 資 產,且本集團可強 制執行其權利以收 取累計至今已完成 履約部分之款項。

倘貨品或服務之控制權乃 隨時間轉移,則收入乃於 合約期內經參考完成履行 該履約責任之進度確認。 否則,收入於客戶獲得貨 品或服務控制權之時間點 確認。

*銷售天然鈾* 客戶於商品已交付 且獲接收時獲得天 然鈾之控制權。因 而收入於客戶收到 天然鈾有一項履約 責任。

(i)

經營租賃之租金收 入於相關租賃年期 內以直線法在損益 確認。

<sup>(</sup>ii) 租金收入

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### (k) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(iii) Management fee income

Management fee income is recognised when services are provided.

#### (iv) Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### (v) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

#### Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(k) 收入確認(續)

(iii)

*管理費收入* 管理費收入乃於提 供服務時予以確 認。

(iv) 利息收入

倘將入量融利償際準乃年所現確若流金,資息還利累按期收至認濟本能將利入金,,融將現金收本率計金,取該之人金,,融將利資。將利集夠會息乃及按有資估金產到確收參適時關產計實於值。能收計金。未實基率計來貼步

(v) 股息收入 股息收入於確立收 取股息的權利時確 認。

#### 合約負債

合約負債指本集團因已自 客戶收取代價(或已到期代 價金額)而須向客戶轉讓服 務的責任。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (I) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects any uncertainty related to income tax.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities that are not part of the business combination which affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised, provided that the deductible temporary differences are not arises from initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction other than in a business combination that affects neither taxable profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period, and reflects any uncertainty related to income taxes.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(I) 所得税

本年度所得税包括即期税 項及遞延税項。

本集團就用於財務報告目 的之資產及負債之賬面金 額與用於税務目的之相應 金額間之暫時差異確認遞 延税項。除不可扣税的商 譽及並非業務合併一部分 且不影響會計或應課税溢 利的資產及負債初步確 認、於附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營企業的投資產生 之應課税暫時差額外,倘 本集團能夠控制暫時差額 之撥回且暫時差額在可預 見將來有可能不會撥回, 則就所有應課税暫時差額 確認遞延税項負債。遞延 税項資產在有應課税溢利 可用於抵銷可扣税暫時差 異之情況下確認,惟可扣 税暫時差額並非因既不影 響應課税溢利亦不影響會 計溢利的交易(業務合併除 外)中初步確認資產及負債 而引起。遞延税項乃按適 用於預期變現資產或清償 負債賬面金額之方式及於 報告期末已制定或大致上 制定之税率計量,並反映 與所得税有關的不明朗因 素。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (I) Income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (I) 所得税

當有合法執行權利許可將 即期税項資產與即期税項 負債抵銷,且與同一税務 機關有關及本集團計劃以 淨值基準結算即期税項資 產及負債時,遞延税項資 產及負債可互相對銷。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於 每一報告日期予以審閱, 如不可能再有足夠應課税 溢利可供收回全部或部分 資產,則將削減遞延税項 的賬面值。

所得税乃於損益表確認, 惟當該等税項與於其他全 面收益確認之項目有關 時,該等税項亦於其他全 面收益確認;或當該等税 項與直接於權益確認之項 目有關時,該等税項亦直 接於權益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by the group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it/they operate(s) (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income. (m) 外幣

本集團實體以其經營所在 主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)以外之貨幣進行交 易,乃以進行交易時之現 行匯率記賬。外幣貨幣資 產及負債按報告期末之現 行匯率換算。按公允值以 外幣列值之非貨幣項目乃 按釐定公允值當日之適用 匯率重新換算。按外幣歷 史成本計量之非貨幣項目 毋須重新換算。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (m) Foreign currencies (Continued)

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign exchange reserve.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(m) 外幣(續)

於綜合賬目時,海外業務 的收益及開支項目按該年 度的平均匯率換算為本集 團之呈報貨幣(即港元);惟 於該期間匯率大幅波動之 情況下除外,倘如此,則 按於交易產生當時之相若 匯率換算。海外業務的所 有資產及負債於報告期末 按當時匯率換算。產生之 匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面 收益中確認並於權益中累 計為外匯儲備(並歸屬於非 控股權益(如適用)。於換算 構成本集團於海外業務投 資淨額一部份之長期貨幣 項目時,於集團實體獨立 財務報表之損益內確認的 匯兑差額重新分類至其他 全面收益並於權益中累計 為外匯儲備。

於2005年1月1日收購海 外業務產生之商譽及所收 購可識別資產之公允值調 整,乃視作該海外業務之 資產及負債,並按各報告 期末之適用匯率換算。所 產生匯兑差額於外匯儲備 內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### (n) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

#### (ii) Defined contribution retirement plans

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (defined contribution plans) are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (n) 僱員福利
  - (i) *短期僱員福利*

短期僱員福利是指 預計在僱員提供了 相關服務的年度報 告期末後十二個 之前將全數職保 員福利(離職 條外)。短期僱 員 福 服務的年度內確 認。

(ii) 界定供款退休計劃 國家管理退休福利 計劃及強制性公積 金計劃(界定供款計 劃)之供款於僱員 提供服務而有權享 有供款時確認為開 支。

(iii)

離職福利
 離職福利於本集團
 不可再撤銷提供該
 等福利時及於本集
 團確認涉及支付離
 職福利之重組成本
 時(以較早發生者為
 準)確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (o) Share-based payments

Share options were granted to employees under 2010 Share Option Scheme (Note 32).

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will continue to be held in share options reserve.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 股份付款

根據2010年購股權計劃(附 註32)向僱員授出購股權。

參考購股權於授出日期之 公允值釐定之所獲服務公 允值,在購股權即時歸屬 時於授出日期悉數確認為 開支,並相應增加權益(購 股權儲備)。

本集團於報告期末修訂其 對預期最終歸屬的購股權 數目之估計。修訂原先估 計產生之影響(如有)於損益 確認,致使累計支出反映 經修訂之估計,並於購股 權儲備作相應調整。

購股權獲行使時,早前於 購股權儲備確認之金額將 輕於歸屬日期後被沒。當購股 權於歸屬日期後被沒收 於屆滿日仍未獲行使,則 早前於購股權儲備確認之 金額將 儲備。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (p) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- interests in an associate and a joint venture

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that HKFRS.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

- (p) 資產(金融資產除外)減值 於各報告期末,本集團檢 討以下資產之賬面值,以 釐定是否有任何跡象顯示 該等資產蒙受減值虧損或 過去被確認之減值虧損是 否不再存在或可能被減 少:
  - 物業、廠房及設 備;
  - 於聯營公司及合營 企業之權益

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (p) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets) (Continued)

Value-in-use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

#### (q) Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (r) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 資產(金融資產除外)減值 (續)

> 使用價值乃根據預期將自 資產產生之估計未來現金 流量釐定,按可反映金錢 時間值之現行市場評估以 及對資產或現金產生單位 屬特定風險之税前貼現率 貼現至其現值。

(q) 資本化借貸成本

(r) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因已發生之事件 而負有法定或推定責任, 而該責任將有可能導致可 靠估計的經濟利益流出, 本集團會就該時間或數額 不定之其他負債確認撥 備。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### (s) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and short-term deposits that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its shortterm commitments. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and that form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included in cash and cash equivalents.

#### (t) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Company;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Company; or
  - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Company or the Company's parent.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (s) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括 現金結餘及公允值變動風 險極低的短期存款,並用 作本集團管理其短期承 諾。就現金流量表而言, 須按要求償還且組成本集 團現金管理必不可少一部 分的銀行透支則計入現金 及現金等值項目。

(t) 關聯人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即 該人士或該人士的 近親家屬成員與本 集團有關聯:
  - (i) 控制或共同
     控制本公司;
  - (ii) 對本公司有
     重大影響
     力;或
  - (iii) 為本公司或
     本公司之母
     公司的主要
     管理人員。



For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 主要會計政策(續) 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4. (Continued) (t) Related parties (Continued) (t) 關聯人士(續) (b) 倘符合下列任何條 An entity is related to the Group if any of the (b) 件,即實體與本集 following conditions apply: 團有關聯: (i) 該實體與本 (i) The entity and the Company are 公司屬同一 members of the same group (which 集團成員公 means that each parent, subsidiary and 司(即各自的 fellow subsidiary is related to the others). 母公司、附 屬公司及同 系附屬公司 彼此互有關 聯)。 一間實體為 (ii) (ii) One entity is an associate or joint 另一實體的 venture of the other entity (or an 聯營公司或 associate or joint venture of a member 合營企業(或 of a group of which the other entity is a 另一實體為 member). 集團的成員 公司的聯營 公司或合營 企業)。 兩間實體均 (iii) (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the 為同一第三 same third party. 方的合營企 業。 (iv) 一間實體為 One entity is a joint venture of a third (iv) 第三方實 entity and the other entity is an associate 體的合營企 of the third entity. 業,而另一 實體為該第 三方實體的 聯營公司。 (v) 該實體為本 (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit 集團或與本 plan for the benefit of the employees 集團有關聯 of the Group or an entity related to the 的實體就僱 Group. 員福利設立 的離職後福

利計劃。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 主要會計政策(續) 4. 4. (Continued) (t) Related parties (Continued) (t) 關聯人士(續) An entity is related to the Group if any of the 倘符合下列任何條 (b) (b) 件,即實體與本集 following conditions apply: (Continued) 團有關聯: (續) (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly (vi) 該實體受(a) controlled by a person identified in (a). 所識別人士 控制或共同 控制。 A person identified in (a)(i) has significant (a)(i)所識別 (vii) (vii) influence over the entity or is a member 人士對該實 of key management personnel of the 體有重大影 entity (or of a parent of the entity). 響力或屬該 實體(或該實 體的母公司) 主要管理人 員。 (viii) The entity, or any member of a group (viii) 該實體或該 of which it is a part, provides key 實體為一部 management personnel services to the 分的集團成 員公司向本 Company or to the Company's parent. 公司或本公 司之母公司 提供主要管 理人員服 務。 某一人士的近親家屬成員 Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include (i)

those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner; (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner. 呆一人士的近親家屬成員 指預期可影響該人士與寬 體進行買賣或於買賣時受 該人士影響的有關家屬成 員,包括:(i)該名人士的子 女及配偶或家庭伴侶:(ii)該 名人士的配偶或家庭伴侶 的子女;及(iii)該名人士或 該名人士的配偶或家庭伴 侶的受供養人。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS 5. AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### (a) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

#### (i) Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities from investment properties that were measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties in the PRC were held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantively all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model recovered entirely through sale was rebutted.

#### 主要會計判斷及估計不明 5. 朗因素シ主要來源

應用本集團會計政策時,董事須就 未能透過其他來源確定之資產及 負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假 設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經 驗及其他視為相關之因素作出。實 際情況可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會按持續基準審 閱。倘會計估計之修訂僅會對修訂 估計之期間產生影響,則有關修訂 會於該期間確認,而倘修訂影響當 前及未來期間,則會於修訂及未來 期間確認。

#### 於會計政策中應用之主要 (a) 判斷

(i) 投資物業遞延税項 就計量採用公允值 模式計量的投資物 業的遞延税項負債 而言,本公司董事 已審閱本集團投資 物業組合,總結為 本集團於中國的投 資物業是根據其業 務目標是隨時間而 非透過銷售消耗投 資物業所包含的絕 大部分經濟利益的 商業模式持有。因 此,於計量本集團 於該等投資物業中 的遞延税項時,本 公司董事釐定以公 允值模式計量的該 等投資物業賬面值 乃全部透過出售收 回的假設不成立。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (a) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)
  - (i) Deferred taxation on investment properties (Continued)

As a result, the Group continues to recognise deferred tax liabilities on change in fair value of investment properties on the basis that the entire carrying amounts of the properties will be recovered through use.

(ii) Significant influence over associate

As per note 20 to the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company considered Fission Uranium Corp. ("Fission"), in which the Group has 16.74% (2019: 19.88%) equity interest, is an associate of the Group as the Group has significant influence over Fission by virtue of its contractual right to appoint two out of eight directors to the board of directors of Fission.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (a) 於會計政策中應用之主要 判斷(續)
    - (i) 投資物業遞延税項
       (續)

(ii) 對聯營公司有重大
 影響力

誠如綜合財務報表 附註20,由於本集 團憑藉其合同權利 委任Fission Uranium Corp.(「Fission」, 本集團持有其 16.74%(2019年: 19.88%)權益) 會內八名董事的其 中兩名而於Fission 擁有重大影響之司。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty
  - (i) Impairment of trade and other receivables and amount due from an intermediate holding company

The impairment provisions for trade and other receivables and amount due from an intermediate holding company are based on assumptions about ECLs. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, bases on the number of days that an individual receivable is outstanding as well as the Group's historical experience and forwardlooking information at the end of the reporting period. Changes in these assumptions and estimates could materially affect the result of the assessment and it may be necessary to make additional impairment charge to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. At 31 December 2020 and 2019, no loss allowance recognised.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源
    - (i) 應收賬款及其他應 收款項及應收一間
       中間控股公司款項
       之減值

應收賬款及其他應 收款項及應收一間 中間控股公司款項 之減值基於有關預 期信貸虧損的假 設。本集團於報告 期末根據個別應收 款項逾期還款的日 數及本集團的過往 歷史及前瞻性資 料,利用判斷作出 假設及選定減值計 算的輸入數據。該 等假設及估計的變 動可能對評估結果 造成重大影響,且 有必要於綜合損益 表及其他全面收益 作出額外減值虧 損。於2020年及 2019年12月31日, 並無確認虧損撥 備。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of inventories

The management of the Group reviews an market value at the end of each reporting period and makes provision for the inventories. The Group makes provision for impairment of inventories based on the assessment of the net realisable value. The net realisable value for inventories was determined with reference to the recent market prices of similar items within the same industry. As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of inventories of the Group was approximately HK\$1,767,335,000 (2019: HK\$1,441,980,000). During the year ended 31 December 2020, a reversal of impairment of inventories of approximately HK\$1,768,000 (2019: provision of impairment of inventories of approximately HK\$1,768,000) was recognised.

### 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
  - (ii) 存貨減值

本集團管理層於各 報告期末審閱存貨 市值並就此作出撥 備。本集團根據估 計可變現淨值就存 貨減值作出撥備。 存貨可變現淨值乃 參考相同行業內類 似項目近期市值而 釐定。於2020年 12月31日,本集 團存貨的賬面值約 為1,767,335,000 港元(2019年: 1,441,980,000港 元。於截至2020年 12月31日止年度, 確認存貨減值撥 回1,768,000港元 (2019年:存貨減值 撥備約1.768.000港 元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (iii) Fair value of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by independent professional valuer. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on a method of valuation which involves certain estimates of market conditions.

In relying on the valuation report, the directors of the Company have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the assumptions used in the valuation have reflected the current market conditions. Changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair values of the Group's investment properties being recognised in profit or loss. The carrying amount of investment properties measured at fair value at 31 December 2020 was approximately HK\$52,623,000 (2019: HK\$48,595,000).

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
    - (iii) 投資物業之公允值 於報告期末,投資 物業乃按一位獨立 專業估值師進行之 估值以公允值列 賬,估值師依據之 估值方法涉及若干 市況估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
  - (iv) Impairment loss on investment in a joint venture

At the end of the reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of investment in a ioint venture to determine whether there is any indication that the investment has suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The determination of recoverable amount of investment in a joint venture involves estimates as to: (1) future revenue based on forecasted uranium prices; (2) actual production volume of uranium mines held by the joint venture; (3) exchange rate between Tenge, the currency of the Republic of Kazakhstan ("Kazakhstan"), and USD; (4) the discount rate to be applied to such revenue and costs for the purpose of deriving a recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The carrying amount of investment in a joint venture is approximately HK\$264,956,000 (2019: HK\$237,775,000) as at 31 December 2020. No impairment is recognised for current and prior vears.

## 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)

- (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
  - (iv) 於一間合營企業之 投資之減值虧損

於報告期末,本公 司檢討於一間合營 企業之投資之賬面 值以釐定是否有跡 象顯示該投資已出 現減值虧損。倘存 在任何有關跡象, 須估計該投資之可 收回金額以釐定減 值虧損(如有)之程 度。釐定於一間合 營企業之投資之可 收回金額涉及估 計:(1)根據預測 鈾價計算之未來收 入;(2)合營企業持 有之鈾礦之實際產 量;(3)哈薩克斯坦 共和國(「哈薩克斯 坦])貨幣堅戈與美 元之匯率;(4)為 釐定可收回金額而 對有關收入及成本 適用之貼現率。倘 估計該投資之可收 回金額低於其賬面 值,則該投資之賬 面值減至其可收回 金額。減值虧損即 時於損益中確認。 於2020年12月31 日,於一間合營企 業之投資之賬面值 約為264,956,000 港元(2019年: 237,775,000港 元)。於本年度及過 往年度並無確認減 值。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
  - (v) Impairment loss on investment in an associate

At the end of the reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of investment in an associate to determine whether there is any indication that the investment has suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The determination of recoverable amount of investment in an associate involves estimates as to: (1) the estimated future cash flows expected to arise and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value; (2) the resources of uranium; (3) expected market price and (4) exchange rate between Canadian dollar ("CAD"), the currency of Canada, and USD, for the purpose of deriving a recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount of the investment is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. For the year ended 31 December 2020, a reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$59,423,000 (2019: HK\$18,267,000) was recognised in profit or loss and included in share of results of an associate. The carrying amount of investment in an associate is approximately HK\$553,570,000 (2019: HK\$553,522,000) as at 31 December 2020.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
    - (v) 於一間聯營公司之 投資之減值虧損

於報告期末,本公 司檢討於一間聯營 公司之投資之賬面 值以釐定是否有跡 象顯示該投資已出 現減值虧損。倘存 在任何有關跡象, 須估計該投資之可 收回金額以釐定減 值虧損(如有)之程 度。釐定於一間聯 營公司之投資之可 收回金額涉及估 計:(1)預期產生的 估計未來現金流量 及適當的貼現率以 計算現值;(2)鈾資 源; (3)預期市場 價格及(4)加拿大 貨幣加元(「加元」) 與美元之匯率為釐 定可收回金額。倘 估計該投資之可收 回金額低於其賬面 值,則該投資之賬 面值減至其可收回 金額。截至2020 年12月31日止年 度,於損益中確認 的減值虧損之撥回 約為59,423,000 港元(2019年: 18,267,000港元), 並列入應佔一間聯 營公司業績中。 於2020年12月31 日,於一間聯營公 司之投資之賬面值 約為553,570,000 港元(2019年: 553,522,000港 元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

- (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)
  - (vi) Fair value measurement and valuation processes

Some of the Group's investment properties are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The directors of the Company are responsible for determining the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements. Details are set out in note 18.

In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages independent professional qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The directors of the Company work closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
    - (vi)
       公允值計量及估值

       程序

就財務呈報目的, 本集團之若干投資 物業按公允值計 量。本公司董事負 責量之適用估值方 法及輸入數據。詳 情載列於附註18。

在之團觀無入委格值合緊適輸計允用市獲據獨值本格合之數第一人。資密用入資值可場得,立師公外作估據。一個公外作估。。會數第本專進董估之佔。。會團合行事值模該一集業進董估立方人。。會團合行事值模法。

**210** CGN Mining Company Limited Annual Report 2020

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(vii) Income taxes

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has not recognised the tax losses of approximately HK\$30,101,000 (2019: HK\$27,747,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no tax loss was expired. These losses relate to subsidiaries that have a history of tax losses and the Group has not accounted for the relevant deferred tax. The realisability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future.

The directors of the Company determine the deferred taxation assets based on the enacted or substantially enacted tax rates and the best knowledge of profit projections of the Group for coming years during which the deferred taxation assets are expected to be utilised. The directors of the Company review the assumptions and profit projections by the end of the reporting period.

- 5. 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源(續)
  - (b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來 源(續)
    - (vii) 所得税

於2020年12月31日, 本集團尚未確認税 項虧損約30.101.000 港元(2019年: 27.747.000港元),原 因為未能預測未來 溢利來源。於截至 2020年及2019年12 月31日止年度,概 無税項虧損已到期。 關於過往有税務虧損 的附屬公司的虧損, 本集團並未有將相關 的遞延税項入賬。遞 延税項資產的可變現 性主要須視乎未來是 否有足夠溢利或應課 税臨時差異可供動 用。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief executive officer ("CEO"), being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided. Operating segments identified by the chief operating decision maker are the same as the reportable segments of the Group.

Accordingly, the Group's reportable and operating segments are as follows:

- a) natural uranium trading segment engages in trading of natural uranium;
- b) property investment segment engages in leasing; and
- c) other investments segment engages in investment in a joint venture and an associate.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable segments.

## 6. 分部資料

本集團為就資源分配及分部表現評 估目的向首席執行官(即主要營運 決策者)報告的資料集中於所交付 或所提供的貨品或服務種類。主要 營運決策者識別的經營分部與組成 本集團的可報告分部相同。

為此,本集團的可報告及經營分部 如下:

- a) 天然鈾貿易分部指天然鈾貿易;
- b) 物業投資分部指租賃;及

c) 其他投資分部是指投資於 一間合營企業及一間聯營 公司。

本集團並未將經營分部整合以組成 上述可報告分部。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

## 6. 分部資料(續)

### 分部營業額及業績

本集團按可報告及經營分部呈列之 營業額及業績分析如下:

#### 截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
Revenue	營業額	2,859,214	3,012	-	2,862,226
Segment profit	分部溢利	141,133	828	55,784	197,745
Other operating income Finance costs Central administration costs	其他經營收入 融資成本 中央行政成本				9,496 (153) (27,122)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				179,966

### For the year ended 31 December 2019

### 截至2019年12月31日止年度

		Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	2,073,449	3,239	_	2,076,688
Segment profit	分部溢利	104,416	2,490	76,788	183,694
Other operating income Finance costs Central administration costs	其他經營收入 融資成本 中央行政成本				20,497 (92) (27,927)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利				176,172

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of other operating income, certain finance costs and central administrative costs. This is the measure reported to the CEO, being the chief operation decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

#### Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

### 6. 分部資料(續)

### 分部營業額及業績(續)

經營分部之會計政策與附註4所述 本集團之會計政策相同。分部溢利 指各分部所賺取溢利,並未分配其 他經營收入、若干融資成本及中央 行政成本。此乃就資源分配及表現 評估向首席執行官(即主要營運決 策者)報告之計量。

#### 分部資產及負債

分部資產

以下呈列本集團可報告及經營分部 之資產及負債分析:

Segment assets

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Natural uranium trading Property investment Other investments	天然鈾貿易 物業投資 其他投資	2,121,722 54,969 818,526	1,565,737 52,492 791,297
Unallocated corporate assets Total assets	未分配公司資產 資產總值	2,995,217 1,192,570 4,187,787	2,409,526 685,840 3,095,366

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued) Segment liabilities		6.	<b>分部資料</b> (續)			
			分部資產及負債 <i>(續)</i>			
			分部負債			
			2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Natural uranium trading Property investment Other investments	天然鈾貿易 物業投資 其他投資		2,112,380 1,430 -	1,103,004 3,536 –		
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配公司負債		2,113,810 46,917	1,106,540 44,585		
Total liabilities	負債總值		2,160,727	1,151,125		

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than bank balances and cash, income tax recoverable and other assets for corporate use (including rental deposits, certain property, plant and equipment, rightof-use assets and other receivables).
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than amounts due to an intermediate holding company and fellow subsidiaries, income tax payable, deferred tax liabilities and other liabilities for corporate use (including certain other payables and lease liabilities).

就監察分部業績及分部間之分配資 源而言:

- 除銀行結存及現金、可收 回所得税款以及作公司用 途之其他資產(包括租賃按 金、若干物業、廠房及設 備、使用權資產以及其他 應收款項)外,所有資產均 分配至經營分部。
- 除應付一間中間控股公司 及同系附屬公司款項、應 付所得税款、遞延税項負 債以及作公司用途之其他 負債(包括若干其他應付款 項及租賃負債)外,所有負 債均分配至經營分部。
For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

6.	SEGMENT INFORM			6.	分部資料		
	Other segment information				其他分部資	料	
	2020				<b>2020</b> 年		
			Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment	計量分部損益或分部資產時 己扣除∕(計入)之款項:					
	assets after charging/(crediting):						
	Addition to non-current assets (Note a)	添置非流動資產(附註a)	524	-	-	-	524
	Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊				10	
	plant and equipment	什可述次令长姑	44	1	-	18	63
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	436	-	-	1,423	1,859
	Interest expenses on loans	來自一間同系附屬公司	05 000				05.000
	from a fellow subsidiary	貸款之利息支出 租賃負債之利息支出	35,896	-	-	-	35,896
	Interest expenses on lease liabilities	祖具貝俱之利息文山 存貨撥備撥回	58	-	-	46	104
	Reversal of provision for inventories Changes in fair value of investment	仔貝撥備撥凹 投資物業公允值變動	(1,768)	-	-	-	(1,768)
	properties	人女的永 <i>年</i> 71, 臣父弟	_	(855)	-	-	(855)
	Share of results of a joint venture	應佔一間合營企業業績	_	-	(70,844)	-	(70,844)
	Share of results of an associate (Note b)	應佔一間聯營公司業績			(,,		(,)
		(附註b)	-	-	15,060	-	15,060
	Amounts regularly provided to	定期向首席執行官提供但					
	the CEO but not included in the	並不包括於分部損益或					
	measure of segment profit or loss	分部資產計量之款項: :					
	or segment assets:						
	Income tax expenses	所得税支出	-	-	-	24,749	24,749
	Interest income	利息收入	-	-	-	(9,106)	(9,106)

**216** CGN Mining Company Limited Annual Report 2020

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

SEGMENT INFORM	EGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)		6.	分部資料	(續)	
Other segment informatio	n (Continued)			其他分部資	料(續)	
2019				2019年		
		Natural uranium trading 天然鈾貿易 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts included in the measure o segment profit or loss or segmen assets after charging/(crediting):						
Addition to non-current assets (Note a) Depreciation of property,	添置非流動資產(附註a) 物業、廠房及設備折舊	2,227	-	-	14	2,241
plant and equipment		132	55	-	585	772
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Interest expenses on loans	使用權資產折舊 來自一間同系附屬公司	181	-	-	1,551	1,732
from a fellow subsidiary	貸款之利息支出	20,352	-	-	-	20,352
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息支出	22	-	-	92	114
Provision for inventories Changes in fair value of	存貨撥備 投資物業公允值變動	1,768	-	-	-	1,768
investment properties		-	(272)	-	-	(272)
Share of results of a joint venture Share of results of an associate (Note b	應佔一間合營企業業績 ) 應佔一間聯營公司業績	-	-	(64,872)	-	(64,872)
	(附註b)	_	-	(11,916)	-	(11,916)
Amounts regularly provided to the CEO but not included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	定期向首席執行官提供 但並不包括於分部損益 或分部資產計量之款項:					
-	所得税支出	_	_	_	16,163	16,163
		_	_	_		(19,965)
Income tax expenses Interest income Note a: Non-current assets exclud assets. Note b: A reversal of impairme approximately HK\$59,423 the share of results of an a	利息收入 ded financial instruments and nt loss of interest in an a .000 (2019: HK\$18,267,000)	associate of	-		(19,965) 助資產不包括 資產。	金麗

聯營公司業績中。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are located in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the Peoples's Republic of China ("HKSAR"), the PRC, Kazakhstan, Canada and United Kingdom ("UK").

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of the operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

#### 6. 分部資料(續)

#### 地域資料

本集團的業務位於中華人民共和 國香港特別行政區(「香港特別行政 區」)、中國、哈薩克斯坦、加拿大 及英國。

有關本集團來自外部客戶的營業額 的資料是根據經營所在地點呈列。 有關本集團非流動資產的資料是根 據資產所在的地點呈列。

		Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶的營業額		Non-curre 非流動	
		2020 2019 2020年 2019年		2020 2020年	2019 2019年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Europe (other than UK)	歐洲(英國除外)	989,836	281,982	-	-
US	美國	678,732	749,877	-	-
PRC	中國	427,925	380,492	52,645	48,616
Canada	加拿大	265,495	146,657	553,570	553,522
Kazakhstan	哈薩克斯坦	221,020	196,591	264,956	237,775
UK	英國	205,942	206,860	1,948	2,062
HKSAR	香港特別行政區	71,803	93,255	629	2,300
Mauritius	毛里求斯	1,473	-	_	-
Japan	日本	-	20,974	-	-
		2,862,226	2,076,688	873,748	844,275

Note: Non-current assets excluded financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

附註: 非流動資產不包括金融工具及遞延 税項資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### 6. 分部資料(續)

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group is as follows:

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

以下載列來自於相應年度內佔本集 團銷售總額超過10%的客戶之營業 額:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A <sup>1</sup>	客戶甲1	424,913	377,253
Customer B <sup>1</sup>	客戶乙1	<b>N/A</b> <sup>2</sup> 不適用 <sup>2</sup>	220,640
Customer C <sup>1</sup>	客戶丙1	400,445	N/A² 不適用²
Customer D <sup>1</sup>	客戶丁1	291,715	N/A <sup>2</sup> 不適用 <sup>2</sup>

Revenue from natural uranium trading segment

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group

#### 7. REVENUE

Revenue represents amount received and receivable from sale of natural uranium, net of returns, discounts allowed and sales related taxes, and rental income (net of direct outgoings: nil) during the year. Revenue recognised during the year are as follows: 來自天然鈾貿易分部之營業額 相應營業額並未超過本集團本年度 總營業額之10%

### 7. 營業額

營業額指年內扣除退貨、允許折扣 及相關銷售税後的天然鈾之已收及 應收款項,以及租金收入(扣除直 接成本:無)。於本年度確認之營 業額如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sale of goods Rental income (net of direct	銷售貨品 租金收入(扣除直接成本:無)	2,859,214	2,073,449
outgoings: nil)		3,012	3,239
		2,862,226	2,076,688

The revenue from sales of goods were recognised at a point in time and under HKFRS 15.

來自銷售貨品的營業額根據香港財 務報告準則第15號於某一時間點確 認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 其他經營收入 8. **OTHER OPERATING INCOME** 8. 2020 2019 2020年 2019年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 利息收入 Interest income 9,106 19,965 Government grants 政府補助金 216 Others 其他 174 532 9,496 20,497

### 9. FINANCE COSTS

2020 2019 2020年 2019年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Interest expenses on loans from a 來自一間同系附屬公司貸款之 利息支出 20,352 fellow subsidiary 35,896 Interest expenses on bank borrowings 銀行借款利息支出 4,782 來自直接控股公司貸款之利息 Interest expenses on loan from 支出 immediate holding company 107 Interest expenses on lease liabilities 租賃負債利息支出 104 114 40,889 20,466

#### **10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES**

10. 所得税支出

融資成本

9.

	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong profits tax 香港利得税		
- current year - 本年度	6,977	12,341
- (over)/under provision in prior years 一過往年度撥備(超額)/不足	(80)	118
A	6,897	12,459
UK Corporation tax 英國企業税 ————————————————————————————————————		
- current year	14,406	3,178
	21,303	15,637
Deferred tax 遞延税項	3,446	526
	24,749	16,163

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No.7) Bill 2017 ("the Bill") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the profits of all Group entities in Hong Kong are not selected by the management for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime and continue to be taxed at the flat rate of 16.5%.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiary is 25% for both years.

For the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the PRC subsidiary did not have any assessable income.

The subsidiaries operating in the UK are subject to Corporation Tax Act of UK and the tax rate of the UK subsidiary is 19% for both years.

Pursuant to the Tax Code (Revised Edition) implemented since January 2018 in the Kazakhstan (the "New Tax Code of Kazakhstan"), dividends paid by subsurface users to foreign shareholders without permanent establishments in Kazakhstan (the "Foreign Shareholders") will be exempted from the Kazakhstani withholding tax if (i) as of the date when the dividends are paid, such Foreign Shareholder has owned shares (interest) in the company for more than three years, and (ii) within 12 months prior to the dividend payment date, subsurface users undertake further processing (after primary processing) of at least prescribed rate of the total extracted minerals, by its own production facilities in Kazakhstan or owned by its affiliated resident entity in Kazakhstan.

#### 10. 所得税支出(續)

於2018年3月21日,香港立法會通 過2017年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例 議案([議案]),引入二級利得税税 率制度。議案於2018年3月28日簽 署成為法律,並於翌日刊憲。按照 二級利得税税率制度,合資格企業 的首二百萬港元溢利的利得税率為 8.25%,超過二百萬港元的溢利的 利得税率則為16.5%。截至2020年 及2019年12月31日止年度,本集 團在香港的所有實體的溢利並無獲 管理層選取按照二級利得税税率制 度計税,並將繼續按照16.5%的劃 一税率徵税。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及其實施條例,中國附屬公司於兩個年度之税率為25%。

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止 兩個年度,中國附屬公司並無任何 應課税溢利。

於英國營運之附屬公司須根據英國 企業所得税法,英國附屬公司於兩 個年度之税率均為19%。

根據自2018年1月起實施的哈薩克 斯坦共和國修訂版税法(「哈國新税 法」),對在境內無常設機構的境外 股東(「境外股東」)就其來源於哈薩 克斯坦地下資源使用法人的股息、 紅利免徵預提所得税,若:(i)截至 股息、紅利支付之日,境外股東持 有地下資源使用法人的股份(權益) 超過3年,及(ii)在股息、紅利支付 之日前的12個月內,地下資源使用 法人對其所開採的不少於規定比例 的礦產資源進行加工(初加工後), 提供產品後加工服務的生產車間位 於哈薩克斯坦境內,且為自有生產 車間或歸屬於與該地下資源使用法 人有相關聯繫的居民企業。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

The Group has held shareholding in the joint venture for more than three years and all extracted minerals of the joint venture are further processed in its own production facilities, the dividends received by the Group from the joint venture are not subject to the Kazakhstani withholding tax in accordance with the provisions of the New Tax Code of Kazakhstan.

Pursuant to the EIT Law, the earnings distributed from the joint venture to the PRC subsidiary is subject to a tax rate difference between the tax rate under EIT Law and the tax rate under the New Tax Code of Kazakhstan.

As at the end of the reporting period, the accumulated unrecognisable taxation for undistributable profits of the joint venture is HK\$34,327,000 (2019: HK\$26,440,000).

Pursuant to the laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands for the both years.

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follow:

#### 10. 所得税支出(續)

本集團持有合營企業的權益超過三 年,且合營企業的其有開採礦產 均在其自有生產車間進行後加工處 理,因此,本集團收自合營企業的 分紅可按照哈國新税法的規定,不 繳納哈薩克斯坦預提所得税。

根據中國企業所得税法, 位於中國 的附屬公司享有合營企業的溢利之 税率與哈國新税法項下之税率之間 存在差異。

合營企業截至報告期末的不可 分派溢利的累計不可確認税項 為34,327,000港元(2019年: 26,440,000港元)。

根據開曼群島之法律及法規,本集 團於兩個年度毋須繳納任何開曼群 島所得税。

年內所得税開支可與綜合損益及其 他全面收益表除税前溢利對賬如 下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation 除	税前溢利	179,966	176,172
Tax calculated at rates applicable to profits in the 按	有關税務司法權區適用於溢利		
respective tax jurisdiction concerned	之税率計算之税項	37,550	35,077
Tax effect of share of results of a joint venture 應	佔一間合營企業業績之税務影響	(17,711)	(16,218)
Tax effect of share of results of an associate 應	佔一間聯營公司業績之税務影響	2,485	(1,966)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible 不	可扣税支出之税務影響		
for tax purpose		1,116	1,383
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose 不	可扣税收入之税務影響	(2,698)	(2,189)
	間合營企業未分配盈利的遞延		
a joint venture	税項	3,388	(54)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised 未	確認税務虧損之税務影響	589	12
	往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足	(80)	118
Others 其		110	-
Income tax expenses for the year 🛛 🗛 🕸	年度所得税支出	24,749	16,163

Details of deferred taxation are set out in note 31.

遞延税項詳情載於附註31。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

**11.** 本年度溢利

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at	本年度溢利已扣除/(計入)		
after charging/(crediting):	下列各項後達致:		
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,285	1,652
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已出售存貨賬面值	2,666,741	1,931,015
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment	存貨(撥回減值)/減值虧損		
loss in respect of inventories		(1,768)	1,768
Cost of inventories recognised as an	確認為開支及計入銷售		
expense and included in cost of sales	成本的存貨成本	2,664,973	1,932,783
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment		63	772
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,859	1,732
Short-term lease expenses	短期租賃費用	981	976
Staff costs (including directors'	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
emoluments) (Note 14)	(附註14)	13,918	13,413
Share of income tax expense of	應佔一間合營企業所得税支出		
a joint venture		19,661	15,620
Net exchange loss/(gain)	淨匯兑損失/(收益)	2,823	(464)

#### **12. DIVIDENDS**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, a final dividend of HK1 cent (2019: HK0.5 cents) per share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2019 has been declared and paid.

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a final dividend of HK0.5 cents per ordinary share (2019: HK1 cent) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 has been proposed by the board of directors of the Company and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

#### 12. 股息

於截至2020年12月31日止年度, 已宣佈及派發截至2019年12月31 日止年度的每股末期股息1港仙 (2019年:0.5港仙)。

於報告期結束後,本公司董事會提 議派發截至2020年12月31日止年 度之末期股息每股0.5港仙(2019 年:1港仙),該等擬派股息需經過 股東於即將召開的股東週年大會批 准。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### 13. 每股盈利

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data: 本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄 盈利乃按下列數據計算:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Earnings</b> Earnings for the year attributable to the owners	<b>盈利</b> 用於計算每股基本盈利之		
of the Company for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	本公司擁有人應佔年內盈利	155,217	160,009
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating	<b>股份數目</b> 用於計算每股基本盈利之 普通股加權平均數		
basic earnings per share	日 述 / 次 加 惟 十 均 数	6,600,682,645	6,600,682,645

The diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares during both years. 於兩個年度內均無具有攤薄效應之 潛在普通股,故每股攤薄盈利等於 每股基本盈利。

#### 14. STAFF COSTS (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

#### 14. 員工成本(包括董事酬金)

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances,	薪金、津貼、其他福利及花紅		
other benefits and bonus		13,275	12,669
Retirement benefit schemes	退休福利計劃供款		
contribution		643	744
		13,918	13,413

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 14. STAFF COSTS (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (Continued)

The subsidiaries in Hong Kong operate defined contribution schemes (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance which are available to qualified employees. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the subsidiaries in independently administered funds. Monthly contributions made by the subsidiaries are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs or fixed sums as stipulated under the relevant requirements, as appropriate. The employees are required to contribute 5% of their monthly salaries or up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 and they can choose to make additional contributions. The employees are entitled to 100% of the employer's Mandatory Contributions upon their retirement at the age of 65, death or total incapacity.

Pursuant to the regulations of the relevant authorities in the PRC and UK, the subsidiaries of the Company in those countries participate in respective government retirement benefit schemes (the "Schemes") whereby the subsidiaries are required to contribute to the Schemes to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the Schemes are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs as stipulated under the requirements in the PRC and UK. The relevant authorities of the PRC and UK are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Schemes is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the Schemes.

The retirement benefit schemes contribution represent gross contributions by the Group to the Schemes operated by the relevant authorities of the PRC and UK and the defined contribution schemes operated in Hong Kong.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of HK\$643,000 (2019: HK\$744,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the current accounting period.

Details of the Company's share options granted to the employees of the Group are set out in note 32.

#### **14.** 員工成本(包括董事酬金) (續)

香港附屬公司為合資格僱員按香港 強制性公積金計劃條例推行定額供 款計劃(「強積金計劃」)。該等計劃 之資產與附屬公司之資產於獨立管 理基金內分開持有。附屬公司之每 月供款乃按照有關規定所訂明以適 用薪酬成本之若干百分比或固定款 額(視適用情況而定)計算。僱員須 按其月薪之5%或最高1,500港元作 出供款,而彼等可選擇作出額外供 款。僱員於65歲退休、身故或完全 喪失工作能力時享有100%之僱主 強制性供款。

根據中國及英國有關當局之規例, 本公司之中國附屬公司參與各項政 府退休福利計劃(「該等計劃」),據 此,該等附屬公司須向該等計劃, 出供款,以撥付合資格僱員之退休 福利。向該等計劃作出之供款乃按 照中國及英國規例所訂明適用薪酬 成本之特定百分比計算。中國及英 國有關當局負責向退休僱員支付應 付之全數退休福利。本集團就該等 計劃之責任僅為根據該等計劃持續 作出所需供款。

退休福利計劃供款即本集團向由中 國及英國有關當局運作之該等計劃 以及於香港運作之定額供款計劃作 出之供款總額。

自損益扣除之總成本643,000港元 (2019年:744,000港元),即本集 團於本會計期間就該等計劃應付之 供款。

本公司向本集團員工授出購股權之 詳情載於附註32。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2019: eight) directors and the chief executive were as follows:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2020

**15.** 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬 金

#### (a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金

已付或應付八名(2019年: 八名)董事及主要行政人員 之酬金如下:

#### 截至2020年12月31日止年 度

			Other emc 其他		
		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement benefit schemes contribution 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings	董事就有關本公司及其 附屬公司業務之事務 管理之其他服務已獲 支付或應收之酬金				
<i>Executive directors:</i> An Junjing <sup>1</sup> Chen Deshao	<i>執行董事:</i> 安軍靖 <sup>1</sup> 陳德邵	:	950 864	:	950 864
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings	一名人士就擔任董事(無論 為本公司或其附屬公司 業務之董事)之服務已獲 支付或應收之酬金				
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:				
Yu Zhiping	余志平	-	-	-	-
Sun Xu Yin Xiong	孫旭 殷雄	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Qiu Xianhong	邱先洪	120	-	-	120
Lee Kwok Tung Louis	李國棟 高培基	120 120	-	-	120
Gao Pei Ji			-	-	120
		360	1,814	-	2,174

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

# **15. 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬** 金(續)

(續)

度

董事及主要行政人員酬金

截至2019年12月31日止年

(a)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2019

Other emoluments 其他酬金 Retirement Salaries, benefit allowances and schemes other benefits contribution 退休福利 計劃供款 薪金、津貼 Fees Total 袍金 及其他福利 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 董事就有關本公司及其附屬 Emoluments paid or receivable 公司業務之事務管理之其 in respect of director's other services in connection with the 他服務已獲支付或應收之 management of the affairs of 酬金 the Company and its subsidiary undertakings Executive directors: 執行董事: 安軍靖1 950 950 An Junjing<sup>1</sup> Chen Deshao 陳德邵 864 864 一名人士就擔任董事(無論 Emoluments paid or receivable in 為本公司或其附屬公司業 respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company 務之董事)之服務已獲支 or its subsidiary undertakings 付或應收之酬金 Non-executive directors: 非執行董事: Yu Zhiping<sup>2</sup> 余志平2 孫旭<sup>2</sup> Sun Xu<sup>2</sup> 殷雄<sup>2</sup> Yin Xiong<sup>2</sup> Independent non-executive 獨立非執行董事: directors: Qiu Xianhong 邱先洪 120 120 Lee Kwok Tuna Louis 李國棟 120 120 Gao Pei Ji 高培基 120 120 360 1.814 \_ 2.174 Mr. An Junjing is also the CEO of the Company and his 安軍靖先生亦為本公司首席執 行官,於上表披露的酬金包括 其履行作為首席執行官的職務 emoluments disclosed above included those for services rendered by him as the CEO. 的酬金。

<sup>2</sup> During the year end 31 December 2020, no emoluments were paid or payable to such directors of the Company by the Group (2019: HK\$ nil). 截至2020年12月31日止年 度,本集團未有已支付或應支 付相關董事的報酬(2019年: 零港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

## (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

The directors of the Company did not receive any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, retirement benefit schemes contribution for directors is borne by CGNPC, the ultimate parent of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "CGNPC Group"). No apportionment has been made as the directors of the Company consider that it is impracticable to apportion this amount between their services to the Group and their services to CGNPC Group.

#### (b) Individuals with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2019: two) were directors and the CEO of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 15(a) above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2019: three) individuals were as follows:

- **15. 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬** 金(續)
  - (a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金 (續)

於截至2020及2019年12月 31日止年度內,並無任何 董事已放棄或同意放棄任 何薪酬的安排。

於截至2020及2019年12月 31日止年度內,本公司董 事未收到任何為促使加盟 或在加盟本集團時或補償 失去職位的報酬。

於截至2020年及2019年12 月31日止年度,董事退休 福利計劃供款乃由本公司 之最終母公司中廣核集团 公司及其附屬公司(統稱「中 廣核集團」)承擔。由於本公 司董事認為就其向本集團 及中廣核集團提供服務而 分攤該數目並不可行,因 而尚未作出分攤。

(b) 最高薪酬人士

於本集團五名最高薪酬人 士中,一名(2019年:兩 名)為本公司董事及首席執 行官。其薪酬已在上述附 註15(a)中作出披露。餘下 四名(2019年:三名)人士 的薪酬為如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and other	薪金、津貼及其他福利		
benefits		4,345	2,698
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅	1,130	395
Retirement benefit schemes	退休福利計劃供款 😑		
contribution		187	303
		5,662	3,396

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 15. DIRECTORS' AND INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

# **15. 董事及最高薪酬人士之酬** 金(續)

最高薪酬人士(續)

(b)

#### (b) Individuals with highest emoluments (Continued)

The emoluments were within the following bands:

其酬金在以下範圍內:

		2020 2020年 Number of Individuals 人數	2019 2019年 Number of Individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000	2	2
	港元	1	-

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置 及辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST At 1 January 2019 Additions Surplus on valuation Transfer to investment properties (Note 18) Exchange realignment	成本 於2019年1月1日 添置 估值盈餘 轉撥至投資物業(附註18) 匯兑調整	16,742 	577 - - - -	4,958 82 - - (9)	22,277 82 5,412 (21,916) (9)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Additions Exchange realignment	於2019年12月31日及2020年 1月1日 添置 匯兑調整 於2020年12月31日	238 - -	577 - -	5,031 524 (2)	5,846 524 (2)
At 31 December 2020 ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT At 1 January 2019 Provided for the year Transfer to investment properties (Note 18) Exchange realignment	於2020年12月31日 累計折舊及減值 於2019年1月1日 本年度撥備 轉撥至投資物業(附註18) 匯兑調整	238 3,039 87 (2,888)	577 577 - -	5,553 4,195 685 - (9)	6,368 7,811 772 (2,888) (9)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 Provided for the year Exchange realignment At 31 December 2020	於2019年12月31日 及2020年1月1日 本年度撥備 匯兑調整 於2020年12月31日	238 _ _ 238	577 _ _ 577	4,871 63 (3) 4,931	5,686 63 (3) 5,746
CARRYING VALUES At 31 December 2020 At 31 December 2019	賬面值 於2020年12月31日 於2019年12月31日	-	-	622 160	622 160

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 17. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE 17. 使用權資產及租賃負債 LIABILITIES

(a)

(b) 租賃負債

Right-of-use assets		(a)	使用權資產	
			2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties	物業		1,977	3,836
	ngements for staff quarter s are generally ranged from			工宿舍及辦公 安排。租賃期 9至五年。
-	e assets for the year ended bunted to approximately leases of offices.		度因新租辦	12月31日止年 公室令使用權 2,159,000港
During the year ended 31 l did not enter into any lease	December 2020, the Group agreement.			12月31日止年 並無訂立任何

#### Lease liabilities (b)

		<b>2020</b> 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current	流動	704	1,703
Non-current	非流動	1,162 1,866	2,021 3,724

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

# 17. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

**17.** 使用權資產及租賃負債

(b) Lease liabilities (Continued) (b) 租賃負債(續)

Amounts payable under lease liabilities	根據租賃負債應付的金額	31 December 2020 2020年 12月31日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 2019 2019年 12月31日 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	704	1,703
After one year but within two years	一年後但於兩年內	442	868
After two years but within five years	兩年後但五年內	720	1,153
		1,866	3,724
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:於十二個月內到期結算		
within 12 months	的金額	(704)	(1,703)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	於十二個月後到期結算的金額	1,162	2,021

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group entered into a number of new lease agreements in respect of renting offices and recognised lease liability of approximately HK\$2,159,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not enter into any lease agreement.

截至2019年12月31日止年 度,本集團訂立若干有關辦 公室的新租賃協議並確認租 賃負債約2,159,000港元。

截至2020年12月31日止年 度,本集團並無訂立任何 租賃協議。

Amounts recognised in profit or loss		(c)	於損益中確認的金額	
			2020	2019
			2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation expense on right-of-use	使用權資產的折舊支出			
assets			1,859	1,732
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息支出		104	114
Expense relating to short-term leases	短期租賃支出		981	976

#### (d) Others

(c)

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the total cash outflow for leases amount to approximately HK\$2,943,000 (2019: HK\$2,934,000).

(d) 其他

截至2020年12月31日止年 度,租賃的現金流出總額 約為2,943,000港元(2019 年:2,934,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

18. 投資物業

		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
FAIR VALUE	公允值	
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	30,359
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之轉撥	19,028
Net increase in fair value recognised in profit or loss	已於損益確認之公允值淨增加	272
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(1,064)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於2019年12月31日及2020年	
	1月1日	48,595
Net increase in fair value recognised in profit or loss	已於損益確認之公允值淨增加	855
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	3,173
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	52,623

The carrying value of investment properties shown above are situated in the PRC and held under medium-term lease.

All of the Group's property interests to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group has transferred an office located in the PRC from property, plant and equipment to investment property due to the change in use, which was evidenced by commencement of development with a view to inception of an operating lease to another party. The carrying value of the unit on the date of reclassification amounted to HK\$13,616,000 with fair value of approximately HK\$19,028,000, which resulted in a gain on revaluation of property of approximately HK\$5,412,000 in other comprehensive income.

上述賬面值之投資物業乃位於中 國,根據中期租賃持有。

本集團所有持有以賺取租金或作資 本增值用途之物業權益均以公允值 模式計量,並分類及入賬列作投資 物業。

截至2019年12月31日止年度, 由於用途變更,本集團將位於中 國的辦公室由物業、廠房及設備 轉撥至投資物業,可由旨在向另 一方開啟經營租賃的發展開始證 明。該單位於重新分類日期的賬面 值為約13,616,000港元,公允值 約為19,028,000港元,導致於其 他全面收益之物業重估收益約為 5,412,000港元。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The fair value of the Group's investment properties held by Beijing Sino-Kazakh as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group, Avista Valuation Advisory Limited, who has among its staff members of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued. The valuation was arrived at on an open market value basis by using the income approach of capitalising the net rental income receivable from the existing tenancies and the reversionary income potentials.

There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The Group's investment properties that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are HK\$52,623,000 (2019: HK\$48,595,000). They are grouped into fair value hierarchy Level 3 based on the degree to which the inputs fair value measurements is observable.

There were no transfers between levels in fair value hierarchy for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

#### 18. 投資物業(續)

北京中哈鈾於2020年及2019年12 月31日所持有本集團投資物業的公 允值乃基於與本集團無關連之獨立 合資格專業估值師艾華廸評估諮詢 有限公司所進行估值而達致。艾華 廸評估諮詢有限公司部分員工為香 港測量師學會會員,擁有近期所估 值物業所在地點及其類別之估值經 驗。該估值是按公開市值基準,假 設在現有租賃下出售,透過資本化 來自現有租賃的租金收入淨額及轉 回潛在租金收入而達致。

估值技術較上一年度所使用者並無 改變。就計量物業之公允值而言, 物業之最有效使用值為其現時之使 用值。

本集團之投資物業以初步確認後之 公允值52,623,000港元(2019年: 48,595,000港元)計量,乃按公允 值可觀察的程度分類為公允值第三 級。

截至2020年及2019年12月31日止 年度,並無公允值等級制度之間的 等級轉移。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 18. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

#### 18. 投資物業(續)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements of investment properties:

有關投資物業第三級公允值計量之 資料:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Key input 主要輸入值	Significant unobservable inputs 不可觀察之重要資料
All Investment properties	Income approach	Income approach takes into account net rental income of the properties derived from the existing leases and/ or achievable in the existing market with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the leases, which have been then capitalised to determine the market value at an appropriate capitalisation rate.	Term yield and reversion yield are at 6% (2019: 6%)
所有投資物業	收入法	收入法乃經計及有關物業以現有租賃所 得及/或在現時市場上可收取之租金收 入淨額,且已就有關租賃之復歸收入潛 力作適當估量,再將有關租賃予以資本 化以按某一適當資本化比率釐定市值。	期間收益率及復歸收益 率為6%(2019年:6%)

The fair value measurement of the investment properties determined by using income approach is negatively correlated to the term yield and reversion yield. A slight increase in term yield and reversion yield used would result in a significant decrease in fair value measurement of the properties, and vice versa. 採用收入法釐定之投資物業公允值 計量乃與期間收益率及復歸收益率 呈負相關。期間收益率及復歸收益 率略微增長會導致物業公允值計量 顯著減少,反之亦然。

The net increase in fair value of approximately HK\$855,000 (2019: HK\$272,000) was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2020.

截至2020年12月31日止年度, 公允值增加淨額約855,000港元 (2019年:272,000港元)於損益確 認。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE**

19. 於一間合營企業之權益

	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
venture 之 Share of post-acquisition results and 應借	-間非上市合營企業之權益 2.成本 793,730 5.收購後業績及其他全面開支 扣除已收股息)	793,730
of dividends received	(528,774)	(555,955)
	264,956	237,775

Details of the joint venture as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

合營企業於2020年及2019年12月 31日的詳情如下:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporations establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立 及業務地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Percentage of ownership held by the Group 本集團所持 擁有權百分比	Principal activities 主要業務活動
Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership ("Semizbay-U")	Limited liability partnership	Kazakhstan	Ordinary shares	49%	Extraction, preliminary processing and sale of uranium oxide on Semizbay and Irkol fields
謝米兹拜伊有限合夥企業 (「謝公司」)	有限責任合夥	哈薩克斯坦	普通股	49%	提取、初步加工及銷售 Semizbay及Irkol區域 的氧化鈾

## Summarised financial information of material joint ventures

#### 重大合營企業財務資料概要

The summarised financial information in respect of the joint venture that is material to the Group and is accounted for using equity method set out below:

對本集團有重大影響之合營企業 (以權益法入賬)的財務資料概要載 列如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### **19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE** (Continued)

**19.** 於一間合營企業之權益 (續)

Semizbay-U		謝公司	
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	258,805	277,012
Non-current assets	非流動資產	376,456	426,675
Current liabilities	流動負債	49,037	162,906
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	76,485	93,932
The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following: Cash and cash equivalents	上述資產及負債金額包括 下列: 現金及現金等值項目	54,110	36,546
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	流動金融負債 (不包括應付賬款及其他 應付款項及撥備)	_	97,707
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	非流動金融負債 (不包括應付賬款及其他應付 款項及撥備)	_	-
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	486,315	483,749
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	144,579	132,391
Other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度其他全面開支	(52,043)	(6,761)

 for the year
 (52,043)
 (6,761)

 Total comprehensive income
 本年度全面收益總額
 92,536
 125,630

 for the year
 92,536
 125,630

Note: Dividend of approximately HK\$16,734,000 from joint venture has been received during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: HK\$14,490,000).

附註: 於截至2020年12月31日止年度, 已收取來自合營企業約16,734,000 港元(2019年:14,490,000港元)之 股息。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

**20.** 於一間合營企業之權益 (續)

#### Semizbay-U (Continued)

The above profit for the year include the following:

上述本年度溢利包括下列:

謝公司(續)

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	59,263	60,795
Interest income	利息收入	1,406	-
Interest expense	利息支出	2,009	4,426
Income tax expense	所得税支出	40,125	31,877

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the joint venture is set out as below: 上述於合營企業之權益財務資料概 要與賬面值的對賬如下:

		<b>2020</b> 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of Semizbay-U Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Semizbay-U	謝公司資產淨值 本集團於謝公司 的權益比例	509,739 49%	446,849 49%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Semizbay-U	本集團於謝公司 的權益的賬面值	264,956	237,775

No capital commitment and contingent liabilities incurred related to the Group's interest in a joint venture.

本集團於一間合營企業的權益並無 資本承擔及或然負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

20.	INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE		20.	於一間黽	<sup>鋒</sup> 營公	司之權益	
					20: HK\$	2020 20年 '000 港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Cost of interest in a list Accumulated impairme Share of post-acquisiti and other comprehe	nt on profit	於一間上市聯營 累計減值 應佔收購後溢利 其他全面收益			,924 ,337)	453,924 (190,760)
	income (Note a) Share of other reserve		(附註a) 應佔其他儲備			,426 ,557	282,712 7,646
					553	,570	553,522
					20: HK\$	2020 20年 '000 港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Market value of the inte the listed associate	erest in	於一間上市聯營 權益之市值	公司	229	,268	161,596
	Details of the associate are as follows:	e as at 31 Dec	ember 2020 and	2019	於2020年) 聯營公司詳		₹12月31日,該 :
	Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporations establishment and operation 註冊成立 及業務地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Percentage ownership by the Grou (Note b) 本集團所持 擁有權百分 (附註b)	held ıp t Prir	ncipal activities E業務活動
	Fission Uranium Corp. ("Fission")	Corporation	Canada	Common shares	16.74% (Not (31 Decemb 2019: 19.88	er di %) ez	uisition and evelopment of xploration and valuation assets
	Fission Uranium Corp. ([Fission])	企業	加拿大	普通股	16.74%(附詞 (2019年 12月31日:	訂	構及開發勘探及 平估資產

19.88%)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Note (a): As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the management of the Group reviewed the interest in an associate for impairment assessment and determined the recoverable amount based on a value-in-use calculation using a 20-year (2019: 20 years) cash flow projection with reference to a valuation performed by an independent qualified professional valuer, Asia-Pacific Consulting and Appraisal Limited. The key inputs are the uranium prices and the resources of uranium.

During the year, as a result of recovery of uranium price, a reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$59,423,000 (2019: HK\$18,267,000) was recognised and included in the share of result of an associate for the current year.

- Note (b): The Group is able to exercise significant influence over Fission because it has the power to appoint two (2019: two) out of eight directors of Fission under the terms stated in the subscription agreement entered into by the Company and Fission on 11 January 2016.
- Note (c): During the year, Fission entered into agreements with certain underwriters on 26 October 2020 and 11 December 2020 pursuant to which the underwriters have agreed to purchase, on a bought deal basis, approximately 79,163,474 ordinary shares in aggregate.

Fission also engaged into a credit agreement with a company ("Lender") for the purpose of funding the development of the Patterson Lake South uranium project and general working capital. In connection with the facility, Fission issued approximately 11,684,000 ordinary shares upon exercise of purchase warrants and interest payment to the lender in accordance with the terms and conditions of the credit facility agreement.

In addition, Fission issued 244,000 (2019: 605,000) ordinary shares upon exercise of share options granted to the directors and employees of Fission under the share option schemes of Fission.

As a result, the Group's interest in Fission reduced in aggregate by 3.14% (2019: 0.02%) from 19.88% as at 31 December 2019 to 16.74% as at 31 December 2020. The effect on the deemed disposal of partial interest in Fission is approximately loss of HK\$64,439,000 (2019: loss of HK\$267,000) which included in share of result of an associate for the current year.

The market value of the Group's interest in an associate disclosed above is based on the quoted market price available on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FCU", which is level 1 input in terms of HKFRS 13.

## **20.** 於一間聯營公司之權益

附註(a): 於2020年及2019年12月31日, 本集團管理層審閲於一間聯營公 司之權益減值,並參考獨立合資 格專業評估師亞太評估諮詢有限 公司所進行的估值,採用20年 (2019年:20年)現金流預測之使 用價值計算方法釐定其可收回金 額。主要輸入數據為鈾價及鈾資 源。

> 年內,由於鈾價回升,本公司確 認減值虧損撥回約59,423,000港 元(2019年:18,267,000港元), 其計入於本年度應佔一間聯營公 司業績。

附註(b): 本集團能對Fission施加重大影響,因根據本公司與Fission於 2016年1月11日訂立之認購協議 條款,本集團有權委任其八名中 的兩名(2019年:兩名)董事。

附註(c): 於本年度,Fission於2020年10月 26日及2020年12月11日與若干包 銷商訂立協議,據此,包銷商已 同意按全數包銷基準購買合共約 79.163.474股普通股。

> Fission亦與一間公司(「貸款人」) 訂立一份信貸協議,為開發 Patterson Lake South鈾礦項目及 一般營運資金進行融資。就融資 而言,Fission已於行使認購權證 時發行約11,684,000股普通股, 並根據信貸融資協議的條款及條 件向貸款人支付利息。

此外,Fission因根據Fission購股 權計劃授予Fission董事及僱員的 購股權獲行使而已發行244,000 股普通股(2019年:605,000股)。

據此,本集團於Fission的權益由 2019年12月31日的19.88%減少 至2020年12月31日的16.74%, 合共減少3.14%(2019年: 0.02%)。視作出售於Fission部分 權益的影響約為虧損64,439,000 港元(2019年:虧損267,000港 元),已於本年度計入應佔一間聯 營公司業績。

上述披露的本集團於一間聯營公司 權益的市值乃根據多倫多證券交易 所中代號[FCU]所報之市價(即就 香港財務報告準則第13號而言的第 一級輸入數據)而釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

## Summarised financial information of a material associate

The summarised financial information in respect of the associate that is material to the Group and is accounted for using equity method set out below: **20.** 於一間聯營公司之權益 (續)

#### 重大聯營公司之財務資料概要

對本集團有重大影響之聯營公司 (以權益法入賬)的財務資料概要載 列如下:

Fission	Fission		
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	183,531	29,420
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,953,549	1,868,053
Current liabilities	流動負債	4,996	2,471
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	59,920	1,896

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	營業額	-	_
Loss and other comprehensive expenses for the year	本年度虧損 其他全面支出	52,100	31,946
Other reserve for the year	本年度其他儲備	(26,449)	112
		25,651	32,058

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

**20.** 於一間聯營公司之權益 (續)

重大聯營公司之財務資料概要(續)

## Summarised financial information of a material associate (Continued)

Fission (Continued)

The above profit for the year includes the following:

Fission(續) 上述本年度溢利包括下列:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	1,032	1,124
Interest income	利息收入	695	1,641
Interest expense	利息支出	66	93
Income tax expense	所得税支出	-	_

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate is set out as below: 上述於聯營公司之權益財務資料概 要與賬面值的對賬如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of Fission Proportion of the Group's ownership	Fission的資產淨值 本集團於Fission的權益比例	2,072,164	1,893,106
interest in Fission	本集團於Fission的權益	16.74%	19.88%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Fission	本集團於FISSION的權益 之賬面值	553,570	553,522

No capital commitment and contingent liabilities incurred related to the Group's interest in an associate.

本集團於一間聯營公司的權益並無 資本承擔及或然負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Uranium	鈾	1,767,335	1,441,980

During the year ended 31 December 2020, a reversal of impairment of inventories of approximately HK\$1,768,000 (2019: provision of impairment of inventories of approximately HK\$1,768,000) was recognised and included in the "cost of sales" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The net realisable value of the inventories have been determined with reference to the recent market prices of similar items within the same industry.

於截至2020年12月31日止年度, 確認存貨減值撥回1,768,000港 元(2019年:存貨減值撥備約 1,768,000港元)已計入綜合損益表 的「銷售成本」項目。存貨的可變現 淨值根據相同行業內類似項目的近 期市場售價釐定。

#### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

22. 應收賬款及其他應收款項

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables (Note a) Prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Note b)	應收賬款(附註a) 預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項(附註b)	351,810 11,366	120,882 5,824
		363,176	126,706

The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances. At 31 December 2020 and 2019, there was no loss allowance provided.

- Note a: Trade receivables of HK\$64,821,000 (2019: HK\$7,387,000) represents amount due from immediate holding company, China Uranium Development.
- Note b: Included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, approximately HK\$805,000 (2019: HK\$472,000) and HK\$69,000 (2019: HK\$54,000) are interest receivables due from CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited ("CGNPC Huasheng") and 中廣核財務 有限責任公司 (for identification purpose, in English CGN Finance Co, Ltd. referred to as CGN Finance) respectively, fellow subsidiaries of the Company.

本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵 押品。於2020年及2019年12月31 日,本集團並未計提虧損撥備。

附註a: 應收賬款64,821,000港元(2019 年:7,387,000港元)指應收直接 控股公司中國鈾業發展的款項。

附註b:

 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 包括來自本公司同系附屬公司中 廣核華盛投資有限公司(「中廣核 華盛」)及中廣核財務有限責任公司(「中廣核財務」)分別約805,000 港元(2019年:472,000港元)及
 69,000港元(2019年:54,000港元)次
 六)的應收利息。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

## 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

The Group normally grants to its trade customer credit periods for natural uranium segment ranging from 15 days to 120 days after delivery dates.

The following is an ageing analysis of the trade receivables presented based on the invoice date, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period.

# **22.** 應收賬款及其他應收款項

本集團通常就天然鈾分部授予其貿易客戶自交付日期起計介乎15日至 120日的信貸期。

於報告期末,以與各自營業額確認 日期相若的發票日期為基準,應收 賬款賬齡分析如下。

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	344,430	113,495
31 to 60 days	31至60日	-	7,387
61 to 90 days	61至90日	-	-
91 to 120 days	91至120日	7,380	_
		351,810	120,882

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The ECLs on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience and creditworthiness of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

For other receivables, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs, unless when there is a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECLs. The assessment of whether lifetime ECLs should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition. 本集團計量的應收賬款虧損撥備等 於全期預期信貸虧損。應收賬款之 預期信貸虧損乃經參考債務人過往 違約記錄及信譽以及對債務人現時 財務狀況的分析後採用撥備矩陣估 計,並就債務人的特定因素、債務 人營運所處行業的整體經濟情況以 及對報告日期現時和預測狀況方向 的評估予以調整。

就其他應收款項而言,本集團計量 與12個月預期信貸虧損等額的虧損 撥備,除非信貸風險自首次確認以 來顯著增加,則本集團會確認全期 預期信貸虧損。評估是否應確認全 期預期信貸虧損,乃基於自首次確 認起出現違約的可能性或風險是否 顯著增加。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(Continued)

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

The Group's trade and other receivables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below: **22.** 應收賬款及其他應收款項

於當前報告期間所作估值技術或重 大假設並無任何變動。

本集團以相關集團實體之功能貨幣 以外之貨幣計值之應收賬款及其他 應收款項如下:

Presented in: 列示為		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 2019年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他 應收款項	604	1,224	3,041	3,180

#### 23. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) AN INTERMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

The amount due from an intermediate holding company represents the rental receivable from CGNPC-URC Development of which the maximum outstanding amount during the year ended 31 December 2020 is approximately HK\$3,875,000 (2019: HK\$5,375,000).

The amount due to an intermediate holding company represents unsettled amount of management service provided by and the expenses paid by CGNPC-URC Development on behalf of the Group.

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free, and repayable on demand.

#### 23. 應收/(付)一間中間控股 公司款項

應收一間中間控股公司款項即應收 取中廣核鈾業發展租金,其中,截 至2020年12月31日止年度最高未 償還金額約3,875,000港元(2019 年:5,375,000港元)。

應付一間中間控股公司款項即中廣 核鈾業發展向本集團提供的管理服 務及代支付費用的未結算款項。

款項乃無抵押、不計息及須應要求 償還。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 23. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) AN INTERMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

#### (Continued)

The Group's amount due from/(to) an intermediate holding company that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below: **23.** 應收/(付)一間中間控股 公司款項(續)

> 本集團應收/(付)一間中間控股公 司款項以相關集團實體之功能貨幣 以外之貨幣計值載列如下:

Presented in: 列示為:		2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 2019年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due from an intermediate holding company	應收一間中間控股 公司款項	1,955	3,472
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	應付一間中間控股 公司款項	735	7,519

#### 24. AMOUNTS DUE FROM/(TO) FELLOW SUBSIDIARIES

#### **24.** 應收/(付)同系附屬公司 款項

The amounts due from/(to) fellow subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Group's amounts due from/(to) fellow subsidiaries that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below: 抵押、不計息及須應要求償還。

應收/(付)同系附屬公司款項乃無

本集團應收/(付)同系附屬公司款 項以相關集團實體之功能貨幣以外 之貨幣計值載列如下:

Presented in: 列示為:		2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 2019年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Amount due from a fellow subsidiary	應收一間同系附屬公司款項	16	_
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	956	718

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 25. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

25. 銀行結存及現金

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank deposits: 銀行存款:			
Cash at bank and on hand		1,174,508	676,793
Analysis of bank balances and 於年末銀行結存及現金分析: cash at end of the year: Cash at bank and on hand (Note a) 銀行結存及現金(附註a)		50,928	28,625
Cash placed at CGNPC Huasheng存放於中廣核華盛及and CGN Finance (Note b)中廣核財務的現金(附註b)		1,123,580	648,168
		1,174,508	676,793
Notes:a)Cash at bank carries interest at prevailing market rates for both years.	附言 a)	_	的銀行存款均按市場利 。
b) The balance is unsecured, interest bearing at rates ranging from 0.21% to 2.76% (2019: 0.15% to 3.66%) per annum and recoverable on demand. On 14 June 2019, the Company entered into the new Financial Service Framework Agreements with CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance for a terms of three years commencing from 1 January 2020 and ending on 31 December 2022 (the "Agreements"). Under the Agreements, the directors of the Company consider that these deposits made to CGNPC Huasheng and CGN Finance is qualified as cash as the Group can withdraw the deposits without giving any notice and without suffering any penalty.	b)	0.21%至2.7 3.66%)計息 2019年6月 華盛和中廣 框架協議, 2022年12月 兩者合稱(「 協議,提取該 通知及不會	抵押,按年利率介乎 6%(2019年:0.15%至 並於需要時可收回。於 14日,本公司與中廣核 核財務訂立新財務服務 自2020年1月1日開始至 引31日止,為期三年, 該等協議」)。根據該等 司董事認為,因本集團 等存款(毋須發出任何 遭受任何懲罰),存置 盛及中廣核財務的存款 現金。
The Group's bank balances and cash that are denominated in	本	集團以相關集	團實體功能貨幣以

currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

外之貨幣計值之銀行結存及現金如 下:



For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

26. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

				2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade	oayables (Note a)	應付賬款(附註a)		147,340	23,889
Accrue	ed expenses and other	應計開支及其他			
paya	ables (Note b)	應付款項(附註b)		10,949	11,020
Contra	ct liabilities (Note c)	合約負債(附註c)		-	1,473
				158,289	36,382
Note (a): Note (b):	represented amount due to a join Semizbay-U. Included in other payables, app	39,000 (2019: HK\$5,994,000) t venture of the Company, namely, proximately HK\$1,015,000 (2019: able due to CGNPC Huasheng, a		年:5,99 司一間合 注(b): 其他應付 一間同系 約1,015	54,189,000港元(2018 4,000港元)為應付本公 營企業謝公司的款項。 款項包括應付本公司 附屬公司中廣核華盛 ,000港元(2019年: 港元)的應付利息。
Note (c):	Contract liabilities include the upf deliver the natural uranium.	ront deposits from the customer to	附言	注(c): 合約負債 而預付的打	包括客户為交付天然鉗 安金。
	was included in the contract liabi approximately HK\$1,473,000 (20	ear ended 31 December 2020 that ities at the beginning of the year is 19: HK\$2,391,000). There was no it year that related to performance prior year.		12月31 額約1,47 2,391,00	負債包括截至2020年 日止年度確認的營業 3,000港元(2019年: 0港元)。於本年度並無 年已達成的履約義務相 領。
The follo	owing is an ageing analysis	of trade payables presented	於	報告期末,根	據發票日期呈列之

based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末,根據發票日期呈列之 應付賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days	30日內	141,078	23,889
31-60 days	31至60日	126	
61-90 days	61至90日	-	_
91-120 days	91至120日	6,136	_
		147.340	23.889

The average credit period on purchases of goods was ranging from 15 days to 120 days after delivery date. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit time frame. 採購貨品之平均信貸期為交付日期 後介乎15日至120日。本集團已實 施財務風險管理政策,以確保所有 應付款項於信貸期內清償。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

#### **26.** 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (續)

The Group's trade and other payables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below: 本集團以相關集團實體功能貨幣以 外之貨幣計值之應付賬款及其他應 付款項如下:

Presented in:		2020	2019	2020	2019
列示為		<b>2020</b> 年	2019年	<b>2020</b> 年	2019年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		千港元	千港元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及				
	其他應付款項	2,138	4,060	3,011	2,369

#### 27. LOANS FROM A FELLOW SUBSIDIARY

#### **27.** 來自一間同系附屬公司的 貸款

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans repayable on maturity, unsecured and interest bearing ranging from 3.2% to 4.6% (2019: 3.2% to 4.6%) per annum	償還到期、無抵押及按年利率介乎 3.2%至4.6%(2019年:3.2%至 4.6%)計息之貸款	904,289	1,067,053
Analysed into	分析為:		
Current portion	流動部分	370,693	422,559
Non-current portion	非流動部分	533,596	644,494
		904,289	1,067,053

The effective interest rate of the loans from a fellow subsidiary is 3.12% (2019: 3.55%) per annum.

來自一間同系附屬公司的貸款的 實際年利率為3.12%(2019年: 3.55%)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 27. LOANS FROM A FELLOW SUBSIDIARY

(Continued)

The repayment schedule of the above loans based on the agreed terms of repayment granted by a fellow subsidiary are as follows:

**27.** 來自一間同系附屬公司的 貸款(續)

> 根據一間同系附屬公司授予的協定 還款條款,上述貸款的還款計劃載 列如下:

	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
On demand or within one year按要求或於一年內After one year but within two years一年或以後但少於兩年After two years but within five years兩年或以後但少於五年	370,693 533,596 -	422,559 110,898 533,596

#### 28. BANK BORROWINGS

#### 28. 銀行借款

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans – unsecured and guaranteed	銀行貸款-無抵押 及有擔保		
Analysed into	分析為		
Current portion	流動部分	666,704	-
Non-current portion	非流動部分	387,754	_
		1,054,458	_

The above loans were borrowed by CGN Global, a subsidiary of the Company, under credit facilities with amounts ranging from USD50,000,000 to USD100,000,000.

The borrowing bears interest rates ranging from 0.78% to 1.47% per annum and it is guaranteed by the Company.

上述貸款由本公司附屬公司中廣 核國際銷售公司借入,信貸融 資額度介乎50,000,000美元至 100,000,000美元。

借款年利率介乎0.78%至1.47%, 並由本公司擔保。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 28. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

The repayment schedule of the above borrowings based on the agreed terms of repayment granted by bank are as follows:

#### 28. 銀行借款(續)

根據銀行授出的協定還款條款,上 述借款的還款計劃載列如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
On demand or within one year More than one year, but not excee	按要求或於1年內 eding 1至2年	666,704	_
two years		-	-
More than two years, but not exceeding five years	2至5年	387,754	_
		1,054,458	_

#### 29. AMOUNT DUE TO A JOINT VENTURE

As at 31 December 2019, the amount mainly represents other taxes in relation to purchase of natural uranium resources from Semizbay-U, a joint venture of the Company, charged by the local government of Semizbay-U. The amount is reimbursed to Semizbay-U in accordance with a purchase agreement entered into between the Company and Semizbay-U.

The balance was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 29. 應付一間合營企業款項

於2019年12月31日,該款項主要 指有關自本公司合營企業謝公司採 購天然鈾資源而支付謝公司當地政 府的其他税項。該款項乃根據本公 司與謝公司訂立的購買協議而支付 謝公司。

結餘為無抵押、不計息及須應要求 償還。



For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### **30. SHARE CAPITAL**

SHARE CAPITAL	30.	加又个	
		Number of shares 股份數目	<b>Amount 金額</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary share of HK\$0.01 each Authorised: At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	每股面值0.01港元之普通股 法定: 於2019年1月1日、2019年12 月31日、2020年1月1日及 2020年12月31日	50,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	已發行及繳足: 於2019年1月1日、2019年12 月31日、2020年1月1日及 2020年12月31日	6,600,682,645	66,007
All the ordinary shares issued durin	in the years ended 31	於截至2020年及20	19年12月31日

30

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All the ordinary shares issued during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 rank pari passu with the then existing shares in all respects.

#### **31. DEFERRED TAXATION**

The analysis of deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

於截至2020年及2019年12月31日 止年度所有已發行的普通股與當時 已有股份於各方面享有同地位。

#### 31. 遞延税項

遞延税項負債之分析如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	23,968	19,104
For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 31. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

The followings are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

### 31. 遞延税項(續)

以下為於本年度及過往年度確認之 主要遞延税項負債以及有關變動:

		Tax losses	Accumulated tax depreciation	Change in fair value of buildings and investment properties 樓宇以及 投資物業之	Undistributable profits of a joint venture 一間合營 企業之	Total
		税項虧損	累計税項折舊	公允值變動	未分配溢利	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		1/8/6	1/8/0	1/8/6	1/8/6	17876
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	496	(3,060)	(4,171)	(10,895)	(17,630)
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	自物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資物業					
to investment properties		-	2,906	(2,906)	-	-
Charged to other comprehensive income	於其他全面收益扣除	-	-	(1,353)	-	(1,353)
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	於損益(扣除)/計入	(496)	(28)	(56)	54	(526)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	-	108	297	405
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於2019年12月31日及2020年1月1日	-	(182)	(8,378)	(10,544)	(19,104)
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	於損益(扣除)/計入	-	156	(214)	(3,388)	(3,446)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	-	(208)	(1,210)	(1,418)
At 31 December 2020	於 <b>2020年12月31</b> 日	-	(26)	(8,800)	(15,142)	(23,968)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$30,101,000 (2019: HK\$27,747,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses of approximately HK\$30,101,000 (2019: HK\$27,747,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$30,101,000 (2019: HK\$27,747,000) that will expire after five years from the year of assessment to which they relate to. No tax loss was expired during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

於報告期末,本集團可供抵銷 未來溢利之未動用税項虧損約 為30,101,000港元(2019年: 27,747,000港元)。由於未能預測未 來溢利流,故並無就約30,101,000 港元(2019年:27,747,000港元) 之税項虧損確認遞延税項資產。未 確認税項虧損中約30,101,000港元 (2019年:27,747,000港元)將於 與其相關之評税年度起計五年後屆 滿。截至2020年及2019年12月31 日止年度,概無税項虧損已屆滿。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 32. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting held on 2 June 2010, a new share option scheme ("2010 Share Option Scheme") was adopted. Details of which were set out in the Company's circular dated 27 April 2010.

The board of directors of the Company may, at their discretion, grant option to the eligible participant including any employees, any non-executive directors, directors, suppliers, customers, advisors, consultants, joint venture partners and any shareholders of any members of the Group or any invested entities or any holders of any securities issued by any members of the Group or any invested entities. The maximum number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options granted under its share option scheme or any other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of its issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2010 Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of passing the relevant resolution adopting the share option scheme unless it is approved by shareholders in a general meeting of the Company. The maximum number of shares issuable under the options to each eligible participant in any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares in issue unless it is approved by shareholder in a general meeting of the Company. Any grant of options under the share option scheme to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company or any of their respective associates must be approved by independent non-executive directors (excluding any independent nonexecutive director who is the grantee of the options). Any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company or to any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares in issue and with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, in any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting of the Company.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no share options were granted, cancelled or exercised.

The 2010 Share Option Scheme has been expired on 1 June 2020.

### 32. 購股權計劃

根據於2010年6月2日舉行之股東 週年大會上通過一項普通決議案, 本公司已採納一項新購股權計劃 (「2010年購股權計劃」)。有關詳 情載於本公司日期2010年4月27日 之通函。

本公司董事會可酌情向合資格參與 者授出購股權,包括本集團任何成 員公司或被投資實體之任何僱員、 非執行董事、董事、供應商、客 戶、顧問、諮詢人、合營夥伴及股 東或本集團任何成員公司或被投資 實體所發行證券之持有人。悉數行 使根據本公司購股權計劃或本公司 所採納任何其他購股權計劃所授出 購股權而可能發行之本公司股份數 目,合共最多不得超過本公司不時 已發行股本之30%。悉數行使根據 2010年購股權計劃及本集團任何 其他購股權計劃所授出購股權而可 能發行之股份總數,不得超過採納 購股權計劃之有關決議案獲通過日 期已發行股份之10%,除非股東於 本公司股東大會批准則作別論。除 非於本公司股東大會獲股東批准, 否則每名合資格參與者於任何12 個月根據購股權可獲發行之股份總 數最多為已發行股份之1%。根據 購股權計劃向本公司任何董事、主 要行政人員或主要股東或彼等各自 之聯繫人士授出購股權必須獲獨立 非執行董事(不包括同為購股權承 授人之獨立非執行董事)之批准。 倘於任何12個月期間向本公司之 主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等 各自之聯繫人士授出之購股權超 過已發行股份之0.1%及總值超過 5.000.000港元(根據股份於授出日 期之收市價計算),則須於本公司 股東大會獲股東批准。

於截至2020年及2019年12月31日 止年度,概無授出、註銷或行使任 何購股權。

2010年購股權計劃已於2020年6月 1日到期。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 33. 本公司財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

		Notes 附註	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		194	55
Right-of-use-assets	使用權資產		435	1,858
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益		1,098,454	1,098,454
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益		453,924	453,924
Rental deposits	租賃按金		-	387
			1,553,007	1,554,678
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項		69,777	12,327
Loan to a subsidiary	應收一間附屬公司貸款		-	555,430
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金		971,908	462,736
			1,041,685	1,030,493
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項		59,577	12,222
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		445	1,444
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	(a)	1,088	1,130
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	應付一間同系附屬公司款項	(b)	643	484
Amount due to an intermediate	應付一間中間控股公司款項			
holding company		(a)	-	5,376
Income tax payable	應付所得税		3,560	7,291
			65,313	27,947
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		976,372	1,002,546
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		2,529,379	2,557,224
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		-	445
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		25	153
			25	598
Net assets	資產淨值	A	2,529,354	2,556,626
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本 1		66,007	66,007
Reserves	儲備	(C)	2,463,347	2,490,619
Total equity	權益總額		2,529,354	2,556,626

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 33. 本公司財務狀況表(續) THE COMPANY (Continued)

- Note (a): Amounts due to subsidiaries and an intermediate holding company are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- Note (b): Details of amount due to a fellow subsidiary are set out in note 24.
- 還。 附註(b):應付一間同系附屬公司款項詳情載

附註(a):應付附屬公司及一間中間控股公司

款項為無抵押、免息及須應要求償

- Note (c): Movements in the reserves during the years are as follows:
- 於附註24。 附註(c):年內儲備變動如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$°000 千港元	Share options reserve 購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Retained</b> earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	1,734,144	154	7	722,593	2,456,898
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	66,724	66,724
Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 12)	確認為分派之股息 (附註12)	-	-	-	(33,003)	(33,003)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於2019年12月31日 及2020年1月1日	1,734,144	154	7	756,314	2,490,619
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	-	-	-	38,735	38,735
Dividend recognised as distribution (Note 12)	確認為分派之股息 (附註12)	-	-	-	(66,007)	(66,007)
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	1,734,144	154	7	729,042	2,463,347



For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 34. LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the subsidiaries held by the Company as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

### 34. 附屬公司列表

本公司於2020年及2019年12月31 日持有之附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	Class of shares held	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up registered capital 已發行股本/	Attributat interest of	ble equity the Group	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	持有股份類別	成立之地點	業務地點	繳足註冊股本詳情	本集團版 2020 2020年	<b>抵格權益</b> 2019 2019年	主營業務
Direct subsidiaries: 直接附屬公司:							
Beijing Sino-Kazakh <sup>#</sup> 北京中哈鈾 <sup>#</sup>	Contributed Capital 實繳資本	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB823,770,000 人民幣823,770,000元	100%	100%	Investment project 投資項目
CGNM UK Ltd.	Ordinary shares 普通股	UK 英國	UK 英國	100,000 ordinary shares of GBP 1 each 100,000股普通股 每股面值1英鎊	100%	100%	Trading of natural uranium 天然鈾貿易
CGN Global Uranium Limited 中廣核國際鈾產品銷售有限公司	Ordinary shares 普通股	UK 英國	UK 英國	3,000,000 ordinary shares of USD 1 each 3,000,000股普通股 每股面值1美元	100%	100%	Trading of natural uranium 天然鈾貿易

Wholly-owned foreign enterprise with limited liability.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding as at the end of the reporting period or at any time during the reporting period. 外商獨資有限責任企業

概無附屬公司於報告期末或於報告 期內任何時間有任何未償還的債務 證券。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 35. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the year:

### 35. 關聯人士交易

除於本綜合財務報表內其 (a) 他地方披露者外,本集團 年內與關聯人士曾發生以 下的重大交易:

		Notes 附註	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of natural uranium resources to China Uranium Development	向中國鈾業發展銷售 天然鈾資源	(i)	424,913	377,253
Purchases of natural uranium resources from Semizbay-U, including taxes	自謝公司購買 天然鈾資源(含税)	(ii)	363,414	297,113
Management fee charged by CGNPC-URC Development	中廣核鈾業發展收取 的管理費	(iii)	6,011	5,376
Interest income from Huasheng	收取華盛的利息收入	(iv)	8,663	19,804
Interest income from CGN Finance	收取中廣核財務利息收入	(v)	95	103
Rental income from CGNPC-URC Development	收取中廣核鈾業發展 之租金收入	(vi)	3,012	3,239
Administrative service fee paid to General Uranium UK Ltd ("General Uranium")	向General Uranium UK Ltd (「General Uranium」)支付 行政服務費用	(vii)	-	621
Dividend income received from Semizbay-U	收取謝公司股息收入		16,734	14,490
Non-utilisation fee to CGNPC Huasheng	付予中廣核華盛之未動用費	(viii)	-	651
Interest expenses to CGNPC Huasheng	付予中廣核華盛之利息開支	(ix)	35,896	20,352

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

35. 關聯人士交易(續)

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(Continued)

(a)

(Continued)		(a)	(續)	
		Notes 附註	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expense to China Uranium Development	付予中國鈾業發展之利息開支	(X)	107	-
Information system services fee paid to CGN Power Company Limited ("CGN Power")	向中國廣核電力股份有限公司 (「中廣核電力」)支付的資訊 系統服務費用	(xi)	89	75
Accounting services fee paid to CGN Power	向中廣核電力支付 財務服務費用	(xi)	1,043	729
Administrative service fee paid to CGNPC-URC Development	向中廣核鈾業發展支付行政 服務費用	(xii)	529	534
Storage fee paid to China Uranium Development	向中國鈾業發展支付倉儲費	(xiii)	-	606
Purchases of natural uranium resources from Swakop Uranium (Pty) Ltd,	自Swakop Uranium (Pty) Ltd (「Swakop」))購買天然鈾資源			
including taxes ("Swakop")	(含税)	(xiv)	66,690	121,397

#### Notes:

(i)

On 6 December 2016, the Group entered into a framework agreement with CGNPC-URC Development for the sales of natural uranium resources for the years ended 31 December 2017 to 2019 at prevailing market rates. Details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 8 December 2016.

On 14 June 2019, the Group has entered into a new framework agreement with CGNPC-URC Development for the sales of natural uranium resources for the years ended 31 December 2020 to 2022 at prevailing market rates. Details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 9 September 2019.



(i)

於2016年12月6日,本集 團與中廣核鈾業發展就截 至2017年至2019年12月 31日止期間按現行市價出 售天然鈾資源而訂立框架 協議。詳情載於本公司日 期為2016年12月8日的公 告。

於2019年6月14日,本集 團與中廣核鈾業發展就截 至2020年至2022年12月 31日止年度按現行市價出 售天然鈾資源而訂立框架 協議。詳情載於本公司日 期為2019年9月9日的公 告。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

35.	REL (Conti		D PARTY TRANSACTIONS	35.	關聯	人士	交易(續)
	(a)	(Conti	inued)		(a)	(續)	
		Notes:	(Continued)			附註:	(續)
			On 1 March 2017, the Group entered into a sale agreement with China Uranium Development for the sales of natural uranium resources for the year 2017 to 2019.				於2017年3月1日,本集團 與中國鈾業發展就2017年 至2019年銷售天然鈾資源 訂立銷售協議。
			On 25 November 2019, the Group entered into a new sale agreement with China Uranium Development for the sales of natural uranium resources for the year 2020 to 2022.				於2019年11月25日,本集 團與中國鈾業發展就2020 年至2022年銷售天然鈾資 源訂立新銷售協議。
		(ii)	On 1 March 2019, the Group entered into a purchase agreement with Semizbay-U for the purchase of natural uranium resources for the year 2019 with other certain taxes in relation thereon borne by the Group.			(ii)	於2019年3月1日,本集 團與謝公司就於2019年購 買天然鈾訂立購買協議, 其他有關税項由本集團承 擔。
			On 12 March 2020, the Group entered into a purchase agreement with Semizbay-U for the purchases of natural uranium resources for the year 2020 with other certain taxes in relation thereon borne by the Group.				於2020年3月12日,本集 團與謝公司就於2020年購 買天然鈾訂立購買協議, 其他有關税項由本集團承 擔。
		(iii)	The Group entered into a service agreement with CGNPC- URC Development for the management services provided by CGNPC-URC Development.			(iii)	本集團與中廣核鈾業發展 就中廣核鈾業發展應提供 的管理服務訂立服務協 議。
		(i∨)	The Group entered into a framework agreement with CGNPC Huasheng to deposit amounts with CGNPC Huasheng and generate interests from such deposits.			(i∨)	本集團與中廣核華盛就於 中廣核華盛存款以產生利 息而訂立框架協定。
		(v)	The Group entered into a framework agreement with CGN Finance to deposit amounts with CGN Finance and generated interests from such deposits.			(v)	本集團與中廣核財務訂立 框架協議,於中廣核財務 存入款項,賺取存款利 息。
		(vi)	The Group entered into a rental agreement with CGNPC- URC Development to lease out the investment properties to generate rental income.			(vi)	本集團與中廣核鈾業發展 就租出投資物業訂立租賃 協議,以產生租金收入。
		(∨ii)	During the year ended 31 December 2019, General Uranium, a fellow subsidiary of the Group shared the finance staff with the Group and charged for administration and the accounting services fee.			(vii)	於截至2019年12月31日 止年度,本集團的同系附 屬公司General Uranium與 本集團共用財務人員及收 取管理及財務服務費。
		(∨iii)	The Group entered into a loan agreement with CGNPC Huasheng to withdraw amounts with CGNPC Huasheng and incurred commitment expense for unwithdrawed loans.			(viii)	本集團與中廣核華盛就於 中廣核華盛提取款項訂立 貸款協議及就該等未提取 貸款產生承擔開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

35.	REL (Conti		D PARTY TRANSACTIONS	35.	關聯	人士	<b>交易</b> (續)
	(a)	(Cont	tinued)		(a)	(續)	
		Notes:	(Continued)			附註:	(續)
		(ix)	The Group entered into a loan agreement CGNPC Huasheng to withdraw amounts with CGNPC Huasheng and incurred interest expense for those loans.			(ix)	本集團與中廣核華盛就於 中廣核華盛提取款項而訂 立貸款協議及就該等貸款 產生利息開支。
		(×)	The Group entered into a loan agreement with China Uranium Development to withdraw amounts with China Uranium Development and incurred interest expense for those loans.			(x)	本集團與中國鈾業發展就 於中國鈾業發展提取款項 而訂立貸款協議及就該等 貸款產生利息開支。
		(xi)	During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, CGN Power, a fellow subsidiary of the Group provided the information system and accounting services to the Group charged for the services fee.			(xi)	截至2020年及2019年12 月31日止年度期間,本集 團一間同系附屬公司中廣 核電力向本集團提供資訊 系統及會計服務,並收取 服務費用。
		(×ii)	During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group entered into an agreement with CGNPC-URC Development that shared the finance staff with the Group and charged for services fee.			(xii)	於截至2020年及2019年 12月31日止年度,本集團 與中廣核鈾業發展就與本 集團共享財務人員訂立協 議及收取服務費。
		(×iii)	During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group entered into an agreement with CGNPC-URC Development for the storage fee of the inventory.			(xiii)	截至2019年12月31日止 年度,本集團就存貨的倉 儲費與中廣核鈾業發展訂 立協議。
		(xiv)	During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group entered into a purchase agreement with a fellow subsidiary of the Group, Swakop, for the purchases of natural uranium resources with other taxes in relation thereon borne by the Group.			(xiv)	截至2020年及2019年12 月31日止年度,本集團 與本集團同系附屬公司 Swakop訂立購買協議以 購買天然鈾資源,而與此 相關的其他税項由本集團 承擔。
			ansactions were conducted with terms mutually			所有	交易乃根據與交易方
		agree	ed with the counter parties.			所簽詞	丁協議進行。
		Detai	ils of connected transactions of the Company			本公	司關連交易詳情於年
			lisclosed in the "Directors' Report" section to the al report.			報「董	事會報告」中披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

b)

follows:

#### (a) (Continued)

The Group entered into a facility letter with CGNPC Huasheng (as lender), pursuant to which the Company can borrow from CGNPC Huasheng for operation capital within of total borrowing amounting to USD610,000,000 (2019: USD660,000,000) from time to time within 3 years from the first withdrawal. As at 31 December 2020, there was unused borrowing facilities amounting to USD493,394,000 (2019: USD522,406,000).

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors of the Company during

the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 is as

#### 35. 關聯人士交易(續)

(a) *(續)* 

本公司與中廣核華盛(作為 貸款人)訂立貸款協定, 據此,本公司自首次提 款日起的三年內,在總 借款額610,000,000美元 (2019年:660,000,000美 元)內,可不時向中廣核 華盛借入資金用於經營資 金週轉。於2020年12月 31日,未動用借款融資達 493,394,000美元(2019 年:522,406,000美元)。

(b) 主要管理人員之報酬
於截至2020年及2019年12
月31日止年度本公司董事
之酬金如下:

		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 離職後福利	2,174	2,174
		2,174	2,174

The remuneration of directors of the Company and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends. 本公司董事及主要行政人 員之酬金由薪酬委員會經 考慮個別人士之表現及市 場趨勢釐定。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 36. NOTES SUPPORTING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

36. 現金流量表附註

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

融資活動產生之負債對賬:

Changes from financing cash       來自職資現金流變動:         flows:       Interest paid on loans from       就來自直接控股公司         immediate holding company       貸款已付利息       (107)       -       -         Interest paid on loans from a       就來自一間同系       (36,100)       -       -         fellow subsidiary       附屬公司貸款已付利息       (36,100)       -       -       -         Interest paid on bank borrowings       就銀行借款已付利息       (1,538)       -       -       -         Advance of loans from immediate       疾自直接控股公司貸款墊款       -       -       -       -         Advance of loans form immediate       環直還接控股公司貸款墊款       -       -       -       -         holding company       -       349,686       -       -       -       -         Repayment of loans to immediate       償還直接控股公司貸款墊款       -       -       -       -       -         Advance of loans from a fallow       來自一間同系附屬公司貸款       -       -       -       -       -         subsidiary       -       -       259,795       -       -       -       -       -         subsidiary       -       -       259,795       -       -       -       -       -       -       - <th></th> <th></th> <th>Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元</th> <th>Loans from immediate holding company 應付一間中間控股 公司貸款 HK\$'000 千港元</th> <th>Loans from a fellow subsidiary 應付一間同系附屬 公司之貸款 (Note 27) (附註27) HK\$'000 千港元</th> <th>Bank borrowings 銀行借款 (Note 28) (附註28) HK\$'000 千港元</th> <th>Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (Note 17(b)) (附註17(b)) HK\$'000 千港元</th>			Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from immediate holding company 應付一間中間控股 公司貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from a fellow subsidiary 應付一間同系附屬 公司之貸款 (Note 27) (附註27) HK\$'000 千港元	Bank borrowings 銀行借款 (Note 28) (附註28) HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (Note 17(b)) (附註17(b)) HK\$'000 千港元
flows: Interest paid on loans from 就來自直腹控股公司 immediate holding company 貸款已付利息 (107) Interest paid on loans from a 就來自一間同系 fellow subsidiary 附屬公司貸款已付利息 (1,538) Advance of loans from immediate 來自直接控股公司貸款整款 holding company - 349,686 Repayment of loans to immediate 償還直接控股公司貸款整款 subsidiary 259,795 - Repayment of loans to a fellow 來自一間同系附屬公司貸款整款 subsidiary 259,795 - Repayment of loans to a fellow 東自一間同系附屬公司貸款整款 subsidiary 259,795 - Repayment of loans to a fellow 東自一間同系附屬公司貸款整款 subsidiary 259,795 - Repayment of loans to a fellow 東自一間同系附屬公司貸款整款 subsidiary (422,559) - Advance of bank borrowings 銀行借款整款 1,054,458 Repayment of lease labilities 償還超覺負債 (1 Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總愛動 flows (37,745) - (162,764) 1,054,458 (1	At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	1,219	-	1,067,053	-	3,724
immediate holding company貸款已付利息(107)Interest paid on loans from a就來自一間同系fellow subsidiary附屬公司貸款已付利息(36,100)Interest paid on bank borrowings就銀行借款已付利息(1,538)Advance of loans from immediate來自直接控股公司貸款整款-349,686Pepayment of loans to immediate償還直接控股公司貸款-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款整款Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of loans to a fellow依值一間同系附屬公司貸款Subsidiary259,795-Repayment of loans to a fellow依還一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款整款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款整款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款整款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款整款(1Total changes from financing cash來自職資活動現金流總變動(1Total changes from financing cash來自職資活動現金流總變動(1flows(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1		來自融資現金流變動:					
fellow subsidiary附屬公司貸款已付利息(36,100)Interest paid on bank borrowings就銀行借款已付利息(1,538)Advance of loans from immediate來自直接控股公司貸款整款-349,686Repayment of loans to immediate償還直接控股公司貸款整款-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款整款Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of loans to a fellow僅還一間同系附屬公司貸款Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款整款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款整款Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動 flows(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1			(107)	-	-	_	_
Interest paid on bank borrowings就銀行借款已付利息(1,538)Advance of loans from immediate來自直接控股公司貸款墊款holding company-349,686Repayment of loans to immediate償還直接控股公司的貸款holding company-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款Advance of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款(1Total changes from financing cash來自融資活動現金流總變動(162,764)1,054,458(1			(36 100)	_	_	_	_
Advance of loans from immediate來自直接控股公司貸款墊款holding company-349,686Repayment of loans to immediate償還直接控股公司的貸款holding company-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款Advance of loans to a fellow僅還一間同系附屬公司貸款Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款(1Total changes from financing cash來自融資活動現金流總變動(162,764)1,054,458(1	•			_	_	_	_
holding company-349,686Repayment of loans to immediate償還直接控股公司的貸款holding company-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款subsidiary259,795-Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款1,054,458-Repayment of lease liabilities償還租賃負債(1Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1			(1,000)				
Repayment of loans to immediate 償還直接控股公司的貸款 holding company-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow subsidiary來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款Repayment of loans to a fellow g還一間同系附屬公司貸款259,795Repayment of loans to a fellow g還通聞和償還一間同系附屬公司貸款Advance of bank borrowings Repayment of lease liabilities (償還租賃負債<			_	349.686	_	_	_
holding company-(349,686)Advance of loans from a fellow來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款259,795-subsidiary259,795Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款(422,559)-subsidiary(422,559)Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款1,054,458-Repayment of lease liabilities償還租賃負債(1Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動 flows(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1		償還直接控股公司的貸款		,			
subsidiary - 259,795 - Repayment of loans to a fellow 償還一間同系附屬公司貸款 subsidiary (422,559) - Advance of bank borrowings 銀行借款墊款 1,054,458 Repayment of lease liabilities 償還租賃負債 1 (1,054,458) Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動 flows (37,745) - (162,764) 1,054,458 (1			-	(349,686)	-	-	-
Repayment of loans to a fellow償還一間同系附屬公司貸款 subsidiary(422,559)-Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款1,054,458Repayment of lease liabilities償還租賃負債(1Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動 flows(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1	Advance of loans from a fellow	來自一間同系附屬公司貸款墊款					
subsidiary(422,559)-Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款1,054,458Repayment of lease liabilities償還租賃負債(1Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動 flows(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1	subsidiary		-	-	259,795	-	-
Advance of bank borrowings銀行借款墊款1,054,458Repayment of lease liabilities償還租賃負債(1Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動 flows(37,745)-(162,764)1,054,458(1	Repayment of loans to a fellow	償還一間同系附屬公司貸款					
Repayment of lease liabilities       償還租賃負債       -       -       -       (1         Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動       flows       (37,745)       -       (162,764)       1,054,458       (1			-	-	(422,559)	-	-
Total changes from financing cash 來自融資活動現金流總變動         (37,745)         -         (162,764)         1,054,458         (1	-		-	-	-	1,054,458	-
flows (37,745) - (162,764) 1,054,458 (1	Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	-	-	-	-	(1,962)
	Total changes from financing cash	來自融資活動現金流總變動					
Other changes: 其他變動:	flows		(37,745)	-	(162,764)	1,054,458	(1,962)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Other changes:	其他變動:					
Finance costs         融資成本         40,785         -	Finance costs	融資成本	40,785	-	-	-	104
As at 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日 4,259 904,289 1,054,458 1	As at 31 December 2020	截至2020年12月31日	4,259		904,289	1,054,458	1,866

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 36. NOTES SUPPORTING STATEMENT OF 36. 現金流量表附註 CASH FLOWS

		Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans from a fellow subsidiary 應付一間同系附 屬公司之貸款 (Note 27) (附註27) HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (Note 17(b)) (附註17(b)) HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於2019年1月1日	940	743,928	3,409
Changes from financing cash flows:	來自融資現金流變動:			
Interest paid on loans from a fellow subsidiary	就來自一間同系附屬公司 貸款已付利息	(20,073)	_	_
Advance of loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司 貸款墊款	_	850,686	_
Repayment of loans to a fellow subsidiary	償還一間同系附屬公司 貸款	_	(527,561)	_
Repayment of lease	償還租賃負債	_	(027,007)	(1,958)
Total changes from	來自融資活動現金流總變			
financing cash flows	動	(20,073)	323,125	(1,958)
Other changes: Finance costs New lease entered into	其他變動: 融資成本 年內簽訂新租賃	20,352	-	114
during the year	東山州旧英にオー	-	-	2,159
As at 31 December 2019	截至2019年12月31日	1,219	1,067,053	3,724

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 37. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group entered into lease arrangement in respect of office premises. Right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$2,159,000 were recognised at the commencement of the leases. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not enter into any new lease arrangement in respect of office premises.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the borrowing of HK\$1,054,000,000 (2019: HK\$ nil) as set out in note 28 has incurred interest expenses of approximately HK\$40,785,000.

### 38. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

#### The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was HK\$3,012,000 (2019: HK\$3,239,000). The Group's investment properties held for rental purposes and are expected to generate rental yields on approximately 6% (2019: 7%) on an ongoing basis.

The Group leases out investment property under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to three years. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

### 37. 主要非現金交易

截至2019年12月31日止年度,本 集團就辦公物業訂立租賃安排。使 用權資產及租賃負債約2,159,000 港元已於租賃開始時確認。於截至 2020年12月31日止年度,本集團 並無就辦公室物業訂立任何新租賃 安排。

於截至2020年12月31日止年度, 附註28所載借款1,054,000,000港 元(2019年:無)已產生利息費用 約40,785,000港元。

### 38. 經營租賃承擔

### 本集團作為出租人

年內賺取之物業租金收入 為3,012,000港元(2019年: 3,239,000港元)。本集團之投資物 業持作租賃用途及預期持續產生約 6%(2019年:7%)的租金收益率。

本集團根據經營租賃租出投資物 業。租賃的初始租期通常為一至三 年。租賃概不包括可變租賃付款。

於報告日期的不可撤銷經營租賃項 下未貼現租賃付款將由本集團於未 來期間按如下收取:



**264** CGN Mining Company Limited Annual Report 2020

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### **39. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND** FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

39. 按類別劃分的金融資產及 金融負債概要

Categories of financial instruments		金融工具的類別	
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial consta	人动次支		
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost	<b>金融資產</b> 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產		
(including bank balances and cash)	(包括銀行結存及現金)		
- Trade and other receivables	一應收賬款及其他應收款項	359,802	126,169
– Amount due from an intermediate	一應收一間中間控股公司款項	,	0,.00
holding company		2,323	3,875
– Amount due from a fellow	一應收一間同系附屬公司款項		
subsidiary		19	-
– Bank balances and cash	一銀行結存及現金	1,174,508	676,793
		1,536,652	806,837
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
- Trade and other payables	-應付賬款及其他應付款項	158,289	34,910
– Loans from a fellow subsidiary	-來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	904,289	1,067,052
– Bank borrowings	一銀行借款	1,054,458	-
- Amount due to an intermediate	-應付一間中間控股公司款項		
holding company		874	8,373
- Amount due to a joint venture	-應付一間合營企業款項	-	5,513
– Amounts due to fellow	-應付一間同系附屬公司款項		
subsidiaries		1,135	1,421
		2,119,045	1,117,269

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments in the normal course of the Group's business are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

#### (a) Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverability of each individual trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECLs. The Group determines the ECLs on an individual basis for customer with significant balances by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience, as well as the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

#### 40. 財務風險管理

在本集團日常業務過程中,本集團 來自金融工具的主要風險為信貸風 險、流動資金風險、利率風險及貨 幣風險。

(a) 信貸風險

因交易方未能履行責任而 令本集團蒙受財務虧損之 最高信貸風險乃來自綜合 財務狀況表所載列相關已 確認金融資產之賬面值。

為將信貸風險減至最低, 本團管理歷已委派一支 團隊確保跟進收回逾期債 項之情況。此外,本集 會於各報告期結束時檢 別應收賬款之可收回 後 作出足夠減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

For other receivables, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries included in bank balances and amount due from an intermediate holding company, the credit rating was categorised as "Performing" as set out on page 269. Based on the financial position and good history of repayment of the fellow subsidiaries and intermediate holding company, the Group has assessed that the ECLs for these receivables and amounts due from fellow subsidiaries and intermediate holding company are not material under 12-month ECLs. Thus, no loss allowance provision was recognised during the respective period.

The credit risk on liquid funds other than those placed with fellow subsidiaries is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout the reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- internal credit rating;
- external credit rating;

#### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

就其他應收款項而言,應 收局系的屬公司的款項包 括銀行結存及應收一間中 間控股公司款項,信貸 級分類為「良好」(如第269 頁所載)。基於同系的開露公 司及中間控股公司的財 狀況及評問的財素 服款及應收同系的財務 本 集收賬之一間中間控股公司款 項在12個月的預期信貸 損中並不屬重大。因此, 於各期間內概無確認虧 撥備。

存放於同系附屬公司以外 之流動資金之信貸風險有 限,原因為交易方均屬國 際信貸評級機構評為信譽 良好之銀行。

- 內部信用評級;
- 外部信用評級;

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the Group and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

#### The Group's exposure to credit risk

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has tasked its management to develop and maintain the Group's credit risk grading to categories exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The credit rating information is drawn from publicly available financial information and the Group's own trading records to rate its major customers and other debtors. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

#### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

- (a) 信貸風險(續)
  - 業務狀況、財務狀 況和經濟環境中的 實際或預期重大不 利變化預期導致借 款人償還到期債務 的能力產生重大變 化;及
  - 借款人預期表現或 行為發生重大變 化,包括本集團內 借款人付款情況的 變化和借款人經營 業績的變化。

#### 本集團面臨的信貸風險

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

40.	財務	§風險管理(續)
	(a)	<b>信貸風險</b> (續)

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續) 本集團當前的信貸風險評 級框架包括以下各類:

<b>Category</b> 類別	<b>Description</b> 描述	Basis for recognising ECLs 確認預期信貸 虧損的基準
Performing	For financial assets where there has low risk of default or has not	12-month ECLs
良好	been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 1) 低違約風險或自初次確認後信貸風險未有重大增加及非信貸減值 的金融資產(參閱第一階段)	12個月預期信貸 虧損
Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)	Lifetime ECLs – not credit impaired
可疑	自初次確認後信貸風險已有重大增加及非信貸減值的金融資產 (參閱第二階段)	全期預期信貸虧損- 無信貸減值
Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated	Lifetime ECLs – credit impaired
違約	future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3) 當一項或多項事件對資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響時, 金融資產即評估為信貸減值(參閱第三階段)	全期預期信貸虧損- 出現信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off
撇銷	有跡象表明債務人陷入嚴重的財務困境,因而本集團收回款項的 希望渺茫	款項已被撇銷

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades.

40. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續)

下表詳細列出了本集團金 融資產的信貸質素,以及 本集團信貸風險評級等級 的最大信貸風險敞口。

	12個月或全期的預期信貸虧損	amount 賬面總值 HKD'000 千港元	amount 賬面淨值 HKD'000 千港元
	Lifetime ECLs (simplified approach)	351,810	351,810
	全期預期信貝虧損(間化方法) 12-month ECLs	7,992	7,992
	12個月預期信貸虧損		
orming	12-month ECLs	2,323	2,323
	12個月預期信貸虧損		
orming	12-month ECLs	19	19
	12個月預期信貸虧損		
5	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	1,174,508	1,174,508
	orming orming orming	yrming 12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化方法) 351,810 351,810 7,992 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損 12個月預期信貸虧損

**270** CGN Mining Company Limited Annual Report 2020

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

(a) 信貸風險*(續)* 

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

31 December 2019 2019年12月31日	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECLs 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HKD'000 千港元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HKD'000 千港元
Trade receivables 應收賬款	Note 附註	Lifetime ECLs (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損 (簡化方法)	120,882	120,882
Deposits and other receivables 按金及其他應收款項	Performing 良好	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	5,287	5,287
Amount due from an intermediate holding company 應收一間中間控股公司 款項	Performing 良好	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	3,875	3,875
Bank balances and cash 銀行結存及現金	Performing 良好	12-month ECLs 12個月預期信貸虧損	676,793	676,793

Notes: For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECLs. Except for debtors with significant outstanding balances or credit-impaired, the Group determines the ECLs on these items by using a provision matrix, grouped by ageing of trade receivables. No loss allowance has been made on trade receivables as the amount involved is insignificant.

附註: 就應收賬款而言,本集團 已採用香港財務報告準則 第9號的簡化方法計量全 期的預期信貸虧損的虧損 撥備。除具有重大未結餘 額或信貸減值的債務外, 本集團採用撥備矩陣釐定 此類項目的預期信貸虧 損,並按應收賬款賬齡分 類。由於所涉金額並不重 大,故並無就應收賬款及 合約資產作出虧損撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (Continued)

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in Germany (2019: Hong Kong), which accounted for 61% (2019: 77%) of the total trade receivable as at 31 December 2020.

Besides, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 18% (2019: 6%) and 80% (2019: 23%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively within natural uranium trading segment.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of loans from a fellow subsidiary and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and lease liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

#### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

### (a) 信貸風險(續)

本集團面臨的信貸風險(續)

本集團按地區計的信貸風 險集中地主要為德國(2019 年:香港),佔2020年12月 31日之應收賬款總額61% (2019年:77%)。

此外,本集團應收賬款總 額中18%(2019年:6%)及 80%(2019年:23%)乃分 別應收本集團天然鈾貿易 業務分部的最大客戶及五 大客戶的款項,從而面臨 信貸風險集中的情況。

#### (b) 流動資金風險

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 40. 財務風險管理(續)

(b)

Liquidity risk (Continued	9		(b)	流動資	資金風險 <i>(續)</i>	
		Repayable on demand or within 1 year 按要求或 於一年內償還 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 超過一年 但少於兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 超過兩年 但少於五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 總未駐現 現金流量 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020 Non-derivative financial liabilities	於2020年12月31日 非衍生金融負備					
Trade and other payables Loans from a fellow subsidiary	應付賬款及其他應付款項 來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	158,289 394,538	- 548,598	-	158,289 943,136	158,289 904,289
Bank borrowings Amount due to an intermediate holding company	銀行借款 應付一間中間控股公司款項	668,668 874	-	387,754 -	1,056,422 874	1,054,458 874
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	1,135 1,223,504	- 548,598	- 387,754	1,135 2,159,856	1,135 2,119,045
Leases liabilities	租賃負債	916	468	741	2,125	1,866

		Repayable on	More than 1 year but	More than 2 years but	Total	
		demand or	less than	less than	undiscounted	Carrying
		within 1 year	2 years	5 years	cash flows	amount
		按要求或	超過一年	超過兩年	總未貼現	
		於一年內償還	但少於兩年	但少於五年	現金流量	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2019	於2019年12月31日					
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債					
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	34,909	-	-	34,909	34,909
Loans from a fellow subsidiary	來自一間同系附屬公司之貸款	450,740	131,784	548,990	1,131,514	1,067,053
Amount due to an intermediate holding company	應付一間中間控股公司款項	8,373	-	-	8,373	8,373
Amount due to a joint venture	應付一間合營企業款項	5,513	-	-	5,513	5,513
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	應付同系附屬公司款項	1,421	-	-	1,421	1,421
		500,956	131,784	548,990	1,181,730	1,117,269
Leases liabilities	租賃負債	1,922	916	1,208	4,046	3,724

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

#### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Fair value

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values due to their immediate or short-term maturities.

#### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate loans from a fellow subsidiary. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate bank borrowings, bank balances, amounts due from fellow subsidiaries included in bank balances and cash. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary actions when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for nonderivative instruments including bank balances and cash at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis points (2019: 50 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points (2019: 50 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$5,658,000 (2019: HK\$3,170,000).

#### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險(續)

公允值

本公司董事認為,按攤銷 成本在綜合財務報表列賬 之金融資產及金融負債之 賬面值與其公允值相若, 此乃由於其即時或於短期 內到期。

#### (c) 利率風險

#### 敏感度分析

倘利率上升/下跌50個基點(2019年:50個基點), 而所有其他可變因素維持 不變,則本集團於截至 2020年12月31日止年度 之除税後溢利會增加/減 少約5,658,000港元(2019 年:3,170,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from rental income and purchases by the Group in currencies other than the entities' functional currencies. Approximately 100% (2019: 100%) of the Group's rental income are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group's entity. In addition, certain portion of trade and other receivables, amount due from an intermediate holding company, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, amounts due to an intermediate holding company and fellow subsidiaries are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

The following table shows the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised monetary assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

#### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 貨幣風險

本集團面對交易貨幣風 險。有關風險源自租金收 入及本集團以該等實體的 功能貨幣以外之貨幣進 行採購。本集團約100% (2019年:100%)的租金收 入以集團實體之功能貨幣 以外之貨幣列值。此外, 若干部分應收賬款及其他 應收款項、應收一間中間 控股公司款項、銀行結 存及現金、應付賬款及其 他應付款項以及應付一間 中間控股公司及同系附屬 公司款項,乃以實體之相 關功能貨幣以外之貨幣結 質。

下表顯示本集團於報告期 末因已確認貨幣資產或負 債以與實體相關功能貨幣 以外之貨幣結算產生之風 險。

Presented in: 列示為		2020 2020年 USD'000 千美元	2019 2019年 USD'000 千美元	2020 2020年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 2019年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產負債	5,851	3,589	12,481	14,154	89,382	215,780
Liabilities		-	–	(4,703)	(10,606)	(2,138)	(4,060)

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. 本集團現時並無外幣對沖 政策。然而,管理層監察 外匯風險,並於有需要時 考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 40. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Currency risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the currency risk of RMB, USD and HK\$.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity (i) to a 5% and 0.5% increase or decrease in HK\$ against the RMB and USD respectively for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019. 5% and 0.5% are the sensitivity rates used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represent management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% or 0.5% (2019: 5% or 0.5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where the respective functional currency strengthen 5% or 0.5% (2019: 5% or 0.5%) against the relevant currency. For a 5% or 0.5% (2019: 5% or 0.5%) weakening of the respective functional currency against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

#### 40. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

本集團主要面對人民幣、 美元及港元貨幣風險。

下表詳列本集團(i)截至2020 年及2019年12月31日止年 度對港元分別兑人民幣及 美元升值或貶值5%及0.5% 之敏感度。該敏感度比率 (5%及0.5%)為向主要管理 人員就外匯風險作內部報 告時採用之敏感度,代表 管理層就外匯匯率可能產 生之合理變動所作評估。

敏感度分析僅包括尚未結 算之外幣計值貨幣項目及 於報告期末就外幣匯率之 5%或0.5%(2019年:5% 或0.5%)變動作出之換算調 整。下文之正數顯示備 的功能貨幣兑有關貨幣兑有關 行 65%或0.5%(2019年: 5%或0.5%)所導致除税後 或0.5%(2019年:5%或 0.5%),將會對溢利構成 相反之等額影響。

Presented in: 列示為		2020 2020年 USD'000 千美元	2019 2019年 USD'000 千美元	2020 2020年 RMB <sup>?</sup> 000 人民幣千元	2019 2019年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit or loss	溢利或虧損	5% (219)	5% (135)	5% (293)	5% (117)	0.5% (364)	0.5% (884)

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year. 管理層認為,由於年結日 之風險並無反映年內風 險,故敏感度分析並不代 表固有外匯風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 41. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes loans from a fellow subsidiary and leases liabilities, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves. The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital, and take appropriate actions to adjust the Group's capital structure.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

#### 41. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團 旗下實體能夠持續經營業務,並透 過更完善平衡債務及權益,以為股 東帶來最大回報。本集團整體策略 與去年維持不變。

本集團之資本結構包括淨負債(包 括應收一間同系附屬公司貸款及租 賃負債),扣除現金及現金等值項 目以及本公司擁有人應佔權益(當 中包括已發行股本及儲備)。本公 司董事定期檢討資本結構。作為檢 討其中一環,本公司董事考慮資本 成本及與各類資本相關的風險,並 就此採取適當行動調整本集團資本 結構。

與業內其他公司做法一致,本集團 以資本負債比率監察資本。該比率 以淨負債除以資本總額計算。淨負 債按借貸總額減現金及現金等值項 目計算。資本總額按綜合財務狀況 表所列的權益加上淨負債計算。

於2020年及2019年12月31日的資本負債比率如下:

			December 月31日
		2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net debt Total equity Gearing ratio	淨負債 權益總額 資本負債比率	784,239 2,027,060 38.69%	390,260 1,944,241 20.07%

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至2020年12月31日止年度

### 42. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

### 43. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the directors of the Company on 31 March 2021.

### 42. 比較數字

若干比較數字已重新分類,以符合 本期間呈列方式。

### 43. 批准財務報表

本公司董事於2021年3月31日批准 及授權刊發財務報表。

# Particulars of Major Properties as at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日之主要物業詳情

### **PROPERTIES HELD FOR INVESTMENT**

## 持作投資之物業

Location	位置	Type of properties	Lease term
		物業種類	租賃期限
Rooms 2906-2910 & 2912, 29/F,	中國北京市	Office premises	Medium-term lease
Shi Ao International Centre,	朝陽區	辦公室	中期租賃
No. 101 Shaoyaoju Beili,	芍藥居北里101號		
Chaoyang District,	世奧國際中心		
Beijing, PRC	29樓2906-2910及2912室		

In this annual report (excluding the "Independent Auditor's Report to the shareholders of the Company"), unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

於本年度報告內(不包括「致本公司股東的獨立核數師報告」),除文義另有所指外,以下詞匯應具有如下含義:

"2020 AGM" 「2020年股東周年大會」	指	the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 June 2020. 本公司於2020年6月18日召開的股東周年大會。
"associates" 「聯系人」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules. 具有上市規則所賦予之涵義。
"Articles of Association" 「章程細則」	指	the articles of association of the Company. 本公司組織章程細則。
"Audit Committee" 「審核委員會」	指	the audit committee of the Company. 本公司審核委員會。
"Beijing Sino-Kazakh"		Beijing Sino-Kazakh Uranium Resources Investment Company Limited* (北京中哈鈾資源投資有限公司), a limited liability company
「北京中哈鈾」	指	incorporated in the PRC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. 北京中哈鈾資源投資有限公司,於中國註冊成立的有限責任公司, 為本公司全資附屬公司。
"Bill" 「議案」	指	the Inland Revenue (Amendment)(No.7) Bill 2017. 第七項税務條文修訂議案2017。
"Board" 「董事會」	指	the board of Directors of the Company. 本公司董事會。
"CAD" or "CA\$" 「加元」或「CA\$」	指	Canadian dollars, the lawful currency of Canada. 加拿大元,加拿大之法定貨幣。
"Canada" 「加拿大」	指	Canada, a country in the northern part of North America. 加拿大,為一個位於北美洲北部的國家。
"CGN" or "CGNPC"		China General Nuclear Power Corporation* (中國廣核集團有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and the sole
「中廣核」或「中廣核集團公司」	指	shareholder at CGNPC-URC. 中國廣核集團有限公司,於中國成立之有限責任公司,為中廣核鈾 業發展之唯一股東。
"CGN Finance"		CGN Finance Co., Ltd* (中廣核財務有限責任公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and a subsidiary of
「中廣核財務」	指	CGNPC. 中廣核財務有限責任公司,於中國成立之有限責任公司,中廣核附 屬公司。
"CGN Global"		CGN Global Uranium Ltd (中廣核國際鈾產品銷售有限公司*), a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with
「中廣核國際銷售公司」	指	limited liability and a subsidiary of the Company. 中廣核國際鈾產品銷售有限公司*(CGN Global Uranium Limited),一 間根據英格蘭及威爾士法律註冊成立的有限公司,本公司之附屬公司。
"CGN Group" 「中廣核集團」	指	CGNPC and its subsidiaries. 中廣核集團公司及其附屬公司。
"CGNPC Huasheng"	X	CGNPC Huasheng Investment Limited (中廣核華盛投資有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a subsidiary of CGNPC.
「中廣核華盛」	指	中廣核華盛投資有限公司,於香港註冊成立之公司,為中廣核集團公司之附屬公司。

"CGNPC-URC"		CGNPC Uranium Development Company Limited* (中廣核鈾業發展 有限公司), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and the sole shareholder of the China Uranium Development.
「中廣核鈾業發展」	指	中廣核鈾業發展有限公司,於中國成立之有限責任公司,為中國鈾 業發展之唯一股東。
"CGNPC-URC Group" 「中廣核鈾業發展集團」	指	CGNPC-URC and its subsidiaries, except for the Group members. 中廣核鈾業發展及其除本集團成員外的其他附屬公司。
"China Uranium Development"		China Uranium Development Company Limited (中國鈾業發展有限 公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and the controlling shareholder of the Company.
「中國鈾業發展」	指	中國鈾業發展有限公司,於香港成立之公司,本公司之控股股東。
"Company", "CGN Mining" or "we"		CGN Mining Company Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability, the shares of which are listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange.
「本公司」、「中廣核礦業」 或「我們」	指	中廣核礦業有限公司*(CGN Mining Company Limited),於開曼群島 註冊成立之有限責任公司,其股份於聯交所主板上市。
"Controlling Shareholder" 「控股股東」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules. 具有上市規則賦予之含義。
"Corporate Governance Code"		Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report set
「企業管治守則」	指	out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. 上市規則附錄十四所列的企業管治守則及企業管治報告。
"Covid-19 epidemic" 「新冠疫情」	指	the epidemic of 2019 novel coronavirus. 新型冠狀病毒疫情。
"Director(s)" 「董事」	指	the director(s) of the Company. 本公司董事。
"EDs" 「執行董事」	指	executive Directors of the Company. 本公司執行董事。
"EIT Law" 「中國企業所得税法」	指	the Law of the PRC of Enterprise Income Tax. 中國適用於企業所得税之法律。
"Financial Services Framework Agreement"		the financial services framework agreement dated 14 June 2019 entered into among the Company, CGN Finance and CGNPC
「財務服務框架協議」	指	Huasheng. 本公司、中廣核財務與中廣核華盛訂立日期為2019年6月14日之金融 服務框架協議。
"Fission"		Fission Uranium Corp., a Canadian-based resource company of which ordinary shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "FCU", the OTCQX market place in the US under
		the symbol "FCUUF" and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol "2FU" a company owned as to 16.74% by the Company as
「Fission公司」	指	at 31 December 2020. Fission Uranium Corp.,一家以加拿大為基地之資源公司,其中普通 股以代號「FCU」於多倫多交易所、以代號「FCUUF」於美國OTCQX交 易市場及以代號「2FU」於法蘭克福證券交易所上市。本公司於2020 年12月31日持有Fission公司16.74%權益。
"Fourteenth Five-year Plan"		The fourteenth five-year plan for the national economic and social
「十四五」	指	development of the PRC, which covers 2021 to 2025. 中國國家經濟和社會發展的第十四個五年,涵蓋2021至2025年。

"Group" 「本集團」或「集團」	指	the Company and its subsidiaries. 本公司及其附屬公司。
"Hainan Mining" 「海南礦業」	指	Hainan Mining Co., Ltd*, which is listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 601969. 海南礦業股份有限公司,於上海證券交易所上市,股份代號: 601969。
"HK\$" or "HKD" 「港元」	指	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong. 香港之法定貨幣。
"HKAS" 「香港會計準則」	指	the Hong Kong Accounting Standards. 香港會計準則。
"HKFRSs" 「香港財務報告準則」	指	the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by HKICPA. 由香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則。
"HKICPA" 「香港會計師公會」	指	the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 香港會計師公會。
"Hong Kong" and "HKSAR"		the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's
「香港」或「香港特別行政區」	指	Republic of China. 中華人民共和國香港特別行政區。
"Hong Kong Xinmao"		Hong Kong Xinmao Investment Co., Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hainan Mining.
「香港鑫茂」	指	香港鑫茂投資有限公司,於香港註冊成立的有限公司,為海南礦業 全資附屬公司。
"INED(s)" 「獨立非執行董事」	指	independent non-executive Directors of the Company. 本公司獨立非執行董事。
"Irkol Mine"		the Irkol mine located in the Kyzylorzhinsk area, 20 kilometres from the town of Chiili, Kazakhstan with limited liability, which was owned
「伊礦」	指	and operated by Semizbay-U. 伊爾克利礦山,位於哈薩克斯坦Chilli鎮20公里處之Kyzylorzhinsk地區 之Irkol礦山,由謝公司擁有及管理。
"Kazakhstan" 「哈薩克斯坦」	指	The Republic of Kazakhstan. 哈薩克斯坦共和國。
"Kazatomprom"		Joint Stock Company National Atomic Company "Kazatomprom", a joint stock company established according to the laws of Kazakhstan with limited liability which halds 51% or its interact of Company L
「哈原工」	指	with limited liability, which holds 51% equity interest of Semizbay-U. 指哈薩克斯坦國家原子能公司*(Joint Stock Company National Atomic Company "Kazatomprom"), 一家根據哈薩克斯坦法律成立 的有限公司,持有謝公司51%權益。
"k₩" [k₩]	指	kilowatt. 千瓦。
"kWh" [kWh]	指	kilowatt hour. 千瓦小時。
"lb" ⌈lb⌋	指	pound. 磅。
"Listing Rules"		the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange
「上市規則」	指	of Hong Kong Limited. 香港聯合證券交易所有限公司證券上市規則。

"Mauritius" 「毛里求斯」	指	the Republic of Mauritius, is an island nation in the Indian Ocean. 毛里求斯共和國,為印度洋島國。
"Model Code"		the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of List Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. 上市規則附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則。
「標準守則」	指	
"MWe" ∫MWeJ	指	megawalts of electricity. 兆瓦電力。
"NED(s)" 「非執行董事」	指	non-executive Directors of the Company. 本公司非執行董事。
"New Kazakhstan Uranium Project"		the acquisition of not more than 49% interest in Ortalyk which owns 100% interest in two deposits in central Mynkuduk and Zhalpak in Kazakhstan.
「哈新鈾礦項目」	指	通過收購公司股權取得其持有的位於哈薩克斯坦的中門庫杜克及扎爾巴克兩個鈾礦的不超過49%權益。
"Ortalyk"		Mining Company "ORTALYK" LLP, a legal entity established in the form of a limited liability partnership in Kazakhstan and is wholly
「奧公司」	指	owned by Kazatomprom as of the date of this report. 奧爾塔利克有限合夥企業,一家於哈薩克斯坦成立的有限合夥企 業,於本報告日由哈原工全資擁有。
"PLS Project"		Patterson Lake South project, Fission's primary and wholly-owned asset, which located in Saskatchewan, Canada, with an exploration
「PLS項目」	指	area of approximately 31,039 hectares. Patterson Lake South項目,為Fission公司之主要及全資擁有資產, 位於加拿大薩斯喀徹溫省,探礦權面積約31,039公頃。
"PRC" or "China" 「中國」	指	The People's Republic of China. 中華人民共和國。
"Reporting Period" 「報告期」	指	from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020. 2020年1月1日至2020年12月31日期間。
"RMB" 「人民幣」	指	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC. 人民幣,中國之法定貨幣。
"Sales Framework Agreements"		the framework agreement dated 14 June 2019 and entered into between the Company and CGNPC-URC in relation to the sale of pattern uranium by the Crown to CCNPC LIPC Crown
「銷售框架協議」	指	natural uranium by the Group to CGNPC-URC Group. 本公司與中廣核鈾業發展訂立之日期為2019年6月14日之框架協議, 內容有關本集團向中廣核鈾業發展集團銷售天然鈾。
"Semizbay Mine"		the Semizbay mine located in the Valihanov District of Akmoltnsk Oblast in Kazakhstan, which was owned and operated by
「謝礦」	指	Semizbay-U. 謝米茲拜伊礦山,位於哈薩克斯坦Akmoltnsk Oblast之Valihanov區, 由謝公司擁有及管理。
"Semizbay-U"		Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership, a limited liability partnership established in Kazakhstan, with the Company holding 49% of its
「謝公司」	指	equity interest through its wholly-owned subsidiary and recognised as a joint venture of the Company. 謝米茲拜伊有限合夥企業*(Semizbay-U Limited Liability Partnership), 於哈薩克斯坦成立之有限責任合夥企業,為本公司合營企業,本公司透過全資附屬公司持有其49%權益。

"share(s)"		ordinary share(s) in the Company with a nominal value of HK\$0.01
「股份」	指	each. 本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股。
"Shareholder(s)" 「股東」	指	holder(s) of the share(s). 股份持有人。
"Stock Exchange" 「聯交所」	指	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. 香港聯合交易所有限公司。
"subsidiary(s)" 「附屬公司」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules. 具有上市規則所賦予之含義。
"Swakop"		Swakop Uranium (PTY) Ltd., a company incorporated in Namibia and a subsidiary of CGNPC-URC.
「斯科公司」	指	中廣核鈾業斯科有限公司*,一間於納米比亞註冊成立的公司及中廣 核鈾業發展的子公司。
"Tenge" 「堅戈」	指	Tenge, the lawful currency of Kazakhstan. 堅戈,哈薩克斯坦的法定貨幣。
"Thirteenth Five-year"		The thirteenth five-year for the national economic and social
「十三五」	指	development of the PRC, which covers 2016 to 2020. 中國國家經濟和社會發展的第十三個五年,涵蓋2016至2020年。
"TradeTech"		TradeTech of Denver Tech Centre, 7887 E. Belleview Avenue, Suite 888, Englewood, CO 80111, USA, one of the leading providers of uranium prices and an independent third party
[TradeTech]	指	位於美國科羅拉多州 (CO 80111)Englewood Suite 888E. Belleview 大道7887號 Denver Tech Centre 的 TradeTech。
" <del>t</del> U"		tono of elemental likenium
[U]	指	tons of elemental Uranium. 噸金屬鈾。
"UK"		the United Kingdon of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
「英國」	指	大不列顛暨北愛爾蘭聯合王國。
"UMP"		Joint Stock Company "Ulba Metallurgical Plant", a joint stock company established according to the laws of Kazakhstan, and a
[UMP]	指	subsidiary of Kazatomprom. 烏裏賓冶金廠股份有限公司*(Joint Stock Company "Ulba Metallurgical Plant"),一家根據哈薩克斯坦法律成立的股份公司,為哈原工的附屬 公司。
"US" 「美國」	指	the United States of America. 美利堅合眾國。
"USD" or "US\$" 「美元」或「US\$」	指	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the US. 美元,美國之法定貨幣。
"UxC"		The UxC, LLC, one of the leading consulting companies in the nuclear
「UxC」	指	industry. UxC, LLC,是核能領域中領先的諮詢公司之一。